

Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.1 Apply

Brief Description

A prospective SEC Party applying for accession to the SEC is also permitted to be a CRS User

Key Scenarios:

A new party to the SEC has rights to be a CRS User and their application to accede incorporates this role

Actors:

Applicant

SECAS & SECCo

Preconditions:

- Prospective new SEC Party is permitted to be a CRS User by the SEC

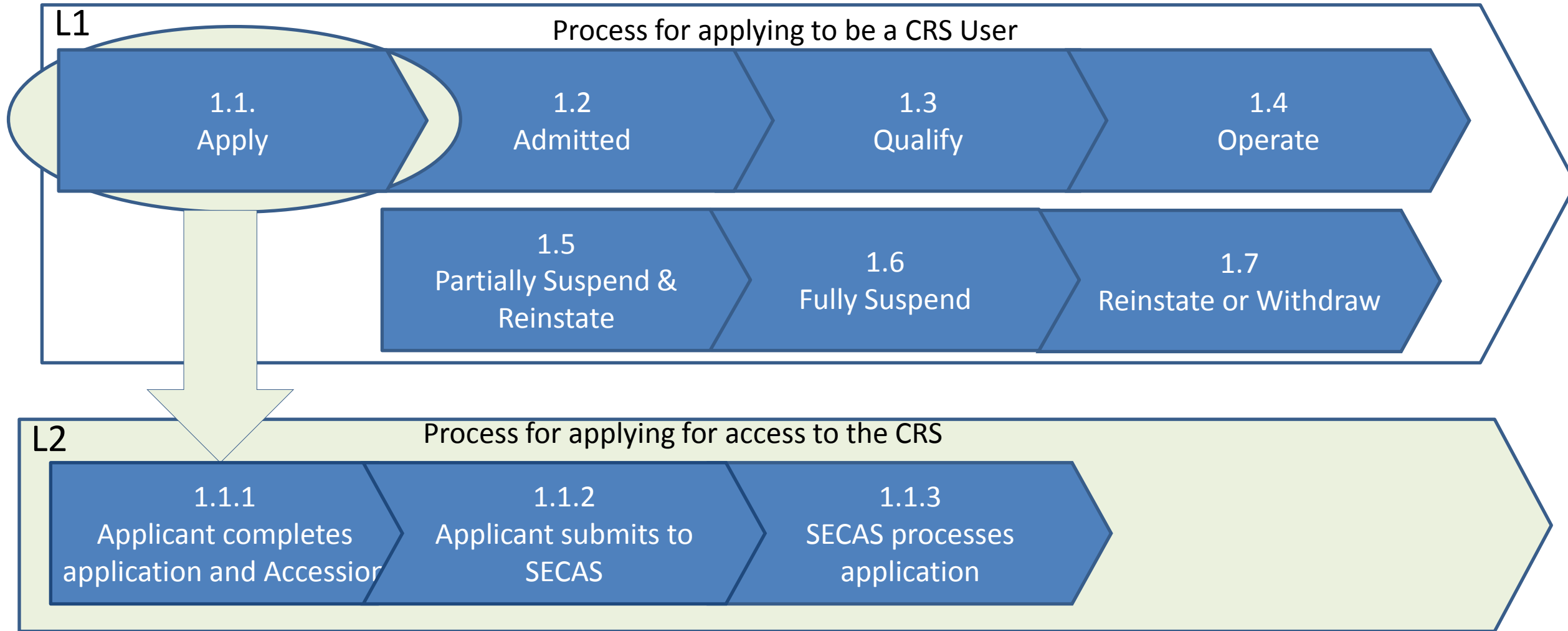
Post Conditions:

- Applicant has applied for access to the CRS as a CRS User

Assumptions

- A CRS User will be a SEC party, but not all SEC Parties have automatic rights to be a CRS User
- The SEC will set out rules for which Party category(s) have rights to be CRS Users
- This Use Case does not cover all the accession process (this is covered elsewhere in existing SEC materials)
- Prospective CRS Users who are already SEC Parties will be accommodated in the implementation solution

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle - Apply



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.2 Admit

Brief Description: New SEC Party application is processed

Key Scenarios

The prospective new SEC party's application is processed and they are acceded.

