

## **Energy Company Obligation (ECO2) Boiler Assessment Checklist**

This Boiler Assessment Checklist ('the checklist') is designed to assess whether a boiler should be repaired or replaced as a qualifying boiler.

This checklist does not provide any detailed information on the requirements of ECO. Further information can be found in our guidance document, *Energy Company Obligation (ECO2) Guidance: Delivery*, available on our website.

#### Completing the checklist

The information provided in this checklist forms the basis of our determination of whether or not the boiler is a qualifying boiler and whether it should be repaired or replaced. This is established by assessing if the boiler is 'broken down', or 'not functioning efficiently', and whether or not it can be 'economically repaired'.

In completing the checklist you should ensure that you (the relevant operative):

- are appropriately qualified to work on the boiler and its fuel type
- complete all relevant sections
- sign and date the checklist
- record all the steps (tests, measurements etc) you have taken in determining the boiler condition
- record your conclusion as to whether the boiler should be repaired or replaced, and
- sign the document and provide details of your accreditation and, where applicable, your company's accreditation.

Suppliers must be able to provide a copy of a completed checklist to us on request.

### **Operative competency**

For boilers that are replaced which are referred to in PAS 2030:2014, the boiler must be assessed and replaced by operatives who meet the competency requirements listed in the boiler specific annex of PAS. For boilers not referred to in PAS, and for all boiler repairs, the assessment and repair/replacement must be carried out by operatives who meet industry competency standards for that particular fuel type.

All operatives undertaking boiler repair or replacement work must meet regulatory requirements to work with the relevant fuel type. For example, in the case of gas-fuelled boilers, operatives must be Gas Safe registered in accordance with Regulation 3 of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998.

## Accuracy of the checklist

It is important to note that your decision to repair or replace a boiler on the basis that you consider it to be broken down or not functioning efficiently, and in the case of a boiler replacement cannot be economically repaired, does not necessarily mean that we will reach the same conclusion, particularly if we consider that an assessment has been incorrectly carried out. For this reason, suppliers should ensure that the checklist is completed accurately by the relevant operative(s). We will include inspections of boilers within our monitoring and auditing activities.

### Format of the checklist

Suppliers may adapt the format of the checklist to match their own systems, as long as the content is not changed. Suppliers should submit adapted checklists to us before use for confirmation that the content is acceptable.

# **Energy Company Obligation (ECO2) Boiler Assessment Checklist**

Sections that must be completed				
Sections in the checklist	All boiler measures (repairs and replacements)	Boiler repairs only	Boiler replacements only	
Α	✓			
В	✓			
С	✓			
D	✓			
E	<b>√</b>			
	(if efficiency ≥ 86%)			
F	✓			
G	✓			
Н			<b>✓</b>	
1		✓		
J	✓			
K		✓		
L	✓			

A.	Information Re	quired: Complete for all boiler measures
1	Date of boiler assessment (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /
2	Address: (Building number/name, Street name, Town, City, County)	
3	Postcode	
В.	Existing boiler of	details: Complete for all boiler measures
1	Brand and model	
2	Model qualifier (if applicable)	
3	Fuel type	
4	Year of original commissioning (if available)	
5	Is it a combination boiler?	Yes □ No □
6	Boiler efficiency (%): Provide efficiency when assessed against PCDB/SAP 2012 (Provide annual efficiency of the boiler from PCDB, the efficiency from table 4a or winter efficiency from table 4b of SAP 2012) <sup>1</sup> .	%

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See <a href="http://www.ncm-pcdb.org.uk/sap/">http://www.ncm-pcdb.org.uk/sap/</a> and search using information from questions B1 –B3. If an annual efficiency rating is unavailable in the PCDB, refer to SAP 2012 Table 4a or 4b at: <a href="http://www.bre.co.uk/filelibrary/SAP/2012/SAP-2012">http://www.bre.co.uk/filelibrary/SAP/2012/SAP-2012</a> 9-92.pdf. Provide the winter efficiency of the boiler if using table 4b.

