Offshore Electricity Transmission: A further Joint Ofgem/DECC Regulatory Policy Update

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Annex 6 - Grid Code

Overview:

Ofgem and DECC are working together to implement a regulatory regime for offshore electricity transmission networks. The consultation document consults on the licence and industry code changes that will be required to facilitate the implementation of the proposed offshore transmission regime.

This annex is the second consultation on the proposed changes for the Grid Code.

Introduction

This annex sets out further change proposals for the Grid Code that have been developed by NGET for the implementation of the proposed offshore transmission regime.

We welcome views on all aspects of the Grid Code change proposals in this annex and especially on the proposed changes to OC2 in respect of obligations for NGET to share information about changes to Maximum Export Capacity that are notified by a Network Operator.

We intend to undertake a further review of the terms 'User', 'England & Wales User and Scottish User to ensure they are used in an appropriate and consistent manner within sections OC8A and OC8B of the Grid Code.

We note the dependency between the Grid Code definition of Great Britain and Schedule 1 of the electricity transmission licence. We plan to review change proposals for the relevant documents in light of any changes proposed to Schedule 1 of the electricity transmission licence. We observe that this review may lead to the withdrawal or amendment of some changes that have been proposed in each of the relevant documents.

Grid Code change proposals

These change proposals have been developed in light of responses to our June 2008 Policy Update, further development of offshore transmission policy and consideration of practicalities of this matter.

This annex includes:

- A summary of the key differences from our initial approach published in June 2008, and
- The proposed amendments to the relevant document, marked up on a defined baseline version of that relevant document.

NGET has reviewed Issue 3, Revision 28 of the Grid Code. Change proposals have been developed for the following parts of the Grid Code and are shown as changes to Issue 3, Revision 28 of the Grid Code. NGET did not consider that changes were required to other parts of the Grid Code to implement the proposed offshore transmission regime.

Grid Code Section	Changes proposed to:
Glossary & Definitions	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
	Facilitate implementation of the differences from current
	arrangements that are required as part of the offshore
	transmission regime

Grid Code Section	Changes proposed to:
Planning Code	Extend existing data exchange requirements to offshore
l lamming seas	generators that are directly connected to an offshore
	transmission system.
	Explain that data exchange requirements to offshore
	generators connected to an offshore distribution system
	will be defined (as required) in Bilateral Agreements.
Connection Conditions	Extend relevant, existing obligations that apply in
	England and Wales, offshore.
	Introduce for offshore generators different reactive power
	capability requirements (compared to onshore
	generators).
	Add an alternative fault ride through capability
	requirement as an option for offshore generators.
	Explain that generator capability requirements for
	offshore generators connected to an offshore distribution
	system will be defined (as required) in bilateral
	agreements.
Operating Code 2	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Operating Code 5	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Operating Code 7	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Operating Code 8	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Operating Code 9	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
	Require an OFTO to comply with any Local Joint
	Restoration Plan to which it is a party (only considered
	necessary in Scotland).
Operating Code 11	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Balancing Code 1	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
	Require additional information to be provided to NGET by
	Network Operators in respect of Embedded Transmission
	connections.
Balancing Code 2	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Balancing Code 3	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
Data Registration Code	Facilitate the extension of existing obligations offshore.
General Conditions	Amend the membership of the Grid Code Review Panel to
	allow for OFTO representatives.

Please contact us at offshoretransmission@ofgem.gov.uk if you would like us to send you a word version of any section of this Grid Code change proposal. Please head your email 'Grid Code - word version' and clearly state which parts of the Grid Code you would like us to provide.

Changes made under normal governance

There have been three changes1 to the Grid Code since the version that is used as the baseline for the offshore transmission change proposal. We have reviewed these subsequent changes and do not consider that further changes are needed for the proposed offshore transmission regime. We would welcome views on our view that the proposed changes in this Annex are also valid in respect of Issue 3, Revision 31 of the Grid Code.

Key differences from our initial approach published in June 2008

Glossary & Definitions

The following definitions have been amended for clarity:

- 'E&W Offshore Transmission Licensee'
- 'Earthing'
- 'High Voltage'
- 'Interface Point'
- 'Low Voltage'
- 'Medium Voltage'
- 'Offshore DC Convertor'
- 'Onshore DC Convertor'
- 'Offshore Power Park String'
- 'Onshore Power Park Module'
- 'Operational Switching'
- 'Permit for Work for Proximity Work'
- 'Power Park Module'
- 'Relevant Transmission Licensee'
- Safety Co-ordinator'
- 'Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee', and
- 'Synchronous Generating Unit'.

Operating Code 5

OC5.3: Testing and Monitoring Assessment has changed, for clarity.

¹ Grid Code changes arising from B/08 (Voltage Control and Reactive power) which were implemented on 1 September 2008, B/07 (Improved Planning Code Data Exchange for Compliance Assessments Connection) which were implemented on 1 October 2008 and C/08 (Data Exchange) which were implemented on 13 October 2008.

Operating Code 7

OC7.2.4 'and Offshore' added to text.

Proposed change to OC7.6.1 has been withdrawn as this change is not considered to be appropriate for offshore transmission.

Operating Code 8

The following paragraphs have been amended for clarity and consistency:

- OC8.1.1
- OC8.4.1.1
- OC8.2.4.1
- OC8.4.3.2
- OC8A1.1
- OCA8.4.3.7
- OC8A5.3.2
- OC8B.1
- OC8B.1.1, and
- Previously proposed OC8C and OC8D have been removed as not required.

Operating Code 9

The following paragraphs have been amended for clarity and consistency:

- OC9.1.5
- OC9.2.4
- OC9.4.6
- OC9.4.7.11, and
- OC9.4.7.3.

Planning Code

The following paragraphs have been amended for clarity and consistency:

■ PC3.4.

Balancing Code 2

References have been updated throughout this Code.

Paragraphs BC2.5.4(c) and (d) have been amended for clarity and consistency:

Connection Conditions

The following paragraphs have been amended for clarity and consistency:

- CC5.2.3
- CC6.2.2.2.2(c)
- CC6.2.2.4
- CC6.3.3(e)
- OC6.3.6(a)(v)
- OC6.3.6(b)(v)
- CC6.3.7(a) and (e)
- CC6.3.15
- CC6.3.15.1(a) and (b)
- CC6.3.15.2, and
- CC6.3.16.

General Conditions

The proposed change to the Governance of Electrical standards arrangements have been withdrawn to reflect the STC proposal to introduce limited generic obligations in respect of standards applicable to an offshore transmission system.

We do not consider that further changes are required to our proposals for two Relevant Transmission Licensee2 representatives at the Grid Code Review Panel (GCRP). We consider that it would not be appropriate to extend the number of GCRP representatives for a category that has limited Grid Code compliance obligations. We further note that the current Constitution and Rules of GCRP sets out the process that will be followed if NGET receives more nominations for any category of representative that are required for GCRP. In accordance with the GCRP Constitution and Rules, we note that NGET would seek to secure agreement between the nominees and if agreement cannot be reached, to refer the matter to the Authority for decision. We consider that the current arrangements would allow for both onshore and offshore transmission owners to be represented at GCRP.

² Under proposed changes this would include both onshore and offshore transmission owners.

GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS (G & D)

1. In the **Grid Code** the following words and expressions shall, unless the subject matter or context otherwise requires or is inconsistent therewith, bear the following meanings:

Act

The Electricity Act 1989 (as amended by the Utilities Act 2000 and the Energy Act 2004).

Active Energy

The electrical energy produced, flowing or supplied by an electric circuit during a time interval, being the integral with respect to time of the instantaneous power, measured in units of watt-hours or standard multiples thereof, ie:

1000 Wh = 1 kWh 1000 kWh = 1 MWh 1000 MWh = 1 GWh 1000 GWh = 1 TWh.

Active Power

The product of voltage and the in-phase component of alternating current measured in units of watts and standard multiples thereof, ie:

1000 Watts = 1 kW 1000 kW = 1 MW 1000 MW = 1 GW 1000 GW = 1 TW.

Affiliate

In relation to any person, any holding company or subsidiary of such person or any subsidiary of a holding company of such person, in each case within the meaning of Section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such section were in force at such date.

Ancillary Service

A **System Ancillary Service** and/or a **Commercial Ancillary Service**, as the case may be.

Ancillary Services Agreement

An agreement between a **User** and **NGET** for the payment by **NGET** to that **User** in respect of the provision by such **User** of **Ancillary Services**.

Annual Average Cold Spell Conditions or ACS Conditions

A particular combination of weather elements which gives rise to a level of peak **Demand** within a **Financial Year** which has a 50% chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone.

Apparent Power

The product of voltage and of alternating current measured in units of voltamperes and standard multiples thereof, ie:

1000 VA = 1 kVA 1000 kVA = 1 MVA.

Apparatus

Other than in OC8, means all equipment in which electrical conductors are used, supported or of which they may form a part. In OC8 it means High Voltage electrical circuits forming part of a System on which Safety Precautions may be applied to allow work and/or testing to be carried out on a System.

Authorised Electricity Operator

Any person (other than **NGET** in its capacity as operator of the **GB Transmission System**) who is authorised under the **Act** to generate, participate in the transmission of, distribute or supply electricity.

Automatic Voltage Regulator or AVR

The continuously acting automatic equipment controlling the terminal voltage of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** by comparing the actual terminal voltage with a reference value and controlling by appropriate means the output of an Exciter, depending on the deviations.

Authority for Access

An authority which grants the holder the right to unaccompanied access to sites containing exposed **HV** conductors.

Authority, The

The Authority established by section 1 (1) of the Utilities Act 2000

Auxiliaries

Any item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** not directly a part of the boiler plant or **Generating Unit** or **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module**, but required for the boiler plant's or **Generating Unit's** or **DC Converter's** or **Power Park Module's** functional operation.

Auxiliary Diesel Engine

A diesel engine driving a **Generating Unit** which can supply a **Unit Board** or **Station Board**, which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the **Power Station** within which it is situated.

Auxiliary Gas Turbine

A **Gas Turbine Unit**, which can supply a **Unit Board** or **Station Board**, which can start without an electrical power supply from outside the **Power Station** within which it is situated.

Average Conditions

That combination of weather elements within a period of time which is the average of the observed values of those weather elements during equivalent periods over many years (sometimes referred to as normal weather).

Back-Up Protection

Protection equipment or system which is intended to operate when a system fault is not cleared in due time because of failure or inability of the **Main Protection** to operate or in case of failure to operate of a circuit-breaker other than the associated circuit breaker.

Balancing and Settlement Code or BSC

The code of that title as from time to time amended.

Balancing Code or BC

That portion of the **Grid Code** which specifies the **Balancing Mechanism** process.

Balancing Mechanism

Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence

Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent or BMRA

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service or BMRS

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Balancing Principles Statement

A statement prepared by **NGET** in accordance with Condition C16 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**.

Bid-Offer Acceptance

- a) A communication issued by **NGET** in accordance with **BC2.7**; or
- b) an **Emergency Instruction** to the extent provided for in BC2.9.2.3.

Bid-Offer Data

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Bilateral Agreement

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC

Black Start

The procedure necessary for a recovery from a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**.

Black Start Capability

An ability in respect of a **Black Start Station**, for at least one of its **Gensets** to **Start-Up** from **Shutdown** and to energise a part of the **System** and be **Synchronised** to the **System** upon instruction from **NGET**, within two hours, without an external electrical power supply.

Black Start Stations

Power Stations which are registered, pursuant to the **Bilateral Agreement** with a **User**, as having a **Black Start Capability**.

Black Start Test

A Black Start Test carried out by a Generator with a Black Start Station, on the instructions of NGET, in order to demonstrate that a Black Start Station has a Black Start Capability.

Block Load Capability

The incremental **Active Power** steps, from no load to **Rated MW**, which a generator can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the **Frequency** range of 47.5 – 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed **Frequency** range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided.

BM Participant

A person who is responsible for and controls one or more **BM Units** or where a **Bilateral Agreement** specifies that a **User** is required to be treated as a **BM Participant** for the purposes of the **Grid Code**. For the avoidance of doubt, it does not imply that they must be active in the **Balancing Mechanism**.

BM Unit

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**, except that for the purposes of the **Grid Code** the reference to "Party" in the **BSC** shall be a reference to **User**.

BM Unit Data

The collection of parameters associated with each **BM Unit**, as described in Appendix 1 of **BC1**.

Boiler Time Constant

Determined at **Registered Capacity**, the boiler time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.

British Standards or BS

Those standards and specifications approved by the British Standards Institution.

BSCCo

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

BSC Panel

Has meaning set out for "Panel" in the **BSC**.

BS Station Test

A Black Start Test carried out by a Generator with a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station is disconnected from all external alternating current electrical supplies.

BS Unit Test

A Black Start Test carried out on a Generating Unit or a CCGT Unit, as the case may be, at a Black Start Station while the Black Start Station remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply.

Business Day

Any week day (other than a Saturday) on which banks are open for domestic business in the City of London.

Cancellation of GB
Transmission System
Warning

The notification given to **Users** when a **GB Transmission System Warning** is cancelled.

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Cascade Hydro Scheme

Two or more hydro-electric **Generating Units**, owned or controlled by the same **Generator**, which are located in the same water catchment area and are at different ordnance datums and which depend upon a common source of water for their operation, known as:

- 1. Moriston
- 2. Killin
- Garry
- 4. Conon
- 5. Clunie
- 6. Beauly

which will comprise more than one Power Station.

Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix

The matrix described in Appendix 1 to **BC1** under the heading **Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix**.

Caution Notice

A notice conveying a warning against interference.

Category 1 Intertripping Scheme

A **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** arising from a Variation to Connection Design following a request from the relevant **User** which is consistent with the criteria specified in the **Security and Quality of Supply Standard**.

Category 2 Intertripping Scheme

A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme which is:-

- (i) required to alleviate an overload on a circuit which connects the **Group** containing the **User's Connection Site** to the **GB Transmission System**; and
- (ii) installed in accordance with the requirements of the planning criteria of the Security and Quality of Supply Standard in order that measures can be taken to permit maintenance access for each transmission circuit and for such measures to be economically justified,

and the operation of which results in a reduction in **Active Power** on the overloaded circuits which connect the **User's Connection Site** to the rest of the **GB Transmission System** which is equal to the reduction in **Active Power** from the **Connection Site** (once any system losses or third party system effects are discounted).

<u>Category 3</u> <u>Intertripping Scheme</u>

A **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** which, where agreed by **NGET** and the **User**, is installed to alleviate an overload on, and as an alternative to, the reinforcement of a third party system, such as the **Distribution System** of a **Public Distribution System Operator**.

Category 4 Intertripping Scheme

A System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme installed to enable the disconnection of the Connection Site from the GB Transmission System in a controlled and efficient manner in order to facilitate the timely restoration of the GB Transmission System.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation.

CCGT Module Matrix

The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading **CCGT**Module Matrix.

CCGT Module Planning Matrix

A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 3 of OC2 showing the combination of **CCGT Units** within a **CCGT Module** which would be running in relation to any given MW output.

Cluster

1. Before Telemetry

A cluster of wind turbines will be formed when the total wind capacity within any circle of five kilometre radius has a **Registered Capacity** of not less than 5MW

2. After Telemetry

Any wind turbine installed within a five kilometer radius of the anemometer position (whether installed before or after the installation of that anemometer) will be deemed to be within the cluster for that anemometer and will not count towards the creation of any new cluster. All other wind turbines may count towards the creation of further clusters.

Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Module or CCGT Module

A collection of **Generating Units** (registered as a **CCGT Module** under the PC) comprising one or more **Gas Turbine Units** (or other gas based engine units) and one or more **Steam Units** where, in normal operation, the waste heat from the **Gas Turbines** is passed to the water/steam system of the associated **Steam Unit** or **Steam Units** and where the component units within the **CCGT Module** are directly connected by steam or hot gas lines which enable those units to contribute to the efficiency of the combined cycle operation of the **CCGT Module**.

Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit or CCGT Unit

A Generating Unit within a CCGT Module.

Commercial Ancillary Services

Ancillary Services, other than System Ancillary Services, utilised by NGET in operating the Total System if a User (or other person) has agreed to provide them under an Ancillary Services Agreement or under a Bilateral Agreement with payment being dealt with under an Ancillary Services Agreement or in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators or Interconnector Users, under any other agreement (and in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators and Interconnector Users includes ancillary services equivalent to or similar to System Ancillary Services).

Committed Project Planning Data

Data relating to a **User Development** once the offer for a **CUSC Contract** is accepted.

Common Collection Busbar

A busbar within a **Power Park Module** to which the higher voltage side of two or more **Power Park Unit** generator transformers are connected.

Completion Date

Has the meaning set out in the **Bilateral Agreement** with each **User** to that term or in the absence of that term to such other term reflecting the date when a **User** is expected to connect to or start using the **GB Transmission System**. In the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** having a similar meaning in relation to the **Network Operator's System** as set out in the **Embedded Development Agreement**.

Complex

A Connection Site together with the associated Power Station and/or Network Operator substation and/or associated Plant and/or Apparatus, as appropriate.

Connection Conditions or CC

That portion of the **Grid Code** which is identified as the **Connection Conditions**.

Connection Entry Capacity

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC

Connected Planning Data

Data which replaces data containing estimated values assumed for planning purposes by validated actual values and updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**.

Connection Point

A **Grid Supply Point** or **Grid Entry Point**, as the case may be.

Connection Site

A **Transmission Site** or **User Site**, as the case may be.

Construction Agreement

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC

Contingency Reserve

The margin of generation over forecast **Demand** which is required in the period from 24 hours ahead down to real time to cover against uncertainties in **Large Power Station** availability and against both weather forecast and **Demand** forecast errors.

Control Calls

A telephone call whose destination and/or origin is a key on the control desk telephone keyboard at a **Transmission Control Centre** and which, for the purpose of **Control Telephony**, has the right to exercise priority over (ie. disconnect) a call of a lower status.

Control Centre

A location used for the purpose of control and operation of the GB Transmission System or DC Converter Station owner's System or a User System other than a Generator's System or an External System.

Control Engineer

A person nominated by the relevant party for the control of its **Plant** and **Apparatus**.

Control Person

The term used as an alternative to "Safety Co-ordinator" on the Site Responsibility Schedule only.

Control Phase

The **Control Phase** follows on from the **Programming Phase** and covers the period down to real time.

Control Point

The point from which:-

- a) A Non-Embedded Customer's Plant and Apparatus is controlled; or
- b) A BM Unit at a Large Power Station or at a Medium Power Station or representing a Cascade Hydro Scheme or with a Demand Capacity with a magnitude of:
 - (i) 50MW or more in NGET's Transmission Area; or
 - (ii) 30MW or more in SPT's Transmission Area; or
 - (iii) 10MW or more in SHETL's Transmission Area,
 - (iv) 10MW or more which is connected to an **Offshore Transmission**System

is physically controlled by a BM Participant; or

 In the case of any other BM Unit or Generating Unit, data submission is co-ordinated for a BM Participant and instructions are received from NGET.

as the case may be. For a **Generator** this will normally be at a **Power Station** but may be at an alternative location agreed with **NGET**. In the case of a **DC Converter Station**, the **Control Point** will be at a location agreed with **NGET**. In the case of a **BM Unit** of an **Interconnector User**, the **Control Point** will be the **Control Centre** of the relevant **Externally Interconnected System Operator**.

Control Telephony

The principal method by which a **User's Responsible Engineer/Operator** and **NGET Control Engineer(s)** speak to one another for the purposes of control of the **Total System** in both normal and emergency operating conditions.

CUSC

Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence

CUSC Contract

One or more of the following agreements as envisaged in Standard Condition C1 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**:

- (a) the CUSC Framework Agreement;
- (b) a Bilateral Agreement;
- (c) a Construction Agreement

or a variation to an existing **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**;

CUSC Framework Agreement

Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence

Customer

A person to whom electrical power is provided (whether or not he is the same person as the person who provides the electrical power).

<u>Customer Demand</u> Management

Reducing the supply of electricity to a **Customer** or disconnecting a **Customer** in a manner agreed for commercial purposes between a **Supplier** and its **Customer**.

Customer Demand Management Notification Level

The level above which a **Supplier** has to notify **NGET** of its proposed or achieved use of **Customer Demand Management** which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.

<u>Customer Generating</u> Plant

A **Power Station** or **Generating Unit** of a **Customer** to the extent that it operates the same exclusively to supply all or part of its own electricity requirements, and does not export electrical power to any part of the **Total System**.

Data Registration Code or DRC

That portion of the **Grid Code** which is identified as the **Data Registration Code**.

<u>Data Validation,</u> <u>Consistency and</u> <u>Defaulting Rules</u>

The rules relating to validity and consistency of data, and default data to be applied, in relation to data submitted under the **Balancing Codes**, to be applied by **NGET** under the **Grid Code** as set out in the document "Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules" - Issue 7, dated 11th October 2004. The document is available on the National Grid website or upon request from **NGET**.

DC Converter

Any Apparatus with a Completion Date after 1 April 2005 used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or viceversa. A DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, a DC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.

DC Converter Station

Any Onshore DC Converter or Offshore DC Converter.

An installation comprising one or more Onshore DC Converters connecting a direct current interconnector:

to the NGET Transmission System; or,

(if the installation has a rating of 50MW or more) to a **User System**,

and it shall form part of the **External Interconnection** to which it relates.

DC Network

All items of **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected together on the direct current side of a DC Converter

De-Load

The condition in which a **Genset** has reduced or is not delivering electrical power to the **System** to which it is **Synchronised**.

Demand

The demand of MW and Mvar of electricity (i.e. both Active and Reactive **Power**), unless otherwise stated.

Demand Capacity

Has the meaning as set out in the **BSC**.

Demand Control

Any or all of the following methods of achieving a **Demand** reduction:

- (a) Customer voltage reduction initiated by Network Operators (other than following an instruction from **NGET**);
- (b) **Customer Demand** reduction by **Disconnection** initiated by **Network Operators** (other than following an instruction from **NGET**);
- (c) **Demand** reduction instructed by **NGET**;
- (d) automatic low Frequency Demand Disconnection;
- (e) emergency manual **Demand Disconnection**.

Demand Control Notification Level

The level above which a **Network Operator** has to notify **NGET** of its proposed or achieved use of **Demand Control** which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.

Designed Minimum Operating Level

The output (in whole MW) below which a Genset or a DC Converter at a **DC Converter Station** (in any of its operating configurations) has no **High** Frequency Response capability.

De-Synchronise

- The act of taking a Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter off a System to which it has been Synchronised, by opening any connecting circuit breaker; or
- b) The act of ceasing to consume electricity at an importing **BM Unit**; and the term "**De-Synchronising**" shall be construed accordingly.

De-synchronised Island(s)

Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.1(a)

Detailed Planning Data Detailed additional data which **NGET** requires under the **PC** in support of Standard Planning Data. Generally it is first supplied once a Bilateral **Agreement** is entered into.