Actors

- Applicant
- SECAS & SECCo/SEC Panel
- DCC

Preconditions

- SEC Party role permitted to be a CRS User (eg by rights under the SEC)
- Application and Accession Agreement complete and fee provided

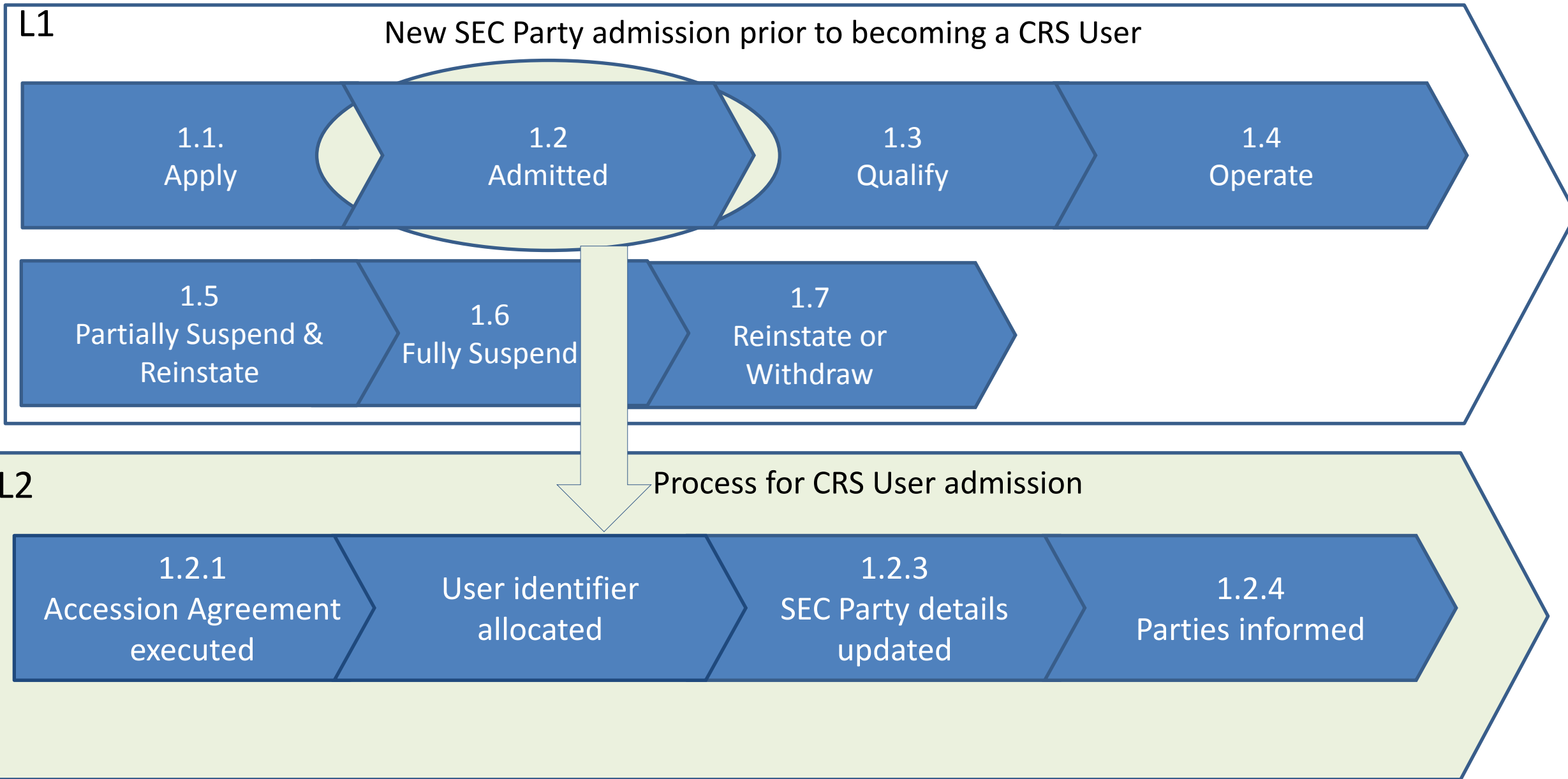
Post Conditions

- **Applicant**
 - Applicant is admitted as a new SEC Party in a role which also requires it to be a CRS User
 - Issued with SEC Party Signifier and User Id
- **SECAS**
 - Processed application
 - SEC Party details updated
- **SECCO/SEC Panel,**
 - Accession Agreement executed
 - Party Signifier and Party Id allocated
- **DCC**
 - informed