C.	C. Boiler Assessment Part 1: Complete for all boiler measures			
A bo	A boiler must meet certain criteria to be considered a qualifying boiler for repair or replacement. The first step in			
asse	assessing whether a boiler is a qualifying boiler is to determine whether it is 'broken down' or 'not functioning			
	efficiently'.			
1	Is the boiler broken down, ie when			
	connected to electric and fuel supplies,	Yes □ go to C3		
	it does not respond appropriately to any	100 = 80 to 00		
	demand for heat as required by the	No □ go to C2		
	central heating or domestic hot water			
_	system?			
2	Is the boiler not functioning efficiently,			
	ie the condition of the boiler is such that	Yes □ go to C3		
	its performance in the delivery of water			
	for central heating or the provision of	No ☐ the boiler does not meet the criteria for a 'qualifying boiler'		
	domestic hot water is significantly worse			
2	than when the product was new?			
3	List all the steps you took to identify the symptoms and to reach the conclusion			
	that the boiler is broken down or not			
	functioning efficiently. This may include			
	any tests or checks carried out on the			
	boiler to identify the symptoms.			
	Continue on a separate sheet if			
	necessary, then go to D1.			
	necessary, enem go to 51.			
D.	Boiler Assessment P	Part 2: Evidencing why the qualifying boiler is		
		own or not functioning efficiently		
Oı		s 'broken down' or 'not functioning efficiently', you must identify all		
	•	the boiler to be broken down or not functioning efficiently.		
	Boiler Fault List	In this column, write how you identified the failure and any		
	Select the appropriate fault(s) that	associated symptoms		
	resulted in the boiler being broken down	(This information will be used during audit to determine whether		
	or not functioning efficiently. (Note: this	the boiler was correctly assessed. Therefore, provide as much		
	list is not exhaustive. Record any other	information as possible.)		
	faults not included in this list under 14.			
	'Other'.)			
1	Corrosion or fouling of the boiler heat			
	exchanger			
2	No boiler ignition			
2	No boller ignition			
3	Unstable firing			
4	Any other mechanical or electrical fault			
	(include details of the type of fault)			

5	Results of the flue gas analyser combustion outside boiler manufacturer tolerance	
6	Results of the burner pressure checks outside boiler manufacturer tolerance	
7	Boiler and system sludge	
8	Poor flue condition	
9	Primary flow rate unsatisfactory or outside boiler manufacturer tolerance	
10	Primary flow temperature unsatisfactory or outside boiler manufacturer tolerance	
11	For combination boilers only: Unsatisfactory hot water flow rate or temperature which are outside the manufacturer's specification/tolerance	
12	Boiler external corrosion	
13	Boiler installation is Immediately Dangerous (ID) or At Risk (AR) (Gas Safe definition)	
14	Other (provide a detailed description)	

	Once you have determined the reasons for the boiler being 'broken down' or 'not functioning efficiently' you must then assess whether the boiler should be repaired or replaced.				
re	Boilers which are 'broken down' or 'not functioning efficiently' and have an efficiency of <u>less than 86%</u> are not required to be repaired and therefore, can be <b>replaced</b> . In these cases, <u>no assessment</u> of whether the boiler can be economically repaired is required.				
В	oilers which are 'broken down' or 'not funct	ioning efficiently' and have an efficiency of 86% or more must be			
		an be 'economically repaired'. Where a boiler <u>can</u> be economically			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cannot be economically repaired it can be <b>replaced</b> .			
15	Is the boiler efficiency 86% or more when assessed against PCDB /SAP 2012?	Yes ☐ go to E1 No ☐ go to F1 and select 'Replace'			
E.		rt 3: Can the boiler be economically repaired?			
1	Age of boiler in years (approximate, if commissioning year unavailable)				
2	State how you have established year of original commissioning/age (eg servicing sticker, records held by householder/landlord, original installation document etc.)				
3	Are all parts required for the repair	Yes □			
	available? (eg if parts are available at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable timeframe or the repair does not require any parts tick Yes)	No □ go to F1 and select 'Replace'			
4	Is the actual cost of repair more than the actual cost of a replacement boiler <sup>2</sup> ?	Yes $\square$ add relevant costs below then go to F1 and select 'Replace'			
		Cost of repair: £			
		Cost of replacement: £			
		No 🗆			
5	What is the condition of the existing boiler (when assessed against the expected condition of a boiler of that age) <sup>3</sup> ?	Poor □ Standard □ Good □			
6	What is the maximum cost of the boiler repair as identified in the 'Economic Repair Cost Comparison Tables' <sup>4</sup> ?	£			
		Fuel type not covered by tables  (Identify whether the boiler can be economically repaired using questions E3 and E4 or contact Ofgem if additional tables are required.) Go to F1.			
7	Is the actual cost of repair less than the	Yes Go to F1 and select 'Repair'			
	maximum cost of repair as identified in the 'Economic Repair Cost Comparison Tables'?	No ☐ Go to F1 and select 'Replace'			
F.		on: Complete for all boiler measures			
1	Repair or replace boiler?	Repair ☐ Replace ☐			

