

Winter Outlook 2009-10

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Summer 09

- Power and spreads
- Plant running

Winter 09

- Fuel price movements
- System margin
- Power prices and clean spreads

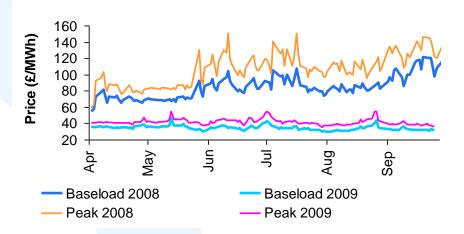
Implications



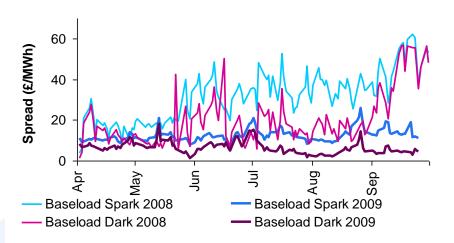


Summer 09 Power & Spreads

Prompt Power Prices



Day-ahead Clean Spreads



Prompt prices were significantly lower than last year

- Summer 09 baseload out-turned at £34.3/MWh down £49.9/MWh from last year
- Summer 09 peaks out-turned at £41.5/MWh down £64.20/MWh from last year

The sharp decline was in part driven by underlying fuels and carbon

- Summer gas down 36.3p/th year-on-year
- API2 coal prices down \$107/t year-on-year
- Carbon prices down €10.8/t year-on-year

Marginal clean spreads have also declined

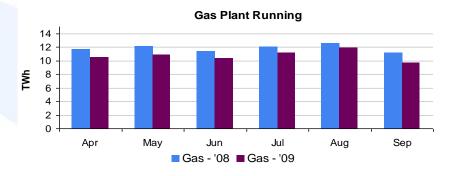
- Coal plant was at the margin for the entire summer with a clean baseload spread of £1.85/MWh (£9.50/MWh peakload)
- Lowest marginal clean spread since 2003

Key drivers of the reduction in spreads

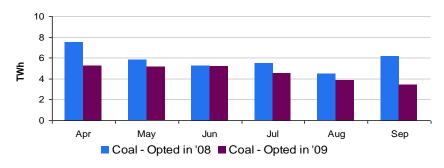
- Temperature corrected daily peak demand outturned 2-3.5GW below normal
- Output from the UK nuclear fleet has been at the highest level since 2005
- New plant commissioned
 - Immingham CHP (April 450MW)
 - Marchwood CCGT (June 850MW)



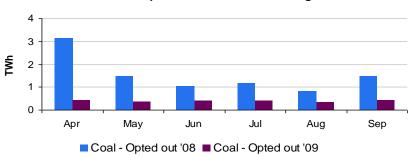
Shifts in Generation Output



Opted in Coal Plant Running



Opted out Coal Plant Running



Plant running has been significantly different this summer compared to last

- Gas plant output declined by 9% to 64.6TWh
- Coal plant output declined by 32% to 29.8TWh

Combined fossil output decline of 20.3TWh

Opted-out coal plant running declined sharply from 9.1TWh to 2.4TWh

Changes in plant running are primarily driven by the recession and higher nuclear generation

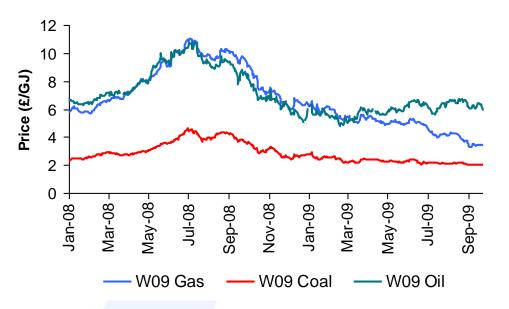
- Demand declined from 153TWh last summer to 145TWh
- Nuclear output up by 10.2TWh from last summer





Winter 09 Gas, Coal & Oil price movements

UK Coal and Gas Prices



Prior to March 09 coal, gas, and oil prices were correlated relatively strongly

- Oil price rally was fuelled by lower non-OPEC production, booming Asian demand, and a shortage of refining capacity
- Delays to new UK LNG re-gasification infrastructure and European oil-indexation, pulled UK NBP gas prices higher
- Coal pushed to record highs
 - A range of production problems
 - Port capacity limitations
 - Rallying non-energy commodities

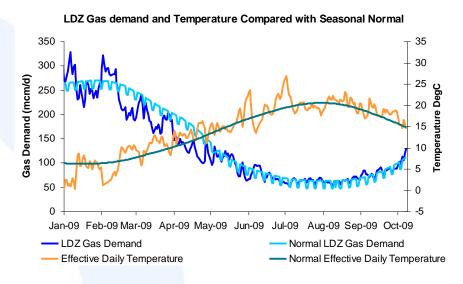
Post March 09, gas and oil prices for the front Winter have diverged significantly