Assumptions

- Admission as SEC Party does not confer rights to be a CRS User without being qualified

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle - Admitted



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.3 Qualify

Brief Description: SEC Party readiness preparation for entry testing as a CRS User and now

Key Scenarios

SEC Party must demonstrate they meet all the SEC qualifications to be authorised to proceed as a CRS User

Actors

- SEC Party
- SECAS
- Approving Body
- DCC (as CRS)

Preconditions

- SEC Party admitted and permitted to be a CRS User by rights under the SEC
- SEC entry process requirements set out in the SEC/SEC SDs

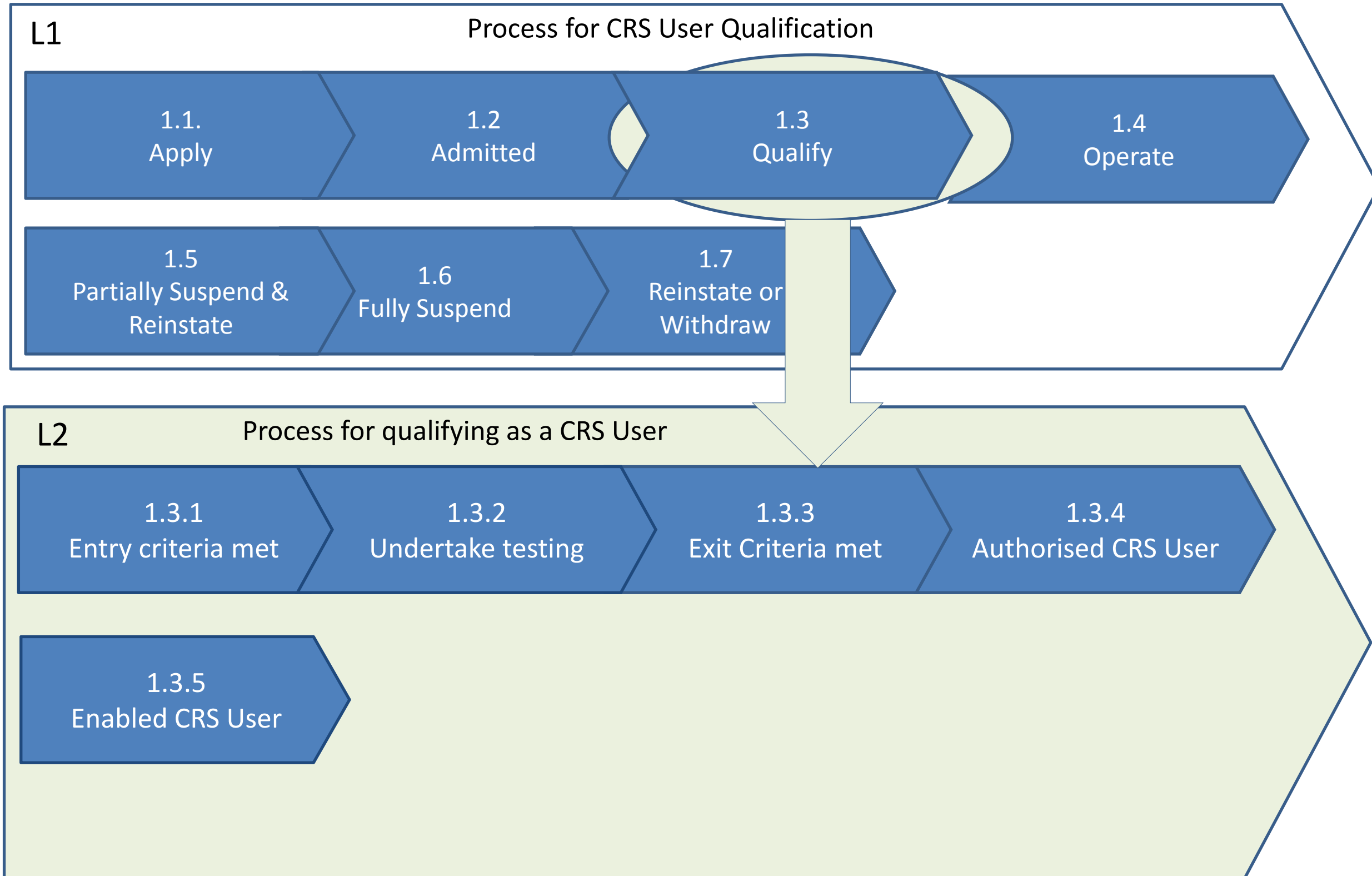
Post Conditions

- Testing as a CRS User completed (exit criteria met)
- SEC Party authorised as a qualified CRS User
- CRS User enabled in CRS

