

Guidance

ESO Roles Guidance (draft for consultation)			
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The electricity system operator (ESO) has a central role in our energy system. It performs a number of important functions from the real time operation of the system, through to market development, managing connections and advising on network investment. We regulate the ESO to help ensure the actions it takes align with the interests of consumers. The ESO's regulatory and incentives framework aims to place wider system and consumer interests at the heart of its decision-making, create transparency around the ESO's performance and make the ESO more clearly accountable to its stakeholders.

This guidance document provides further explanation of the ESO's roles and the associated expectations, which underpin the ESO's regulatory framework. The purpose is to help to align expectations between the ESO, Ofgem and stakeholders, support the enforceability of the ESO's obligations and create a more transparent framework overall. Under the ESO's regulatory and incentives framework, the ESO must also provide evidence of how it has performed in relation to its roles.

This guidance document (version 5.0) builds on the previous guidance document (version 4.0). The ESO Roles Guidance (version 5.0) will come into effect on the 1 April 2021 and will apply from 1 April 2021 until stated otherwise.

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Version history

We first published this guidance in July 2017 and made changes to Role 1 before publishing again in December 2017. We have since made a number of small changes in this iteration. The table below summarises the changes made to the ESO Roles Guidance:

Version	Date	To be	Summary of changes
	published	applied	
1.01	July 2017	July 2017 –	N/A
		March 2018	
Consultation	December	N/A	Expanding Role 1 to better reflect the ESO's
on changes ²	2017		system operability role
2.0 ³	February	April 2018 -	Clarifications on the status and purpose of
	2018	March 2019	the roles and principles
			Clarifications on how the roles and principles
			will be updated going forward
			Clarification to principle 4 to include
			European Network Codes.
3.0 ⁴	March 2019	April 2019	 Clarifications and updates to introductory
		onwards	text
			Rewording the title of Principle 2
			Clarifications to supporting principle
			guidance for Principles 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7.
Consultation	January	N/A	Streamlining the roles framework by moving
on change⁵	2020		from 4 to 3 roles.

¹ Available at:

https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2017/07/future so reg framework july 2017 working paper.pdf

² Available at: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2017/12/eso_roles_and_principles_appendix.pdf</u> ³ Available at: https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2018/02/eso roles and principles.pdf

⁴ Available at: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2019/03/eso_roles_and_principles_guidance_2019-</u>

^{20.}pdf ⁵ Available at: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/publications-and-updates/call-input-2020-21-eso-regulatory-and-</u>

4.06	6 March	1 April	Streamlining the roles framework by moving
	2020	2020 - 30	from 4 to 3 roles
		March 2021	 New text on competition and FES.
Consultation	September	N/A	 Updated guidance to align with start of
on change ⁷	2020 &		RIIO2 price control.
	December		
	2020		

⁶ Available at: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2020/03/eso</u> roles and principles guidance 2020-21.pdf ⁷ Available at: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/publications-and-updates/consultation-eso-roles-guidance</u>

ESO roles

Introduction

- 1.1. The ESO Roles Guidance provides further explanation of the ESO's roles and the associated expectations, which underpin the ESO's regulatory framework. The roles are a foundation of the ESO's regulatory and incentives framework. This guidance document outlines our current view of the activities and outcomes expected from the ESO in order to maintain an economic, efficient, and co-ordinated system. The ESO's roles were first introduced as part of our July 2017 Working Paper on the ESO's Future Regulatory Framework.⁸ This document contains updated guidance (version 5.0). It builds on the previous guidance (version 4.0⁹) that was issued in March 2020 and our latest ESO RIIO-2 policy. This version of the ESO Roles Guidance (version 5.0) will continue to underpin the ESO's regulatory and incentives framework from April 2021 onwards.
- 1.2. Alongside the roles are the performance expectations, behaviours and the predominant licence conditions that they relate to. The guidance has been drafted with the intention that it should help to outline the types of activities that we would consider to be meeting expectations, or exceeding expectations with regard to the ESO's licence obligations. The ESO's licence conditions underpin the roles and remain the legal obligations that the ESO must fulfil.
- 1.3. In the rest of this chapter we set out further details of the three roles we have defined for the ESO. Throughout all of these roles are the cross-cutting themes of ensuring the ESO provides most value to consumers e.g. protecting consumers from undue costs, enabling secure cost-effective decarbonisation, being a trusted source of information and insight, transparency in its actions, and high levels of engagement with industry and other network operators. Although we have structured our incentive scheme around three overarching roles for the ESO, we acknowledge that in reality the roles have a degree of overlap and interaction.

 ⁸ The original guidance can be found in our July 2017 Working Paper on the future regulatory framework: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/ofgem-publications/118930</u>
 ⁹ Version 4.0 of the ESO roles and principles guidance: <u>https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/ofgem/colleg.guidance</u>

https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2020/03/eso roles and principles guidance 2020-21.pdf

Status and purpose of the ESO Roles Guidance

- 1.4. This document provides updated guidance on the ESO's roles and the behaviours we expect to see when the ESO fulfils its roles. This guidance should be considered as a non-exhaustive list of examples of how we currently envisage the ESO should fulfil its roles when undertaking its day-to-day system operator functions. The roles are underpinned by the ESO's binding licence obligations particularly the Standard Licence Condition (SLC) C28 (Functions for an efficient, co-ordinated and economic electricity system operator),¹⁰ which sets out our expectations of an economic, efficient and co-ordinated ESO. We've also structured the guidance to show what we expect to see as evidence of the ESO's compliance with its obligations under (SLC) C28.
- 1.5. This version of the ESO's Roles Guidance will come into effect on 1 April 2021 and apply from 1 April 2021 onwards until stated otherwise. Before then, the version of this guidance published in March 2020 will continue to have effect, and compliance with it may be taken into account from the date of its issue.
- 1.6. In the event that the ESO does not meet its licence obligations it may be found to be non-compliant. This guidance document (in all its versions) will inform any future decisions taken by the Authority when considering possible investigation and enforcement issues arising out of non-compliance with the relevant licence obligations.¹¹
- 1.7. In the event of formal enforcement proceedings finding a breach of one or more relevant licence conditions, there may subsequently be made an order for payment of a financial penalty and/or consumer redress. The outcome of such procedures would be made publicly available.

Updating the ESO's Roles Guidance

 We recognise that the transition in the energy system may mean that this guidance may need to change in future. We will therefore keep this under review. Where we

¹⁰ An informal consultation on the ESO's RIIO2 licence drafting is published alongside this document.

¹¹ All decisions taken by the Authority relating to enforcement matters are subject to its <u>Enforcement Guidelines</u> and <u>Penalty Policy</u>.

believe changes are needed, we would consult with impacted parties, including the ESO.

1.9. For the purposes of the ESO incentive process, this guidance will only apply from the start of the 2021-22 regulatory year and we will not use the updated changes to retrospectively assess the ESO's performance as part of the incentive scheme in RIIO-1.



Role 1: Control centre operations

- 1.10. Balancing the National Electricity Transmission System (NETS) in a safe, reliable and efficient way is a core function for the ESO. The Electricity National Control Centre (ENCC) performs the day-to-day, short-term (within day and day-ahead) operational activities for the NETS.
- 1.11. The ENCC carries out real-time system balancing by contracting and trading with energy market participants (e.g. generators, storage providers and third-party providers of aggregated flexibility). This is achieved primarily via the Balancing Mechanism (BM) and utilisation of contracted balancing services. The ENCC also requests transmission network owners (TOs) to optimise physical networks configurations using network assets, e.g. flexing voltage tolerances or amending specific circuit ratings or planned outages and maintenance.
- 1.12. Alongside the real-time operation of the NETS, other key control centre functions include:
 - Coordinating with other network operators on operational decisions and outage changes and network planning out to one-year;
 - Short-term energy forecasting;
 - Managing and sharing system data and information; and
 - Restoration and emergency response (to system instability events).
- 1.13. With regard to data and digitalisation, the ESO is responsible for providing information to market participants to facilitate informed decision-making, and for ensuring efficient operation of the system. The ESO is expected to do this transparently and in a user-friendly manner.