Discrimination The quality where a relay or protective system is enabled to pick out and

cause to be disconnected only the faulty **Apparatus**.

<u>Disconnection</u> The physical separation of **Users** (or **Customers**) from the **GB**

Transmission System or a **User System** as the case may be.

Disputes Resolution

Procedure

The procedure described in the **CUSC** relating to disputes resolution.

<u>Distribution Code</u> The distribution code required to be drawn up by each **Electricity**

Distribution Licence holder and approved by the Authority, as from time

to time revised with the approval of the **Authority**.

Droop The ratio of the steady state change in speed in the case of a **Generating**

Unit, or in Frequency in the case of a Power Park Module, to the steady state change in power output of the Generating Unit or Power Park

Module.

Dynamic Parameters Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to **BC1** under the heading **BM Unit**

Data – Dynamic Parameters.

E&W Offshore

Transmission System

An Offshore Transmission System with an Interface Point in England

and Wales.

E&W Offshore Transmission

Licensee

A person who owns or operates an **E&W Offshore Transmission System**

pursuant to a Transmission Licence.

E&W Transmission

<u>System</u>

Collectively NGET's Transmission System and any E&W Offshore

Transmission Systems

E&W User in England and Wales or any Offshore User who owns or

operates Plant and/or Apparatus connected to an E&W Offshore

Transmission System

Earth Fault Factor At a selected location of a three-phase **System** (generally the point of

installation of equipment) and for a given **System** configuration, the ratio of the highest root mean square phase-to-earth power **Frequency** voltage on a sound phase during a fault to earth (affecting one or more phases at any point) to the root mean square phase-to-earth power **Frequency** voltage

which would be obtained at the selected location without the fault.

Earthing

A way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an **Earthing Device** which is either:

- (a) Immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-Ordinator in safe custody: or
- (b) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGET or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be.

Earthing Device

A means of providing a connection between a conductor and earth being of adequate strength and capability.

Electrical Standard

A standard listed in the Annex to the **General Conditions**.

Electricity Council

That body set up under the Electricity Act, 1957.

Electricity Distribution Licence

Electricity Distribution The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (c) of the **Act**.

Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association

The unincorporated members' club of that name formed inter alia to promote the efficient and economic operation of the procedure for the resolution of disputes within the electricity supply industry by means of arbitration or otherwise in accordance with its arbitration rules.

Electricity Supply Licence

The licence granted pursuant to Section 6(1) (d) of the Act.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Level

Has the meaning set out in **Engineering Recommendation** G5/4.

Embedded

Having a direct connection to a **User System** or the **System** of any other **User** to which **Customers** and/or **Power Stations** are connected, such connection being either a direct connection or a connection via a busbar of another **User** or of a **Transmission Licensee** (but with no other connection to the **GB Transmission System**).

Embedded Development

Has the meaning set out in PC.4.4.3(a)

Embedded Development **A**areement

An agreement entered into between a Network Operator and an Embedded Person, identifying the relevant site of connection to the Network Operator's System and setting out other site specific details in relation to that use of the Network Operator's System.

Embedded Person

The party responsible for a Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected to or proposed to be connected to a Network Operator's System.

Emergency Deenergisation Instruction

an Emergency Instruction issued by NGET to De-Synchronise a Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter in circumstances specified in the CUSC.

Emergency Instruction An instruction issued by **NGET** in emergency circumstances, pursuant to BC2.9, to the **Control Point** of a **User**. In the case of such instructions applicable to a BM Unit, it may require an action or response which is outside the **Dynamic Parameters**, **QPN** or **Other Relevant Data**, and may include an instruction to trip a Genset.

Engineering Recommendations

The documents referred to as such and issued by the Electricity Association or the former Electricity Council.

Estimated Registered Data

Those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which either upon connection will become Registered Data, or which for the purposes of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** concerned as at the date of submission are Registered Data, but in each case which for the seven succeeding **Financial Years** will be an estimate of what is expected.

European **Specification**

A common technical specification, a British Standard implementing a European standard or a European technical approval. The terms "common technical specification", "European standard" and "European technical approval" shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in the Regulations.

Event

An unscheduled or unplanned (although it may be anticipated) occurrence on, or relating to, a System (including Embedded Power Stations) including, without limiting that general description, faults, incidents and breakdowns and adverse weather conditions being experienced.

Exciter

The source of the electrical power providing the field current of a synchronous machine.

Excitation System

The equipment providing the field current of a machine, including all regulating and control elements, as well as field discharge or suppression equipment and protective devices.

Excitation System No-Load Negative Ceiling Voltage

The minimum value of direct voltage that the **Excitation System** is able to provide from its terminals when it is not loaded, which may be zero or a negative value.

Excitation System Nominal Response

Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in **IEC** 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to **British Standard BS**4999 Section 116.1 : 1992]. The time interval applicable is the first half-second of excitation system voltage response.

Excitation System On-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage

Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system on load ceiling voltage' in **IEC** 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to **British Standard BS**4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].

Excitation System No-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage

Shall have the meaning ascribed to the term 'Excitation system no load ceiling voltage' in **IEC** 34-16-1:1991[equivalent to **British Standard BS**4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].

Exemptable

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.

Existing AGR Plant

The following nuclear advanced gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the **Total System** at the **Transfer Date**):-

Dungeness B Hinkley Point B Heysham 1 Heysham 2 Hartlepool Hunterston B Torness.

Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit

In respect of each **Genset** within each **Existing AGR Plant** which has a safety case enabling it to so operate, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of reduction of output as instructed by **NGET** in relation to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** totals 8) instances of flexibility in any calendar year (or such lower or greater number as may be agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate and notified to **NGET**) for the purpose of assisting in the period of low **System NRAPM** and/or low **Localised NRAPM** provided that in relation to each **Generating Unit** each change in output shall not be required to be to a level where the output of the reactor is less than 80% of the reactor thermal power limit (as notified to **NGET** and which corresponds to the limit of reactor thermal power as contained in the "Operating Rules" or "Identified Operating Instructions" forming part of the safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate).

Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant

Both Existing Magnox Reactor Plant and Existing AGR Plant.

Existing Magnox Reactor Plant

The following nuclear gas cooled reactor plant (which was commissioned and connected to the **Total System** at the **Transfer Date**):-

Calder Hall
Chapelcross
Dungeness A
Hinkley Point A
Oldbury-on-Severn
Bradwell
Sizewell A
Wylfa.

Export and Import Limits

Those parameters listed in Appendix 1 to **BC1** under the heading **BM Unit Data** – **Export and Import Limits**.

External Interconnection

Apparatus for the transmission of electricity to or from the GB Transmission System or a User System into or out of an External System. For the avoidance of doubt, a single External Interconnection may comprise several circuits operating in parallel.

Externally Interconnected System Operator or EISO

A person who operates an **External System** which is connected to the **GB Transmission System** or a **User System** by an **External Interconnection**.

External System

In relation to an Externally Interconnected System Operator means the transmission or distribution system which it owns or operates which is located outside Great Britain and Offshore and any Apparatus or Plant which connects that system to the External Interconnection and which is owned or operated by such Externally Interconnected System Operator.

Fault Current Interruption Time

The time interval from fault inception until the end of the break time of the circuit breaker (as declared by the manufacturers).

Fast Start

A start by a **Genset** with a **Fast Start Capability**.

Fast Start Capability

The ability of a **Genset** to be **Synchronised** and **Loaded** up to full **Load** within 5 minutes.

<u>Final Generation</u> Outage Programme

An outage programme as agreed by **NGET** with each **Generator** at various stages through the **Operational Planning Phase** and **Programming Phase** which does not commit the parties to abide by it, but which at various stages will be used as the basis on which **GB Transmission System** outages will be planned.

Final Physical Notification Data

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Final Report

A report prepared by the **Test Proposer** at the conclusion of a **System Test** for submission to **NGET** (if it did not propose the **System Test**) and other members of the **Test Panel**.

Financial Year

Bears the meaning given in Condition A1 (Definitions and Interpretation) of **NGET's Transmission Licence**.

Flicker Severity (Long Term)

A value derived from 12 successive measurements of **Flicker Severity** (**Short Term**) (over a two hour period) and a calculation of the cube root of the mean sum of the cubes of 12 individual measurements, as further set out in **Engineering Recommendation** P28 as current at the **Transfer Date**.

Flicker Severity (Short Term)

A measure of the visual severity of flicker derived from the time series output of a flickermeter over a 10 minute period and as such provides an indication of the risk of **Customer** complaints.

Forecast Data

Those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which will always be forecast.

Frequency

The number of alternating current cycles per second (expressed in Hertz) at which a **System** is running.

Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit

Each Generating Unit in an Existing AGR Plant for which the Generator has notified NGET that it has a safety case agreed with the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate enabling it to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode, to the extent that such unit is within its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit. Each such Generating Unit shall be treated as if it were operating in accordance with BC3.5.1 provided that it is complying with its Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit.

Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit

In respect of each **Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit**, 8 (or such lower number which when added to the number of instances of flexibility for the purposes of assisting in a period of low **System** or **Localised NRAPM** totals 8) instances of reduction of output in any calendar year as instructed by **NGET** in relation to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** (or such greater number as may be agreed between **NGET** and the **Generator**), for the purpose of assisting with **Frequency** control, provided the level of operation of each **Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit** in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** shall not be outside that agreed by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate in the relevant safety case.

<u>Frequency Sensitive</u> Mode

A **Genset** operating mode which will result in **Active Power** output changing, in response to a change in **System Frequency**, in a direction which assists in the recovery to **Target Frequency**, by operating so as to provide **Primary Response** and/or **Secondary Response** and/or **High Frequency Response**.

Fuel Security Code

The document of that title designated as such by the **Secretary of State**, as from time to time amended.

Gas Turbine Unit

A **Generating Unit** driven by a gas turbine (for instance by an aero-engine).

Gas Zone Diagram

A single line diagram showing boundaries of, and interfaces between, gasinsulated **HV Apparatus** modules which comprise part, or the whole, of a substation at a **Connection Site**, together with the associated stop valves and gas monitors required for the safe operation of the **GB Transmission System** or the **User System**, as the case may be.

Gate Closure

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

GB National Demand

The amount of electricity supplied from the **Grid Supply Points** plus:-

- that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
- GB Transmission System Losses,

minus:-

 the Demand taken by Station Transformers and Pumped Storage Units'

and, for the purposes of this definition, does not include:-

 any exports from the GB Transmission System across External Interconnections.

GB Transmission System

The system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by Transmission Licensees within Great Britain and used for the transmission of electricity from one Power Station to a substation or to another Power Station or between substations or to or from any External Interconnection, and includes any Plant and Apparatus and meters owned or operated by any Transmission Licensee within Great Britain in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any Remote Transmission Assets. The Onshore Transmission System and Offshore Transmission Systems.

GB Transmission System Demand

The amount of electricity supplied from the Grid Supply Points plus:-

- that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and
- exports from the GB Transmission System across External Interconnections, and
- GB Transmission System Losses,

and, for the purposes of this definition, includes:-

 the Demand taken by Station Transformers, and Pumped Storage Units and Power Stations located Offshore.

GB Transmission System Losses

The losses of electricity incurred on the **GB Transmission System**.

GB Transmission System Study Network Data File

A computer file containing details of transmission plant and Large Power Stations and the configuration of the connection between them, together with data on **Demand** and on the **GB Transmission System**. These details, when read together as represented in the file, form **NGET's** view of an appropriate representation of the **GB Transmission System** for technical analysis purposes only. The file will only deal with the **GB Transmission System**.

GB Transmission System Warning

A warning issued by **NGET** to **Users** (or to certain **Users** only) in accordance with OC7.4.8.2, which provides information relating to **System** conditions or **Events** and is intended to:

- (a) alert **Users** to possible or actual **Plant** shortage, **System** problems and/or **Demand** reductions:
- (b) inform of the applicable period;
- (c) indicate intended consequences for **Users**; and
- (d) enable specified **Users** to be in a state of readiness to receive instructions from **NGET**.

GB Transmission System Warning Demand Control Imminent

A warning issued by **NGET**, in accordance with OC7.4.8.7, which is intended to provide short term notice, where possible, to those **Users** who are likely to receive **Demand** reduction instructions from **NGET** within 30 minutes.

GB Transmission Risk of Demand Reduction

A warning issued by NGET, in accordance with OC7.4.8.6, which is System Warning - High intended to alert recipients that there is a high risk of Demand reduction being implemented and which may normally result from an inadequate System Margin.

GB Transmission System Warning -Inadequate System Margin

A warning issued by NGET, in accordance with OC7.4.8.5, which is intended to alert recipients of an inadequate System Margin and which if not improved may result in **Demand** reduction being instructed.

GB Transmission of System Disturbance

A warning issued by **NGET**, in accordance with OC7.4.8.8, which is System Warning - Risk intended to alert Users of the risk of widespread and serious System disturbance which may affect **Users**.

General Conditions or <u>GC</u>

That portion of the Grid Code which is identified as the General Conditions.

Generating Plant Demand Margin

The difference between **Output Usable** and forecast **Demand**.

Generating Unit

Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any Apparatus which produces electricity, including, a Synchronous Generating Unit and Nonsynchronous Generating Unit. An Onshore Generating Unit and/or an Offshore Generating Unit.

Generating Unit Data

The Physical Notification, Export and Import Limits and Other Relevant Data only in respect of each Generating Unit:

- which forms part of the BM Unit which represents that Cascade (a) Hydro Scheme:
- (b) at an Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station, where the relevant Bilateral Agreement specifies that compliance with BC1 and/or **BC2** is required:
 - i) to each **Generating Unit**, or
 - ii) to each Power Park Module where the Power Station comprises Power Park Modules

Generation Capacity

Has the meaning set out in the BSC.

Generation Planning **Parameters**

Those parameters listed in Appendix 2 of **OC2**.

Generator

A person who generates electricity under licence or exemption under the **Act** acting in its capacity as a generator in **Great Britain** or **Offshore**.

Generator **Performance Chart**

A diagram which shows the MW and Mvar capability limits within which a **Generating Unit** will be expected to operate under steady state conditions.

Genset

A Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module at a Large Power Station or any Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module which is directly connected to the GB Transmission System.

Good Industry Practice

The exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresight which would reasonably and ordinarily be expected from a skilled and experienced operator engaged in the same type of undertaking under the same or similar circumstances.

Governor Deadband

The total magnitude of the change in steady state speed (expressed as a range of Hz ($\pm x$ Hz) where "x" is a numerical value) within which there is no resultant change in the position of the governing valves of the speed/load Governing System.

Great Britain or GB

Has the meaning set out in Schedule 1 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**.

Grid Code Review Panel or Panel

The panel with the functions set out in GC.4.

Grid Entry Point

An Onshore Grid Entry Point or an Offshore Grid Entry Point. A point at which a Generating Unit or a CCGT Module or a CCGT Unit or a DC Converter or a Power Park Module, as the case may be, which is directly connected to the GB Transmission System* connects to the GB Transmission System.

Grid Supply Point

A point of supply from the **GB Transmission System** to **Network Operators** or **Non-Embedded Customers**.

Group

Those **GB Transmission System** sub-stations bounded solely by the faulted circuit(s) and the overloaded circuit(s) excluding any third party connections between the **Group** and the rest of the **GB Transmission System**, the faulted circuit(s) being a **Secured Event**.

High Frequency Response

An automatic reduction in **Active Power** output in response to an increase in **System Frequency** above the **Target Frequency** (or such other level of **Frequency** as may have been agreed in an **Ancillary Services Agreement**). This reduction in **Active Power** output must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the **Frequency** increase on the basis set out in the **Ancillary Services Agreement** and fully achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the start of the **Frequency** increase and it must be sustained at no lesser reduction thereafter. The interpretation of the **High Frequency Response** to a + 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.3.

High Voltage or HV

In England and Wales For **E&W Transmission Systems**, a voltage exceeding 650 volts. In Scotland For Scottish Transmission Systems, a voltage exceeding 1000 volts.

HV Connections

Apparatus connected at the same voltage as that of the **GB Transmission System**, including **Users'** circuits, the higher voltage windings of **Users'** transformers and associated connection **Apparatus**.

HP Turbine Power Fraction

Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the HP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at **Registered Capacity**.

IEC

International Electrotechnical Commission.

IEC Standard

A standard approved by the International Electrotechnical Commission.

Implementing Safety Co-ordinator

The Safety Co-ordinator implementing Safety Precautions.

Import Usable

That portion of **Registered Import Capacity** which is expected to be available and which is not unavailable due to a **Planned Outage**.

Incident Centre

A centre established by **NGET** or a **User** as the focal point in **NGET** or in that **User**, as the case may be, for the communication and dissemination of information between the senior management representatives of **NGET**, or of that **User**, as the case may be, and the relevant other parties during a **Joint System Incident** in order to avoid overloading **NGET's**, or that **User's**, as the case may be, existing operational/control arrangements.

Indicated Constraint Boundary Margin

The difference between a constraint boundary transfer limit and the difference between the sum of **BM Unit** Maximum Export Limits and the forecast of local **Demand** within the constraint boundary.

Indicated Imbalance

The difference between the sum of **Physical Notifications** for **BM Units** comprising **Generating Units** or **CCGT Modules** and the forecast of **Demand** for the whole or any part of the **System**.

Indicated Margin

The difference between the sum of **BM Unit** Maximum Export Limits submitted and the forecast of **Demand** for the whole or any part of the **System**

Instructor Facilities

A device or system which gives certain **Transmission Control Centre** instructions with an audible or visible alarm, and incorporates the means to return message acknowledgements to the **Transmission Control Centre**

Integral Equipment Test or IET

A test on equipment, associated with **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, which takes place when that **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** forms part of a **Synchronised System** and which, in the reasonable judgement of the person wishing to perform the test, may cause an **Operational Effect**.

Interconnection Agreement

An agreement made between NGET and an Externally Interconnected System Operator and/or an Interconnector User and/or other relevant persons for the External Interconnection relating to an External Interconnection and/or an agreement under which an Interconnector User can use an External Interconnection.

Interconnector User

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Interface Agreement

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.

Interface Point

as the context admits or requires either;

(a) the electrical point of connection between an **Offshore Transmission System** and an **Onshore Transmission System**, or

Interface Point Target Voltage/Power factor

(b) the electrical point of connection between an **Offshore Transmission System** and a **Network Operator's User System**;

The nominal target voltage/power factor at an Interface Point which a Network Operator requires NGET to achieve by operation of the relevant Offshore Transmission System.

Intermittent Power Source

The primary source of power for a **Generating Unit** that can not be considered as controllable, e.g. wind, wave or solar.

<u>Intertripping</u>

- (a) The tripping of circuit-breaker(s) by commands initiated from **Protection** at a remote location independent of the state of the local **Protection**; or
- (b) Operational Intertripping.

Intertrip Apparatus

Apparatus which performs **Intertripping**.

IP Turbine Power Fraction

Ratio of steady state mechanical power delivered by the IP turbine to the total steady state mechanical power delivered by the total steam turbine at **Registered Capacity**.

Isolating Device

A device for achieving **Isolation**.

Isolation

The disconnection of **HV Apparatus** (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) from the remainder of the **System** in which that **HV Apparatus** is situated by either of the following:

- (a) an **Isolating Device** maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be:
 - (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-Ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGET or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be; or
- (b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with and maintained by the method set out in the Local Safety Instructions of NGET or the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be.

Joint BM Unit Data

Has the meaning set out in the **BSC**.

Joint System Incident

An Event wherever occurring (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or an Embedded Small Power Station) which, in the opinion of NGET or a User, has or may have a serious and/or widespread effect, in the case of an Event on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded Small Power Station), on the GB Transmission System, and in the case of an Event on the GB Transmission System, on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded Small Power Station).

Key Safe

A device for the secure retention of keys.

Key Safe Key

A key unique at a **Location** capable of operating a lock, other than a control lock, on a **Key Safe**.

Large Power Station

A Power Station which is

(A) directly connected to:

- (a) NGET's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
- (b) SPT's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
- (c) SHETL's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more; or
- (d) an Offshore Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;

or,

- (B) **Embedded** within a **User System** (or part thereof) where such **User System** (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:
 - (a) NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
 - (b) SPT's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
 - (c) SHETL's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;

or,

- (C) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the GB Transmission System, although such Power Station is in:
 - (a) NGET's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 100MW or more; or
 - (b) SPT's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 30MW or more; or
 - (c) SHETL's Transmission Area where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 10MW or more;

Licence

Any licence granted to **NGET** or a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or a **User**, under Section 6 of the **Act**.

Licence Standards

Those standards set out or referred to in Condition C17 of **NGET's Transmission Licence** and/or Condition D3 of a **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence**.

<u>Limited Frequency</u> Sensitive Mode

A mode whereby the operation of the **Genset** (or **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** exporting **Active Power** to the **Total System**) is **Frequency** insensitive except when the **System Frequency** exceeds 50.4Hz, from which point **Limited High Frequency Response** must be provided.

<u>Limited High</u> <u>Frequency Response</u>

A response of a **Genset** (or **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** exporting **Active Power** to the **Total System**) to an increase in **System Frequency** above 50.4Hz leading to a reduction in **Active Power** in accordance with the provisions of BC3.7.2.

Load

The **Active**, **Reactive** or **Apparent Power**, as the context requires, generated, transmitted or distributed.

Loaded Supplying electrical power to the **System**.

<u>Load Factor</u> The ratio of the actual output of a **Generating Unit** to the possible

maximum output of that Generating Unit.

Load Management Block A block of **Demand** controlled by a **Supplier** or other party through the means of radio teleswitching or by some other means.

Local Joint Restoration Plan

A plan produced under OC9.4.7.12 detailing the agreed method and procedure by which a **Genset** at a **Black Start Station** (possibly with other **Gensets** at that **Black Start Station**) will energise part of the **Total System** and meet complementary blocks of local **Demand** so as to form a **Power Island**.

In Scotland, the plan may also: cover more than one **Black Start Station**; include **Gensets** other than those at a **Black Start Station** and cover the creation of one or more **Power Islands**.

Local Safety Instructions For safety co-ordination in England and Wales, instructions on each **User Site** and **Transmission Site**, approved by the relevant **NGET** or **User's** manager, setting down the methods of achieving the objectives of **NGET's** or the **User's Safety Rules**, as the case may be, to ensure the safety of personnel carrying out work or testing on **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on which his **Safety Rules** apply and, in the case of a **User**, any other document(s) on a **User Site** which contains rules with regard to maintaining or securing the isolating position of an **Isolating Device**, or maintaining a physical separation or maintaining or securing the position of an **Earthing Device**.

Local Switching Procedure

A procedure produced under OC7.6 detailing the agreed arrangements in respect of carrying out of **Operational Switching** at **Connection Sites** and parts of the **GB Transmission System** adjacent to those **Connection Sites**.

Localised Negative
Reserve Active Power
Margin or Localised
NRAPM

That margin of **Active Power** sufficient to allow transfers to and from a **System Constraint Group** (as the case may be) to be contained within such reasonable limit as **NGET** may determine.