- NBP Winter 09 gas lost 35% of its value from March 09 to expire at 34.8p/th
- Oil has rallied 50% from 2009 lows of \$40/bbl
- Coal has traded sideways in a range of \$63-85/tonne

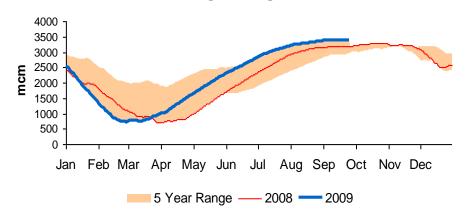




UK NBP Gas – The Changes



Rough Storage Level



Winter 09 gas price declined 75p/th from record highs seen in July '08 of 110.3p/th

 Driven by a combination of falling oil prices and weaker fundamentals

LDZ demand has declined by 12% year-onyear and is at its lowest level since 2002

- Driven by recession and higher prices
- Latest NGT view is that LDZ demand will be flat on last year with normal weather

Gas to power demand has declined by approximately 10% year-on-year

UK storage facilities have filled in record time and currently stand at a record high of 4.4bcm

 Up 0.25bcm year-on-year through the addition of Aldbrough MRS

Flows from UKCS are significantly lower than last year

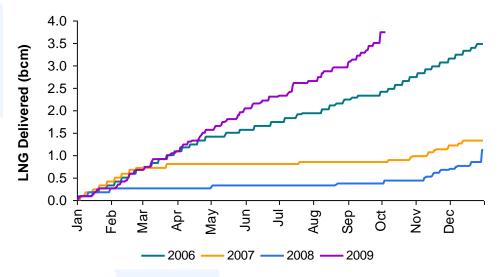
- Field decline and maintenance contributed to average flows of 146mcm/d '09 vs 175mcm/d '08
- Low prices encouraged swing field production to drop sharply from July 09 onwards due to low prices

Strong LNG flows have replaced declines from UKCS

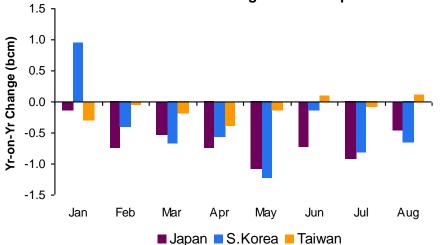


UK NBP Gas – The Changes





2009 Year-on-Year Change in LNG Imports



UK LNG infrastructure has expanded and Milford Haven is a key supply hub

- South Hook started commissioning April 09
 - Operating at c.20mcm/d since July 09
 - Phase II scheduled for Q1 2010
- Dragon started commissioning August 09 and has started commercial operation

2009 LNG deliveries up 3.3bcm on 2008

- Demand weakness in major LNG markets
 - Asian markets 8bcm lower across S09
- New liquifaction facilities

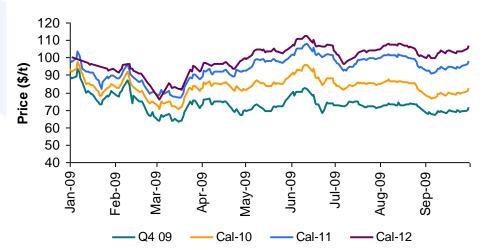
Key uncertainties for gas this winter

- How much LNG will come to UK?
 - Price of US gas market relative to UK
 - The level of demand recovery in Asia
 - New liquifaction
- Continental appetite for UK gas through IUK
- Current flows suggest that long-term contract holders have little flexibility to take UK gas due to ToP or full storage
- Weather W08 was cold

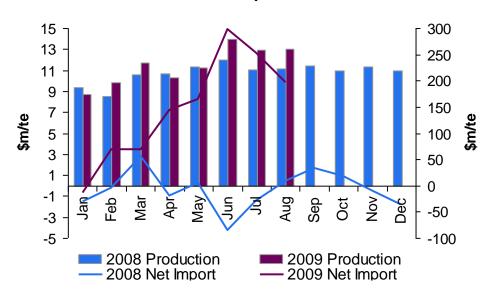


Coal Price Drivers





Chinese Coal Net Imports - 2008 - 2009



Coal prices for Winter 09 have declined from record highs in July 08 of \$218/t

- Coal stocks at ARA are at record highs at 95% full (8.2mt)
 - Spread of spot coal to forward contracts has encouraged stockpiling
- UK coal stocks are reported to be at the highest levels since 1995
- Russian coal production costs, estimated at around \$60/t, have supported spot prices