Activity 1a: System operation

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(a) taking the most efficient actions to operate the national electricity transmission system based on all of the relevant information the licensee had available at the time; C28(b) taking into account the impact such actions have on competition in the wholesale electricity market and on economic, efficient and coordinated operation and development of the total system;

C28(c) considering the impact any action would have on the total system;

C28(d) optimising the timing of transmission outages under the outage plan on the national electricity transmission system;

C28(h) procuring balancing services to ensure operational security;

C28(j) monitoring balancing services markets for potential breaches of the grid code, investigating where necessary and raising concerns to Ofgem where appropriate; C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system; Special Condition 2.11. Digitalisation.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations
Immediate an	d ongoing	
Balancing efficiently	 Balancing economically and efficiently, in line with the meets expectations benchmark of Performance Metric 1A (balancing costs). Including by: taking actions that minimise consumer costs irrespective of provider type or size. planning ahead to accurately forecast reserve, foot room requirements and system constraints. using the full range of available balancing services and options 	 Implement a comprehensive plan to proactively mitigate any projected material increases to balancing costs, in line with the exceeds expectations benchmark of Performance Metric 1A (balancing costs). Including by: acting early and proactively to reduce drivers of higher costs. continually refreshing and upgrading control room processes to deliver a demonstrable improvement in the accuracy of forecasting

	(a a from both monthstard)	contingener people and such as
	(e.g. from both market parties	contingency needs and system
	and network companies).	constraints (evidenced, for
		example, through robust back-
		casting).
		exploring proactively, developing
		and utilising improvements to
		existing balancing services and
		new innovative types of services.
Maintaining	Maintain system frequency and	Maintain stable system frequency
security of	voltage within statutory limits	and maintain or decrease the
supply	(including the SQSS).	number of instances where the
	Demonstrably minimise any	system frequency is close to
	increases in the number of	breaching SQSS requirements
	instances where the system	(for example, excursions
	frequency is close to breaching	between 0.3Hz and 0.5Hz).
	SQSS requirements (for	Develop innovative operability
	example, excursions beyond	solutions to unexpected events
	0.3Hz) or transparently	that maintain system security
	demonstrate why tolerating	and minimise costs in a fair and
	increases in these excursions	transparent way.
	strikes an appropriate between	
	security and cost-efficiency.	
	• Respond swiftly to unexpected	
	events to secure the system and	d
	minimise costs.	
Making trade-	• Considers the appropriate trade	- • Evidence of new processes, or
offs across	offs between short-term costs	innovative balancing actions,
time horizons	and longer-term market	that reduce costs (compared to
	developments in the interests of	f the counterfactual) in the short-
	consumers now and in the	term and facilitate market
	future.	developments that provide
		longer-term cost reductions.
Ensuring	• Development of plans to ensure	Proactive testing of plans to
future	known/expected future	manage future operability
operability	operability challenges can be	challenges and evidence of
	managed once the challenges	taking necessary steps to reduce
	materialise (for example throug	h the severity of the challenges
		i de la constante de

		
	the continued production of the	before these challenges
	System Operability Framework	materialise.
	and Operability Strategy	Produce and transparently share
	reports).	an assessment of the risks to
	Produce and transparently share	system operability, with
	an assessment of the most	consideration of how these are
	material risks to system	likely to develop in future and
	operability.	identified mitigation measures.
Coordinating	Coordinate with other	Coordinate with DNOs through
with other	network/system operators to	ensuring ESO dispatch of DER
network	optimise the use of balancing	and DNO network management
operators	resources.	actions deliver whole system ¹²
		benefits.
	Including by:	Facilitate the development and
	identifying and progressing	implementation of innovative
	changes to outage plans in	services from network operators
	order to minimise constraint	in order to achieve significant
	costs (e.g. through the	reductions to overall operational
	effective use of System	costs (compared to the
	Operator Transmission Owner	counterfactual) across the whole
	Code (STC) processes),	system.
	ensuring the costs put	
	forward by TOs are	Including by:
	reasonable.	Providing network operators
	exchanging information and	with a high degree of visibility
	data with distribution network	of the transmission constraint
	operators (DNOs) to ensure	cost savings that can be
	efficient dispatch of	achieved through enhanced
	distributed energy resources	network services and
	(DER).	conducting robust analysis on
		any services offered.
		 Developing improved,
		integrated systems and

¹² Also referred to as 'total system' in standard licence condition C28 for RIIO-2. For the purposes of this ESO Roles Guidance, Whole System means the national electricity transmission system and the distribution systems of all authorised electricity operators which are located in the national electricity transmission system operator area.

				processes that optimise
				whole system dispatch
				decisions.
Minimising		nall proportion of short notice	•	No or only a very small
outage		nges to unplanned outages		proportion of short notice
changes		caused by ESO error, in line		changes to unplanned outages
caused by	with	the meets expectations		are caused by ESO error, in line
error	ben	chmark of Performance		with the exceeds expectations
	Meti	ric 1D (Short notice changes		benchmark of Performance
	to p	lanned outages).		Metric 1D (Short notice changes
				to planned outages).
Oversight of	• Effe	ctive systems for surveillance	•	Proactive surveillance of market
balancing	of b	alancing market activity and		activity and swift engagement
services	mor	nitoring the quality/accuracy		with Ofgem to support
markets	of ir	formation received from		investigation of any anti-
	mar	ket participants. Effective		competitive behaviours or
	enga	agement with Ofgem on any		actions that may undermine
	cond	cerns that come to light.		balancing market integrity.
	• Ensi	ures balancing actions do not		
	crea	te significant inefficiencies		
	and	distortions in the balancing		
	or w	holesale markets or create		
	perv	verse incentives with respect		
	to m	narket participants' behaviour		
	or d	ecision making.		
Maintaining	• Con	tinual and responsive	•	Proactive development of
effective and	deve	elopment of IT systems.		innovative IT systems capable of
reliable IT	• High	n IT system availability and		adapting to future operational
systems	relia	bility compared to historical		requirements.
	aver	rages, with reduced	•	High IT system availability and
	unp	lanned outages from RIIO-1.		reliability compared to historical
	• Time	ely completion of ongoing		averages, with progressive step
	and	incremental upgrades to IT		change reductions in unplanned
	syst	ems delayed from RIIO-1.		outages from RIIO-1.
	• Reg	ular engagement with	•	Proactive engagement with
	indu	istry on design of ESO IT		industry on all types of potential
	syst	ems.		IT system solutions. Acting on
	-			-

		stakeholder feedback, and any
		burdens imposed on
		stakeholders, to inform future IT
		development.
By the end of	RIIO-2	
(with evident pr	rogress demonstrated by March 2023)	
Operating the	In a majority of settlement	In all settlement periods where
network	periods where the electricity	the electricity markets deliver a
carbon free	markets deliver a carbon free	carbon free solution, the ESO has
	solution, the ESO has the ability	the ability to efficiently and
	to efficiently and economically	economically operate the system
	operate the system carbon free	carbon free (i.e. all ESO actions
	(i.e. all ESO actions are also	are also carbon-free).
	carbon-free).	
		To underpin this:
	To underpin this	> ESO has engaged extensively
	ESO has replaced legacy IT	with all types of energy
	systems with systems that	industry stakeholders and IT
	are fit for purpose in the	solution providers to deliver
	future energy system, shaped	high quality, flexible and
	through good engagement	future proofed IT systems.
	with industry.	These are capable of being
	> The ESO's control centre	updated ahead of system
	engineers have fit for purpose	developments and
	training and simulation tools	interoperating with the digital
	that enable them to	systems of other related
	efficiently operate a zero	organisations in the sector
	carbon network in most	and in other sectors.
	situations.	The ESO's training and
		simulation tools equip highly
		skilled control room
		engineers to achieve the
		outcomes and benefits
		expected in the RIIO-2 plan.