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See page 8 for costs to be included in actual boiler repair as well as replacement cost calculations.
 <sup>3</sup> See page 9 for guidance on assessing boiler condition.
 <sup>4</sup> See page 8-9 for Economic Repair Cost Comparison Tables.

G.	G. Operative details: Complete for all boiler measures			
	To be completed by the operative cond	lucting the boiler assessment. Answer all questions in this section.		
1	Operative company name			
2	Company accreditation number			
3	Operative name (as on the accreditation record)			
4	Operative competency: Accreditation/accrediting body			
5	Operative accreditation number			
6	Operative signature			
7	Date (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /		
н.	Details of new bo	oiler: Complete for boiler replacements only		
1	Brand and model			
2	Model qualifier (if applicable)			
3	Fuel type			
4	Boiler efficiency (%): Provide efficiency when assessed against PCDB/SAP 2012	%		
I.	Details of r	epair: Complete for boiler repairs only		
1	Provide details for repair undertaken (parts, etc.). Continue on a separate sheet if necessary.	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ol>		
		5.		
2	How much of the actual cost of repair is attributable to the cost of the warranty that has been/will be provided?	f		
J.	=	red to the occupier: Complete for all boiler measures		
1	Start date of warranty (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /		
2	End date of warranty (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /		
3	For qualifying boiler repairs- is there a cap <sup>6</sup> on the value of repairs under the warranty?	Yes □ No □		
4	If yes, what is the cap?	£		
5	Has the occupier been informed by you, the operative, that the boiler is under	Yes, 1 year ☐ Yes, 2 years or more ☐		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full details of the warranty requirements for boiler repairs and replacements are available in section 6 of Appendix 3 of the ECO Guidance: Delivery. 
<sup>6</sup> See page 9 for details of the minimum cover which should be provided by the warranty.

	warranty from the date of repair/replacement (including an explanation of the nature of the warranty and the duration of the warranty)?	
K.		by the occupier: Complete only for boiler repairs
1	Occupier's declaration	the occupier declaration must be on a copy of the warranty)  I, the occupier, have been informed by you, the operative, that the boiler is under warranty for: a) 1 year or b) 2 years or more from the date of repair. I have been/will be provided with a copy of the warranty. I confirm that the nature of the warranty has been explained to me.
2	Occupier's signature	
3	Date (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /
L.	Operative de	etails: Complete for all boiler measures
	To be completed by	y Operative who repaired/replaced the boiler.
This	section must be compeleted even if the sar	me operative did both the assessment and repair or replacement of
the	boiler. Both Sections G and L must be comp	leted.
1	Date of repair or replacement (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /
2	Operative company name	
3	Company's accreditation number	
4	Operative name (as on the accreditation record)	
5	Operative competency: Accreditation/Accrediting Body	
6	Operative's accreditation number	
7	Operative's declaration	I confirm that the boiler I repaired/replaced is connected to a functioning domestic central heating (and where applicable, hot water) system.
8	Operative signature	
9	Date (dd/mm/yyyy)	/ /

### Actual costs of repair and replacement

The actual cost of repair for each boiler should account for, where applicable:

- parts and fittings
- water treatment inhibitor
- central heating controls
- sub-contract electrician
- quotation
- re-connecting and commissioning
- labour
- warranty, and
- any works deemed necessary at time of repair to protect the boiler for the life of the warranty.

The warranty should at a minimum provide cover for total repair works, during the life of the warranty, valued up to:

- the financial level indicated in the 'Economic Repair Cost Comparison Tables' for a boiler of that type, age and condition; or
- £500 (exc. VAT)

whichever is higher.

The actual cost of a replacement boiler should account for all applicable items listed above plus the cost of the boiler and accessories, as appropriate.