<u>Location</u> Any place at which **Safety Precautions** are to be applied.

Locked A condition of **HV Apparatus** that cannot be altered without the operation

of a locking device.

Locking The application of a locking device which enables HV Apparatus to be

Locked.

Low Frequency Relay Has the same meaning as **Under Frequency Relay**.

Low Voltage or LV

In England and Wales For E&W Transmission Systems a voltage not exceeding 250 volts. In Scotland For Scottish Transmission Systems, a voltage exceeding 50 voltage but not exceeding 1000 volts.

LV Side of the Offshore Platform

Unless otherwise specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, the busbar on the **Offshore Platform** (typically 33kV) at which the relevant **Offshore Grid Entry Point** is located.

Main Protection

Protection equipment or system expected to have priority in initiating either a fault clearance or an action to terminate an abnormal condition in a power system.

Material Effect

An effect causing **NGET** or a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of **Transmission Plant** and/or **Transmission Apparatus** at the **Connection Site** (which term shall, in this definition and in the definition of "**Modification**" only, have the meaning ascribed thereto in the **CUSC**) or the site of connection or a **User** to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** at the **Connection Site** or the site of connection which in either case involves that party in expenditure of more than £10,000.

Maximum Export Capacity

The maximum continuous **Apparent Power** expressed both in MW and MVA which can flow from an **Offshore Transmission System** connected to a **Network Operator's User System**, to that **User System**.

Maximum Generation Service, MGS

A service utilised by **NGET** in accordance with the **CUSC** and the **Balancing Principles Statement** in operating the **Total System**.

Maximum Generation Service Agreement

An agreement between a **User** and **NGET** for the payment by **NGET** to that **User** in respect of the provision by such **User** of a **Maximum Generation Service**.

Maximum Import Capacity

The maximum continuous **Apparent Power** expressed both in MW and MVA which can flow to an **Offshore Transmission System** connected to a **Network Operator's User System**, from that **User System**.

Medium Power Station A Power Station which is

(A) directly connected to **NGET's Transmission System** where such Power Station has a **Registered Capacity** of 50MW or more but less than 100MW;

or,

(B) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where such User System (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more but less than 100MW;

or.

(C) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the GB Transmission System, although such Power Station is in NGET's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more but less than 100MW.

Medium Voltage or MV

In England and Wales For **E&W Transmission Systems** a voltage exceeding 250 volts but not exceeding 650 volts.

Mills

Milling plant which supplies pulverised fuel to the boiler of a coal fired **Power Station**.

Minimum Generation

The minimum output (in whole MW) which a **Genset** can generate or **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** can import or export to the **Total System** under stable operating conditions, as registered with **NGET** under the **PC** (and amended pursuant to the **PC**). For the avoidance of doubt, the output may go below this level as a result of operation in accordance with BC3.7.

Minimum Import Capacity

The minimum input (in whole MW) into a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station (in any of its operating configurations) at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter at the User System Entry Point) at which a DC Converter can operate in a stable manner, as registered with NGET under the PC (and amended pursuant to the PC).

Modification

Any actual or proposed replacement, renovation, modification, alteration or construction by or on behalf of a **User** or **NGET** to either that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** or **Transmission Plant** or **Apparatus**, as the case may be, or the manner of its operation which has or may have a **Material Effect** on **NGET** or a **User**, as the case may be, at a particular **Connection Site**.

Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station

A DC Converter at a DC Converter Station that has previously imported or exported power which the DC Converter Station owner plans not to use to import or export power for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.

Unit

Mothballed Generating A Generating Unit that has previously generated which the Generator plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current NGET Financial Year but which could be returned to service.

Mothballed Power Park Module

A **Power Park Module** that has previously generated which the **Generator** plans not to use to generate for the remainder of the current Financial Year but which could be returned to service.

Multiple Point of Connection

A double (or more) Point of Connection, being two (or more) Points of **Connection** interconnected to each other through the **User's System**.

Network Data

The data to be provided by **NGET** to **Users** in accordance with the **PC**, as listed in Part 3 of the Appendix to the PC.

Network Operator

A person with a **User System** directly connected to the **GB Transmission** System to which Customers and/or Power Stations (not forming part of the User System) are connected, acting in its capacity as an operator of the **User System**, but shall not include a person acting in the capacity of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator.**

<u>NGET</u>

National Grid Electricity Transmission plc (NO: 2366977) whose registered office is at 1-3 Strand, London, WC2N 5EH.

NGET Control Engineer

The nominated person employed by **NGET** to direct the operation of the **GB Transmission System** or such person as nominated by **NGET**.

NGET Operational Strategy

NGET's operational procedures which form the guidelines for operation of the **GB Transmission System**.

No-Load Field Voltage

Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].

No System Connection As defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2

Non-Embedded Customer

A Customer in Great Britain, except for a Network Operator acting in its capacity as such, receiving electricity direct from the GB Transmission **System** irrespective of from whom it is supplied.

Non-Synchronous **Generating Unit**

A Generating Unit that is not a Synchronous Generating Unit including for the avoidance of doubt a Power Park Unit. An Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Non-Synchronous **Generating Unit.**

Normal CCGT Module

A CCGT Module other than a Range CCGT Module.

A tidal, wave, wind, geothermal, or any similar, **Generating Unit**. **Novel Unit**

OC9 De-synchronised **Island Procedure**

Has the meaning set out in OC9.5.4.

Offshore

Means in the Offshore Waters, and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.

Offshore DC Converter Any Apparatus located Offshore used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Offshore DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion.

Offshore Generating Unit

Unless otherwise provided in the Grid Code, any Apparatus located Offshore which produces electricity, including, an Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit and Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit.

Offshore Grid Entry **Point**

In the case of:-

an Offshore Generating Unit or an Offshore DC Converter, as the case may be, which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the point at which it connects to that Offshore Transmission System, or;

an Offshore Power Park Module which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the point where one Power Park String (registered by itself as a Power Park Module) or the collection of points where a number of Offshore Power Park Strings (registered as a single Power Park Module) connects to that Offshore Transmission System.

Offshore Non-**Synchronous Generating Unit**

An Offshore Generating Unit that is not an Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit including for the avoidance of doubt a Power Park Unit located **Offshore**.

Offshore Platform

A single structure comprising of **Plant** and **Apparatus** located **Offshore** which includes one or more Offshore Grid Entry Points.

Offshore Power Park Module

A collection of one or more **Offshore Power Park Strings** (registered as a Power Park Module under the PC). There is no limit to the number of Power Park Strings within the Power Park Module, so long as they connect to the same busbar which cannot be electrically split.

Offshore Power Park String

A collection of **Offshore Generating Units** that are powered by an Intermittent Power Source, joined together by a User System with a single point of connection to an Offshore Transmission System. The connection to an Offshore Transmission System may include a DC Converter.

Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit

An **Offshore Generating Unit** in which, under all steady state conditions. the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the **GB Transmission System** divided by the number of pole pairs of the **Generating Unit.**

Distribution Connection **Agreement**

Offshore Transmission An agreement entered into by NGET and a Network Operator in respect of the connection to and use of a **Network Operator's User System** by an Offshore Transmission System.

Offshore Transmission Licensee

Such person in relation to whose **Transmission Licence** the standard conditions in Section E (offshore transmission owner standard conditions) of such **Transmission Licence** have been given effect, or any person in that prospective role.

System

Offshore Transmission A system consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by an Offshore Transmission Licensee and used for the transmission of electricity from one **Power Station** to a sub-station or to another Power Station or between sub-stations, and includes any Plant and Apparatus and meters owned or operated by any Offshore Transmission Licensee in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any Remote Transmission Assets. An Offshore Transmission System extends from the Interface Point, to the Offshore Grid Entry Point(s) and may include Plant and Apparatus located Onshore and Offshore.

Offshore Waters

Has the meaning given to "offshore waters" in Section 90(9) of the Energy Act 2004.

Onshore

Means within Great Britain excluding Offshore, and when used in conjunction with another term and not defined means that the associated term is to be read accordingly.

Onshore DC Converter

Any **Apparatus** located **Onshore** with a **Completion Date** after 1st April 2005 used to convert alternating current electricity to direct current electricity, or vice versa. An Onshore DC Converter is a standalone operative configuration at a single site comprising one or more converter bridges, together with one or more converter transformers, converter control equipment, essential protective and switching devices and auxiliaries, if any, used for conversion. In a bipolar arrangement, an Onshore DC Converter represents the bipolar configuration.

Onshore Generating Unit

Unless otherwise provided in the **Grid Code**, any **Apparatus** located Onshore which produces electricity, including, an Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit and Onshore Non-Synchronous **Generating Unit.**

Onshore Grid Entry Point

A point at which a Onshore Generating Unit or a CCGT Module or a **CCGT Unit** or a **Onshore DC Converter** or a **Onshore Power Park** Module, as the case may be, which is directly connected to the Onshore Transmission System connects to the Onshore Transmission System.

Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit

A Generating Unit located Onshore that is not a Synchronous Generating Unit including for the avoidance of doubt a Power Park Unit located **Onshore**.

Onshore Power Park Module

A collection of **Onshore Generating Units** (registered as a **Power Park** Module under the PC) that are powered by an Intermittent Power **Source**, joined together by a **System** with a single electrical point of connection to the Onshore Transmission System (or User System if Embedded). The connection to the Onshore Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) may include a DC Converter.

Onshore Synchronous **Generating Unit**

An **Onshore Generating Unit** including, for the avoidance of doubt, a CCGT Unit in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the GB Transmission System divided by the number of pole pairs of the Generating Unit.

Onshore Transmission NGET, SPT, or SHETL. Licensee

System

Onshore Transmission The system located Onshore consisting (wholly or mainly) of high voltage electric lines owned or operated by **Onshore Transmission Licensees** and used for the transmission of electricity from one Power Station to a substation or to another Power Station or between substations or to or from any External Interconnection, and includes any Plant and Apparatus and meters owned or operated by any Onshore Transmission Licensee in connection with the transmission of electricity but does not include any **Remote Transmission Assets**.

On-Site Generator Site A site which is determined by the BSC Panel to be a Trading Unit under the **BSC** by reason of having fulfilled the Class 1 or Class 2 requirements as such terms are used in the BSC.

Operating Code or OC

That portion of the **Grid Code** which is identified as the **Operating Code**.

Operating Margin

Contingency Reserve plus Operating Reserve.

Operating Reserve

The additional output from Large Power Stations or the reduction in **Demand**, which must be realisable in real-time operation to respond in order to contribute to containing and correcting any **System Frequency** fall to an acceptable level in the event of a loss of generation or a loss of import from an **External Interconnection** or mismatch between generation and **Demand**.

Operation

A scheduled or planned action relating to the operation of a **System** (including an **Embedded Power Station**).

Operational Data

Data required under the **Operating Codes** and/or **Balancing Codes**.

Operational Day

The period from 0500 hours on one day to 0500 on the following day.

Operation Diagrams

Diagrams which are a schematic representation of the **HV Apparatus** and the connections to all external circuits at a **Connection Site**, incorporating its numbering, nomenclature and labelling.

Operational Effect

Any effect on the operation of the relevant other **System** which causes the **GB Transmission System** or the **System** of the other **User** or **Users**, as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materially increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or may have operated in the absence of that effect.

Operational Intertripping

The automatic tripping of circuit-breakers to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, **System** instability, etc. after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power **System** fault(s) which includes **System** to **Generating Unit**, **System** to **CCGT Module**, **System** to **Power Park Module**, **System** to **DC Converter** and **System** to **Demand** intertripping schemes.

Operational Planning

Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast GB Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units, of parts of the GB Transmission System and of parts of User Systems to which Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in NGET's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence or Electricity Distribution Licence, as the case may be.

Operational Planning Margin

An operational planning margin set by **NGET**.

Operational Planning Phase

The period from 8 weeks to the end of the 5th year ahead of real time operation.

Operational Procedures

Management instructions and procedures, both in support of the **Safety** Rules and for the local and remote operation of Plant and Apparatus, issued in connection with the actual operation of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** at or from a Connection Site.

Operational Switching

Operation of Plant and/or Apparatus to the instruction of the relevant Control Engineer. For the avoidance of doubt, the operation of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus forming part of the GB Transmission System in England and Wales, will be to the instruction of NGET and in Scotland and Offshore will be to the instruction of the Relevant Transmission Licensee.

Other Relevant Data

The data listed in BC1.4.2(f) under the heading **Other Relevant Data**

Out of Synchronism

The condition where a System or Generating Unit cannot meet the requirements to enable it to be **Synchronised**.

Output Usable or OU

The (daily or weekly) forecast value (in MW), at the time of the (daily or weekly) peak demand, of the maximum level at which the Genset can export to the Grid Entry Point, or in the case of Embedded Power Stations, to the User System Entry Point.

Over-excitation Limiter Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in IEC 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to British Standard BS4999 Section 116.1: 1992].

Part 1 System **Ancillary Services**

Ancillary Services which are required for System reasons and which must be provided by **Users** in accordance with the **Connection Conditions**. An exhaustive list of Part 1 System Ancillary Services is included in that part of CC.8.1 headed Part 1.

Part 2 System **Ancillary Services**

Ancillary Services which are required for System reasons and which must be provided by a User if the User has agreed to provide them under a Bilateral Agreement. A non-exhaustive list of Part 2 System Ancillary **Services** is included in that part of CC.8.1 headed Part 2.

Part Load

The condition of a Genset, or Cascade Hydro Scheme which is Loaded but is not running at its Maximum Export Limit.

Permit for Work for proximity work

In England and Walesrespect of E&W Transmission Systems, a document issued by NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or an E&W User in accordance with its respective Safety Rules to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8A.8 and which provides for Safety Precautions to be applied and maintained. An example format of NGET's a Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee's permit for work is attached as Appendix E to OC8A.

In <u>Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems</u>, a document issued by a <u>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</u> or a <u>Scottish User</u> in accordance with its respective <u>Safety Rules</u> to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8B.8 and which provides for <u>Safety Precautions</u> to be applied and maintained. Example formats of <u>the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees</u>' permits for work are attached as Appendix E to <u>OC8B</u>.

Partial Shutdown

The same as a **Total Shutdown** except that all generation has ceased in a separate part of the **Total System** and there is no electricity supply from **External Interconnections** or other parts of the **Total System** to that part of the **Total System** and, therefore, that part of the **Total System** is shutdown, with the result that it is not possible for that part of the **Total System** to begin to function again without **NGET's** directions relating to a **Black Start**.

Phase (Voltage) Unbalance

The ratio (in percent) between the rms values of the negative sequence component and the positive sequence component of the voltage.

Physical Notification

Data that describes the **BM Participant**'s best estimate of the expected input or output of **Active Power** of a **BM Unit** and/or (where relevant) **Generating Unit**.

Planning Code or PC

That portion of the **Grid Code** which is identified as the **Planning Code**.

<u>Planned Maintenance</u> Outage

An outage of **NGET** electronic data communication facilities as provided for in CC.6.5.8 and **NGET's** associated computer facilities of which normally at least 5 days notice is given, but in any event of which at least twelve hours notice has been given by **NGET** to the **User** and which is anticipated to last no longer than 2 hours. The length of such an outage may in exceptional circumstances be extended where at least 24 hours notice has been given by **NGET** to the **User**. It is anticipated that normally any planned outage would only last around one hour.

Planned Outage

An outage of a **Large Power Station** or of part of the **GB Transmission System**, or of part of a **User System**, co-ordinated by **NGET** under **OC2**.

<u>Plant</u>

Fixed and movable items used in the generation and/or supply and/or transmission of electricity, other than **Apparatus**.

Point of Common Coupling

That point on the **GB Transmission System** electrically nearest to the **User** installation at which either **Demands** or **Loads** are, or may be, connected.

Point of Connection

An electrical point of connection between the **GB Transmission System** and a **User's System**.

Point of Isolation

The point on **Apparatus** (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2) at which **Isolation** is achieved.

Post-Control Phase

The period following real time operation.

Power Factor

The ratio of **Active Power** to **Apparent Power**.

Power Island

Gensets at an isolated **Power Station**, together with complementary local **Demand**. In Scotland a **Power Island** may include more than one **Power Station**.

Power Park Module

A collection of Non-synchronous Generating Units (registered as a Power Park Module under the PC) that are powered by an Intermittent Power Source, joined together by a System with a single electrical point of connection to the GB Transmission System (or User System if Embedded). The connection to the GB Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) may include a DC Converter. Any Onshore Power Park Module or Offshore Power Park Module.

Power Park Module
Availability Matrix

The matrix described in Appendix 1 to BC1 under the heading **Power Park Module Availability Matrix**.

Power Park Module Planning Matrix

A matrix in the form set out in Appendix 4 of OC2 showing the combination of **Power Park Units** within a **Power Park Module** which would be expected to be running under normal conditions.

Power Park Unit

A Generating Unit within a Power Park Module.

Power Station

An installation comprising one or more **Generating Units** or **Power Park Modules** (even where sited separately) owned and/or controlled by the same **Generator**, which may reasonably be considered as being managed as one **Power Station**.

Power System
Stabiliser or PSS

Equipment controlling the **Exciter** output via the voltage regulator in such a way that power oscillations of the synchronous machines are dampened. Input variables may be speed, frequency or power (or a combination of these).

Preface

The preface to the **Grid Code** (which does not form part of the **Grid Code** and therefore is not binding).

Preliminary Notice

A notice in writing, sent by **NGET** both to all **Users** identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 and to the **Test Proposer**, notifying them of a proposed **System Test**.

Preliminary Project Planning Data

Data relating to a proposed **User Development** at the time the **User** applies for a **CUSC Contract** but before an offer is made and accepted.

Primary Response

The automatic increase in **Active Power** output of a **Genset** or, as the case may be, the decrease in **Active Power Demand** in response to a **System Frequency** fall. This increase in **Active Power** output or, as the case may be, the decrease in **Active Power Demand** must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** which will provide that it will be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** fall on the basis set out in the **Ancillary Services Agreement** and fully available by the latter, and sustainable for at least a further 20 seconds. The interpretation of the **Primary Response** to a – 0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2.

Programming Phase

The period between **Operational Planning Phase** and the **Control Phase**. It starts at the 8 weeks ahead stage and finishes at 17:00 on the day ahead of real time.

Proposal Notice

A notice submitted to **NGET** by a **User** which would like to undertake a **System Test**.

Proposal Report

A report submitted by the **Test Panel** which contains:

- a) proposals for carrying out a System Test (including the manner in which the System Test is to be monitored);
- an allocation of costs (including un-anticipated costs) between the affected parties (the general principle being that the **Test Proposer** will bear the costs); and
- c) such other matters as the **Test Panel** considers appropriate.

The report may include requirements for indemnities to be given in respect of claims and losses arising from a **System Test**.

Protection

The provisions for detecting abnormal conditions on a **System** and initiating fault clearance or actuating signals or indications.

Protection Apparatus

A group of one or more **Protection** relays and/or logic elements designated to perform a specified **Protection** function.

Pumped Storage Generator

A Generator which owns and/or operates any Pumped Storage Plant.

Pumped Storage Plant

The Dinorwig, Ffestiniog, Cruachan and Foyers **Power Stations**.

Pumped Storage Unit

A Generating Unit within a Pumped Storage Plant.

Quiescent Physical Notification or QPN

Data that describes the MW levels to be deducted from the **Physical Notification** of a **BM Unit** to determine a resultant operating level to which the **Dynamic Parameters** associated with that **BM Unit** apply, and the associated times for such MW levels. The MW level of the **QPN** must always be set to zero.

Range CCGT Module

A **CCGT Module** where there is a physical connection by way of a steam or hot gas main between that **CCGT Module** and another **CCGT Module** or other **CCGT Modules**, which connection contributes (if open) to efficient modular operation, and which physical connection can be varied by the operator.

Rated Field Voltage

Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in **IEC** 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to **British Standard BS**4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].

Rated MW

The "rating-plate" MW output of a **Generating Unit, Power Park Module** or **DC Converter**, being:

- (a) that output up to which the **Generating Unit** was designed to operate (Calculated as specified in **British Standard BS** EN 60034 1: 1995); or
- (b) the nominal rating for the MW output of a **Power Park Module** being the maximum continuous electric output power which the **Power Park Module** was designed to achieve under normal operating conditions; or
- (c) the nominal rating for the MW import capacity and export capacity (if at a **DC Converter Station**) of a **DC Converter**.

Reactive Energy

The integral with respect to time of the **Reactive Power**.

Reactive Power

The product of voltage and current and the sine of the phase angle between them measured in units of voltamperes reactive and standard multiples thereof, ie:

> 1000 VAr = 1 kVAr 1000 kVAr = 1 Mvar

Record of InterSystem Safety Precautions or RISSP

A written record of inter-system **Safety Precautions** to be compiled in accordance with the provisions of **OC8**.

Registered Capacity

- (a) In the case of a Generating Unit other than that forming part of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, the normal full load capacity of a Generating Unit as declared by the Generator, less the MW consumed by the Generating Unit through the Generating Unit's Unit Transformer when producing the same (the resultant figure being expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place).
- (b) In the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, the normal full load capacity of the CCGT Module or Power Park Module (as the case may be) as declared by the Generator, being the Active Power declared by the Generator as being deliverable by the CCGT Module or Power Park Module at the Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded CCGT Module or Power Park Module, at the User System Entry Point), expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.
- (c) In the case of a **Power Station**, the maximum amount of **Active Power** deliverable by the **Power Station** at the **Grid Entry Point** (or in the case of an **Embedded Power Station** at the **User System Entry Point**), as declared by the **Generator**, expressed in whole **MW**, or in MW to one decimal place. The maximum **Active Power** deliverable is the maximum amount deliverable simultaneously by the **Generating Units** and/or **CCGT Modules** and/or **Power Park Modules** less the **MW** consumed by the **Generating Units** and/or **CCGT Modules** in producing that **Active Power**.
- (d) In the case of a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station, the normal full load amount of Active Power transferable from a DC Converter at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.
- (e) In the case of a DC Converter Station, the maximum amount of Active Power transferable from a DC Converter Station at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner, expressed in whole MW, or in MW to one decimal place.

Registered Data

Those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes).

Registered Import Capability

In the case of a DC Converter Station containing DC Converters connected to an External System, the maximum amount of Active Power transferable into a DC Converter Station at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station at the User System Entry Point), as declared by the DC Converter Station owner, expressed in whole MW.

In the case of a **DC Converter** connected to an **External System** and in a **DC Converter Station**, the normal full load amount of **Active Power** transferable into a **DC Converter** at the **Onshore Grid Entry Point** (or in the case of an **Embedded DC Converter Station** at the **User System Entry Point**), as declared by the **DC Converter** owner, expressed in whole MW.

Regulations

The Utilities Contracts Regulations 1996, as amended from time to time.

Reheater Time Constant

Determined at Registered Capacity, the reheater time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.