Coordinating	ESO ensures its processes and	ESO has proactively led the
with other	systems facilitate close	development and implementation
network	operational coordination between	of frameworks and processes
operators	different electricity network	that ensure the optimal real time
	operators.	operation of the whole energy
		system.
	To underpin this:	
	ESO exchanges all necessary	To underpin this:
	real-time operational	 ESO IT systems capable of
	information with other	interoperating with the
	network operators.	systems of other related
	ESO has regularly engaged	organisations in the sector
	with DNOs to inform DNOs'	and in other sectors wherever
	operability plans and process	this would provide overall
	development and, where	benefit.
	appropriate, has adapted its	> The ESO has shared guidance
	own plans and processes in	and expertise (e.g. training)
	light of DNO insights.	to DNOs to ensure common
		practices (e.g. through joint
		simulator training) are in
		place that maximise whole
		system benefits and facilitate
		seamless and efficient system
		operation across voltage
		levels.
		<u> </u>

Activity 1b: System Restoration

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(a) taking the most efficient actions to operate the national electricity transmission system based on all of the relevant information the licensee had available at the time; C28(b) taking into account the impact such actions have on competition in the wholesale electricity market and on economic, efficient and coordinated operation and development of the total system;

C28(c) considering the impact any action would have on the total system;

C28(e) publishing easily accessible information which the licensee holds to generate value for consumers and stakeholders, including but not limited, to ensuring information services are designed to meet the needs of the service users;

C28(h) procuring balancing services to ensure operational security;

C28(i) ensuring the effective and non-discriminatory participation of all qualified market participants in the provision of balancing services, including not unduly restricting new and existing service providers from competing for the provision of such services;

C28(k) anticipating future national electricity transmission system requirements by using and developing competitive approaches to procuring balancing services wherever this is in the best interests of current and future electricity consumers in Great Britain; and C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations
Immediate an	d ongoing	
Restoration	Maintain fully-tested plans and	Develops and progresses future
plans and	processes to support incident	restoration plans and tools that
tools	management and system	can continuously adapt to
	restoration.	network changes in advance of,
		and during, real time system
		operation or system restoration.
Restoration	Publish a strategy for system	Activities that lead, organise,
policy	restoration services on an annual	convene and build consensus
	basis, setting out how the ESO	with Government, regulators and
	will approach the delivery of	industry to drive improvements
	black start onto the NETS over	to the system restoration
	the next 1 to 5 years.	strategy for the future.

	Publish a procurement	If obligated to, implement a
	methodology for system	system restoration standard by:
	restoration services on an annual	Leading, organising, and building
	basis, setting out how the ESO	consensus with industry on the
	will: seek to procure new system	most appropriate implementation
	restoration services and assess	framework that enables a system
	tenders; and assess whether it is	restoration standard to be met,
	economic and efficient to incur	whilst satisfying the majority of
	feasibility study costs to test new	stakeholders and ensuring
	providers.	maximum value for money for
	 Publish an ex-post annual report 	consumers.
	detailing the total costs that the	consumers.
	ESO has incurred whilst	
	procuring system restoration	
	services during the year.	
	 Build consensus with 	
	Government, regulators and	
	industry to drive improvements	
	to the system restoration	
	strategy for the future.	
	If obligated to, determine an	
	appropriate implementation	
	framework to enable a system	
	restoration standard to be met in	
	a fair and non-discriminatory	
	way.	
Restoration	Provide accessible information to	Actively maximises the ability for
services	market participants on system	non-traditional sources of
procurement	restoration service requirements,	generation at all voltage levels to
	costs and current and future	participate in restoration plans
	needs	(and any restoration activities) to
		minimise restoration times in GB.
		• Achieves a significant continual,
		and overall, increase in the level
		of restoration services that are
		competitively procured, that are
		consistent with exceed

	•	Full implementation of RIIO-1	expectations benchmarks
		commitments in the Product	Performance Metric 2A
		Roadmap for Restoration ¹³	(Competitive procurement).
	•	Progress and conclude the ESO's	
		Distributed ReStart project ¹⁴ to	
		establish a pathway to enabling	
		the full participation of DER in	
		restoration services	
	•	Achieves a continual increase in	
		the level of restoration services	
		that are competitively procured,	
		that are consistent with meet	
		expectations benchmarks	
		Performance Metric 2A	
		(Competitive procurement).	
By the end of (with evident p		0-2 ess demonstrated by March 2023)	
-			ESO has dynamic restoration
(with evident p	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023)	 ESO has dynamic restoration tools that are able to advise
(with evident p Restoration	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support	
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and	tools that are able to advise
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of restoration providers, and
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of restoration providers, and demonstrably reducing potential
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of restoration providers, and demonstrably reducing potential
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of restoration providers, and demonstrably reducing potential restoration times.
(with evident p Restoration plans and	orogr	ess demonstrated by March 2023) Plans and processes to support incident management and system restoration that are fit for purpose for a zero carbon	tools that are able to advise control centre engineers on the best route for restoration at any point, enabling them to manage potentially hundreds of restoration providers, and demonstrably reducing potential restoration times.

https://www.nationalgrideso.com/future-energy/projects/distributed-restart

¹³ The ESO's Roadmap for Restoration can be found at the following address: <u>https://www.nationalgrideso.com/sites/eso/files/documents/National%20Grid%20SO%20Product%20Roadmap%20f</u> or%20Restoration.pdf ¹⁴ More information about the project can be found at the following address:

				decision-making tool, in close
				collaboration with other
				relevant parties.
Restoration	•	Competitively procure the	•	Develop liquid markets for
service		majority of system restoration		system restoration services such
procurement		services.		that all providers, from
	•	Ensures that procurement is fair		transmission and distribution
		and accessible to all market		voltage levels, can be procured
		participants and technologies at		competitively at an economic
		transmission and distribution		price in all restoration zones.
		voltage levels if they can meet		
		the technical criteria.		

Activity 1c: Transparency, data and forecasting

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(e) publishing easily accessible information which the licensee holds to generate value for consumers and stakeholders, including but not limited to ensuring information services are designed to meet the needs of the service users;

C28(g) producing and publishing accurate and unbiased forecasts;

C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system; C28(p) exchanging all necessary information and co-ordinating with licensed distributors in so far as is necessary to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, to ensure the economic and efficient operation of the system and to facilitate market development; and Special Condition 2.11. Digitalisation.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations
Immediate an	d ongoing	
Provision of market information	 Provide user-friendly, comprehensive and accurate information, including transparency on control room decision making. Provide transparency on the real- time system state. 	 Proactive information provision that shares valuable information to market participants and network companies before this is requested, and ensures they have a high degree of understanding of the ESO's operations and decision-making.
Driving the energy sector digitalisation	 Make available a Digitalisation Strategy and Action Plan, with the strategy updated at least once every two years, and the action plan updated at least once every 6 months. Demonstrate progress against that plan and how it is driven by the needs of stakeholders and market expectations, such as the recommendations made by the Energy Data Task Force. 	 In addition to the required actions to meet expectations the ESO will: Set an example to the whole sector for the pace of change and progress made delivering the Energy Data Task Force recommendations and beyond (e.g. by demonstrating that the ESO is ahead of other parties in delivering those recommendations, and has

		patively encourped brander
		actively encouraged broader
		up-take).
		participate in and lead cross-
		sectoral initiatives for UK
		infrastructure and Net Zero,
		such as the Centre for Digital
		Built Britain's Information
		Management Framework.
Using and	• The ESO ensures that its data is	ESO collaborates actively with
exchanging	well-organised, accessible and	DNOs to promote data sharing
data	shared proactively (where data	solutions and platforms that
	collected by one team can	maximise consumer benefits.
	benefit and inform the work of	Collaboration should inform the
	another team) by its teams	development of DNO RIIO-2
	within the organisation.	business plans to ensure future
	• Use of data by the ESO complies	platforms are fully interoperable.
	with the expectations of Data	Making data (and its associated
	Best Practice, such as making	methods for data processing)
	available robust and reliable	widely available and easy to
	processes for exchanging	work with in open collaboration
	operational information with	to give market participants
	DNOs.	opportunity for greater
	• Treating energy system data as	contributions to the decision-
	open for all to use by default, ¹⁵	making processes related to
	only restricting access where	system operation.
	there is evidence of a good	• Treating energy system data,
	reason to do so (e.g. if the data	processing methods and
	contains sensitive information).	algorithms as open to all by
		default.
Forecasting	Provide accurate forecasts with	Step-change improvements in
	continuous incremental	forecasting accuracy each year
	improvements to forecasting	through improvements to
	accuracy, in line with the meets	forecasting models and
<u> </u>		