## **Economic Repair Cost Comparison Tables**<sup>7</sup>

Table 1.1 Maximum repair cost for mains gas

These tables provide guidance in determining when a mains gas or oil boiler with PCDB/SAP 2012 efficiency of 86% or above cannot be economically repaired. They also show the minimum cap that should be applied to boiler repair warranties. There is a guide to using these tables overleaf.

combination boiler Condition of boiler Age of boiler Poor Standard Good £1,940 £2,910 £2,910 1 2 £1,698 £2.668 £2,910 3 £2,425 £2,910 £1,455 4 £1,213 £2,183 £2,668 5 £970 £1,940 £2,425 £1,698 6 £728 £2,183 7 £485 £1,455 £1,940 8 £243 £1,213 £1,698 9 £1,455 £-£970 10 £-£728 £1,213 11 £-£485 £970

£243

£-

£-

£-

£728

£485

£243

£-

£-

£-

£-

£-

12

13

14

15

Table 1.2 Maximum repair cost for mains gas regular boiler				
	Condition	of boiler		
Age of boiler	Poor	Standard	Good	
1	£1,107	£1,660	£1,660	
2	£968	£1,522	£1,660	
3	£830	£1,383	£1,660	
4	£692	£1,245	£1,522	
5	£553	£1,107	£1,383	
6	£415	£968	£1,245	
7	£277	£830	£1,107	
8	£138	£692	£968	
9	£-	£553	£830	
10	£-	£415	£692	
11	£-	£277	£553	
12	£-	£138	£415	
13	£-	£-	£277	
14	£-	£-	£138	
15	£-	£-	£-	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Note that all costs shown are exclusive of VAT.

Table 2.1 Maximum repair cost for oil cor	nbination
boiler	

boiler					
	Condition of boiler				
Age of boiler	Poor	Standard	Good		
1	£2,948	£4,420	£4,420		
2	£2,580	£4,052	£4,420		
3	£2,212	£3,684	£4,420		
4	£1,844	£3,316	£4,052		
5	£1,476	£2,948	£3,684		
6	£1,108	£2,580	£3,316		
7	£740	£2,212	£2,948		
8	£372	£1,844	£2,580		
9	£-	£1,476	£2,212		
10	£-	£1,108	£1,844		
11	£-	£740	£1,476		
12	£-	£372	£1,108		
13	£-	£-	£740		
14	£-	£-	£372		
15	£-	£-	£-		

Table 2.2 Maximum repair cost for oil regular boiler			
	Condition	of boiler	
Age of boiler	Poor	Standard	Good
1	£1,280	£1,920	£1,920
2	£1,120	£1,760	£1,920
3	£960	£1,600	£1,920
4	£800	£1,440	£1,760
5	£640	£1,280	£1,600
6	£480	£1,120	£1,440
7	£320	£960	£1,280
8	£160	£800	£1,120
9	£-	£640	£960
10	£-	£480	£800
11	£-	£320	£640
12	£-	£160	£480
13	£-	£-	£320
14	£-	£-	£160
15	£-	£-	£-

### Using these tables

<u>Step 1:</u> Determine the boiler condition, using the boiler fault details in the section of the completed checklist entitled 'Boiler Assessment Part 2'.

Poor: the apparent age of the boiler is a minimum of five years more than the actual age

Standard: the apparent age of the boiler corresponds with the actual age

Good: the apparent age of the boiler is a minimum of three years less than the actual age

It should be noted that unless the boiler condition is demonstrably better or worse than expected for its age, the standard condition should be used.

Step 2: Use the boiler condition and the boiler age to identify the maximum cost of repair.

## Example:

Boiler type: Mains gas, Regular Condition: Standard

Age: 4 years

	Condition of boiler			
Age of boiler	Poor	Standard	Good	
1	£1,107	£1,660	£1,660	
2	£968	£1,522	£1,660	
3	£830	£1,383	£1,660	
4	£692	£1,245	£1,522	
5	£553	£1,107	£1,383	
6	£415	£968	£1,245	
7	£277	£830	£1,107	
8	£138	£692	£968	
9	£-	£553	£830	
10	£-	£415	£692	
11	£-	£277	£553	
12	£-	£138	£415	
13	£-	£-	£277	
14	£-	£-	£138	
15	£-	£-	£-	

Result: If boiler repair work costs over £1,245, this boiler can be replaced. If the boiler repair work costs less than £1,245, boiler repair should be carried out. In this case, the boiler warranty should cover the boiler for work up to at least the financial level of £1,245.