Assumptions

- CRS User entry process test requirements will be set out in the SEC from the perspective of CRS (ie not any other Code requirements)
- Testing with CRS may not be the only entry process requirements for becoming a CRS User (eg whether they have an ID in Market Domain Data)
- Qualification as a CRS User will be factored with other SEC 'entry/testing criteria' eg:
 - may be undertaken/demonstrated in conjunction with DCC User qualification
 - If already a DCC User, may be a discrete qualification test
- There may be a need to have a SEC 'handshake' with other industry Codes before enabling a CRS User to ensure there are no impacts on completion of their entry process requirements

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle - Qualify



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.4 Operate

Brief Description: SEC Party established as a CRS User

Key Scenarios

SEC Party enabled as a CRS User and CRS will process permitted transactions between CRS and the CRS User

Actors

- CRS User
- CRS System

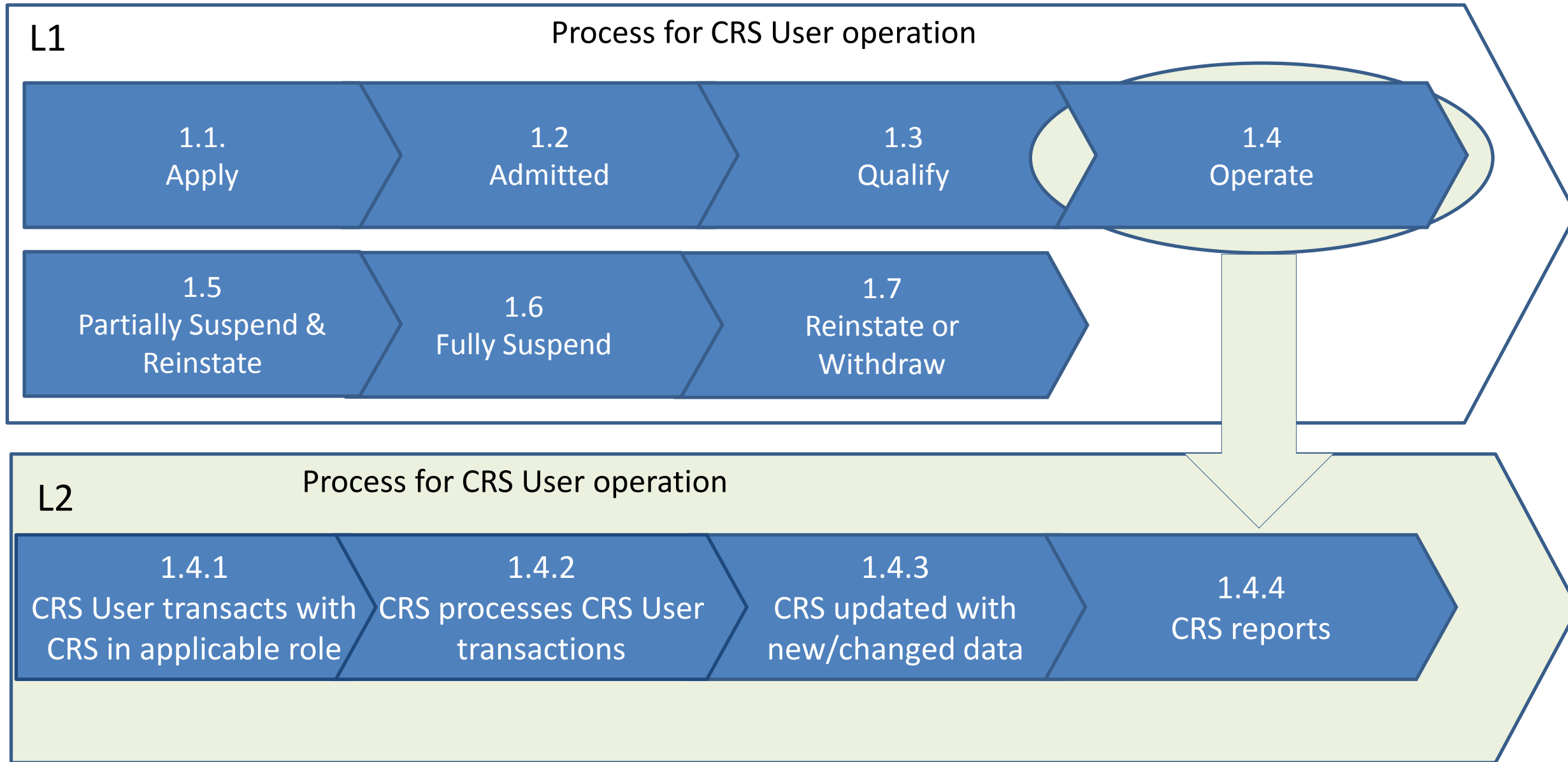
Preconditions

- SEC Party is a qualified CRS User
- CRS recognises the CRS User