¹⁵ The Data Triage programme would be a good starting point to contribute towards this expectation, although we expect the ESO to explore and implement other ways in which it can make energy system data open by default without waiting for stakeholders to request it.

	expectations benchmark in		processes, in line with the
	Performance Metric 1B (Demand		exceeds expectations benchmark
	forecasting) and 1C (Wind		in Performance Metric 1B
	generation forecasting).		(Demand forecasting) and 1C
•	Full implementation of Energy		(Wind generation forecasting).
	Forecasting Project Roadmap	•	Dynamic forecasting processes
	commitments for 2018-21.16		which utilise machine learning to
•	Forecasts are accurate at both		ensure forecasts are highly
	national and regional level and		accurate for each half hour
	methodologies used are regularly		period, and both the national at
	updated to reflect changes at		the regional level.
	each GSP.	•	Undertakes activities that lead,
•	Model and understand		organise, convene and build
	developments on the distribution		consensus to ensure all network
	system which impact		operators are sharing and using
	transmission-level demand.		consistent information to create
			accurate, whole system
			forecasts.
By the end of RII	10-2		

(with evident progress demonstrated by March 2023)

-	- , ,	
Data use and	ESO has implemented a data and	ESO has integrated all tools and
exchange	analytics platform (and an	systems within its data and
	associated data portal) which	analytics platform, achieving all
	achieves most of the outcomes in	outcomes set out in its RIIO-2
	its RIIO-2 plan, but may still	plan, and receiving highly
	require some additional	positive stakeholder feedback
	functionality to achieve all	Data and analytics platform
	planned outcomes.	enables the seamless real time
		exchange of information with
		DNOs and other system users to
		enable efficient whole system
		operation.
		I

¹⁶ The ESO's Energy Forecasting Project Roadmap is available at the following address: <u>https://www.nationalgrideso.com/document/145941/download</u>

Role 2: Market development and transactions

- 1.14. The ESO operates the balancing mechanism and develops and procures a number of additional balancing services to balance and operate the system in a safe, reliable and efficient way. The ESO's regulatory framework for procuring balancing services provides the ESO with significant scope and flexibility in the design of these services. The design of these services and approach to procurement are important as these can have significant impacts on the revenues available to different providers of these services and the ability for new entrants to compete with existing providers. This can also have a further impact upon short-term price signals and revenues in the wholesale traded electricity markets.
- 1.15. The ESO also has a number of additional roles related to market rules. The ESO administers the Connection and Use of System Code (CUSC), the Grid Code, the SO-TO Code (STC), and the Security and Quality of Supply Standard (SQSS). It is also a party to the Balancing and Settlement Code (BSC) and the Distribution Code. The ESO is able to propose changes to these codes, provide its expertise and analysis to aid industry discussions, and influence the final recommendations that go to the Authority. It is also the Electricity Market Reform (EMR) delivery body and has transmission system operator (TSO) responsibilities related to implementing European network codes and regulations.

Activity 2a: Market Design

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(h) procuring balancing services to ensure operational security;

C28(i) ensuring the effective and non-discriminatory participation of all qualified market participants in the provision of balancing services, including not unduly restricting new and existing service providers from competing for the provision of such services;

C28(k) anticipating future national electricity transmission system requirements by using and developing competitive approaches to procuring balancing services wherever this is in the best interests of current and future electricity consumers in Great Britain;

C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system; C28(n) co-ordinating and cooperating with transmission owners and licensed distributors to identify actions and processes that advance the efficient and economic operation of the networks; and

C28(p) exchanging all necessary information and co-ordinating with licensed distributors in so far as is necessary to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, to ensure the economic and efficient operation of the system and to facilitate market development.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations		
Immediate an	Immediate and ongoing			
Competitive,	Procurement of balancing	Procurement of balancing		
market-based	services through market-based	services through market-based		
procurement	competitive approaches,	competitive approaches,		
	consistent with the meets	consistent with the exceeds		
	expectations benchmark in	expectations benchmark in		
	Performance Metric 2A	Performance Metric 2A		
	(Competitive procurement).	(Competitive procurement).		
Close to real	Procurement of balancing	Clear plans and demonstrable		
time	services in timeframes compliant	progress towards maximising the		
procurement	with relevant GB and European	procurement of all balancing		
	policy and regulations.	services at day-ahead, with a		
		clear and transparent		
		explanation of the circumstances		
		in which this is not in consumers'		
		overall interest.		

Delivering	Simplified suite of balancing	Works extensively with industry
accessible	services with participation	to implement a complementary
markets	requirements that provides	and fully integrated suite of
markets	opportunities for revenue-	balancing services, with no
	stacking, ¹⁷ ensures a level	material barriers to participation
	playing field, and maximises	(evidenced through stakeholder
	participation regardless of	feedback).
		Teedback).
	provider type or size.	Te aludia a buu
	The effective as the set	Including by:
	Including by:	> Implementation of a single
	 Transparent completion of all 	integrated platform for ESO
	balancing market reform	markets (in line with RIIO-2
	commitments made for the	business plan timescales) in a
	2018-21 period ¹⁸ with	joined up manner with wider
	justification of any necessary	IT system changes and with
	changes to priorities or plans.	positive user feedback.
	Ensuring fit for purpose,	A year on year step change in
	reliable procurement,	the satisfaction levels of
	communications and	industry parties, with greater
	settlement systems that do	numbers and types of parties
	not present any material	responding positively about
	barriers to participation, with	the accessibility of platforms,
	the ESO clearly	and fewer reporting issues
	demonstrating how it has (or	and delays in market access
	is) responding to previous	
	issues raised.	Using lessons learned from
		pathfinders, demonstrate clear
	Using lessons learned from	progress in implementing
	pathfinders, create a detailed	enduring markets for solutions to
	plan for implementing enduring	stability, voltage and thermal
	markets for solutions to stability,	constraints.
	voltage and thermal constraints.	

 ¹⁷ Revenue-stacking is the ability to derive revenue from the provision of multiple services.
 ¹⁸ Including those contained in the Product Roadmaps for Response, Reserve, Reactive, and Wider Access to the BM (<u>https://www.nationalgrideso.com/research-publications/future-balancing-services</u>)

Signalling	- Transparent and clear	· Broactive transparent
	Transparent and clear	Proactive, transparent
procurement	communication to market	development of balancing
needs	participants on current and	services markets to solve
	future system challenges and	foreseen future system
	ESO balancing service needs, in	challenges (before the ESO
	line with the objectives of	would need to incur significant
	System Needs and Procurement	costs to address these
	Strategy (SNaPS). ¹⁹	challenges).
		Notice of procurement rounds
		signalled to stakeholders
		sufficiently in advance to enable
		optimal participation.
Coordinated	Collaborates with other network	Inputting proactively into the
procurement	operators to ensure that	development of distribution
across the	balancing services procurement	network ancillary services
whole system	is coordinated and where	(including inputting actively to
	beneficial for consumers (e.g.	DNO RIIO-2 plans) to enable
	contract terms, service	integration with ESO markets
	requirements and frequency of	and facilitate the future efficient,
	procurement) standardised	whole system procurement of
	across networks.	balancing/ancillary services.
	Active participation in projects	Organises, convenes and builds
	and forums that drive improved	consensus with other
	coordination in procurement,	network/system operators to
	including relevant data sharing	drive changes that will optimise
	(such as Open Networks).	balancing service procurement
		across the whole electricity
		system, using high quality
		information/analysis to support
		the process.
	_	