Relevant E&W **Transmission** Licensee

As the context requires NGET and/or an E&W Offshore Transmission Licensee

Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee

As the context requires SPT and/or SHETL and/or a Scottish Offshore **Transmission Licensee**

Licensee

Relevant Transmission Means SP Transmission Ltd (SPT) in its Transmission Area and or Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Ltd (SHETL) in its Transmission Area or any Offshore Transmission Licensee in its Transmission Area.

Remote Transmission Assets

Any **Plant** and **Apparatus** or meters owned by **NGET** which:

- a) are **Embedded** in a **User System** and which are not directly connected by **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** owned by **NGET** to a sub-station owned by NGET; and
- b) are by agreement between **NGET** and such **User** operated under the direction and control of such User.

ordinator

Requesting Safety Co- The Safety Co-ordinator requesting Safety Precautions.

Operator

Responsible Engineer/ A person nominated by a **User** to be responsible for **System** control.

Responsible Manager

A manager who has been duly authorised by a **User** or **NGET** to sign **Site** Responsibility Schedules on behalf of that User or NGET, as the case may be.

For **Connection Sites** in Scotland and **Offshore** a manager who has been duly authorised by the Relevant Transmission Licensee to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of that Relevant Transmission Licensee.

Re-synchronisation

The bringing of parts of the System which have become Out of Synchronism with any other System back into Synchronism, and like terms shall be construed accordingly.

Safety Co-ordinator

A person or persons nominated by NGET-a Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and each E&W User in relation to Connection Points in England and Waleson an E&W Transmission System and/or by the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and each Scottish User in relation to Connection Points in Scotlandon a Scottish Transmission System to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions at each Connection Point when work (which includes testing) is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus (as defined in OC8A.1.6.2 and OC8B.1.7.2), pursuant to OC8.

Safety From The System

That condition which safeguards persons when work is to be carried out on or near a **System** from the dangers which are inherent in the **System**.

Safety Key

A key unique at the **Location** capable of operating a lock which will cause an **Isolating Device** and/or **Earthing Device** to be **Locked**.

Safety Log

A chronological record of messages relating to safety co-ordination sent and received by each **Safety Co-ordinator** under **OC8**.

Safety Precautions

Isolation and/or Earthing.

Safety Rules

The rules of **NGET** (in England and Wales) and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** (in Scotland or **Offshore**) or a **User** that seek to ensure that persons working on **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** to which the rules apply are safeguarded from hazards arising from the **System**.

Scottish Offshore Transmission System

An Offshore Transmission System with an Interface Point in Scotland.

Scottish Offshore Transmission Licensee

A person who owns or operates a **Scottish Offshore Transmission System** pursuant to a **Transmission Licence**.

Scottish Transmission System

<u>Collectively SPT's Transmission System and SHETL's Transmission</u> **System** and any **Scottish Offshore Transmission Systems**

Scottish User

A User in Scotland or any Offshore User who owns or operates Plant and/or Apparatus connected to a Scottish Offshore Transmission System

Secondary Response

The automatic increase in **Active Power** output of a **Genset** or, as the case may be, the decrease in **Active Power Demand** in response to a **System Frequency** fall. This increase in **Active Power** output or, as the case may be, the decrease in **Active Power Demand** must be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** which will provide that it will be fully available by 30 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** fall and be sustainable for at least a further 30 minutes. The interpretation of the **Secondary Response** to a -0.5 Hz frequency change is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2.

Secretary of State Has the same meaning as in the **Act**.

Secured Event Has the meaning set out in the Security and Quality of Supply Standard.

Supply Standard

Security and Quality of The version of the document entitled 'Security and Quality of Supply Standard' established pursuant to the **Transmission Licence** in force at the time of entering into the relevant **Bilateral Agreement**.

Setpoint Voltage The value of voltage at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point**

> if **Embedded**, on the automatic control system steady state operating characteristic, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, at which the transfer of Reactive Power between a Power Park Module, DC Converter or Non-Synchronous Generating Unit and the Transmission System, or

Network Operator's system if **Embedded**, is zero.

Settlement Period A period of 30 minutes ending on the hour and half-hour in each hour

during a day.

A statement, prepared by **NGET** in accordance with the terms of **NGET's Seven Year Statement**

> Transmission Licence, showing for each of the seven succeeding Financial Years, the opportunities available for connecting to and using the GB Transmission System and indicating those parts of the GB Transmission System most suited to new connections and transport of

further quantities of electricity.

SF₆ Gas Zone A segregated zone surrounding electrical conductors within a casing

containing SF₆ gas.

SHETL Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Limited

Shutdown The condition of a **Generating Unit** where the generator rotor is at rest or

on barring.

Significant Incident An **Event** which either:

> a) was notified by a User to NGET under OC7, and which NGET considers has had or may have had a significant effect on the GB Transmission System, and NGET requires the User to report that Event in writing in accordance with OC10 and notifies the User

accordingly; or

b) was notified by NGET to a User under OC7, and which that User considers has had or may have had a significant effect on that User's **System**, and that **User** requires **NGET** to report that **Event** in writing in accordance with the provisions of OC10 and notifies NGET accordingly.

Simultaneous Tap Change

A tap change implemented on the generator step-up transformers of **Synchronised Gensets**, effected by **Generators** in response to an instruction from **NGET** issued simultaneously to the relevant **Power Stations**. The instruction, preceded by advance notice, must be effected as soon as possible, and in any event within one minute of receipt from **NGET** of the instruction.

Single Line Diagram

A schematic representation of a three-phase network in which the three phases are represented by single lines. The diagram shall include (but not necessarily be limited to) busbars, overhead lines, underground cables, power transformers and reactive compensation equipment. It shall also show where **Large Power Stations** are connected, and the points at which **Demand** is supplied.

Single Point of Connection

A single **Point of Connection**, with no interconnection through the **User's System** to another **Point of Connection**.

Site Common Drawings

Drawings prepared for each **Connection Site** which incorporate **Connection Site** layout drawings, electrical layout drawings, common protection/ control drawings and common services drawings.

Site Responsibility Schedule

A schedule containing the information and prepared on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix 1 of the **CC**.

Slope

The ratio of the steady state change in voltage, as a percentage of the nominal voltage, to the steady state change in **Reactive Power** output, in per unit of **Reactive Power** capability. For the avoidance of doubt, the value indicates the percentage voltage reduction that will result in a 1 per unit increase in **Reactive Power** generation.

Small Power Station

A Power Station which is

- (A) directly connected to:
 - (a) NGET's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW; or
 - (b) SPT's Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
 - (c) SHETL's Transmission System where such a Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10 MW; or
 - (d) an Offshore Transmission System where such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;

or,

- (B) **Embedded** within a **User System** (or part thereof) where such **User System** (or part thereof) is connected under normal operating conditions to:
 - (a) NGET's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW; or
 - (b) SPT's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
 - (c) SHETL's Transmission System and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;

or,

- (C) Embedded within a User System (or part thereof) where the User System (or part thereof) is not connected to the GB Transmission System, although such Power Station is in:
 - (a) **NGET's Transmission Area** and such **Power Station** has a **Registered Capacity** of less than 50MW; or
 - (b) SPT's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 30MW; or
 - (c) SHETL's Transmission Area and such Power Station has a Registered Capacity of less than 10MW;

Speeder Motor Setting Range

The minimum and maximum no-load speeds (expressed as a percentage of rated speed) to which the turbine is capable of being controlled, by the speeder motor or equivalent, when the **Generating Unit** terminals are on open circuit.

SPT

SP Transmission Limited

Standard Planning

Data

The general data required by **NGET** under the **PC**. It is generally also the data which **NGET** requires from a new **User** in an application for a **CUSC Contract**, as reflected in the **PC**.

Start Time

The time named as such in an instruction issued by **NGET** pursuant to the **BC**s.

Start-Up

The action of bringing a **Generating Unit** from **Shutdown** to **Synchronous Speed**.

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Statement of Readiness

Has the meaning set out in the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

Station Board

A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the **Auxiliaries** of a **Power Station**, and which is supplied by a **Station Transformer**. It may be interconnected with a **Unit Board**.

Station Transformer

A transformer supplying electrical power to the Auxiliaries of

- a Power Station, which is not directly connected to the Generating Unit terminals (typical voltage ratios being 132/11kV or 275/11kV),or
- a DC Converter Station.

STC Committee

The committee established under the STC.

Steam Unit

A **Generating Unit** whose prime mover converts the heat-energy in steam to mechanical energy.

Subtransmission System

The part of a **User's System** which operates at a single transformation below the voltage of the relevant **Transmission System**.

Supergrid Voltage

Any voltage greater than 200kV.

Supplier

- (a) A person supplying electricity under an **Electricity Supply Licence**; or
- (b) A person supplying electricity under exemption under the **Act**;

in each case acting in its capacity as a supplier of electricity to **Customers** in **Great Britain**.

Surplus

A MW figure relating to a **System Zone** equal to the total **Output Usable** in the **System Zone**:

- a) minus the forecast of **Active Power Demand** in the **System Zone**, and
- b) minus the export limit in the case of an export limited **System Zone**.

or

plus the import limit in the case of an import limited **System Zone**.

and

c) (only in the case of a System Zone comprising the GB
 Transmission System) minus the Operational Planning Margin.

For the avoidance of doubt, a **Surplus** of more than zero in an export limited **System Zone** indicates an excess of generation in that **System Zone**; and a **Surplus** of less than zero in an import limited **System Zone** indicates insufficient generation in that **System Zone**.

Synchronised

- a) The condition where an incoming Generating Unit or Power Park Module or DC Converter or System is connected to the busbars of another System so that the Frequencies and phase relationships of that Generating Unit, Power Park Module, DC Converter or System, as the case may be, and the System to which it is connected are identical, like terms shall be construed accordingly e.g. "Synchronism".
- b) The condition where an importing **BM Unit** is consuming electricity.

Synchronising Generation

The amount of MW (in whole MW) produced at the moment of synchronising.

Synchronising Group

A group of two or more **Gensets**) which require a minimum time interval between their **Synchronising** or **De-Synchronising** times.

Synchronous Compensation

The operation of rotating synchronous **Apparatus** for the specific purpose of either the generation or absorption of **Reactive Power**.

Synchronous Generating Unit

A Generating Unit including, for the avoidance of doubt, a CCGT Unit in which, under all steady state conditions, the rotor rotates at a mechanical speed equal to the electrical frequency of the GB Transmission System divided by the number of pole pairs of the Generating Unit.

Any Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit.

Synchronous Speed

That speed required by a **Generating Unit** to enable it to be **Synchronised** to a **System**.

System

Any **User System** and/or the **GB Transmission System**, as the case may be.

System Ancillary Services

Collectively Part 1 System Ancillary Services and Part 2 System Ancillary Services.

System Constraint

A limitation on the use of a **System** due to lack of transmission capacity or other **System** conditions.

System Constrained Capacity

That portion of **Registered Capacity** or **Registered Import Capacity** not available due to a **System Constraint**.

System Constraint Group

A part of the **GB Transmission System** which, because of **System Constraints**, is subject to limits of **Active Power** which can flow into or out of (as the case may be) that part.

System Fault Dependability Index or Dp

A measure of the ability of **Protection** to initiate successful tripping of circuit-breakers which are associated with a faulty item of **Apparatus**. It is calculated using the formula:

$$Dp = 1 - F_1/A$$

Where:

A = Total number of **System** faults

F₁ = Number of **System** faults where there was a failure to trip a circuit-breaker.

System Margin

The margin in any period between

- (a) the sum of Maximum Export Limits and
- (b) forecast **Demand** and the **Operating Margin**,

for that period.

System Negative Reserve Active Power Margin or System NRAPM

That margin of **Active Power** sufficient to allow the largest loss of **Load** at any time.

System Operator -Transmission Owner Code or STC

Has the meaning set out in NGET's Transmission Licence

System Telephony

An alternative method by which a **User's Responsible Engineer/Operator** and **NGET Control Engineer(s)** speak to one and another for the purposes of control of the **Total System** in both normal operating conditions and where practicable, emergency operating conditions.

System Tests

Tests which involve simulating conditions, or the controlled application of irregular, unusual or extreme conditions, on the **Total System**, or any part of the **Total System**, but which do not include commissioning or recommissioning tests or any other tests of a minor nature.

System to Demand Intertrip Scheme

An intertrip scheme which disconnects **Demand** when a **System** fault has arisen to prevent abnormal conditions occurring on the **System**.

System to Generator Operational Intertripping

A Balancing Service involving the initiation by a System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme of automatic tripping of the User's circuit breaker(s) resulting in the tripping of BM Unit(s) or (where relevant) Generating Unit(s) comprised in a BM Unit to prevent abnormal system conditions occurring, such as over voltage, overload, System instability, etc, after the tripping of other circuit-breakers following power System fault(s).

System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme

A System to Generating Unit or System to CCGT Module Intertripping Scheme forming a condition of connection and specified in Appendix F3 of the relevant Bilateral Agreement, being either a Category 1 Intertripping Scheme, Category 2 Intertripping Scheme, Category 3 Intertripping Scheme or Category 4 Intertripping Scheme.

System Zone

A region of the **GB Transmission System** within a described boundary or the whole of the **GB Transmission System**, as further provided for in OC2.2.4, and the term "**Zonal**" will be construed accordingly.

Target Frequency

That **Frequency** determined by **NGET**, in its reasonable opinion, as the desired operating **Frequency** of the **Total System**. This will normally be 50.00Hz plus or minus 0.05Hz, except in exceptional circumstances as determined by **NGET**, in its reasonable opinion when this may be 49.90 or 50.10Hz. An example of exceptional circumstances may be difficulties caused in operating the **System** during disputes affecting fuel supplies.

<u>Technical</u> Specification

In relation to **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**,

- a) the relevant European Specification; or
- b) if there is no relevant **European Specification**, other relevant standards which are in common use in the European Community.

Test Co-ordinator

A person who co-ordinates **System Tests**.

Test Panel

A panel, whose composition is detailed in **OC12**, which is responsible, inter alia, for considering a proposed **System Test**, and submitting a **Proposal Report** and a **Test Programme**.

Test Programme

A programme submitted by the **Test Panel** to **NGET**, the **Test Proposer**, and each **User** identified by **NGET** under OC12.4.2.1, which states the switching sequence and proposed timings of the switching sequence, a list of those staff involved in carrying out the **System Test** (including those responsible for the site safety) and such other matters as the **Test Panel** deems appropriate.

Test Proposer

The person who submits a **Proposal Notice**.

Total Shutdown

The situation existing when all generation has ceased and there is no electricity supply from **External Interconnections** and, therefore, the **Total System** has shutdown with the result that it is not possible for the **Total System** to begin to function again without **NGET's** directions relating to a **Black Start**.

Total System

The GB Transmission System and all User Systems in Great Britain.

Trading Point

A commercial and, where so specified in the **Grid Code**, an operational interface between a **User** and **NGET**, which a **User** has notified to **NGET**.

Transfer Date

Such date as may be appointed by the **Secretary of State** by order under section 65 of the **Act**.

Transmission

Means, when used in conjunction with another term relating to equipment or a site, whether defined or not, that the associated term is to be read as being part of or directly associated with the **GB Transmission System**, and not of or with the **User System**.

Transmission Area

Has the meaning set out in the **Transmission Licence** of a **Transmission Licensee**.

Transmission Entry Capacity

Has the meaning set out in the CUSC.

Transmission Licence

A licence granted under Section 6(1)(b) of the **Act**.

Transmission Licensee

Means the holder for the time being of a Transmission Licence. Any Onshore Transmission Licensee or Offshore Transmission Licensee.

Transmission Site

In England and Wales, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by **NGET** in which there is a **Connection Point**. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a **User** but occupied by **NGET** as aforesaid, is a **Transmission Site**.

In Scotland and Offshore, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a Relevant Transmission Licensee in which there is a Connection Point. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by the Relevant Transmission Licensee as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site.

Transmission System

Has the same meaning as the term "licensee's transmission system" in the **Transmission License** of a **Transmission Licensee**.

Turbine Time Constant

Determined at **Registered Capacity**, the turbine time constant will be construed in accordance with the principles of the IEEE Committee Report "Dynamic Models for Steam and Hydro Turbines in Power System Studies" published in 1973 which apply to such phrase.

Two Shifting Limit

The maximum number of times in any **Operational Day** that a **Genset** may **De-Synchronise**.

Unbalanced Load

The situation where the **Load** on each phase is not equal.

<u>Under-excitation</u> Limiter

Shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in **IEC** 34-16-1:1991 [equivalent to **British Standard BS**4999 Section 116.1 : 1992].

Under Frequency Relay

An electrical measuring relay intended to operate when its characteristic quantity (**Frequency**) reaches the relay settings by decrease in **Frequency**.

Unit Board

A switchboard through which electrical power is supplied to the **Auxiliaries** of a **Generating Unit** and which is supplied by a **Unit Transformer**. It may be interconnected with a **Station Board**.

Unit Transformer

A transformer directly connected to a **Generating Unit's** terminals, and which supplies power to the **Auxiliaries** of a **Generating Unit**. Typical voltage ratios are 23/11kV and 15/6.6Kv.

Unit Load Controller Response Time Constant

The time constant, expressed in units of seconds, of the power output increase which occurs in the **Secondary Response** timescale in response to a step change in **System Frequency**.

<u>User</u>

A term utilised in various sections of the **Grid Code** to refer to the persons using the **GB Transmission System**, as more particularly identified in each section of the **Grid Code** concerned. In the **Preface** and the **General Conditions** the term means any person to whom the **Grid Code** applies.

User Development

In the PC means either User's Plant and/or Apparatus to be connected to the GB Transmission System, or a Modification relating to a User's Plant and/or Apparatus already connected to the GB Transmission System, or a proposed new connection or Modification to the connection within the User System.

User Site

In England and Wales, a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a **User** in which there is a **Connection Point**. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by **NGET** but occupied by a **User** as aforesaid, is a **User Site**.

In Scotland <u>and Offshore</u>, a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a **User** in which there is a **Connection Point**. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** but occupied by a **User** as aforesaid, is a **User Site**.

User System

Any system owned or operated by a User comprising:-

- (a) Generating Units; and/or
- (b) Systems consisting (wholly or mainly) of electric lines used for the distribution of electricity from Grid Supply Points or Generating Units or other entry points to the point of delivery to Customers, or other Users:

and Plant and/or Apparatus connecting:-

- (c) The system as described above; or
- (d) Non-Embedded Customers equipment;

to the **GB Transmission System** or to the relevant other **User System**, as the case may be.

The **User System** includes any **Remote Transmission Assets** operated by such **User** or other person and any **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** and meters owned or operated by the **User** or other person in connection with the distribution of electricity but does not include any part of the **GB Transmission System**.

<u>User System Entry</u> Point

A point at which a **Generating Unit**, a **CCGT Module** or a **CCGT Unit** or a **Power Park Module** or a **DC Converter**, as the case may be, which is **Embedded** connects to the **User System**.

Water Time Constant

Bears the meaning ascribed to the term "Water inertia time" in **IEC**308.

Weekly ACS Conditions

Means that particular combination of weather elements that gives rise to a level of peak **Demand** within a week, taken to commence on a Monday and end on a Sunday, which has a particular chance of being exceeded as a result of weather variation alone. This particular chance is determined such that the combined probabilities of **Demand** in all weeks of the year exceeding the annual peak **Demand** under **Annual ACS Conditions** is 50%, and in the week of maximum risk the weekly peak **Demand** under **Weekly ACS Conditions** is equal to the annual peak **Demand** under **Annual ACS Conditions**.

Zonal System Security Requirements

That generation required, within the boundary circuits defining the **System Zone**, which when added to the secured transfer capability of the boundary circuits exactly matches the **Demand** within the **System Zone**.

A number of the terms listed above are defined in other documents, such as the **Balancing and Settlement Code** and the **Transmission Licence**. Appendix 1 sets out the current definitions from the other documents of those terms so used in the **Grid Code** and defined in other documents for ease of reference, but does not form part of the **Grid Code**.

2. Construction of References

In the Grid Code:

- a table of contents, a Preface, a Revision section, headings, and the Appendix to this Glossary and Definitions are inserted for convenience only and shall be ignored in construing the Grid Code;
- (ii) unless the context otherwise requires, all references to a particular paragraph, subparagraph, Appendix or Schedule shall be a reference to that paragraph, subparagraph Appendix or Schedule in or to that part of the **Grid Code** in which the reference is made;
- (iii) unless the context otherwise requires, the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, references to any gender shall include all other genders and references to persons shall include any individual, body corporate, corporation, joint venture, trust, unincorporated association, organisation, firm or partnership and any other entity, in each case whether or not having a separate legal personality;
- (iv) references to the words "include" or "including" are to be construed without limitation to the generality of the preceding words;
- (v) unless there is something in the subject matter or the context which is inconsistent therewith, any reference to an Act of Parliament or any Section of or Schedule to, or other provision of an Act of Parliament shall be construed at the particular time, as including a reference to any modification, extension or re-enactment thereof then in force and to all instruments, orders and regulations then in force and made under or deriving validity from the relevant Act of Parliament;
- (vi) where the Glossary and Definitions refers to any word or term which is more particularly defined in a part of the Grid Code, the definition in that part of the Grid Code will prevail (unless otherwise stated) over the definition in the Glossary & Definitions in the event of any inconsistency;
- (vii) a cross-reference to another document or part of the **Grid Code** shall not of itself impose any additional or further or co-existent obligation or confer any additional or further or co-existent right in the part of the text where such cross-reference is contained;
- (viii) nothing in the **Grid Code** is intended to or shall derogate from **NGET's** statutory or licence obligations;
- (ix) a "holding company" means, in relation to any person, a holding company of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;
- (x) a "subsidiary" means, in relation to any person, a subsidiary of such person within the meaning of section 736, 736A and 736B of the Companies Act 1985 as substituted by section 144 of the Companies Act 1989 and, if that latter section is not in force at the **Transfer Date**, as if such latter section were in force at such date;
- (xi) references to time are to London time; and

- (xii) (a) Save where (b) below applies, where there is a reference to an item of data being expressed in a whole number of MW, fractions of a MW below 0.5 shall be rounded down to the nearest whole MW and fractions of a MW of 0.5 and above shall be rounded up to the nearest whole MW;
 - (b) In the case of the definition of **Registered Capacity**, fractions of a MW below 0.05 shall be rounded down to one decimal place and fractions of a MW of 0.05 and above shall be rounded up to one decimal place.