Post Conditions:

- SEC Party permitted to be a CRS User until it ceases to fulfil certain SEC conditions
- CRS User maintains CRS data for which it is responsible
- CRS User continues to meet any other post-operation requirements
- CRS user able to generate the required reports from data held within the CRS

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle - Operate



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.5 Partially Suspend CRS User Rights and Reinstate when Suspension event resolved

Brief Description:

- A CRS User is disallowed some of its rights as a CRS User due to circumstances which give rise to a partial suspension event and these rights are reinstated when the circumstances are resolved.

Key Scenarios

- SEC Panel or DCC [or Ofgem] has become aware that a CRS User may require partial suspension from CRS
- CRS User resolves suspension event and is reinstated

Actors

- SEC Panel, SECAS, [Ofgem]
- CRS User
- DCC

Preconditions:

- SEC Panel or DCC are aware of a circumstance which could give rise to a consequent partial suspension of access to CRS by a CRS User.

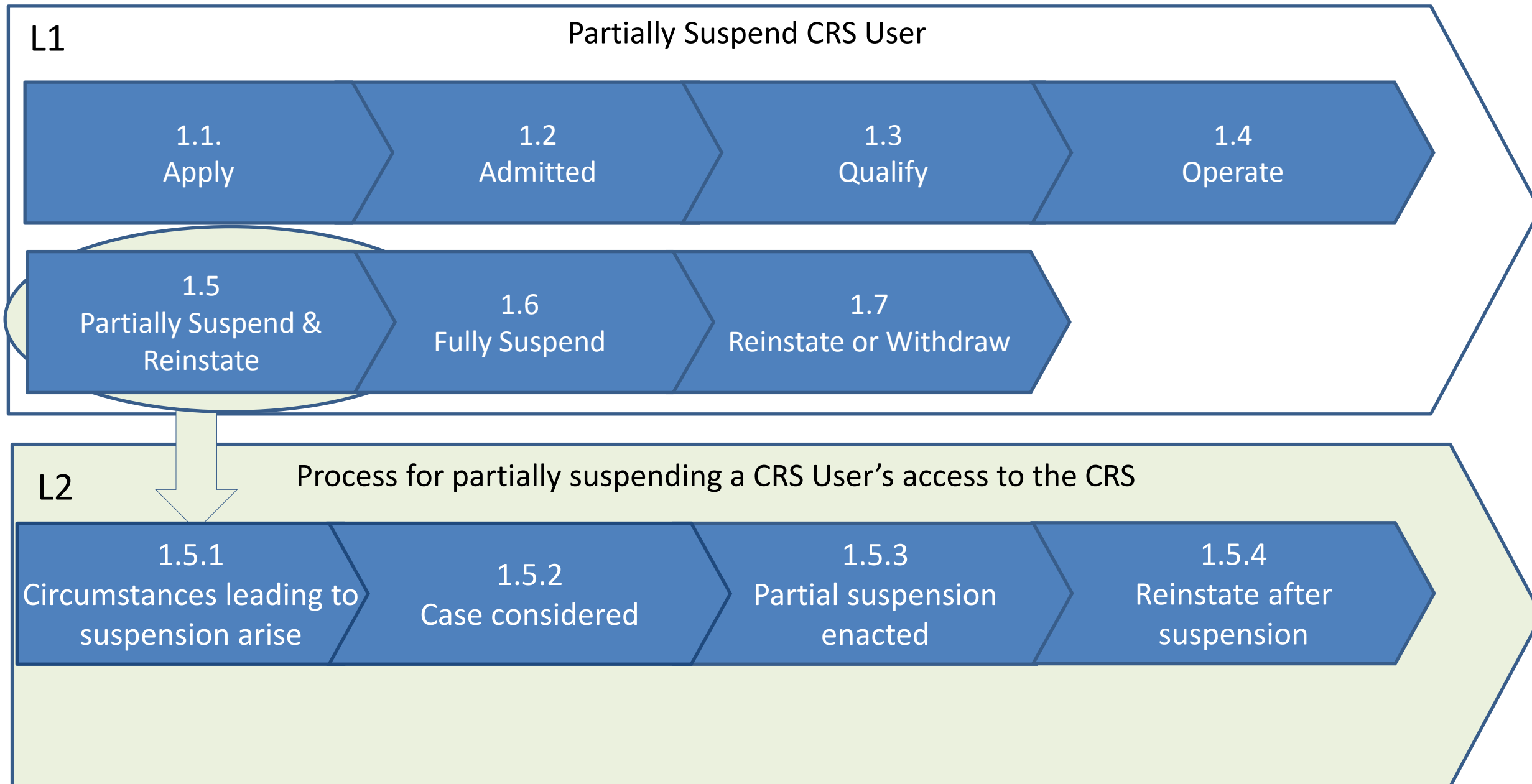
Post Conditions:

- CRS User is suspended from access to some of its rights as a CRS User and subsequently reinstated

Assumptions:

- Partial suspension is likely to arise from notice under the SEC of a breach or suspected breach. For the purposes of the central lifecycle case this leads to partial suspension, although it is acknowledged this will not always be the outcome
- This does not preclude a partial suspension arising from a notice from another industry Code – eg a Network Operator-led suspension event permitted under a different Code - although this is not explicitly represented here on the basis that this is one of the inputs to SEC Panel [or Ofgem] becoming aware of a suspension event at the outset.
- This is a reversible step → Go to Reinstate or Withdraw.
- Reinstatement is a 'reverse process' to partial suspension (eg permissions are parametrised and configurable as 'Off' and 'On')

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle – Partially Suspend



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.6 Fully Suspend CRS User

Brief Description:

- A CRS User is disallowed all its rights as a CRS User due to circumstances which give rise to a full suspension event

Key Scenarios

- SEC Panel or DCC [or Ofgem] has become aware that a CRS User may require full suspension from CRS

Actors

- SEC Panel, SECAS, [Ofgem]
- CRS User
- DCC

Preconditions:

- SEC Panel or DCC are aware of a circumstance which could give rise to a consequent full suspension of access to CRS by a CRS User.

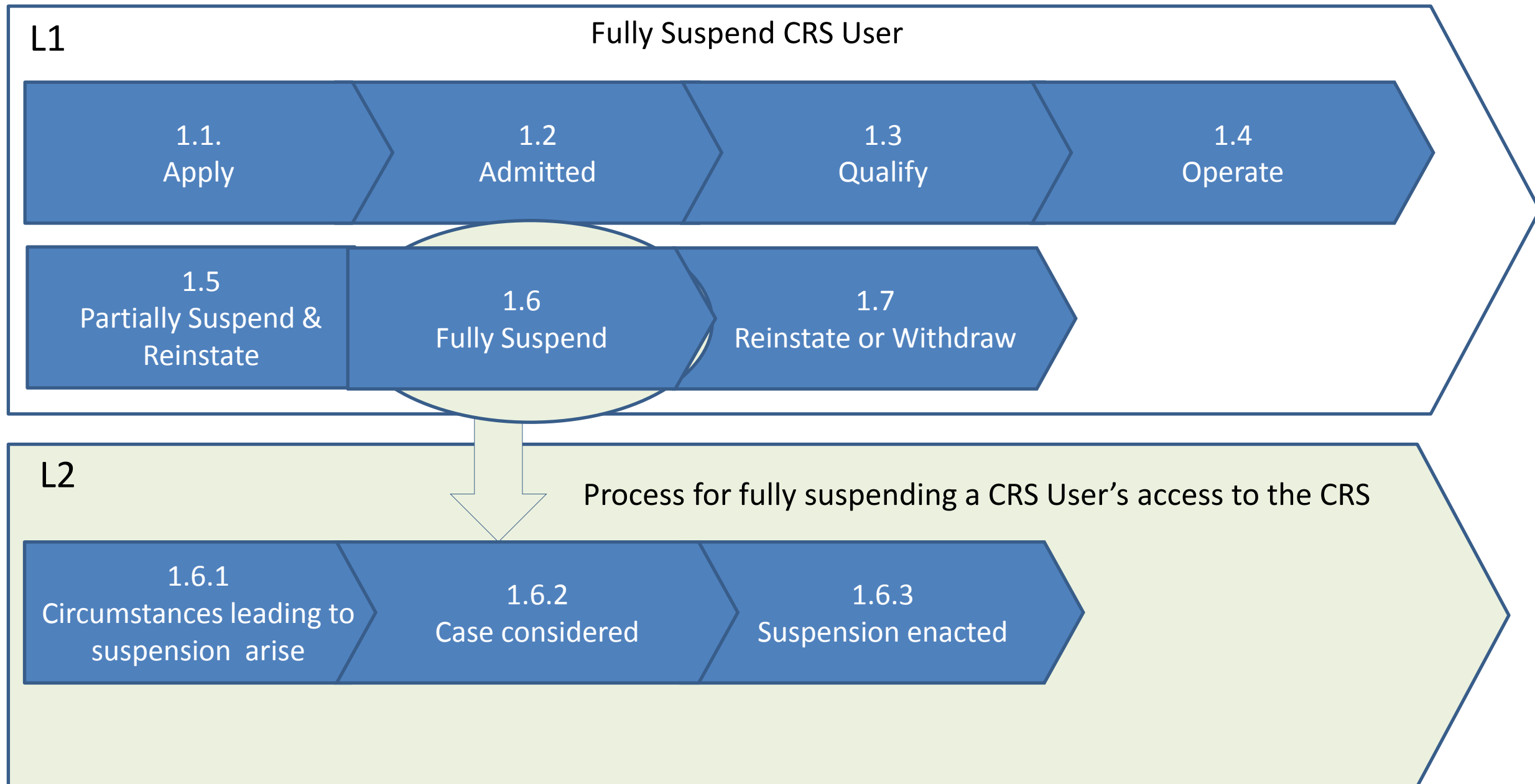
Post Conditions:

- CRS User is suspended from access to all of its rights as a CRS User

Assumptions:

- Full suspension is likely to arise from notice under the SEC of a breach. For the purposes of the central lifecycle case this leads to full suspension, although it is acknowledged this will not always be the outcome
