FCWG Meeting – 09/05/12 The Ideal Strategy for Developing a Business Plan



**Power Distribution** 

# Initial Strategy – Establish What Customers Want

- Informed through stakeholder engagement
- Customers' expectations
  - Willingness to pay no increase in DUoS
  - Avoid increases in investment by being innovative
  - Smart World options and solutions to network security standards
  - Manage level of network risk to current levels
  - Increased availability of capacity
- Improved performance and customer service
  - Connecting significantly higher volumes on time
  - Networks that meet the needs of a low carbon economy
  - Improved performance in New Connections
    - Increased choice and improved information available
    - Removing delays in providing connections



# **SSEPD Approach to RIIO-ED1**

- Recognising uncertainties in the period
  - Smart Metering
  - Removal of FiTs, uncertainty about EVs, carbon neutral homes
  - Wherever possible through ex-ante allowance
- Aiming to not exceed DPCR5 investment levels
  - Correct solution is not about increasing DUoS
  - It's about being innovative
- Smart Working will be a key means of minimising investment
- Important to include strong incentives
  - IQI
  - Health Indices
  - Load
  - Connection (DG and demand)
  - Broader Measure Plus
  - Safety



## FCWG – A Possible Incentive Scenarios

- Flexibility and Capacity at lowest overall costs through
  - Minimising Connection and Reinforcement Costs
  - Applying Innovative Solutions
  - Considering Real Options
- Uncertainty Mechanism Options
  - The Current DG Incentive Mechanism or
  - Encouragement of Innovative Solutions (DG and Demand)
  - Revenue Driver Suitable unit rates/cap-and collar
- Setting the Outputs/Targets ?
  - Fund/Penalty through UoS allowance link to benefitting customers
  - Differentiate by Volumes and Voltages HVLC, LVHC etc
  - Carve out or Economic Indicator (High Cost)



# **Consider Against**

#### Targets

- Quantify through worked up WS3 scenarios
- Individual DNO submission

#### Timeframe

- Incentivise efficiency
- Encourage emerging innovations
- Through ED1 for ED2 and beyond.

### Triggers

- Uncertain Costs (i.e. Nat Grid projects, future technology defects)
- DNOs to identify in submission

#### Tools

- Stakeholder Engagement to develop/justify business plans
- Unit Costs, Cap and Collar to incentivise exposure to risk/reward
- High cost mechanism
- Cost benefit analysis/real options tools



# .....and finally – a Real Example

- Orkney Active Network Management
  - Network already full.
  - Renewable generation to connect.
  - Substantial reinforcement to resolve.
- The Solution Monitor and constrain generation in real time.
  - Connecting additional 20MW (9MW connected to date)
  - At development cost of £500k
  - Avoiding reinforcement in excess of £30M.
- Critical that frontier performance is incentivised and rewarded