< End of GD >

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PLANNING CODE

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APPENDIX C

PART 1 – SSE'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA PART 2 – SPT'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

APPENDIX D

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

PLANNING CODE

PC.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- PC.1.1 The Planning Code ("PC") specifies the technical and design criteria and procedures to be applied by NGET in the planning and development of the GB Transmission System and to be taken into account by Users in the planning and development of their own Systems. It details information to be supplied by Users to NGET, and certain information to be supplied by NGET to Users. In Scotland and Offshore, NGET has obligations under the STC to inform Relevant Transmission Licensees of data required for the planning of the GB Transmission System. NGET may pass on User data to a Relevant Transmission Licensee where NGET is required to do so under a provision of the STC current as at 29 October 2007. Those categories of User information that NGET is permitted to disclose to a Relevant Transmission Licensee, where required to do so by a provision of the STC, are set out in Schedule Three of the STC ('Information and data exchange specification').
- PC.1.2 The **Users** referred to above are defined, for the purpose of the **PC**, in PC.3.1.
- PC.1.3 Development of the **GB Transmission System**, involving its reinforcement or extension, will arise for a number of reasons including, but not limited to:
 - (a) a development on a **User System** already connected to the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (b) the introduction of a new Connection Site or the Modification of an existing Connection Site between a User System and the GB Transmission System;
 - (c) the cumulative effect of a number of such developments referred to in (a) and (b) by one or more **Users**.
- PC.1.4 Accordingly, the reinforcement or extension of the **GB Transmission System** may involve work:
 - (a) at a substation at a **Connection Site** where **User's Plant** and/or **Apparatus** is connected to the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (b) on transmission lines or other facilities which join that **Connection Site** to the remainder of the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (c) on transmission lines or other facilities at or between points remote from that **Connection Site**.
- PC.1.5 The time required for the planning and development of the **GB Transmission System** will depend on the type and extent of the necessary reinforcement and/or extension work, the need or otherwise for statutory planning consent, the associated possibility of the need for a public inquiry and the degree of

complexity in undertaking the new work while maintaining satisfactory security and quality of supply on the existing **GB Transmission System**.

PC.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

PC.2.1 The objectives of the **PC** are:

- (a) to promote NGET/User interaction in respect of any proposed development on the User System which may impact on the performance of the GB Transmission System or the direct connection with the GB Transmission System;
- (b) to provide for the supply of information to NGET from Users in order that planning and development of the GB Transmission System can be undertaken in accordance with the relevant Licence Standards, to facilitate existing and proposed connections, and also to provide for the supply of certain information from NGET to Users in relation to short circuit current contributions; and
- (c) to specify the **Licence Standards** which will be used in the planning and development of the **GB Transmission System**; and
- (d) to provide for the supply of information required by **NGET** from **Users** in respect of the following to enable **NGET** to carry out its duties under the **Act** and the **Transmission Licence**:
 - (i) Mothballed Generating Units; and
 - (ii) capability of gas-fired **Generating Units** to run using alternative fuels.

NGET will use the information provided under PC2.1(d) in providing reports to the **Authority** and the **Secretary of State** and, where directed by the **Authority** or the **Secretary of Sate** to do so, **NGET** may publish the information. Where it is known by **NGET** that such information is intended for wider publication the information provided under PC2.1(d) shall be aggregated such that individual data items should not be identifiable.

PC.3 <u>SCOPE</u>

PC.3.1 The **PC** applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in the **PC** means:

- (a) **Generators**;
- (b) **Network Operators**;
- (c) Non-Embedded Customers; and
- (d) **DC Converter Station** owners.

The above categories of **User** will become bound by the **PC** prior to them generating, operating, or consuming or importing/exporting, as the case may be, and references to the various categories (or to the general category) of **User** should, therefore, be taken as referring to them in that prospective role as well as to **Users** actually connected.

- PC.3.2 In the case of **Embedded Power Stations** and **Embedded DC Converter Stations**, unless provided otherwise, the following provisions apply with regard to the provision of data under this **PC**:
 - (a) each **Generator** shall provide the data direct to **NGET** in respect of (i) **Embedded Large Power Stations**, (ii) **Embedded Medium Power Stations** subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and (iii) **Embedded Small Power Stations** which form part of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme**;
 - (b) each **DC Converter** owner shall provide the data direct to **NGET** in respect of **Embedded DC Converter Stations** subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**;
 - (c) each Network Operator shall provide the data to NGET in respect of each Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected, or proposed to be connected within such Network Operator's System;
 - (d) although data is not normally required specifically on **Embedded Small Power Stations** or on **Embedded** installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station** under this **PC**, each **Network Operator** in whose **System** they are **Embedded** should provide the data (contained in the Appendix) to **NGET** in respect of **Embedded Small Power Stations** or **Embedded** installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station** if:
 - (i) it falls to be supplied pursuant to the application for a CUSC Contract or in the Statement of Readiness to be supplied in connection with a Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, by the Network Operator; or
 - (ii) it is specifically requested by **NGET** in the circumstances provided for under this **PC**.
- PC.3.3 Certain data does not normally need to be provided in respect of certain **Embedded Power Stations** or **Embedded DC Converter Stations**, as provided in PC.A.1.12.

In summary, **Network Operators** are required to supply the following data in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded DC Converter Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** connected, or is proposed to be connected, within such **Network Operator's System**:

PC.A.2.1.1 PC.A.2.2.2 PC.A.2.5.5.2 PC.A.2.5.6 PC.A.3.1.5 PC.A.3.2.2 PC.A.3.3.1 PC.A.3.4.1 PC.A.3.4.2 PC.A.5.2.2 PC.A.5.3.2 PC.A.5.3.2 PC.A.5.3.1 PC.A.5.5.1 PC.A.5.5.1

PC.3.4 In the case of Embedded Power Stations connected to a User's System which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, any additional data requirements in respect of such Embedded Power Stations may be specified in the relevant Bilateral Agreement between NGET and the Network Operator or in any Bilateral Agreement between NGET and such Embedded Power Station.

PC.4 PLANNING PROCEDURES

- PC.4.1 Pursuant to Condition C11 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**, the means by which **Users** and proposed **Users** of the **GB Transmission System** are able to assess opportunities for connecting to, and using, the **GB Transmission System** comprise two distinct parts, namely:
 - (a) a statement, prepared by NGET under its Transmission Licence, showing for each of the seven succeeding Financial Years, the opportunities available for connecting to and using the GB Transmission System and indicating those parts of the GB Transmission System most suited to new connections and transport of further quantities of electricity (the "Seven Year Statement"); and
 - (b) an offer, in accordance with its Transmission Licence, by NGET to enter into a CUSC Contract. A Bilateral Agreement is to be entered into for every Connection Site (and for certain Embedded Power Stations and Embedded DC Converter Stations) within the first two of the following categories and the existing Bilateral Agreement may be required to be varied in the case of the third category:
 - (i) existing Connection Sites (and for certain Embedded Power Stations) as at the Transfer Date;
 - (ii) new Connection Sites (and for certain Embedded Power Stations and for Embedded DC Converter Stations) with effect from the Transfer Date:
 - (iii) a Modification at a Connection Site (or in relation to the connection of certain Embedded Power Stations and for

Embedded DC Converter Stations whether or not the subject of a **Bilateral Agreement**) (whether such **Connection Site** or connection exists on the **Transfer Date** or is new thereafter) with effect from the **Transfer Date**.

In this **PC**, unless the context otherwise requires, "connection" means any of these 3 categories.

PC.4.2 <u>Introduction to Data</u>

User Data

- PC.4.2.1 Under the **PC**, two types of data to be supplied by **Users** are called for:
 - (a) Standard Planning Data; and
 - (b) **Detailed Planning Data**,

as more particularly provided in PC.A.1.4.

- PC.4.2.2 The **PC** recognises that these two types of data, namely **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**, are considered at three different levels:
 - (a) **Preliminary Project Planning Data**;
 - (b) Committed Project Planning Data; and
 - (c) Connected Planning Data,

as more particularly provided in PC.5

- PC.4.2.3 **Connected Planning Data** is itself divided into:
 - (a) Forecast Data;
 - (b) **Registered Data**; and
 - (c) Estimated Registered Data,

as more particularly provided in PC.5.5

PC.4.2.4 Clearly, an existing **User** proposing a new **Connection Site** (or **Embedded Power Station** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** in the circumstances outlined in PC.4.1) will need to supply data both in an application for a **Bilateral Agreement** and under the **PC** in relation to that proposed new **Connection Site** (or **Embedded Power Station** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** in the circumstances outlined in PC.4.1) and that will be treated as **Preliminary Project Planning Data** or **Committed Project Planning Data** (as the case may be), but the data it supplies under the **PC** relating to its existing **Connection Sites** will be treated as **Connected Planning Data**.

Network Data

- PC.4.2.5 In addition, there is **Network Data** supplied by **NGET** in relation to short circuit current contributions.
- PC.4.3 Data Provision
- PC.4.3.1 Seven Year Statement

To enable the **Seven Year Statement** to be prepared, each **User** is required to submit to **NGET** (subject to the provisions relating to **Embedded Power**

Stations and Embedded DC Converter Stations in PC.3.2) both the Standard Planning Data and the Detailed Planning Data as listed in parts I and 2 of the Appendix. This data should be submitted in calendar week 24 of each year (although Network Operators may delay the submission of data (other than that to be submitted pursuant to PC.3.2(c) and PC.3.2(d)) until calendar week 28) and should cover each of the seven succeeding Financial **Years** (and in certain instances, the current year). Where, from the date of one submission to another, there is no change in the data (or in some of the data) to be submitted, instead of re-submitting the data, a **User** may submit a written statement that there has been no change from the data (or in some of the data) submitted the previous time. In addition, **NGET** will also use the **Transmission** Entry Capacity and Connection Entry Capacity data from the CUSC Contract, and any data submitted by Network Operators in relation to an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, in the preparation of the Seven Year Statement and to that extent the data will not be treated as confidential.

PC.4.3.2 Network Data

To enable **Users** to model the **GB Transmission System** in relation to short circuit current contributions, **NGET** is required to submit to **Users** the **Network Data** as listed in Part 3 of the Appendix. The data will be submitted in week 42 of each year and will cover that **Financial Year**.

PC.4.4 Offer of Terms for connection

PC.4.4.1 <u>CUSC Contract – Data Requirements/Offer Timing</u>

The completed application form for a **CUSC Contract** to be submitted by a **User** when making an application for a **CUSC Contract** will include:

- (a) a description of the Plant and/or Apparatus to be connected to the GB Transmission System or of the Modification relating to the User's Plant and/or Apparatus already connected to the GB Transmission System or, as the case may be, of the proposed new connection or Modification to the connection within the User System of the User, each of which shall be termed a "User Development" in the PC:
- (b) the relevant **Standard Planning Data** as listed in Part 1 of the Appendix; and
- (c) the desired **Completion Date** of the proposed **User Development**.
- (d) the desired Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity.

The completed application form for a **CUSC Contract** will be sent to **NGET** as more particularly provided in the application form.

PC.4.4.2 Any offer of a **CUSC Contract** will provide that it must be accepted by the applicant **User** within the period stated in the offer, after which the offer automatically lapses. Acceptance of the offer renders the **GB Transmission System** works relating to that **User Development**, reflected in the offer, committed and binds both parties to the terms of the offer. Within 28 days (or

such longer period as **NGET** may agree in any particular case) of acceptance of the offer the **User** shall supply the **Detailed Planning Data** pertaining to the **User Development** as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix.

PC.4.4.3 <u>Embedded Development Agreement – Data Requirements</u>

The **Network Operator** shall submit the following data in relation to an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to, or proposed to be subject to, a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** not subject to, or proposed to be subject to, a **Bilateral Agreement** as soon as reasonably practicable after receipt of an application from an **Embedded Person** to connect to its **System**:

- (a) details of the proposed new connection or variation (having a similar effect on the Network Operator's System as a Modification would have on the GB Transmission System) to the connection within the Network Operator's System, each of which shall be termed an "Embedded Development" in the PC (where a User Development has an impact on the Network Operator's System details shall be supplied in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.4.5);
- (b) the relevant **Standard Planning Data** as listed in Part 1 of the Appendix;
- (c) the proposed completion date (having a similar meaning in relation to the Network Operator's System as Completion Date would have in relation to the GB Transmission System) of the Embedded Development; and
- (d) upon the request of **NGET**, the relevant **Detailed Planning Data** as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix.
- PC.4.4.4 Within 28 days (or such longer period as **NGET** may agree in any particular case) of entry into the **Embedded Development Agreement** the **Network Operator** shall supply the **Detailed Planning Data** pertaining to the **embedded Development** as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix.

PC.4.5 <u>Complex connections</u>

- PC.4.5.1 The magnitude and complexity of any **GB Transmission System** extension or reinforcement will vary according to the nature, location and timing of the proposed **User Development** which is the subject of the application and it may, in the event, be necessary for **NGET** to carry out additional more extensive system studies to evaluate more fully the impact of the proposed **User Development** on the **GB Transmission System**. Where **NGET** judges that such additional more detailed studies are necessary the offer may indicate the areas that require more detailed analysis and before such additional studies are required, the **User** shall indicate whether it wishes **NGET** to undertake the work necessary to proceed to make a revised offer within the 3 month period normally allowed or, where relevant, the timescale consented to by the **Authority**.
- PC.4.5.2 To enable **NGET** to carry out any of the above mentioned necessary detailed system studies, the **User** may, at the request of **NGET**, be required to provide some or all of the **Detailed Planning Data** listed in part 2 of the Appendix in advance of the normal timescale referred in PC.4.4.2 provided that **NGET** can reasonably demonstrate that it is relevant and necessary.

PC.4.5.3 To enable **NGET** to carry out any necessary detailed system studies, the relevant **Network Operator** may, at the request of **NGET**, be required to provide some or all of the **Detailed Planning Data** listed in Part 2 of the Appendix in advance of the normal timescale referred in PC.4.4.4 provided that **NGET** can reasonably demonstrate that it is relevant and necessary.

PC.5 PLANNING DATA

PC.5.1 As far as the **PC** is concerned, there are three relevant levels of data in relation to **Users**. These levels, which relate to levels of confidentiality, commitment and validation, are described in the following paragraphs.

Preliminary Project Planning Data

- At the time the **User** applies for a **CUSC Contract** but before an offer is made and accepted by the applicant **User**, the data relating to the proposed **User Development** will be considered as **Preliminary Project Planning Data**. Data relating to an **Embedded Development** provided by a **Network Operator** in accordance with PC.4.4.3, and PC.4.4.4 if requested, will be considered as **Preliminary Project Planning Data**. All such data will be treated as confidential within the scope of the provisions relating to confidentiality in the **CUSC**.
- PC.5.3 **Preliminary Project Planning Data** will normally only contain the **Standard Planning Data** unless the **Detailed Planning Data** is required in advance of the normal timescale to enable **NGET** to carry out additional detailed system studies as described in PC.4.5.

Committed Project Planning Data

- Once the offer for a CUSC Contract is accepted, the data relating to the User PC.5.4 Development already submitted as Preliminary Project Planning Data, and subsequent data required by NGET under this PC, will become Committed Project Planning Data. Once an Embedded Person has entered into an Embedded Development Agreement, as notified to NGET by the Network **Operator**, the data relating to the **Embedded Development** already submitted as Preliminary Project Planning Data, and subsequent data required by NGET under the PC, will become Committed Project Planning Data. Such data, together with Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity data from the CUSC Contract and other data held by NGET relating to the GB Transmission System will form the background against which new applications by any User will be considered and against which planning of the GB Transmission System will be undertaken. Accordingly, Committed Project Planning Data, Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission **Entry Capacity** data will not be treated as confidential to the extent that **NGET**:
 - (a) is obliged to use it in the preparation of the **Seven Year Statement** and in any further information given pursuant to the **Seven Year Statement**:
 - (b) is obliged to use it when considering and/or advising on applications (or possible applications) of other **Users** (including making use of it by

giving data from it, both orally and in writing, to other **Users** making an application (or considering or discussing a possible application) which is, in **NGET's** view, relevant to that other application or possible application);

- (c) is obliged to use it for operational planning purposes;
- (d) is obliged under the terms of an **Interconnection Agreement** to pass it on as part of system information on the **Total System**.
- (e) is obliged to disclose it under **STC**.

To reflect different types of data, **Preliminary Project Planning Data** and **Committed Project Planning Data** are themselves divided into:

- those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which will always be forecast, known as **Forecast Data**; and
- (b) those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which relate to Plant and/or Apparatus which upon connection will become Registered Data, but which prior to connection, for the seven succeeding Financial Years, will be an estimate of what is expected, known as Estimated Registered Data.

Connected Planning Data

PC.5.5 The **PC** requires that, at the time that a **Statement of Readiness** is submitted under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, any estimated values assumed for planning purposes are confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for forecast data items such as **Demand**. In the case of an **Embedded Development** the relevant **Network Operator** will update any estimated values assumed for planning purposes with validated actual values as soon as reasonably practicable after energisation. This data is then termed **Connected Planning Data**.

To reflect the three types of data referred to above, **Connected Planning Data** is itself divided into:

- (a) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which will always be forecast data, known as **Forecast Data**; and
- (b) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes), known as **Registered Data**; and

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those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** which for the purposes of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** concerned as at the date of submission are **Registered Data** but which for the seven succeeding **Financial Years** will be an estimate of what is expected, known as **Estimated Registered Data**,

as more particularly provided in the Appendix.

- PC.5.6 Connected Planning Data, together with Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity data from the CUSC Contract, and other data held by NGET relating to the GB Transmission System, will form the background against which new applications by any User will be considered and against which planning of the GB Transmission System will be undertaken. Accordingly, Connected Planning Data, Connection Entry Capacity and Transmission Entry Capacity data will not be treated as confidential to the extent that NGET:
 - is obliged to use it in the preparation of the Seven Year Statement and in any further information given pursuant to the Seven Year Statement;
 - (b) is obliged to use it when considering and/or advising on applications (or possible applications) of other **Users** (including making use of it by giving data from it, both orally and in writing, to other **Users** making an application (or considering or discussing a possible application) which is, in **NGET's** view, relevant to that other application or possible application);
 - (c) is obliged to use it for operational planning purposes;
 - is obliged under the terms of an **Interconnection Agreement** to pass it on as part of system information on the **Total System**.
 - (e) is obliged to disclose it under the **STC**.
- PC.5.7 Committed Project Planning Data and Connected Planning Data will each contain both Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data.

PC.6 PLANNING STANDARDS

- PC.6.1 NGET shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development, in the planning and development of its Transmission System.

 NGET shall procure that each Relevant Transmission Licensee shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development, in the planning and development of the Transmission System of each Relevant Transmission Licensee.
- PC.6.2 In relation to Scotland, Appendix C lists the technical and design criteria applied in the planning and development of each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission System. The criteria are subject to review in accordance with each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence conditions. Copies of these documents are available from NGET

on request. **NGET** will charge an amount sufficient to recover its reasonable costs incurred in providing this service.

PC.6.3 In relation to **Offshore**, Appendix D lists the technical and design criteria applied in the planning and development of each **Offshore Transmission**System. The criteria are subject to review in accordance with each **Offshore**Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence conditions. Copies of these documents are available from **NGET** on request. **NGET** will charge an amount sufficient to recover its reasonable costs incurred in providing this service.

APPENDIX A

PLANNING DATA REQUIREMENTS

PC.A.1. INTRODUCTION

PC.A.1.1 The Appendix specifies data requirements to be submitted to **NGET** by **Users**, and in certain circumstances to **Users** by **NGET**.

Submissions by **Users**

- PC.A.1.2 (a) Planning data submissions by **Users** shall be:
 - (i) with respect to each of the seven succeeding Financial Years (other than in the case of Registered Data which will reflect the current position and data relating to Demand forecasts which relates also to the current year);
 - (ii) provided by **Users** in connection with a **CUSC Contract** (PC.4.1, PC.4.4 and PC.4.5 refer);
 - (iii) provided by **Users** on a routine annual basis in calendar week 24 of each year to maintain an up-to-date data bank (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission of data (other than that to be submitted pursuant to PC.3.2(c) and PC.3.2(d)) until calendar week 28). Where from the date of one annual submission to another there is no change in the data (or in some of the data) to be submitted, instead of re-submitting the data, a **User** may submit a written statement that there has been no change from the data (or some of the data) submitted the previous time; and
 - (iv) provided by **Network Operators** in connection with **Embedded Development** (PC.4.4 refers).
 - (b) Where there is any change (or anticipated change) in Committed Project Planning Data or a significant change in Connected Planning Data in the category of Forecast Data or any change (or anticipated change) in Connected Planning Data in the categories of Registered Data or Estimated Registered Data supplied to NGET under the PC, notwithstanding that the change may subsequently be notified to NGET under the PC as part of the routine annual update of data (or that the change may be a Modification under the CUSC), the User shall, subject to PC.A.3.2.3 and PC.A.3.2.4, notify NGET in writing without delay.
 - (c) The notification of the change will be in the form required under this **PC** in relation to the supply of that data and will also contain the following information:
 - (i) the time and date at which the change became, or is expected to become, effective;

- (ii) if the change is only temporary, an estimate of the time and date at which the data will revert to the previous registered form.
- (d) The routine annual update of data, referred to in (a)(iii) above, need not be submitted in respect of **Small Power Stations** or **Embedded** installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station** (except as provided in PC.3.2.(c)), or unless specifically requested by **NGET**, or unless otherwise specifically provided.

PC.A.1.3 Submissions by **NGET**

Network Data release by NGET shall be:

- (a) with respect to the current Financial Year;
- (b) provided by NGET on a routine annual basis in calendar week 42 of each year. Where from the date of one annual submission to another there is no change in the data (or in some of the data) to be released, instead of repeating the data, NGET may release a written statement that there has been no change from the data (or some of the data) released the previous time.

The three parts of the Appendix

PC.A.1.4 The data requirements listed in this Appendix are subdivided into the following three parts:

(a) **Standard Planning Data**

This data (as listed in Part 1 of the Appendix) is first to be provided by a **User** at the time of an application for a **CUSC Contract** or in accordance with PC.4.4.3. It comprises data which is expected normally to be sufficient for **NGET** to investigate the impact on the **GB Transmission System** of any **User Development** or **Embedded Development** associated with an application by the **User** for a **CUSC Contract**. **Users** should note that the term **Standard Planning Data** also includes the information referred to in PC.4.4.1.(a) and PC.4.4.3.(a).

(b) **Detailed Planning Data**

This data (as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix) is usually first to be provided by the User within 28 days (or such longer period as NGET may agree in any particular case) of the offer for a CUSC Contract, being accepted by the User. In the case of an Embedded Development this data (as listed in Part 2 of the Appendix) is usually first to be provided by the relevant Network Operator within 28 days (or such longer period as NGET may agree in any particular case) of entry into the Embedded Development Agreement. It comprises additional, more detailed, data not normally expected to be required by NGET to investigate the impact on the GB Transmission System of any User Development associated with an application by the User for a CUSC Contract or Embedded Development Agreement. Users, and

Network Operators in respect of **Embedded Developments** should note that, although not needed within 28 days of the offer or entry into the

Embedded Development Agreement, as the case may be, the term Detailed Planning Data also includes Operation Diagrams and Site Common Drawings produced in accordance with the CC.

The **User** may, however, be required by **NGET** to provide the **Detailed Planning Data** in advance of the normal timescale before **NGET** can make an offer for a **CUSC Contract**, as explained in PC.4.5.