- This does not preclude a full suspension arising from a notice from another industry Code – eg a Network Operator-led suspension event permitted under a different Code - although this is not explicitly represented here on the basis that this is one of the inputs to SEC Panel [or Ofgem] becoming aware of a suspension event at the outset (1.6.1)
- This is a reversible step.

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle – Fully Suspend



Level 2 – CRS – User Life Cycle

Title: 1.7 Reinstate or Withdraw access to CRS

Brief Description: User access is reinstated or permanently withdrawn under prescribed circumstances

Key Scenarios

- A CRS User account is to be either:
- Reinstated without constraint as preceding full suspension event has been resolved
- OR
- Closed down e.g. due to prevailing circumstances that require permanent resolution, eg:
 - the User is no longer allowed access due to disqualification
 - User has undergone voluntary market withdrawal
 - User has a long-term partial suspension that has not been resolved
 - undergone involuntary market withdrawal

Actors:

- CRS User
- Approving Body
- SECAS
- DCC

Preconditions:

- Reinstatement conditions exist and have been approved [by Panel], OR
- Disqualification conditions exist for a CRS User , either:
 - SECAS/DCC/SEC Panel/Ofgem identify long term suspension or CRS User disqualification
 - CRS User withdraws as a SEC Party (and has no Meter Points/Registrations)
 - CRS User ceases to trade (e.g. in administration)

Post Conditions

- CRS User account terminated
- CRS will no longer process any transactions from the disqualified CRS User

Assumptions:

- Reinstatement is a 'reverse process' to partial suspension (eg permissions are parametrised and configurable as 'Off' and 'On')
- Withdrawal is an irreversible step.
- Withdrawal process may be used for SoLR scenarios

Level 2 – CRS User Life Cycle - Withdrawn