¹⁹ <u>https://www.nationalgrideso.com/document/84261/download</u>

By the end of RIIO-2			
(with evident progress demonstrated by March 2023)			
Competitive procurement	ESO has introduced market- based, competitive procurement in most balancing services, with few, and only minor, examples of non-competitive procurement remaining.	ESO has introduced full competition everywhere, in all balancing services with a transparent and well evidenced explanation of the circumstances in which this is not in consumers' interest.	
Delivering accessible markets	 ESO has implemented most service procurement within a user-friendly single market platform. Few and only minor issues with market access, with the ESO acting quickly to improve functionally and address any issues as they arise. Introduction of an enduring markets for solutions to stability, voltage and thermal constraints. 	 ESO has developed and implemented well-constructed markets that have incorporated procurement of all services within a single, highly accessible market platform, which is praised routinely by market participants. In particular, the platform would: minimise cost and complexity for users, enabling them to easily capture the value they provide to the system across multiple services. maximise participation from all different types and sizes of participants or business models. be flexible, future proofed and easily adaptable to enable a quick response to feedback or changes in the wider system. Creation of competitive, fully- functioning, enduring markets for solutions to stability, voltage and thermal constraints, which 	

		provide appropriate, dependable investment signals for market participants.
Coordinated procurement across the whole system	ESO run markets are coordinated with distribution-level flexibility markets, providing minimal complexity for providers looking to maximise the value from their services.	 Service providers have a single, consistent set of procurement requirements when looking to provide services to the ESO or DNOs. Providers have a single interface point (or consistent standardised interface points) for providing services to the ESO and DNOs.

Activity 2b: Electricity Market Reform

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(e) publishing easily accessible information which the licensee holds to generate value for consumers and stakeholders, including but not limited to ensuring information services are designed to meet the needs of the service users;

C28(g) producing and publishing accurate and unbiased forecasts; and

C28(m) providing accurate and timely guidance to all industry parties on the relevant rules for the Contracts for Difference (CfD) and Capacity Market (CM) prequalification and auction processes.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations
Immediate and	ongoing	
User	An evident year-on-year	• A step change improvement in
experience with	improvement in the user	user experience for EMR
the EMR portal	experience from RIIO-1 (e.g.	participants, as demonstrated
	existing issues are resolved,	by user feedback, with a highly
	resulting in lower barriers to	accessible platform that
	entry for providers).	facilitates widening
		participation.
	Underpinned by:	
	> Timely completion of the	Underpinned by:
	refreshed EMR IT portal with	 Extensive engagement with
	positive user feedback,	industry to develop a highly
	which ensures the ESO and	accessible EMR portal.
	the IT portal has the ability	
	to respond quickly and cost	
	efficiently to change.	
Implementation	Policy changes, or system	Undertaking an enduring
of policy and	workarounds, should be	prioritisation exercise of all
rule changes	implemented continuously in a	expected system change
	timely and cost efficient way to	requirements by Delivery
	ensure compliance with legal	Partners, which results in a
	obligations, and no later than	predictable, transparent and
	12 months following	achievable roster of changes to
	identification of the relevant	be delivered.

	rules or regulat	ions unloss		
	-			
	otherwise state	a by Orgem or		
	BEIS.			
Providing	 Supports indust 	try parties	•	Delivery of an evidenced step
support to EMR	through the Cf	D & CM		change in query management
parties	prequalification	and auction		with demonstrable improved
	processes throu	igh provision of		feedback from Capacity
	accurate & time	ely guidance to		Providers ²⁰ and eligible
	parties on relev	ant rules and		generators ²¹ .
	changes to tho	se rules.		
	• Ensure fair prov	ision of		
	guidance and s	upport. This may		
	require a targe	ed strategy		
	depending on t	ne type of		
	Capacity Provid	er and eligible		
	generator to er	sure a level		
	playing field. Fo	or example,		
	smaller parties	should not lose		
	out due to lack	of resource,		
	with a variety of	f communication		
	channels allowi	ng for this.		
Making	Accurate CM pr	equalification	٠	Very few errors made or
accurate	and agreement	management		decisions overturned by Ofgem
prequalification	decision making	g, based on		in the Tier 2 process following
decisions	compliance with	n the Rules and		CM prequalification.
	Regulations.			
	• Accurate CfD q	ualification		
	decision making	g, based on		
	compliance wit	n the Rules and		
	Regulations.			
	 Very few errors 	made or		
	-	urned by Ofgem		
		, 5		

 ²⁰ Market participants that have a capacity market agreement.
 ²¹ As defined in the Contracts for Difference (Definition of Eligible Generator) Regulations 2014 (as amended).

	in the Tier D presses following
	in the Tier 2 process following
	CfD qualification.
Improving EMR	Readily, regularly and Evidence of continuous
processes	accurately present information improvement to prequalification
	demonstrating the ongoing and auction delivery, resulting
	effective operation of the in improved user experience for
	Capacity Market processes with Capacity Providers. Lessons
	Delivery Partners. learned implemented
	Ensure that auction demonstrably and result in an
	recommendations assessments increase in the effectiveness of
	are accurate and responsive to applicants applying to
	recommendations for prequalify and participate in the
	improvements. auctions.
Monitoring	Proactive engagement with
compliance	delivery partners when issues
with rules	are identified and alerts Ofgem
	of any potential instances of
	non-compliance with their
	licence within a working day
	from discovery of the issue.
	Other issues are communicated
	in a timely fashion.
Security of	Endorsement from the Panel of Step change improvements in
supply	Technical Experts (PTE) on medium term demand forecast
modelling	annual modelling approach. accuracy, through the proactive
	• Engages with ENTSO-E and identification of changes to the
	effectively consults GB TSOs in methodologies and input data.
	respect to medium and long
	term security of supply
	modelling and direct foreign
	participation in the CM.
By the end of R	110-2
(with evident pro	gress demonstrated by March 2023)
User experience	An EMR IT portal with a user- • Full integration of the EMR
with the EMR	friendly and accessible interface portal with other ESO markets
portal	-backed up by feedback with a within a single market platform

consistent, high degree of	with an evidenced step change
satisfaction.	in user experience.

Activity 2c: Industry codes and charging

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(i) ensuring the effective and non-discriminatory participation of all qualified market participants in the provision of balancing services, including not unduly restricting new and existing service providers from competing for the provision of such services;

C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system;

C28(q) proposing and supporting code arrangements that promote the relevant code objectives in a timely manner;

C28(r) developing, managing and maintenance of the process for the methodologies for use of system charging; and

C28(s) managing connection applications for access to the national electricity transmission network in a fair, consistent and timely manner.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations	
Immediate an	d ongoing		
Managing	Quality code administration	Exemplary code administration	
codes	service in line with industry	service compared to most other	
changes	norms.	code administrators	
	Provide a code change process	(demonstrated through	
	that supports participation of	comparative surveys and	
	industry participants and	stakeholder feedback).	
	integrates effectively with	Proactively works with Ofgem	
	changes to other codes.	and government on	
	Provides unbiased, detailed	improvements to energy code	
	analysis or modelling to support	governance, including providing	
	code modifications.	robust evidence and thought	
		leadership into the Energy Codes	
		Review.	
Improving GB	Proactive identification of the	Continuous and frequent	
rules and	most necessary changes to GB	activities that organise,	
standards	frameworks to remove	convene, listen and building	
	distortions and to ensure a level	consensus to ensure the GB	
	playing field.	electricity market framework	
	Propose and support code	develops in the best interests of	
	modifications that promote the	consumers.	