(c) Network Data

The data requirements for **NGET** in this Appendix are in Part 3.

Forecast Data, Registered Data and Estimated Registered Data

- PC.A.1.5 As explained in PC.5.4 and PC.5.5, **Planning Data** is divided into:
 - (i) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Forecast Data**; and
 - those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Registered Data**; and
 - (iii) those items of **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** known as **Estimated Registered Data**.
- PC.A.1.6 The following paragraphs in this Appendix relate to **Forecast Data**:

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3.2.2(b), (h), (i) and (j)
```

4.2.1

4.3.1

4.3.2

4.3.2

4.3.4

4.3.5

4.5(a)(ii) and (b)(ii)

4.7.1

5.2.1

5.2.2

5.6.1

PC.A.1.7 The following paragraphs in this Appendix relate to **Registered Data** and **Estimated Registered Data**:

2.2.1

2.2.4

2.2.5

2.2.6

2.3.1

2.4.1

2.4.2

3.2.2(a), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i)(part) and (j)

3.4.1

3.4.2 4.2.3 4.5(a)(i), (a)(iii), (b)(i) and (b)(iii) 4.6 5.3.2 5.4 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.5 5.6.3 6.2 6.3

- PC.A.1.8 The data supplied under PC.A.3.3.1, although in the nature of **Registered Data**, is only supplied either upon application for a **CUSC Contract**, or in accordance with PC.4.4.3, and therefore does not fall to be **Registered Data**, but is **Estimated Registered Data**.
- PC.A.1.9 **Forecast Data** must contain the **User's** best forecast of the data being forecast, acting as a reasonable and prudent **User** in all the circumstances.
- PC.A.1.10 Registered Data must contain validated actual values, parameters or other information (as the case may be) which replace the estimated values, parameters or other information (as the case may be) which were given in relation to those data items when they were Preliminary Project Planning Data and Committed Project Planning Data, or in the case of changes, which replace earlier actual values, parameters or other information (as the case may Until amended pursuant to the Grid Code, these actual values, parameters or other information (as the case may be) will be the basis upon which the GB Transmission System is planned, designed, built and operated in accordance with, amongst other things, the Transmission Licences, the STC and the Grid Code, and on which NGET therefore relies. In following the processes set out in the BCs, NGET will use the data which has been supplied to it under the BCs and the data supplied under OC2 in relation to Gensets, but the provision of such data will not alter the data supplied by **Users** under the PC, which may only be amended as provided in the PC.
- PC.A.1.11 **Estimated Registered Data** must contain the **User's** best estimate of the values, parameters or other information (as the case may be), acting as a reasonable and prudent **User** in all the circumstances.
- PC.A.1.12 Certain data does not need to be supplied in relation to **Embedded Power Stations** or **Embedded DC Converter Stations** where these are connected at a voltage level below the voltage level directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** except in connection with a **CUSC Contract**, or unless specifically requested by **NGET**.

PART 1 STANDARD PLANNING DATA

PC.A.2 USER'S SYSTEM DATA

PC.A.2.1 <u>Introduction</u>

PC.A.2.1.1 Each **User**, whether connected directly via an existing **Connection Point** to the GB Transmission System, or seeking such a direct connection, or providing terms for connection of an Offshore Transmission System to its User System to NGET, shall provide NGET with data on its User System which relates to the Connection Site and/or which may have a system effect on the performance of the **GB Transmission System**. Such data, current and forecast, is specified in PC.A.2.2 to PC.A.2.5. In addition each **Generator** in respect of its **Embedded** Large Power Stations and its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations within its System not subject to a Bilateral Agreement connected to the Subtransmission System, shall provide NGET with fault infeed data as specified in PC.A.2.5.5 and each DC Converter owner with Embedded DC Converter Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement, or Network Operator in the case of Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, connected to the Subtransmission System shall provide **NGET** with fault infeed data as specified in PC.A.2.5.6.

- PC.A.2.1.2 Each **User** must reflect the system effect at the **Connection Site(s)** of any third party **Embedded** within its **User System** whether existing or proposed.
- Although not itemised here, each User with an existing or proposed Embedded Small Power Station, Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station with a Registered Capacity of less than 100MW or an Embedded installation of direct current converters which does not form a DC Converter Station in its User System may, at NGET's reasonable discretion, be required to provide additional details relating to the User's System between the Connection Site and the existing or proposed Embedded Small Power Station, Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station or Embedded installation of direct current converters which does not form a DC Converter Station.
- PC.A.2.1.4 At **NGET**'s reasonable request, additional data on the **User's System** will need to be supplied. Some of the possible reasons for such a request, and the data required, are given in PC.A.6.2, PC.A.6.4, PC.A.6.5 and PC.A.6.6.

PC.A.2.2 <u>User's System Layout</u>

- PC.A.2.2.1 Each **User** shall provide a **Single Line Diagram**, depicting both its existing and proposed arrangement(s) of load current carrying **Apparatus** relating to both existing and proposed **Connection Points**.
- PC.A.2.2.2 The **Single Line Diagram** (three examples are shown in Appendix B) must include all parts of the **User System** operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland and **Offshore**, also all parts of the **User System** operating at 132kV, and those parts of its **Subtransmission System** at any **Transmission Site**. In addition, the **Single Line Diagram** must include

parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** throughout **Great Britain** operating at a voltage greater than 50kV, and, in Scotland<u>and **Offshore**</u>, also all parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** operating at a voltage greater than 30kV, which, under either intact network or **Planned Outage** conditions:

- (a) normally interconnects separate **Connection Points**, or busbars at a **Connection Point** which are normally run in separate sections; or
- (b) connects Embedded Large Power Stations, or Embedded Medium Power Stations, or Embedded DC Converter Stations connected to the User's Subtransmission System, to a Connection Point.

At the User's discretion, the Single Line Diagram can also contain additional details of the User's Subtransmission System not already included above, and also details of the transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage. With NGET's agreement, the Single Line Diagram can also contain information about the User's System at a voltage below the voltage of the Subtransmission System.

The Single Line Diagram for a Power Park Module must include all parts of the System connecting generating equipment to the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded). As an alternative the User may choose to submit a Single Line Diagram with the equipment between the equivalent Power Park Unit and the Common Collection Busbar reduced to an electrically equivalent network. The format for a Single Line Diagram for a Power Park Module electrically equivalent system is shown in Appendix B.

The **Single Line Diagram** must include the points at which **Demand** data (provided under PC.A.4.3.4) and fault infeed data (provided under PC.A.2.5) are supplied.

PC.A.2.2.3 The above mentioned **Single Line Diagram** shall include:

- (a) electrical circuitry (ie. overhead lines, identifying which circuits are on the same towers, underground cables, power transformers, reactive compensation equipment and similar equipment); and
- (b) substation names (in full or abbreviated form) with operating voltages.

In addition, for all load current carrying **Apparatus** operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland and **Offshore**, also at 132kV, the **Single Line Diagram** shall include:-

- (a) circuit breakers
- (b) phasing arrangements.
- PC.A.2.2.3.1 For the avoidance of doubt, the **Single Line Diagram** to be supplied is in addition to the **Operation Diagram** supplied pursuant to CC.7.4.

PC.A.2.2.4 For each circuit shown on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the following details relating to that part of its **User System:**

Circuit Parameters:

Rated voltage (kV)
Operating voltage (kV)
Positive phase sequence reactance
Positive phase sequence resistance
Positive phase sequence susceptance
Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutual)
Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutual)
Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutual)

In the case of a **Single Line Diagram** for a **Power Park Module** electrically equivalent system the data should be on a 100MVA base. Depending on the equivalent system supplied an equivalent tap changer range may need to be supplied. Similarly mutual values, rated voltage and operating voltage may be inappropriate.

PC.A.2.2.5 For each transformer shown on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the following details:

Rated MVA
Voltage Ratio
Winding arrangement
Positive sequence reactance
(max, min and nominal tap)
Positive sequence resistance
(max, min and nominal tap)
Zero sequence reactance

PC.A.2.2.5.1. In addition, for all interconnecting transformers between the User's Supergrid Voltage System and the User's Subtransmission System throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland and Offshore, also for all interconnecting transformers between the User's 132kV System and the User's Subtransmission System the User shall supply the following information:-

Tap changer range
Tap change step size
Tap changer type: on load or off circuit
Earthing method: Direct, resistance or reactance
Impedance (if not directly earthed)

- PC.A.2.2.6 Each **User** shall supply the following information about the **User's** equipment installed at a **Transmission Site**:-
 - (a) <u>Switchgear.</u> For all circuit breakers:-

Rated voltage (kV)
Operating voltage (kV)

Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit breaking current, (kA)

Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit breaking current, (kA)

Rated 3-phase peak short-circuit making current, (kA)

Rated 1-phase peak short-circuit making current, (kA)

Rated rms continuous current (A)

DC time constant applied at testing of asymmetrical breaking abilities (secs)

(b) <u>Substation Infrastructure.</u> For the substation infrastructure (including, but not limited to, switch disconnectors, disconnectors, current transformers, line traps, busbars, through bushings, etc):-

Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current (kA)

Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current (kA).

Rated 3-phase short-circuit peak withstand current (kA)

Rated 1- phase short-circuit peak withstand current (kA)

Rated duration of short circuit withstand (secs)

Rated rms continuous current (A)

A single value for the entire substation may be supplied, provided it represents the most restrictive item of current carrying apparatus.

PC.A.2.3 <u>Lumped System Susceptance</u>

- PC.A.2.3.1 For all parts of the **User's Subtransmission System** which are not included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1, each **User** shall provide the equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal **Frequency**.
- PC.A.2.3.1.1 This should include shunt reactors connected to cables which are <u>not</u> normally in or out of service independent of the cable (ie. they are regarded as part of the cable).
- PC.A.2.3.1.2 This should not include:
 - (a) independently switched reactive compensation equipment connected to the **User's System** specified under PC.A.2.4, or;
 - (b) any susceptance of the **User's System** inherent in the **Demand** (**Reactive Power**) data specified under PC.A.4.3.1.

PC.A.2.4 Reactive Compensation Equipment

For all independently switched reactive compensation equipment, including that shown on the **Single Line Diagram**, not operated by **NGET** and connected to the **User's System** at 132kV and above in England and Wales and 33kV and above in Scotland and **Offshore**, other than power factor correction equipment associated directly with **Customers' Plant** and **Apparatus**, the following information is required:

- (a) type of equipment (eg. fixed or variable);
- (b) capacitive and/or inductive rating or its operating range in Mvar;
- (c) details of any automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined:
- the point of connection to the **User's System** in terms of electrical location and **System** voltage.
- PC.A.2.4.2 **DC Converter Station** owners are also required to provide information about the reactive compensation and harmonic filtering equipment required to ensure that their **Plant** and **Apparatus** complies with the criteria set out in CC.6.1.5.

PC.A.2.5 <u>Short Circuit Contribution to **GB Transmission System**</u>

PC.A.2.5.1 General

- (a) To allow **NGET** to calculate fault currents, each **User** is required to provide data, calculated in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**, as set out in the following paragraphs of PC.A.2.5.
- (b) The data should be provided for the User's System with all Generating Units, Power Park Units and DC Converters Synchronised to that User's System. The User must ensure that the pre-fault network conditions reflect a credible System operating arrangement.
- (c) The list of data items required, in whole or part, under the following provisions, is set out in PC.A.2.5.6. Each of the relevant following provisions identifies which data items in the list are required for the situation with which that provision deals.

The fault currents in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of the data list in PC.A.2.5.6 should be based on an a.c. load flow that takes into account any pre-fault current flow across the **Point of Connection** being considered.

Measurements made under appropriate **System** conditions may be used by the **User** to obtain the relevant data.

- (d) **NGET** may at any time, in writing, specifically request for data to be provided for an alternative **System** condition, for example minimum plant, and the **User** will, insofar as such request is reasonable, provide the information as soon as reasonably practicable following the request.
- PC.A.2.5.2 **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers** are required to submit data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.4. **Generators**, **DC Converter Station** owners and **Network Operators**, in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded DC**

Converter Stations not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within such **Network Operator's Systems** are required to submit data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.5.

PC.A.2.5.3

Where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned, operated or managed by **NGET** are close to the equipment rating, and in **NGET**'s reasonable opinion more accurate calculations of the prospective short circuit currents are required, then **NGET** will request additional data as outlined in PC.A.6.6 below.

PC.A.2.5.4 Data from **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers**

PC.A.2.5.4.1

Data is required to be provided at each node on the Single Line Diagram provided under PC.A.2.2.1 at which motor loads and/or Embedded Small Power Stations and/or Embedded Medium Power Stations and/or Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station are connected, assuming a fault at that location, as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi);

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c) - (f).

PC.A.2.5.4.2 Network Operators shall provide the following data items in respect of each Interface Point within their User System:

- (a) Maximum Export Capacity;
- (b) **Maximum Import Capacity**; and,
- (c) Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor

Network Operators shall alongside these parameters include details of any manual or automatic post fault actions to be taken by the owner / operator of the Offshore Transmission System connected to such Interface Point that are required by the Network Operator.

PC.A.2.5.5

Data from Generators, DC Converter Station owners and from Network Operators in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's Systems.

PC.A.2.5.5.1

For each Generating Unit with one or more associated Unit Transformers, the Generator, or the Network Operator in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's System is required to provide values for the contribution of the Power Station Auxiliaries (including Auxiliary Gas Turbines or Auxiliary Diesel Engines) to the fault current flowing through the Unit Transformer(s).

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) should be provided:-

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- (i), (ii) and (v);
- (iii) if the associated **Generating Unit** step-up transformer can supply zero phase sequence current from the **Generating Unit** side to the **GB Transmission System**;
- (iv) if the value is not 1.0 p.u;

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c) - (f), and with the following parts of this PC.A.2.5.5.

- PC.A.2.5.5.2 Auxiliary motor short circuit current contribution and any **Auxiliary Gas Turbine Unit** contribution through the **Unit Transformers** must be represented as a combined short circuit current contribution at the **Generating Unit's** terminals, assuming a fault at that location.
- PC.A.2.5.5.3 If the **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** has separate **Station Transformers**, data should be provided for the fault current contribution from each transformer at its high voltage terminals, assuming a fault at that location, as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi);

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(b) - (f).

- PC.A.2.5.5.4 Data for the fault infeeds through both **Unit Transformers** and **Station Transformers** shall be provided for the normal running arrangement when the maximum number of **Generating Units** are **Synchronised** to the **System** or when all the **DC Converters** at a **DC Converter Station** are transferring **Rated MW** in either direction. Where there is an alternative running arrangement (or transfer in the case of a **DC Converter Station**) which can give a higher fault infeed through the **Station Transformers**, then a separate data submission representing this condition shall be made.
- PC.A.2.5.5.5 Unless the normal operating arrangement within the **Power Station** is to have the **Station** and **Unit Boards** interconnected within the **Power Station**, no account should be taken of the interconnection between the **Station Board** and the **Unit Board**.
- PC.A.2.5.5.6 Auxiliary motor short circuit current contribution and any auxiliary **DC**Converter Station contribution through the Station Transformers must be represented as a combined short circuit current contribution through the Station Transformers.
- PC.A.2.5.5.7 For each **Power Park Module** and each type of **Power Park Unit (**eg. Doubly Fed Induction Generator), including any **Auxiliaries**, positive, negative and zero sequence root mean square current values are to be provided of the contribution to the short circuit current flowing at
 - (i) the **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and
 - (ii) the Grid Entry Point, or User System Entry Point if Embedded

for the following solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**:

- (i) a symmetrical three phase short circuit
- (ii) a single phase to earth short circuit
- (iii) a phase to phase short circuit
- (iv) a two phase to earth short circuit

For a **Power Park Module** in which one or more of the **Power Park Units** utilise a protective control such as a crowbar circuit, the data should indicate whether the protective control will act in each of the above cases and the effects of its action shall be included in the data. For any case in which the protective control will act, the data for the fault shall also be submitted for the limiting case in which the protective circuit will not act, which may involve the application of a non-solid fault, and the positive, negative and zero sequence retained voltages at

- (i) the **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data is provided and
- (ii) the Grid Entry Point, or User System Entry Point if Embedded

in this limiting case shall be provided.

For each fault for which data is submitted, the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

```
(iv), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x);
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In addition, if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** has been provided the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

```
(xi), (xii), (xiii);
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In addition, for a **Power Park Module** in which one or more of the **Power Park Units** utilise a protective control such as a crowbar circuit:-

the data items listed under the following parts of P.C.A.2.5.6(a) shall be provided:-