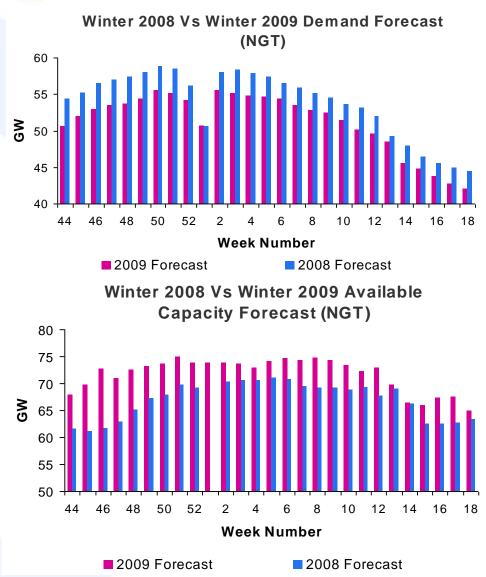
Demand from China has also acted as a support for coal prices

- China net imported a record 15mt in June09
 - Net swing of 20mt from last year
 - UK coal consumption in 2007 was 49mt
- Fiscal spend of \$580bn to shield the economy from the global slowdown
- International coal prices have been competitive relative to domestic production





Winter 2009-10 UK System Margin



Demand destruction unlikely to wane

- No major recovery in the economy is currently projected
- Industrial demand is likely to be similar to the end of Winter 08
- Domestic energy saving likely to continue
- Embedded wind generation is increasing

NGT estimate that around 66GW of 77GW available to generate over peak

- Higher availability of nuclear generation
- New plant online

Forecast system margin significantly higher than last year

- Downward pressure on power prices
- Cold weather unlikely to tighten margin enough to get price spikes

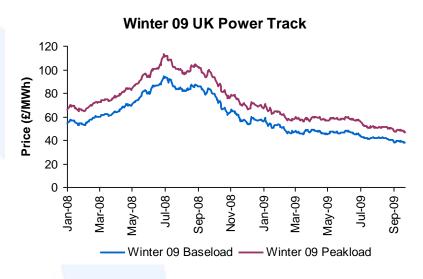
How will opted out coal fleet optimise their remaining running hours?

- Will they be available if dark spreads deteriorate further?
- Coal stock levels are high
 - Will this force running?

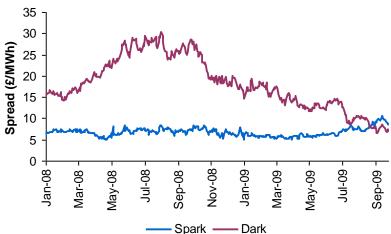




Winter 09 Power Price History



Winter 09 Clean Baseload Spreads



Winter 09 power fell dramatically from a high of £113/MWh to £37.65/MWh at expiry

- Weakening fuel prices have eroded a significant amount of the value
- Realisation that low demand and wide system margins are likely to persist has narrowed spreads

Clean baseload dark spread fell from a high of £30/MWh to £7/MWh at expiry

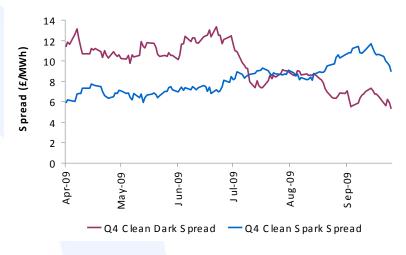
- At expiry dark spreads were trading lower than spark spreads
- Suggests coal plant will be marginal this winter – very unusual



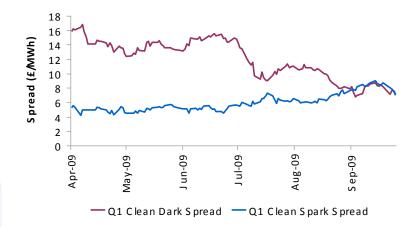


Winter 09 Power & Spreads - Q4/Q1 split

Q4 2009 Clean Baseload Spreads



Q1 2010 Clean Baseload Spreads



The gas price slump has significantly altered the generation pattern for Winter 09

- Coal at the margin for Q4 2009
- Coal and gas generation are price neutral for Q1 2010

Coal firmly at the margin for Q4 2009

- Q409 gas to coal switching price currently stands at approximately 6p/th
- Balance of Q409 NBP currently trading at 32.8p/th

Not clear which fuel will be on the margin for Q1 2010

- Price drivers on the gas market appear to be more bearish than those on coal
- The coal switching price should present a strong resistance point for gas prices
- Will stock levels force coal plant running?
- Could the fuels chase each other down?





There has been a major shift in fuel price dynamics through Summer 09

- Breakdown of correlation between gas and oil
- Precipitated by a structural change in the gas market
- LNG has changed the oil gas price dynamic due to gas-on-gas competition
- The supply overhang in the global LNG market will take time to clear due to a combination of the economic downturn and new liquefaction capacity

Coal assets have suffered the least profitable Summer since 2003

- A combination of relatively resilient coal prices, weak gas, recession, and highest nuclear generation for several years
- Winter 09 offers little comfort as the current gas market outlook remains weak (barring a major supply side event – Russia/Ukraine or in US)
- Forward clean dark spreads for 2010 are at historic lows
- Current clean dark spreads threaten the viability of flexible plant during a period of uncertainty due to commissioning of new CCGT plant