	relevant code objectives, in the	Insights, analysis and change
	 interests of GB consumers. Contributes views and analysis to aid the development of distribution-level rules and frameworks. Be as open and transparent as possible, sharing insights, comparisons of alternative 	 proposals that consider the links and dependencies between balancing, wholesale and capacity markets i.e. taking account of the potential impacts on areas outside of the discrete change proposal. Ensure change proposals
	proposals and robust analysis that can inform workgroup deliberations.	evaluate effectively trade-offs between options, in the context of the broader reform environment (e.g. consideration of changes taking place in other
		 energy codes and the sector more broadly). Proactively shapes and provides system operation expertise and insights into the development of distribution-level operational frameworks.
Influencing,	Provide a consistent and holistic	frameworks.Exemplary stakeholder
implementing and administrating European rules	 GB perspective during the development and implementation of European methodologies and processes, via membership of ENTSO-E. Timely implementation of all GB and European code changes to ensure the ESO's compliance. Subject to the details of EU exit arrangements, administers GB participation in the Inter-TSO Compensation mechanism, meeting the requirements of UK and EU legislation, including 	 engagement processes to ensure that GB's shaping of European developments represents a broad cross-section of stakeholders; including by communicating key outcomes and trade-offs to interested GB participants. Direct influencing of European market developments to ensure changes are in the interests of GB consumers. Monitor, influence and communicate the impact of

		parties as relevant. Provides		Compensation mechanism
		accurate and timely GB data for		participation to maximise
		reporting purposes.		consumer benefit, such as GB
				participation post-Brexit.
Promoting	•	Competent and responsive	•	Undertake activities that
efficient		development, management and		organise, convene and building
charging and		maintenance of the charging		consensus to contribute directly
access		process.		to the development of new
arrangements	•	Providing insight, clarity and		approaches to transmission
		transparency through role as		network charging, which
		Charging Futures lead		maximise long-term benefits for
		secretariat.		consumers. This could include
	•	Chair relevant workgroups		providing views on any links and
		through Charging Futures		dependencies between charging
	•	Take a leading role in the Access		matters and its other works
		SCR delivery group. This should		areas.
		include providing modelling of	•	Undertake activities that utilise
		transmission-level tariff options,		the ESO's technical
		analysis of the merits of		understanding of the
		different transmission options,		transmission system and
		comment on interactions with		charging methodologies to
		distribution-level changes and		provide additional insight and
		developing plans for option		qualitative and quantitative
		implementation.		policy inputs, such as modelling
				or analysis to show system
				benefits of options.
By the end of RIIO-2				
(with evident progress demonstrated by March 2023)				
Managing	•	ESO has successfully introduced	•	ESO has introduced a single,
codes changes		a single digitalised grid code,		accessible technical code for
		with positive user experience.		transmission and distribution
		Some discrepancies between		which achieves the user
		transmission and distribution		functionality and benefits set out
		code change processes may		in its RIIO-2 plan. This includes
		remain.		the ESO successfully
			1 ·	

				transmission and distribution
				codes into an IT system with AI-
				enabled navigation and,
				document and workflow
				management tools that provides
				users with a more user-friendly,
				inclusive and tailored
				experience.
Improving GB	•	ESO has progressed a number of	•	ESO has proactively influenced,
rules and		key changes to technical		comprehensibly reviewed and
standards		standards to facilitate a zero		(subject to BEIS conclusions)
		carbon energy system, in line		successfully implemented
		with government		necessary changes to the
		recommendations.		Security and Quality of Supply
				Standard (SQSS) and other
				technical standards to ensure
				they are fit for purpose for a
				zero carbon energy system.

Role 3: System insight, planning and network development

1.16. The ESO performs a variety of insight, planning and network development activities. It publishes key insight documents that include credible long-term pathways for the energy sector through its Future Energy Scenarios (FES), it identifies long-term electricity system needs in the Electricity Ten Year Statement (ETYS) and also provides GB input, based on the FES, into the development of the pan-European Ten Year Network Development Plan (TYNDP).

1.17. The ESO's annual Network Options Assessment (NOA) is a central part of it network development activities. The NOA assesses and recommends solutions to electricity onshore and offshore transmission system needs and provides an analysis of optimal interconnector capacity growth. The wider NOA methodologies also provide a foundation for the ESO to contract for long-term operability solutions (e.g. to solve network constraints and stability issues) via its NOA pathfinding projects.

1.18. The ESO network development activities also include improving the coordination of offshore network development through the wider network benefit investment (WNBI) mechanism and working with DNOs to ensure that its efficient and coordinated network development activities maximise whole system benefits across network boundaries. In addition, the ESO carries out network development cost-benefit or impact assessments to inform Ofgem's decision-making, such as decisions on major new investments in the onshore transmission networks proposed by TOs.

1.19. At present, the ESO is undertaking further work to develop a plan to introduce Early Competition in network development and an assessment of options for a more coordinated approach to offshore transmission network planning and delivery. We expect to update this guidance with additional expectations in these areas once this existing work concludes.

1.20. The ESO is also responsible for the connections process to use the electricity transmission system and for managing the impacts on the NETS from new connections of new offshore generation as well as at distribution level, through liaison with developers and DNOs to ensure that offshore/onshore networks are planned holistically.

Activity 3a: Connections and network access

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(d) optimising the timing of transmission outages under the outage plan on the national electricity transmission system;

C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system; C28(n) co-ordinating and cooperating with transmission owners and licensed distributors to identify actions and processes that advance the efficient and economic operation of the networks;

C28(o) using best endeavours to implement actions and processes identified and proposed through its activities under paragraph C28(n) of this condition that are in the interest of the efficient and economic operation of the total system;

C28(p) exchanging all necessary information and co-ordinating with licensed distributors in so far as is necessary to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, to ensure the economic and efficient operation of the system and to facilitate market development; C28(s) managing connection applications for access to the national electricity transmission network in a fair, consistent and timely manner; and

C28(t) ensuring coordination with other network operators and interested parties and identifying and delivering the most efficient network planning and development of solutions to meet future transmission network needs. These solutions should include, but are not limited to, solutions that cost-effectively alleviate the need to upgrade or replace electricity network capacity.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations			
Immediate	Immediate and ongoing				
Managing	Competent and responsive	Provides and supports a seamless			
connections	development, management and	connections experience to			
	maintenance of the transmission	electricity networks across GB			
	network connections process	(including both transmission and			
	(including onshore, offshore and	distribution networks), in order to			
	interconnector connections).	facilitate a timely and efficient			
	Including by:	transition to a Net Zero electricity			
	 Supporting all parties fairly, 	system.			
	establishing dedicated account	Including by:			
	functions for DER where	> Developing connections processes			
	necessary.	and systems in close collaboration			

	\succ	Provides visibility and		with other network operators,
		understanding of connections		industry and developers, that are
		process and considerations for all		consistent across networks and
		parties, including through well run		flexible to future system changes.
		seminars and events.	\triangleright	Process connection requests in a
	\triangleright	Planning ahead to consider the		sufficiently timely manner such
		pipeline of future connections		that to the rate of connection
		across the whole electricity		requests processed by the ESO is
		network and use this to inform		at least equal to the rate of
		actions today.		incoming connection requests. i.e.
	\triangleright	Develop processes where an		the ESO does its part to prevent a
		accumulation of connection		growing backlog of requests.
		requests in a given area can be	\blacktriangleright	Proactively identifying challenges
		considered together, rather than		and potential longer-term
		processed in isolation. e.g. the		responses to connection planning
		development of a regional		issues, particularly in response to
		Connection and Infrastructure		offshore transmission,
		Options Note (CION) process.		interconnection and
	\triangleright	Process connection requests in a		implementation of Government
		sufficiently timely manner and is		policy.
		able to provide developers with	≻	Working with connecting parties
		certainty over their respective		to understand early whether there
		connection completion date.		are services they can provide to
	۶	Recording all options considered		the system that would mitigate
		when processing a connection		other system costs.
		request for an offshore wind	≻	Leading industry thinking by
		farm, including whether the ESO		developing economic and efficient
		has considered Developer		conceptual solutions for
		Associated Wider Works.		coordinating the development of
				the NETS in offshore waters,
				whilst taking account of pan-
				European network development
				plans.
Outage and	٠	Coordinate with all TOs and	•	Facilitates an optimal, whole
medium		significant sources of generation		system approach to network
term		to implement efficient outage		access and planning by
				coordinating seamlessly with all