```
(xiv), (xv);
```

All of the above data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.2.5.6(c), (d), (f).

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a CUSC Contract or Embedded Development Agreement, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to NGET as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

PC.A.2.5.6 Data Items

- (a) The following is the list of data utilised in this part of the **PC**. It also contains rules on the data which generally apply:-
 - (i) Root mean square of the symmetrical three-phase short circuit current infeed at the instant of fault, (I₁");
 - (ii) Root mean square of the symmetrical three-phase short circuit current after the subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed, (I₁');
 - (iii) the zero sequence source resistance and reactance values of the **User's System** as seen from the node on the **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.1 (or **Station Transformer** high voltage terminals or **Generating Unit** terminals or **DC Converter** terminals, as appropriate) consistent with the infeed described in PC.A.2.5.1.(b);
 - (iv) root mean square of the pre-fault voltage at which the maximum fault currents were calculated;
 - (v) the positive sequence X/R ratio at the instant of fault;
 - (vi) the negative sequence resistance and reactance values of the User's System seen from the node on the Single Line Diagram provided under PC.A.2.2.1 (or Station Transformer high voltage terminals, or Generating Unit terminals or DC Converter terminals if appropriate) if substantially different from the values of positive sequence resistance and reactance which would be derived from the data provided above;
 - (vii) A continuous trace and a table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current between zero and 140ms at 10ms intervals:
 - (viii) The **Active Power** being generated pre-fault by the **Power Park Module** and by each type of **Power Park Unit**;
 - (ix) The reactive compensation shown explicitly on the **Single Line Diagram** that is switched in:
 - (x) The **Power Factor** of the **Power Park Module** and of each **Power Park Unit** type;
 - (xi) The positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at the **Common Collection Busbar**:
 - (xii) The minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent seen from the **Common Collection Busbar**:

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- (xiii) The number of **Power Park Units** represented in the equivalent **Power Park Unit**;
- (xiv) The additional rotor resistance and reactance (if any) that is applied to the **Power Park Unit** under a fault condition;
- (xv) A continuous trace and a table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the retained voltage at the fault point and **Power Park Unit** terminals, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in **PC.A.2.2.2** is provided, representing the limiting case, which may involve the application of a non-solid fault, required to not cause operation of the protective control;
- (b) In considering this data, unless the **User** notifies **NGET** accordingly at the time of data submission, **NGET** will assume that the time constant of decay of the subtransient fault current corresponding to the change from I_1 " to I_1 ', (T") is not significantly different from 40ms. If that assumption is not correct in relation to an item of data, the **User** must inform **NGET** at the time of submission of the data.
- (c) The value for the X/R ratio must reflect the rate of decay of the d.c. component that may be present in the fault current and hence that of the sources of the initial fault current. All shunt elements and loads must therefore be deleted from any system model before the X/R ratio is calculated.
- (d) In producing the data, the **User** may use "time step analysis" or "fixed-point-in-time analysis" with different impedances.
- (e) If a fixed-point-in-time analysis with different impedances method is used, then in relation to the data submitted under (a) (i) above, the data will be required for "time zero" to give I₁". The figure of 120ms is consistent with a decay time constant T" of 40ms, and if that figure is different, then the figure of 120ms must be changed accordingly.
- (f) Where a "time step analysis" is carried out, the X/R ratio may be calculated directly from the rate of decay of the d.c. component. The X/R ratio is not that given by the phase angle of the fault current if this is based on a system calculation with shunt loads, but from the Thévenin equivalent of the system impedance at the instant of fault with all non-source shunts removed.

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PC.A.3 GENERATING UNIT AND DC CONVERTER DATA

PC.A.3.1 Introduction

Directly Connected

PC.A.3.1.1 Each **Generator** and **DC Converter Station** owner with an existing, or proposed, **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4.

Embedded

PC.A.3.1.2

- Each Generator and DC Converter Station owner in respect of its existing, and/or proposed, Embedded Large Power Stations and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations and/or its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of its Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and/or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within such Network Operator's System in each case connected to the Subtransmission System, shall provide NGET with data relating to that Power Station or DC Converter Station, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4.
- (b) No data need be supplied in relation to any **Small Power Station** or any **Medium Power Station** or installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station**, connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the **Subtransmission System** except:-
 - (i) in connection with an application for, or under, a **CUSC Contract**, or
 - (ii) unless specifically requested by **NGET** under PC.A.3.1.4.

PC.A.3.1.3

- (a) Each **Network Operator** shall provide **NGET** with the data specified in PC.A.3.2.2(c) and PC.A.3.2.2(i).
- (b) **Network Operators** need not submit planning data in respect of an **Embedded Small Power Station** unless required to do so under PC.A.1.2(b) or unless specifically requested under PC.A.3.1.4 below, in which case they will supply such data.

PC.A.3.1.4

(a) PC.A.4.2.4(b) and PC.A.4.3.2(a) explain that the forecast **Demand** submitted by each **Network Operator** must be net of the output of all **Small Power Stations** and **Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** and all installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station**, **Embedded** within that **Network Operator's System**. The **Network Operator** must inform **NGET** of the number of such **Embedded Power Stations** and such **Embedded** installations of direct current converters (including the number of **Generating Units** or **Power**

Park Modules or **DC Converters**) together with their summated capacity.

(b) On receipt of this data, the **Network Operator** or **Generator** (if the data relates to **Power Stations** referred to in PC.A.3.1.2) may be further required, at **NGET's** reasonable discretion, to provide details of **Embedded Small Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** and **Embedded** installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.3.2 to PC.A.3.4. Such requirement would arise where **NGET** reasonably considers that the collective effect of a number of such **Embedded Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plants** and **Embedded** installations of direct current converters may have a significant system effect on the **GB Transmission System**.

Busbar Arrangements

PC.A.3.1.5 Where **Generating Units**, which term includes **CCGT Units** and **Power Park Modules**, and **DC Converters**, are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a busbar arrangement which is or is expected to be operated in separate sections, the section of busbar to which each **Generating Unit**, **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** is connected is to be identified in the submission

PC.A.3.2 Output Data

PC.A.3.2.1 (a) Large Power Stations and Gensets

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (h) are required with respect to each Large Power Station and each Generating Unit and Power Park Module of each Large Power Station and for each Genset (although (a) is not required for CCGT Units and (b), (d) and (e) are not normally required for CCGT Units and (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (h) are not normally required for Power Park Units).

(b) <u>Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations</u>

Data item PC.A.3.2.2 (a) is required with respect to each **Embedded Small Power Station** and **Embedded Medium Power Station** and each **Generating Unit** and **Power Park Module** of each **Embedded Small Power Station** and **Embedded Medium Power Station** (although (a) is not required for **CCGT Units** or **Power Park Units**).

(c) CCGT Units/Modules

(i) Data item PC.A.3.2.2 (g) is required with respect to each **CCGT Unit**:

- (ii) data item PC.A.3.2.2 (a) is required with respect to each **CCGT Module**; and
- (iii) data items PC.A.3.2.2 (b), (c), (d) and (e) are required with respect to each **CCGT Module** unless **NGET** informs the relevant **User** in advance of the submission that it needs the data items with respect to each **CCGT Unit** for particular studies, in which case it must be supplied on a **CCGT Unit** basis.

Where any definition utilised or referred to in relation to any of the data items does not reflect **CCGT Units**, such definition shall be deemed to relate to **CCGT Units** for the purposes of these data items. Any **Schedule** in the DRC which refers to these data items shall be interpreted to incorporate the **CCGT Unit** basis where appropriate;

(d) Cascade Hydro Schemes

Data item PC.A.3.2.2(i) is required with respect to each **Cascade Hydro Scheme**.

(e) Power Park Units/Modules

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (j) is required with respect to each **Power Park Module.**

(f) DC Converters

Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (a), (b), (c), (d) (e) (f) (h) and (i) are required with respect to each **DC Converter Station** and each **DC Converter** in each **DC Converter Station**. For installations of direct current converters which do not form a **DC Converter Station** only data item PC.A.3.2.2.(a) is required.

- PC.A.3.2.2 Items (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) and (k) are to be supplied by each **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or **Network Operator** (as the case may be) in accordance with PC.A.3.1.1, PC.A.3.1.2, PC.A.3.1.3 and PC.A.3.1.4. Item (c) is to be supplied by each **Network Operator** in all cases:-
 - (a) Registered Capacity (MW);
 - (b) Output Usable (MW) on a monthly basis;
 - (c) System Constrained Capacity (MW) ie. any constraint placed on the capacity of the Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module, or DC Converter at an Embedded DC Converter Station due to the Network Operator's System in which it is embedded. Where Generating Units (which term includes CCGT Units), Power Park Modules or DC Converters are connected to a Network Operator's User System via a busbar arrangement which is or is expected to be operated in separate sections, details of

busbar running arrangements and connected circuits at the substation to which the Embedded Generating Unit, Embedded Power Park Module or Embedded DC Converter is connected sufficient for NGET to determine where the MW generated by each Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter at that Power Station or DC Converter Station would appear onto the GB Transmission System;

- (d) **Minimum Generation** (MW);
- (e) MW obtainable from **Generating Units, Power Park Modules** or **DC Converters** at a **DC Converter Station** in excess of **Registered Capacity**;
- (f) Generator Performance Chart:
 - (i) at the Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit stator terminals
 - (ii) at the electrical point of connection to the Offshore

 Transmission System for an Offshore Synchronous

 Generating Unit.
 - (iii) at the electrical point of connection to the GB Transmission System (or User System if Embedded) for a Non Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding a Power Park Unit), Power Park Module and DC Converter at a DC Converter Station:
- (g) a list of the CCGT Units within a CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted, together:-
 - (i) (in the case of a Range CCGT Module connected to the GB Transmission System) with details of the single Grid Entry Point (there can only be one) at which power is provided from the Range CCGT Module;
 - (ii) (in the case of an Embedded Range CCGT Module) with details of the single User System Entry Point (there can only be one) at which power is provided from the Range CCGT Module:

Provided that, nothing in this sub-paragraph (g) shall prevent the busbar at the relevant point being operated in separate sections;

- (h) expected running regime(s) at each Power Station or DC Converter Station and type of Generating Unit, eg. Steam Unit, Gas Turbine Unit, Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit, Power Park Module, Novel Units (specify by type), etc;
- (i) a list of **Power Stations** and **Generating Units** within a **Cascade Hydro Scheme**, identifying each **Generating Unit** and **Power Station** and the **Cascade Hydro Scheme** of which each form part unambiguously. In addition:

- details of the Grid Entry Point at which Active Power is provided, or if Embedded the Grid Supply Point(s) within which the Generating Unit is connected;
- (ii) where the **Active Power** output of a **Generating Unit** is split between more than one **Grid Supply Points** the percentage that would appear under normal and outage conditions at each **Grid Supply Point**.
- (j) The following additional items are only applicable to **DC Converters** at **DC Converter Stations**.

Registered Import Capacity (MW);

Import Usable (MW) on a monthly basis;

Minimum Import Capacity (MW);

MW that may be absorbed by a **DC Converter** in excess of **Registered Import Capacity** and the duration for which this is available;

- the number and types of the Power Park Units within a Power Park Module, identifying each Power Park Unit, and the Power Park Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Power Station directly connected to the GB Transmission System with multiple Power Park Modules where Power Park Units can be selected to run in different Power Park Modules, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted. In addition for Offshore Power Park Modules, the number of Offshore Power Park Strings that are aggregated into one Offshore Power Park Module should also be submitted.
- PC.A.3.2.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this PC, the **CCGT Units** within a **CCGT Module**, details of which are required under paragraph (g) of PC.A.3.2.2, can only be amended in accordance with the following provisions:
 - if the CCGT Module is a Normal CCGT Module, the CCGT Units within that CCGT Module can only be amended such that the CCGT Module comprises different CCGT Units if NGET gives its prior consent in writing. Notice of the wish to amend the CCGT Units within such a CCGT Module must be given at least 6 months before it is wished for the amendment to take effect;
 - (b) if the CCGT Module is a Range CCGT Module, the CCGT Units within that CCGT Module and the Grid Entry Point at which the power is provided can only be amended as described in BC1.A1.6.4.
- PC.A.3.2.4 Notwithstanding any other provision of this **PC**, the **Power Park Units** within a **Power Park Module**, details of which are required under paragraph (j) of PC.A.3.2.2, can only be amended in accordance with the following provisions:-

- (a) if the Power Park Units within that Power Park Module can only be amended such that the Power Park Module comprises different Power Park Units due to repair/replacement of individual Power Park Units if NGET gives its prior consent in writing. Notice of the wish to amend a Power Park Unit within such a Power Park Module must be given at least 4 weeks before it is wished for the amendment to take effect;
- (b) if the **Power Park Units** within that **Power Park Module** can be selected to run in different **Power Park Modules** as an alternative operational running arrangement the **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module** and the **Grid Entry Point** at which the power is provided can only be amended as described in BC1.A.1.7.4.

PC.A.3.3. Rated Parameters Data

- PC.A.3.3.1 The following information is required to facilitate an early assessment, by **NGET**, of the need for more detailed studies;
 - (a) for all **Generating Units**(excluding **Power Park Units**) and **Power Park Modules**:

Rated MVA Rated MW:

(b) for each Synchronous Generating Unit:

Short circuit ratio
Direct axis transient reactance;
Inertia constant (for whole machine), MWsecs/MVA;

(c) for each **Synchronous Generating Unit** step-up transformer:

Rated MVA
Positive sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap);

(d) for each **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** or **DC Converter** connecting a **Power Park Module**

DC Converter type (e.g. current/voltage sourced) **Rated MW** per pole for import and export

Number of poles and pole arrangement

Rated DC voltage/pole (kV)

Return path arrangement

Remote AC connection arrangement

(e) for each type of **Power Park Unit** in a **Power Park Module** not connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter**:

Rated MVA
Rated MW
Rated terminal voltage
Inertia constant, (MWsec/MVA)

Additionally, for **Power Park Units** that are squirrel-cage or doubly-fed induction generators driven by wind turbines:

Stator reactance.

Magnetising reactance.

Rotor resistance (at rated running)

Rotor reactance (at rated running)

The generator rotor speed range (minimum and maximum speeds in RPM) (for doubly-fed induction generators only)

Converter MVA rating (for doubly-fed induction generators only)

For a **Power Park Unit** consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back-to-back **DC Converter**, or for a **Power Park Unit** not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with **NGET** in accordance with PC.A.7.

This information should only be given in the data supplied in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.4.5.

PC.A.3.4 General Generating Unit Power Park Module and DC Converter Data

- PC.A.3.4.1 The point of connection to the **GB Transmission System** or the **Total System**, if other than to the **GB Transmission System**, in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage is also required.
- PC.A.3.4.2 (a) Type of Generating Unit (ie Synchronous Generating Unit, Non-synchronous Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module).
 - (b) In the case of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** details of the **Exciter** category, for example whether it is a rotating **Exciter** or a static **Exciter** or in the case of a **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit** the voltage control system.
 - (c) Whether a **Power System Stabiliser** is fitted.

PC.A.4 **DEMAND** AND **ACTIVE ENERGY** DATA

PC.A.4.1 Introduction

PC.A.4.1.1 Each **User** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** with **Demand** shall provide **NGET** with the **Demand** data, historic, current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.4.2, PC.A.4.3 and PC.A.4.5. Paragraphs PC.A.4.1.2 and PC.A.4.1.3 apply equally to **Active Energy** requirements as to **Demand** unless the context otherwise requires.

PC.A.4.1.2 Data will need to be supplied by:

- each **Network Operator**, in relation to **Demand** and **Active Energy** requirements on its **User System**;
- (b) each Non-Embedded Customer (including Pumped Storage Generators with respect to Pumping Demand) in relation to its Demand and Active Energy requirements.
- each **DC Converter Station** owner, in relation to **Demand** and **Active Energy** transferred (imported) to its **DC Converter Station**.

Demand of **Power Stations** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** is to be supplied by the **Generator** under PC.A.5.2.

PC.A.4.1.3 References in this **PC** to data being supplied on a half hourly basis refer to it being supplied for each period of 30 minutes ending on the hour or half-hour in each hour.

PC.A.4.2 <u>Demand (Active Power) and Active Energy Data</u>

- PC.A.4.2.1 Forecast daily **Demand** (**Active Power**) profiles, as specified in (a), (b) and (c) below, in respect of each of the **User's User Systems** (each summated over all **Grid Supply Points** in each **User System**) are required for:
 - (a) peak day on each of the User's User Systems (as determined by the User) giving the numerical value of the maximum Demand (Active Power) that in the Users' opinion could reasonably be imposed on the GB Transmission System;
 - (b) day of peak **GB Transmission System Demand (Active Power)** as notified by **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.4.2.2;
 - (c) day of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand (Active Power**) as notified by **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.4.2.2.

In addition, the total **Demand** (**Active Power**) in respect of the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** in the preceding **Financial Year** in respect of each of the **User's User Systems** (each summated over all **Grid Supply Points** in each **User System**) both outturn and weather corrected shall be supplied.

- PC.A.4.2.2 No later than calendar week 17 each year **NGET** shall notify each **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customer** in writing of the following, for the current **Financial Year** and for each of the following seven **Financial Years**, which will, until replaced by the following year's notification, be regarded as the relevant specified days and times under PC.A.4.2.1:
 - a) the date and time of the annual peak of the **GB Transmission**System Demand;
 - b) the date and time of the annual minimum of the **GB Transmission System Demand**.
- PC.A.4.2.3 The total **Active Energy** used on each of the **Network Operators**' or **Non-Embedded Customers**' **User Systems** (each summated over all **Grid Supply Points** in each **User System**) in the preceding **Financial Year**, both outturn and weather corrected, together with a prediction for the current financial year, is required. Each **Active Energy** submission shall be subdivided into the following categories of **Customer** tariff:

LV1 LV2 LV3

HV

EHV

Traction

Lighting

In addition, the total **User System** losses and the **Active Energy** provided by **Embedded Small Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** shall be supplied.

- PC.A.4.2.4 All forecast **Demand** (**Active Power**) and **Active Energy** specified in PC.A.4.2.1 and PC.A.4.2.3 shall:
 - in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(a), (b) and (c), be such that the profiles comprise average **Active Power** levels in 'MW' for each time marked half hour throughout the day;
 - (b) in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(a), (b) and (c), be that remaining after any deductions reasonably considered appropriate by the User to take account of the output profile of all Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant and imports across Embedded External Interconnections including imports across Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station and Embedded DC Converter Stations with a Registered Capacity of less than 100MW;
 - (c) in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(a) and (b), be based on **Annual ACS Conditions** and in the case of PC.A.4.2.1(c) and the details of the annual **Active Energy** required under PC.A.4.2.3 be based on **Average Conditions**.

PC.A.4.3 Connection Point Demand (Active and Reactive Power)

- PC.A.4.3.1 Forecast **Demand (Active Power)** and **Power Factor** (values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead where more than 95% of the total **Demand** at a **Connection Point** is taken by synchronous motors) to be met at each are required for:
 - (a) the time of the maximum **Demand** (**Active Power**) at the **Connection Point** (as determined by the **User**) that in the **User's** opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System**;
 - (b) the time of peak **GB Transmission System Demand** as provided by **NGET** under PC.A.4.2.2;
 - (c) the time of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand** as provided by **NGET** under PC.A.4.2.2.
- PC.A.4.3.2 All forecast **Demand** specified in PC.A.4.3.1 shall:
 - (a) be that remaining after any deductions reasonably considered appropriate by the User to take account of the output of all Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant and imports across Embedded External Interconnections, including Embedded installations of direct current converters which do not form a DC Converter Station and Embedded DC Converter Stations and such deductions should be separately stated;
 - (b) include any **User's System** series reactive losses but exclude any reactive compensation equipment specified in PC.A.2.4 and exclude any network susceptance specified in PC.A.2.3;
 - (c) in the case of PC.A.4.3.1(a) and (b) be based on **Annual ACS Conditions** and in the case of PC.A.4.3.1(c) be based on **Average Conditions**.
- PC.A.4.3.3 Where two or more **Connection Points** normally run in parallel with the **GB Transmission System** under intact network conditions, and a **Single Line Diagram** of the interconnection has been provided under PC.A.2.2.2, the **User** may provide a single submission covering the aggregate **Demand** for all such **Connection Points**.
- PC.A.4.3.4 Each **Single Line Diagram** provided under PC.A.2.2.2 shall include the **Demand (Active Power)** and **Power Factor** (values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead where more than 95% of the **Demand** is taken by synchronous motors) at the time of the peak **GB Transmission System Demand** (as provided under PC.A.4.2.2) at each node on the **Single Line Diagram**. These **Demands** shall be consistent with those provided under PC.A.4.3.1(b) above for the relevant year.
- PC.A.4.3.5 So that **NGET** is able to assess the impact on the **GB Transmission System** of the diversified **GB Transmission System Demand** at various periods throughout the year, each **User** shall provide additional forecast **Demand**

data as specified in PC.A.4.3.1 and PC.A.4.3.2 but with respect to times to be specified by **NGET**. However, **NGET** shall not make such a request for additional data more than once in any calendar year.

PC.A.4.4

NGET will assemble and derive in a reasonable manner, the forecast information supplied to it under PC.A.4.2.1, PC.A.4.3.1. and PC.A.4.3.4 above into a cohesive forecast and will use this in preparing Forecast Demand information in the Seven Year Statement and for use in NGET's Operational Planning. If any User believes that the cohesive forecast Demand information in the Seven Year Statement does not reflect its assumptions on Demand, it should contact NGET to explain its concerns and may require NGET, on reasonable request, to discuss these forecasts. In the absence of such expressions, NGET will assume that Users concur with NGET's cohesive forecast.

Demand Transfer Capability

PC.A.4.5

Where a **User's Demand** or group of **Demands (Active and Reactive Power)** may be offered by the **User** to be supplied from alternative **Connection Point(s)**, (either through non-**Transmission** interconnections or through **Demand** transfer facilities) and the **User** reasonably considers it appropriate that this should be taken into account (by **NGET**) in designing the **Connection Site** the following information is required:

- (a) First Circuit (Fault) Outage Conditions
 - (i) the alternative **Connection Point(s)**;
 - (ii) the **Demand (Active and Reactive Power)** which may be transferred under the loss of the most critical circuit from or to each alternative **Connection Point** (to the nearest 5MW/5Mvar);
 - (iii) the arrangements (eg. manual or automatic) for transfer together with the time required to effect the transfer.
- (b) Second Circuit (Planned) Outage Conditions
 - (i) the alternative **Connection Point(s)**;
 - (ii) the **Demand (Active and Reactive Power)** which may be transferred under the loss of the most critical circuit from or to each alternative **Connection Point** (to the nearest 5MW/5Mvar);
 - (iii) the arrangements (eg. manual or automatic) for transfer together with the time required to effect the transfer.

PC.A.4.6 Control of **Demand** or Reduction of Pumping Load Offered as Reserve

Magnitude of **Demand** or pumping load which is tripped

MW

 System Frequency at which tripping is initiated

Hz

 Time duration of System Frequency below trip setting for tripping to be initiated

S

Time delay from trip initiation to tripping

s

PC.A.4.7 <u>General **Demand** Data</u>

PC.A.4.7.1 The following information is infrequently required and should be supplied (wherever possible) when requested by **NGET**:

- (a) details of any individual loads which have characteristics significantly different from the typical range of Domestic, Commercial or Industrial loads supplied;
- (b) the sensitivity of the Demand (Active and Reactive Power) to variations in voltage and Frequency on the GB Transmission System at the time of the peak Demand (Active Power). The sensitivity factors quoted for the Demand (Reactive Power) should relate to that given under PC.A.4.3.1 and, therefore, include any User's System series reactive losses but exclude any reactive compensation equipment specified in PC.A.2.4 and exclude any network susceptance specified in PC.A.2.3;
- (c) details of any traction loads, e.g. connection phase pairs and continuous load variation with time;
- (d) the average and maximum phase unbalance, in magnitude and phase angle, which the **User** would expect its **Demand** to impose on the **GB Transmission System**;
- (e) the maximum harmonic content which the **User** would expect its **Demand** to impose on the **GB Transmission System**;
- (f) details of all loads which may cause **Demand** fluctuations greater than those permitted under **Engineering Recommendation** P28, Stage 1 at a **Point of Common Coupling** including the **Flicker Severity (Short Term)** and the **Flicker Severity (Long Term)**.

PART 2

DETAILED PLANNING DATA

- PC.A.5 GENERATING UNIT, POWER PARK MODULE AND DC CONVERTER
 DATA
- PC.A.5.1 <u>Introduction</u>

Directly Connected

PC.A.5.1.1 Each **Generator**, with existing or proposed **Power Stations** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Plant** and **Apparatus**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2, PC.A.5.3, PC.A.5.4 and PC.A.5.7 as applicable. Each **DC Converter Station** owner, with existing or proposed **DC Converter Stations** directly connected, or to be directly connected, to the **GB Transmission System**, shall provide **NGET** with data relating to that **Plant** and **Apparatus**, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2 and PC.A.5.4.

Embedded

- PC.A.5.1.2 Each Generator, in respect of its existing, or proposed, Embedded Large Power Stations and its Embedded Medium Power Stations subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within its **System** shall provide **NGET** with data relating to each of those Large Power Stations and Medium Power Stations, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2, PC.A.5.3, PC.A.5.4 and PC.A.5.7 as applicable. Each DC Converter Station owner, or Network Operator in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement within its System with existing or proposed DC Converter Stations shall provide NGET with data relating to each of those DC Converter Stations, both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2 and PC.A.5.4. However, no data need be supplied in relation to those Embedded Medium Power Stations or Embedded DC Converter **Stations** if they are connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the **Subtransmission System** except in connection with an application for, or under a, CUSC Contract or unless specifically requested by NGET under PC.A.5.1.4.
- PC.A.5.1.3 Each **Network Operator** need not submit **Planning Data** in respect of **Embedded Small Power Stations** unless required to do so under PC.A.1.2(b) or unless specifically requested under PC.A.5.1.4 below, in which case they will supply such data.
- PC.A.4.2.4(b) and PC.A.4.3.2(a) explained that the forecast **Demand** submitted by each **Network Operator** must be net of the output of all **Medium Power Stations** and **Small Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant Embedded** within that **User's System**. In such cases (PC.A.3.1.4 also refers), the **Network Operator** must inform **NGET** of the number of such **Power Stations** (including the number of **Generating Units**) together with their summated capacity. On receipt of this data further details may be required at **NGET's** discretion as follows:

- (i) in the case of details required from the Network Operator for Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded DC Converters in each case within such Network Operator's System and Customer Generating Plant; and
- (ii) in the case of details required from the **Generator** of **Embedded Large Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**; and
- (iii) in the case of details required from the DC Converter Station owner of an Embedded DC Converter or DC Converter Station subject to a Bilateral Agreement.