		
access	plans that minimise costs to	network operators via common
planning	consumers.	data exchange systems (with use
	Provide visibility on the costs and	of open data where appropriate)
	benefits associated with changing	to shape the future development
	network outages, through system	of network access polices.
	analysis and cost assessments.	Works with network operators to
	• Transmission access programmes	identify and bring forward
	planned on a whole system basis	innovative, medium term network
	using open data where	solutions that drive significant
	appropriate.	constraints savings for consumers
	• Works with DNOs to coordinate	(e.g. through Joint Works
	and collectively optimise network	projects).
	access and planning through	
	exchanging all relevant data in	
	consistent formats.	
By the end o	of RIIO-2	
-		
(with evident	progress demonstrated by March 2023	3)
Managing	• The ESO has helped to deliver a	ESO has actively extended
connections	high degree of coordination	connection and network access
	between connections and network	planning approaches across the
	access processes across	whole electricity system, with a
Outage and	transmission and distribution	single point of contact, run in
medium	networks.	cooperation or coordination with
term	• To underpin this, the ESO's	other network operators, that
access	website clearly directs connecting	ensures a seamless experience
planning	parties to other network	for all types of parties and
	companies' connections webpages	facilitates efficient planning
	/ customer portals.	across transmission and
		distribution networks.
		To underpin this:
		> The ESO has contributed to the
		implementation of a central highly
		accessible hub for connections,
		which is fully interoperable with
		the systems of other network
		operators, and delivers the
		outcomes described in its RIIO-2

plan (e.g. an enhanced understanding for all parties of the available capacity and the costs of connecting to different parts of the whole network).
The hub advises customers of capacity opportunities on both the distribution and transmission networks and acts as a one stop shop for all connection-related information (e.g. signed agreements, charges, operational notifications and tracks the progress of their connections).

Activity 3b: Operational strategy and insights

Meets expectations predominantly underpinned by licence conditions:

C28(e) publishing easily accessible information which the licensee holds to generate value for consumers and stakeholders, including but not limited to ensuring information services are designed to meet the needs of the service users;

C28(f) publishing reliable scenarios of the long term development of the energy system and its needs under different scenarios;

C28(g) producing and publishing accurate and unbiased forecasts;

C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system C28(n) co-ordinating and cooperating with transmission owners and licensed distributors to identify actions and processes that advance the efficient and economic operation of the networks; and

C28(p) exchanging all necessary information and co-ordinating with licensed distributors in so far as is necessary to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, to ensure the economic and efficient operation of the system and to facilitate market development.

Output	Meets expectations	Exceeds expectations				
Immediate a	Immediate and ongoing until the end of RIIO-2					
Providing	Informs the future development	Uses expertise to produce trusted				
energy	of the electricity and gas systems	and highly valued insights that				
insights	through the production of clear,	shape policy decisions on the				
	accessible and timely insight	energy transition and support the				
	documents, which are informed	UK's 2050 net zero commitment.				
	by robust stakeholder					
	engagement.					
Producing	Competent and responsive	Monitors and evaluates previous				
analytically	development, management and	analysis/scenarios, including by				
robust	maintenance of the Future	performing ex-post analysis of				
scenarios	Energy Scenarios (FES) process,	what has happened since the				
and long-	with evidence for assumptions	`forecast' scenarios that has led				
term	and decisions through a record of	to a different 'real-world'				
forecasts	data inputs and the cross section	scenario, to improve accuracy				
	of stakeholders views gathered.	and explain clearly the reasons				
	Provide justifiable and credible	for deviations between forecast				
	long-term scenarios (updated at	and realised outcomes.				

	· · · ·	
	least annually) covering a	Invites and proactively facilitates
	sufficiently wide range of	collaboration from all interested
	outcomes, both in terms of	stakeholders to drive forward the
	future energy system	improvement of industry data to
	development and the associated	achieve more reliable forecasting
	costs of operating the electricity	capabilities.
	system in those scenarios.	Continually expands the
	 Stress-testing of scenarios, 	functionality of demand models
	analysis and assumptions and	to provide step changes in
	consideration of whether	accuracy, in particular by better
	scenarios and forecasts remain	taking into account profiles
	fit for purpose at least on an	across the year, changes at the
	annual basis.	regional level and developments
	• High degree of engagement,	across vectors.
	transparency and justification of	
	decision making to stakeholders	
	throughout the development	
	process.	
	• Work collaboratively with other	
	parties to improve industry data	
	(where possible and relevant) to	
	support the development of	
	scenarios.	
Ensuring	Engages and coordinates with	Proactively brings together as
coordinated	other licensees (e.g. GSO, DNOs)	many relevant industry parties as
scenario	to ensure regional and cross-	possible, both directly and
development	sectoral interactions are clearly	through working with open data,
	taken into account in the	to produce consistent factual
	scenario development processes.	data that can be used to identify
	Provides accurate and consistent	pathways to achieving scenarios
	GB scenario data into European	that meet decarbonisation
	processes via ENTSO-E	targets, across the whole energy
	membership, and contribute to	system.
	the development of the ENTSO-E	 All insight and scenarios
	TYNDP.	documents (including the FES,
	Supporting DNOs in developing	ETYS, Operability Strategy
	Distribution FES ("DFES")	Reports, and the SOF Report)

processes, for example through	work together seamlessly to
timely sharing of data, to provide	present a clear, coherent, and
a coherent set of whole-system	coordinated view of all future
scenarios.	needs across the whole electricity
	system (evidenced through
	stakeholder feedback). This
	includes sharing all data,
	assumptions and methodology so
	that any party can reliably
	reproduce the FES.

Activity 3c: Optimal network investment

<u>Predominantly underpinned by current, as well as proposed, licence conditions:</u> C28(I) facilitating an economic and efficient transition to a zero carbon energy system; C28(n) co-ordinating and cooperating with transmission owners and licensed distributors to identify actions and processes that advance the efficient and economic operation of the networks;

C28(o) using all best endeavours to implement actions and processes identified and proposed through its activities under paragraph 28.4 (n) of this condition that are in the interest of the efficient and economic operation of the total system;

C28(p) exchanging all necessary information and co-ordinating with licensed distributors in so far as is necessary to ensure the optimal utilisation of resources, to ensure the economic and efficient operation of the system and to facilitate market development; and C28(t) ensuring coordination with other network operators and interested parties and identifying and delivering the most efficient network planning and development of solutions to meet future transmission network needs. These solutions should include, but are not limited to, solutions that cost-effectively alleviate the need to upgrade or replace electricity network capacity.

Immediate and ongoing				
Make recommendations to other	Make recommendations to other			
procurement decisions that lead	parties and take ESO procurement decisions that lead			
design and operation of the	to the economic and efficient design and operation of the			
transmission network (including onshore, connections for offshore wind and interconnection).	transmission network (including onshore, connections for offshore wind and interconnection), by			
 Conducting fit-for-purpose analytical assessments, including 	optimising demonstrably the number and types of solutions available and taking into			
 by: Ensuring that all commitments made in 	consideration the system needs associated with Net-Zero.			
	 parties and take ESO procurement decisions that lead to the economic and efficient design and operation of the transmission network (including onshore, connections for offshore wind and interconnection). Conducting fit-for-purpose analytical assessments, including by: Ensuring that all 			

	Development Roadmaps are	•	Co	ndu
	completed in a transparent,		ass	sess
	timely manner with		۶	Ide
	justification of any necessary			tra
	changes to priorities or plans.			issı
\triangleright	Identifying future high-cost			ado
	network issues in advance of			inc
	the additional costs being		۶	Int
	incurred.			imp
\triangleright	Assessing all options fairly,			ana
	based on robust and			the
	transparent cost benefit			(fo
	analysis.			too
\succ	Producing clear, accessible			Flo
	and timely NOA publications.			per
\blacktriangleright	Regular engagement with			ass
	Ofgem, industry and			ma
	interested stakeholders on			of y
	NOA methodology			cor
	development to ensure that			too
	the year-on-year system			ana
	planning process is fit for		۶	Ass
	purpose.			on
A	Building on past learning to			tra
	continually improve the			ana
	models, methodologies and			deg
	analytical tools underpinning			ES
	the assessment process of			opt
	the NOA and NOA		۶	Wh
	pathfinders.			ide
\triangleright	Progressing the pathfinders			sol
	from a 'proof of concept'			oth
	stage and integrating these			opt

Conducting exemplary analytical assessments, including by:

- Identifying all material transmission network needs²² issues in advance of additional costs being incurred.
- Introducing timely, significant improvements to the analytical tools underpinning the assessment processes (for example: developing tools to allow Optimal Power Flow (OPF) analysis to perform circuit-based thermal assessment considering market actions; introduction of year-round assessment considerations; and a stability tool for SQSS transient analysis).
- Assessing all options based on a high quality, robust and transparent cost benefit analysis that provides a high degree of confidence that the ESO has recommended the optimal solution(s).
- Where appropriate, identifying additional solutions not proposed by other parties, recommending optimised combinations of

²² At present we understand that thermal constraints, voltage and stability issues are the most material network needs. We expect the ESO to keep all network needs under review and, if necessary, expand upon this.

into an established and	solutions to target a known
coherent set of assessments	issue, or identifying a solution
governed by the NOA	that may address multiple
methodology.	issues.
	> Using medium term market
Ensure wide participation in	solutions as a cost effective
assessments and tenders,	approach to keep network
including by:	investment options open
 Inviting all types of providers 	against uncertainty.
(network and non-network,	
transmission and distribution	Ensure maximum possible
connected) to provide	participation in assessments and
solutions to the most high-	tenders, including by:
cost network issues.	Proactively facilitating and
Seeking and inviting potential	encouraging all types of
commercial alternative	providers (network and non-
solutions to compete against	network, transmission and
traditional network	distribution connected) to
reinforcement based	provide solutions to all
solutions.	material transmission
	network needs Ensure that all
	assessments and tenders are
	accessible to all potential
	providers of commercial
	alternative solutions,
	facilitating effective
	competition against
	traditional network
	reinforcement based
	solutions.

Coordination	Francisco condition holizon	Catting a clean plan for (and
Coordination	Ensuring coordination between	Setting a clear plan for (and
between	the different assessments of	making demonstrable progress
network	solutions to the most high value	towards) the introduction of a co-
assessments	transmission network needs (e.g.	optimised ²³ assessment of all
	ensuring coherence between the	solutions to all material
	annual NOA assessment, the	transmission network needs.
	pathfinder assessments and	
	offshore wind connections).	Including by:
		 Developing a clear future vision
	Including by:	and strategy for an optimal
	 Setting out and meeting a clear 	network assessment process (or
	and coherent timetable/calendar	suite of integrated processes with
	for when the different	harmonised timings) capable of
	assessments are to take place.	addressing Net-Zero system
	Ensuring that it is easily	needs.
	accessible to all that wish to	 Identifying the barriers to
	engage with the NOA,	achieving this vision (both
	Pathfinders and any new	technical and regulatory),
	assessment/tender processes.	making these barriers clear to all
	 Identifying barriers to achieving 	parties, and developing solutions
	greater coordination (both	for overcoming these barriers.
	technical and regulatory),	 Implementing solutions for
	making these barriers clear to all	addressing these barriers when
	parties, and proposing solutions	these are within the ESO gift.
	to overcome these barriers.	
Procurement	Share well-defined, timely, clear	Share well-defined, timely, clear
of network	needs specifications for all	needs specifications for all
solutions	tenders.	tenders, which contain
	• Continual improvements made to	requirements that do not limit
	the procurement process	the participation of any
	informed by stakeholder	technologies or potential
	feedback.	commercial solutions (or
		````

²³ In this context co-optimised means: (1) greater integration between the different modelling tools to better understand the interactions between different possible solutions to different network needs; and (2) optimising the timing/synchronicity of different assessments. Co-optimisation should ensure optimal economic decision-making across all assessments of the relevant network needs. For the avoidance of doubt, this may or may not be a single co-optimisation tool.

•	Use the methodologies and	1	transparently demonstrate why
•	ose the methodologies and		
	lessons learned through		requirements that limit
	developing the Pathfinders to		participation are in consumers'
	create a plan to implement		interests).
	regular, dependable, bankable	•	Use of the methodologies and
	markets for stability, voltage and		lessons learned through
	thermal constraints (to be		developing the Pathfinders and is
	implemented under Role 2a).		implementing regular,
			dependable, bankable markets
			for stability, voltage and thermal
			constraints (to be implemented
			under Role 2a).

### By the end of RIIO-2

(with evident progress demonstrated by March 2023)

Identifying	•	The ESO has ensured that a	•	The ESO methods and analytical
network		wider range of types of solutions,		tools (including IT systems)
needs and		to transmission network needs		ensure that all different types of
solutions		are fully and equally assessed in		solutions, to all material
		all of its long-term network		transmission network needs are
		development work.		fully and equally assessed and
	•	The ESO has ensured that its		the most efficient solutions are
		network planning processes		brought forward.
		enable a long-sighted, strategic	•	The ESO has implemented new
		planning function at the		processes to identify the optimal
		onshore/offshore boundary		combination of options to
		(subject to the outcomes of the		address the full range of year-
		Offshore Coordination Project).		round challenges over the
	•	The NOA process and tools have		medium and long-term.
		been progressively extended	•	The ESO has implemented tools
		year-on-year to facilitate the		and processes that ensure that
		submission of innovative		different types of solutions to all
		solutions to transmission network		material transmission network
		needs.		needs are fully assessed, using
				all FES scenarios, which cover a
				full range of within-year
				conditions ("year-round
				assessments") and ensure the

		optimal solutions are brought
		forward. This includes:
		high-quality, fully tested,
		year-round tools for: voltage
		optimisation; OPF analysis for
		thermal assessments;
		stability assessments and
		analysis of dynamic stability,
		RoCoF, new technology
		challenges and load model
		impacts.
		Improvements to model
		outage planning in year-
		round.
Coordination	The ESO's long-term network	The ESO's network planning
between	development process ensures	process ensures that all relevant
network	that all assessments and tenders	different types of solutions, to all
solutions	are part of a complementary and	stability, voltage and thermal
	coordinated set of processes	constraints needs, are fully and
	which ensures the efficient	equally assessed in a co-
	solutions are brought forward.	optimised ²⁴ manner to ensure the
	• The ESO has produced, and	optimal whole-system solutions
	continually updated, one	are brought forward.
	overarching methodology and	
	timetable that clearly shows how	
	the different assessments of	
	solutions to different	
	transmission network needs	
	interact.	
Consistency	The ESO has assisted the DNO's	<ul> <li>Network planning processes and</li> </ul>
with	in developing network planning	assessments at the transmission
distribution	processes and methodologies	level are fully coordinated with
network	which are consistent with those	those at the distribution level
planning	at the transmission level,	(e.g. apply consistent processes

engaging at regular intervals to	and methodologies and are timed
share expertise.	such that they take account of
	their respective outputs), with
	the ESO having supported and
	proactively made
	recommendations to shape the
	DNO's RIIO-2 Business Plans to
	ensure optimal whole system
	network development.

# Mapping the guidance to Standard Licence Condition C28

The table below is intended to support the ESO's interpretation of the guidance in Chapter 1 through mapping it directly to the relevant SLC C28 licence modifications.²⁵

[To be included following the consultation on the licence drafting and this Roles Guidance]

²⁵ https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/system/files/docs/2017/04/so incentives decision standard licence conditions 0.pdf