both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.5.2 and PC.A.5.3. Such requirement would arise when **NGET** reasonably considers that the collective effect of a number of such **Embedded Small Power Stations**, **Embedded Medium Power Stations**, **Embedded DC Converter Stations**, **DC Converters** and **Customer Generating Plants** may have a significant system effect on the **GB Transmission System**.

PC.A.5.2 **Demand**

- PC.A.5.2.1 For each **Generating Unit** which has an associated **Unit Transformer**, the value of the **Demand** supplied through this **Unit Transformer** when the **Generating Unit** is at **Rated MW** output is to be provided.
- PC.A.5.2.2 Where the **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** has associated **Demand** additional to the unit-supplied **Demand** of PC.A.5.2.1 which is supplied from either the **GB Transmission System** or the **Generator's User System** the **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or the **Network Operator** (in the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within its **System**), as the case may be, shall supply forecasts for each **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station** of:
 - a) the maximum **Demand** that, in the **User's** opinion, could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System** or the **Generator's User System** as appropriate;
 - b) the **Demand** at the time of the peak **GB Transmission System Demand**:
 - c) the **Demand** at the time of minimum **GB Transmission System Demand**.
- PC.A.5.2.3 No later than calendar week 17 each year NGET shall notify each Generator in respect of its Large Power Stations and its Medium Power Stations and each DC Converter owner in respect of its DC Converter Station subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Network Operator in respect of each Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and each Embedded DC Converter Station not

subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** within such **Network Operator's System** in writing of the following, for the current **Financial Year** and for each of the following seven **Financial Years**, which will be regarded as the relevant specified days and times under PC.A.5.2.2:

- a) the date and time of the annual peak of the GB Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions;
- b) the date and time of the annual minimum of the GB Transmission System Demand at Average Conditions.
- PC.A.5.2.4 At its discretion, **NGET** may also request further details of the **Demand** as specified in PC.A.4.6
- PC.A.5.3 Synchronous Generating Unit and Associated Control System Data
- PC.A.5.3.1 The data submitted below are not intended to constrain any **Ancillary Services Agreement**
- PC.A.5.3.2 The following **Synchronous Generating Unit** and **Power Station** data should be supplied:
 - (a) **Synchronous Generating Unit** Parameters

Rated terminal volts (kV)

- * Rated MVA
- * Rated MW
- * Minimum Generation MW
- * Short circuit ratio

Direct axis synchronous reactance

Direct axis transient reactance

Direct axis sub-transient reactance

Direct axis short-circuit transient time constant.

Direct axis short-circuit sub-transient time constant.

Quadrature axis synchronous reactance

Quadrature axis sub-transient reactance

Quadrature axis short-circuit sub-transient time constant.

Stator time constant

Stator leakage reactance

Armature winding direct-current resistance.

Note: The above data item relating to armature winding direct-current resistance need only be supplied with respect to Generating Units commissioned after 1st March 1996 and in cases where, for whatever reason, the Generator or the Network Operator, as the case may be is aware of the value of the relevant parameter.

* Turbogenerator inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) Rated field current (amps) at **Rated MW** and Mvar output and at rated terminal voltage. Field current (amps) open circuit saturation curve for **Generating Unit** terminal voltages ranging from 50% to 120% of rated value in 10% steps as derived from appropriate manufacturers test certificates.

(b) Parameters for **Generating Unit** Step-up Transformers

* Rated MVA Voltage ratio

* Positive sequence reactance
(at max, min, & nominal tap)
Positive sequence resistance
(at max, min, & nominal tap)

Zero phase sequence reactance Tap changer range

Tap changer type: on load or off circuit

(c) <u>Excitation Control System parameters</u>

Tap changer step size

Note: The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided in relation to **Generating Units** on the **System** at 09 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or the new data items set out under Option 2 may be provided. Generators or Network **Operators**, as the case may be, must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for **Generating Unit** excitation control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those Generating **Unit** excitation control recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and **Generating Unit** excitation control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the **Generator** or **Network Operator**, as the case may be, is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that **Generating Unit**.

Option 1

DC gain of **Excitation Loop**Rated field voltage
Maximum field voltage
Minimum field voltage
Maximum rate of change of field voltage (rising)
Maximum rate of change of field voltage (falling)

Details of **Excitation Loop** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Dynamic characteristics of **Over-excitation Limiter**. Dynamic characteristics of **Under-excitation Limiter**

Option 2

Excitation System Nominal Response
Rated Field Voltage
No-Load Field Voltage
Excitation System On-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage
Excitation System No-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage
Excitation System No-Load Negative Ceiling Voltage

Details of **Excitation System** (including **PSS** if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Details of **Over-excitation Limiter** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Details of **Under-excitation Limiter** described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.

(d) Governor Parameters

Incremental Droop values (in %) are required for each **Generating Unit** at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed in PC.A.5.5.1 (this data item needs only be provided for **Large Power Stations**)

Note: The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided by Generators in relation to Generating Units on the System at 09 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or they may provide the new data items set out under Option 2. Generators must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for Generating Unit governor control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those Generating Unit governor control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and Generating Unit governor control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the Generator is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that Generating Unit.

Option 1

(i) <u>Governor Parameters (for Reheat **Steam Units**)</u>

HP governor average gain MW/Hz Speeder motor setting range

HP governor valve time constant
HP governor valve opening limits
HP governor valve rate limits
Reheater time constant (**Active Energy** stored in reheater)

IP governor average gain MW/Hz

IP governor setting range

IP governor valve time constant

IP governor valve opening limits

IP governor valve rate limits

Details of acceleration sensitive elements in HP & IP governor loop.

A governor block diagram showing transfer functions of individual elements.

(ii) <u>Governor Parameters (for Non-Reheat **Steam Units**</u> and **Gas Turbine Units**)

Governor average gain
Speeder motor setting range
Time constant of steam or fuel governor valve
Governor valve opening limits
Governor valve rate limits
Time constant of turbine
Governor block diagram

The following data items need only be supplied for Large Power Stations:-

(iii) Boiler & Steam Turbine Data

Boiler Time Constant (Stored **Active Energy**) s

HP turbine response ratio:

proportion of **Primary Response** %

arising from HP turbine.

HP turbine response ratio:

proportion of **High Frequency Response** %

arising from HP turbine.

[End of Option 1]

Option 2

(i) Governor and associated prime mover Parameters - All Generating Units

Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements.

Governor Time Constant (in seconds)

Speeder Motor Setting Range (%)

Average Gain (MW/Hz)

Governor Deadband (this data item need only be provided for Large Power Stations)

Maximum Setting
 Normal Setting
 Minimum Setting
 ±Hz
 ±Hz

Where the **Generating Unit** governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided

(ii) Governor and associated prime mover Parameters - Steam Units

HP Valve Time Constant (in seconds)

HP Valve Opening Limits (%)

HP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)

HP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

HP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)

IP Valve Time Constant (in seconds)

IP Valve Opening Limits (%)

IP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)

IP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

IP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)

LP Valve Time Constant (in seconds)

LP Valve Opening Limits (%)

LP Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)

LP Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

LP Turbine Time Constant (in seconds)

Reheater Time Constant (in seconds)

Boiler Time Constant (in seconds)

HP Power Fraction (%)

IP Power Fraction (%)

(iii) Governor and associated prime mover Parameters - Gas Turbine Units

Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant (in seconds)
Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits (%)
Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits (%/second)
Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

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Fuel Valve Constant (in seconds)
Fuel Valve Opening Limits (%)
Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits (%/second)
Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits (%/second)

Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant (in seconds)

(iv) <u>Governor and associated prime mover Parameters - Hydro Generating Units</u>

Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant (in seconds) Guide Vane Opening Limits (%) Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits (%/second) Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits (%/second) Water Time Constant (in seconds)

[End of Option 2]

(e) <u>Unit Control Options</u>

The following data items need only be supplied with respect to **Large Power Stations**:

Maximum Droop	%
Normal Droop	%
Minimum Droop	%
Maximum Frequency deadband	$\pm Hz$
Normal Frequency deadband	$\pm Hz$
Minimum Frequency deadband	±Hz
Maximum output deadband	$\pm MW$
Normal output deadband	$\pm MW$
Minimum output deadband	$\pm MW$

Frequency settings between which Unit Load Controller **Droop** applies:

-	Maximum	Hz
-	Normal	Hz
-	Minimum	Hz

State if sustained response is normally selected.

(f) Plant Flexibility Performance

The following data items need only be supplied with respect to **Large Power Stations**, and should be provided with respect to each **Genset**:

- # Run-up rate to Registered Capacity,
- # Run-down rate from Registered Capacity,
- **#** Synchronising Generation,

Regulating range

Load rejection capability while still **Synchronised** and able to supply **Load**.

Data items marked with a hash (#) should be applicable to a **Genset** which has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

- * Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by **NGET** as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a **CUSC Contract** can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.
- PC.A.5.4 Non-Synchronous Generating Unit and Associated Control System

 Data
- PC.A.5.4.1 The data submitted below are not intended to constrain any **Ancillary Services Agreement**
- PC.A.5.4.2 The following **Power Park Unit, Power Park Module** and **Power Station** data should be supplied in the case of a **Power Park Module** not connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter**:

(a) Power Park Unit model

A mathematical model of each type of **Power Park Unit** capable of representing its transient and dynamic behaviour under both small and large disturbance conditions. The model shall include non-linear effects and represent all equipment relevant to the dynamic performance of the **Power Park Unit** as agreed with **NGET**. The model shall be suitable for the study of balanced, root mean square, positive phase sequence timedomain behaviour, excluding the effects of electromagnetic transients, harmonic and sub-harmonic frequencies.

The model shall accurately represent the overall performance of the **Power Park Unit** over its entire operating range including that which is inherent to the **Power Park Unit** and that which is achieved by use of supplementary control systems providing either continuous or stepwise control. Model resolution should be sufficient to accurately represent **Power Park Unit** behaviour both in response to operation of transmission system protection and in the context of longer-term simulations.

The overall structure of the model shall include:

- (i) any supplementary control signal modules not covered by (c), (d) and (e) below.
- (ii) any blocking, deblocking and protective trip features that are part of

the **Power Park Unit** (e.g. "crowbar").

(iii) any other information required to model the **Power Park Unit** behaviour to meet the model functional requirement described above.

The model shall be submitted in the form of a transfer function block diagram and may be accompanied by dynamic and algebraic equations. This model shall display all the transfer functions and their parameter values, any non wind-up logic, signal limits and non-linearities.

The submitted **Power Park Unit** model shall have been validated and this shall be confirmed by the **Generator**. The validation shall be based on comparing the submitted model simulation results against measured test results. Validation evidence shall also be submitted and this shall include the simulation and measured test results. The latter shall include appropriate short-circuit tests. In the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** the **Network Operator** will provide **NGET** with the validation evidence if requested by **NGET**.

(b) **Power Park Unit** parameters

- * Rated MVA
- * Rated MW
- * Rated terminal voltage
- * Average site air density (kg/m³), maximum site air density (kg/m³) and minimum site air density (kg/m³) for the year Year for which the air density is submitted Number of pole pairs
 Blade swept area (m²)
 Gear box ratio

Mechanical drive train

For each **Power Park Unit**, details of the parameters of the drive train represented as an equivalent two mass model should be provided. This model should accurately represent the behaviour of the complete drive train for the purposes of power system analysis studies and should include the following data items:-

Equivalent inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) of the first mass (e.g. wind turbine rotor and blades) at minimum, synchronous and rated speeds

Equivalent inertia constant (MWsec/MVA) of the second mass (e.g. generator rotor) at minimum, synchronous and rated speeds

Equivalent shaft stiffness between the two masses (Nm/electrical radian)

Additionally, for **Power Park Units** that are induction generators (e.g. squirrel cage, doubly-fed) driven by wind turbines:

- * Stator resistance
- * Stator reactance
- * Magnetising reactance.
- * Rotor resistance.(at starting)
- * Rotor resistance.(at rated running)
- * Rotor reactance (at starting)
- * Rotor reactance (at rated running)

Additionally for doubly-fed induction generators only:

The generator rotor speed range (minimum and maximum speeds in RPM)

The optimum generator rotor speed versus wind speed submitted in tabular format

Power converter rating (MVA)

The rotor power coefficient (C_p) versus tip speed ratio (λ) curves for a range of blade angles (where applicable) together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format. The tip speed ratio (λ) is defined as $\Omega R/U$ where Ω is the angular velocity of the rotor, R is the radius of the wind turbine rotor and U is the wind speed.

The electrical power output versus generator rotor speed for a range of wind speeds over the entire operating range of the **Power Park Unit**, together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format.

The blade angle versus wind speed curve together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format.

The electrical power output versus wind speed over the entire operating range of the **Power Park Unit**, together with the corresponding values submitted in tabular format. Transfer function block diagram, including parameters and description of the operation of the power electronic converter and fault ride through capability (where applicable).

For a **Power Park Unit** consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back to back **DC Converter**, or for a **Power Park Unit** not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with **NGET** in accordance with PC.A.7.

(c) Torque / speed and blade angle control systems and parameters

For the **Power Park Unit**, details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.

(d) Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor control system parameters

For the **Power Park Unit** and **Power Park Module** details of voltage/**Reactive Power/Power Factor** controller (and **PSS** if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.

(e) Frequency control system parameters

For the **Power Park Unit** and **Power Park Module** details of the **Frequency** controller described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.

(f) Protection

Details of settings for the following protection relays (to include): Under **Frequency**, over **Frequency**, under voltage, over voltage, rotor over current, stator over current, high wind speed shut down level.

(g) Complete **Power Park Unit** model, parameters and controls

An alternative to PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), is the submission of a single complete model that consists of the full information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) provided that all the information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) individually is clearly identifiable.

(h) Harmonic and flicker parameters

When connecting a **Power Park Module**, it is necessary for **NGET** to evaluate the production of flicker and harmonics on **NGET** and **User's Systems**. At **NGET's** reasonable request, the **User** (a **Network Operator** in the case of an **Embedded Power Park Module** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**) is required to submit the following data (as defined in IEC 61400-21 (2001)) for each **Power Park Unit**:-

Flicker coefficient for continuous operation.

Flicker step factor.

Number of switching operations in a 10 minute window.

Number of switching operations in a 2 hour window.

Voltage change factor.

Current Injection at each harmonic for each **Power Park Unit** and for each **Power Park Module**

* Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by **NGET** as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a **CUSC Contract** can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.

PC.A.5.4.3 **DC Converter**

PC.A.5.4.3.1 For a **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** or a **Power Park Module** connected to the **Total System** by a **DC Converter** the following information for each **DC Converter** and **DC Network** should be supplied:

- (a) **DC Converter** parameters
 - * Rated MW per pole for transfer in each direction;
 - * **DC Converter** type (i.e. current or voltage source);
 - * Number of poles and pole arrangement;
 - * Rated DC voltage/pole (kV);
 - Return path arrangement;

(b) **DC Converter** transformer parameters

Rated MVA

Nominal primary voltage (kV);

Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s) (kV);

Winding and earthing arrangement;

Positive phase sequence reactance at minimum, maximum and nominal tap;

Positive phase sequence resistance at minimum, maximum and nominal tap;

Zero phase sequence reactance;

Tap-changer range in %;

number of tap-changer steps;

(c) **DC Network** parameters

Rated DC voltage per pole;

Rated DC current per pole;

Single line diagram of the complete **DC Network**;

Details of the complete **DC Network**, including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines; Details of any DC reactors (including DC reactor resistance), DC capacitors and/or DC-side filters that form part of the **DC Network**;

(d) AC filter reactive compensation equipment parameters

Note: The data provided pursuant to this paragraph must not include any contribution from reactive compensation plant owned <u>or operated</u> by **NGET**.

Total number of AC filter banks.

Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable)

Single line diagram of filter arrangement and connections;

Reactive Power rating for each AC filter bank ,capacitor bank or operating range of each item of reactive compensation equipment, at rated voltage;

Performance chart showing **Reactive Power** capability of the **DC Converter**, as a function of MW transfer, with all filters and reactive compensation plant, belonging to the **DC Converter Station** working correctly.

Note: Details in PC.A.5.4.3.1 are required for each **DC Converter** connected to the **DC Network**, unless each is identical or where the data has already been submitted for an identical **DC Converter** at another **Connection Point**.

Note: For a **Power Park Module** connected to the **Grid Entry point** or (**User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) by a **DC Converter** the equivalent inertia and fault infeed at the **Power Park Unit** should be given.

DC Converter control system models

PC.A.5.4.3.2 The following

The following data is required by **NGET** to represent **DC Converters** and associated **DC Networks** in dynamic power system simulations, in which the AC power system is typically represented by a positive sequence equivalent. **DC Converters** are represented by simplified equations and are not modeled to switching device level.

- (i) Static V_{DC}-I_{DC} (DC voltage DC current) characteristics, for both the rectifier and inverter modes for a current source converter. Static V_{DC}-P_{DC} (DC voltage DC power) characteristics, for both the rectifier and inverter modes for a voltage source converter. Transfer function block diagram including parameters representation of the control systems of each DC Converter and of the DC Converter Station, for both the rectifier and inverter modes. A suitable model would feature the DC Converter firing angle as the output variable.
- (ii) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of the **DC Converter** transformer tap changer control systems, including time delays
- (iii) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems, including any time delays.
- (iv) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of any **Frequency** and/or load control systems.
- (v) Transfer function block diagram representation including parameters of any small signal modulation controls such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data
- (vi) Transfer block diagram representation of the **Reactive Power** control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.

Plant Flexibility Performance

- PC.A.5.4.3.3 The following information on plant flexibility and performance should be supplied:
 - (i) Nominal and maximum (emergency) loading rate with the **DC Converter** in rectifier mode.
 - (ii) Nominal and maximum (emergency) loading rate with the **DC Converter** in inverter mode.
 - (iii) Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.
 - (iv) Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient **DC Network** fault.

PC.A.5.4.3.4 <u>Harmonic Assessment Information</u>

DC Converter owners shall provide such additional further information as required by **NGET** in order that compliance with CC.6.1.5 can be demonstrated.

* Data items marked with an asterisk are already requested under part 1, PC.A.3.3.1, to facilitate an early assessment by NGET as to whether detailed stability studies will be required before an offer of terms for a CUSC Contract can be made. Such data items have been repeated here merely for completeness and need not, of course, be resubmitted unless their values, known or estimated, have changed.

PC.A.5.5 Response data for **Frequency** changes

The information detailed below is required to describe the actual frequency response capability profile as illustrated in Figure CC.A.3.1 of the **Connection Conditions**, and need only be provided for each:

- (i) Genset at Large Power Stations; and
- (ii) Generating Unit, Power Park Module or CCGT Module at a Medium Power Station or DC Converter Station that has agreed to provide Frequency response in accordance with a CUSC Contract.

In the case of (ii) above for the rest of this PC.A.5.5 where reference is made to **Gensets**, it shall include such **Generating Units**, **CCGT Modules**, **Power Park Modules** and **DC Converters** as appropriate.

In this PC.A.5.5, for a CCGT Module with more than one Generating Unit, the phrase Minimum Generation applies to the entire CCGT Module operating with all Generating Units Synchronised to the System. Similarly for a Power Park Module with more than one Power Park Unit, the phrase Minimum Generation applies to the entire Power Park Module operating with all Power Park Units Synchronised to the

System.

PC.A.5.5.1 MW loading points at which data is required

Response values are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) for each **Genset**. **Primary** and **Secondary Response** values need not be provided for MW loading points which are below **Minimum Generation**. MLP1 to MLP6 must be provided to the nearest MW.

Prior to the **Genset** being first **Synchronised**, the MW loading points must take the following values:-

MLP1	Designed Minimum Operating Level
MLP2	Minimum Generation
MLP3	70% of Registered Capacity
MLP4	80% of Registered Capacity
MLP5	95% of Registered Capacity
MLP6	Registered Capacity

When data is provided after the **Genset** is first **Synchronised**, the MW loading points may take any value between **Designed Minimum Operating Level** and **Registered Capacity** but the value of the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** must still be provided if it does not form one of the MW loading points.

PC.A.5.5.2 Primary and Secondary Response to Frequency fall

Primary and **Secondary Response** values for a -0.5Hz ramp are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed above

PC.A.5.5.3 <u>High Frequency Response to Frequency rise</u>

High Frequency Response values for a +0.5Hz ramp are required at six MW loading points (MLP1 to MLP6) as detailed above.

PC.A.5.6 Mothballed Generating Unit Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station and Alternative Fuel Information

Data identified under this section PC.A.5.6 must be submitted as required under PC.A.1.2 and at **NGET**'s reasonable request.

In the case of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, upon request from NGET each Network Operator shall provide the information required in PC.A.5.6.1, PC.A.5.6.2, PC.A.5.6.3 and PC.A.5.6.4 on respect of such Embedded Medium Power Stations and Embedded DC Converters Stations with their System.

PC.A.5.6.1 <u>Mothballed Generating Unit Information</u>

Generators and DC Converter Station owners must supply with respect to each Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station the estimated MW

output which could be returned to service within the following time periods from the time that a decision to return was made:

- < 1 month:
- 1-2 months:
- 2-3 months;
- 3-6 months:
- 6-12 months; and
- >12 months.

The return to service time should be determined in accordance with **Good Industry Practice** assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times. The MW output values should be the incremental values made available in each time period as further described in the **DRC**.

PC.A.5.6.2 Generators and DC Converter Station owners must also notify NGET of any significant factors which may prevent the Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station achieving the estimated values provided under PC.A.5.6.1 above, excluding factors relating to Transmission Entry Capacity.

PC.A.5.6.3 Alternative Fuel Information

The following data items must be supplied with respect to each **Generating Unit** whose main fuel is gas.

For each alternative fuel type (if facility installed):

- (a) Alternative fuel type e.g. oil distillate, alternative gas supply
- (b) For the changeover from main to alternative fuel:
 - Time to carry out off-line and on-line fuel changeover (minutes).
 - Maximum output following off-line and on-line changeover (MW).
 - Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover (MW).
 - Maximum operating time at full load assuming typical and maximum possible stock levels (hours).
 - Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks (MWh electrical/day) on the basis of Good Industry Practice.
 - Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?

- Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last **NGET Financial Year** (choice of 0, 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, >20).
- (c) For the changeover back to main fuel:
 - Time to carry out off-line and on-line fuel changeover (minutes).
 - Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover (MW).
- PC.A.5.6.4 **Generators** must also notify **NGET** of any significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided under PC.A.5.6.3 above (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.)

PC.A.5.7 <u>Black Start Related Information</u>

Data identified under this section PC.A.5.7 must be submitted as required under PC.A.1.2. This information may also be requested by **NGET** during a **Black Start** and should be provided by **Generators** where reasonably possible. **Generators** in this section PC.A.5.7 means **Generators** only in respect of their **Large Power Stations**.

The following data items/text must be supplied, from each **Generator** to **NGET**, with respect to each **BM Unit** at a **Large Power Station** (excluding the **Generating Units** that are contracted to provide **Black Start Capability**, **Power Park Modules** or **Generating Units** with an **Intermittent Power Source**);

- (a) Expected time for each BM Unit to be Synchronised following a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown. The assessment should include the Power Station's ability to re-synchronise all BM Units, if all were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown. Additionally this should highlight any specific issues (i.e. those that would impact on the BM Unit's time to be Synchronised) that may arise, as time progresses without external supplies being restored.
- (b) **Block Loading Capability**. This should be provided in either graphical or tabular format showing the estimated block loading capability from 0MW to **Registered Capacity**. Any particular 'hold' points should also be identified. The data of each **BM Unit** should be provided for the condition of a 'hot' unit that was **Synchronised** just prior to the **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** and also for the condition of a 'cold' unit. The block loading assessment should be done against a frequency variation of 49.5Hz 50.5Hz.

PC.A.6 USERS' SYSTEM DATA

PC.A.6.1 Introduction

- PC.A.6.1.1 Each **User**, whether connected directly via an existing **Connection Point** to the **GB Transmission System** or seeking such a direct connection, or providing terms for connection of an **Offshore Transmission System** to its **User System** to **NGET**, shall provide **NGET** with data on its **User System** which relates to the **Connection Site** containing the **Connection Point** both current and forecast, as specified in PC.A.6.2 to PC.A.6.6.
- PC.A.6.1.2 Each **User** must reflect the system effect at the **Connection Site(s)** of any third party **Embedded** within its **User System** whether existing or proposed.
- PC.A.6.2, and PC.A.6.4 to PC.A.6.6 consist of data which is only to be supplied to **NGET** at **NGET**'s reasonable request. In the event that **NGET** identifies a reason for requiring this data, **NGET** shall write to the relevant **User**(s), requesting the data, and explaining the reasons for the request. If the **User**(s) wishes, **NGET** shall also arrange a meeting at which the request for data can be discussed, with the objective of identifying the best way in which **NGET**'s requirements can be met.

PC.A.6.2 Transient Overvoltage Assessment Data

- PC.A.6.2.1 It is occasionally necessary for **NGET** to undertake transient overvoltage assessments (e.g. capacitor switching transients, switchgear transient recovery voltages, etc). At **NGET**'s reasonable request, each **User** is required to provide the following data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, together with a **Single Line Diagram** where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.1, as follows:-
 - (a) busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
 - (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers, if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
 - (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;

- (d) characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **GB Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) the following data is required on all transformers operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland and **Offshore**, also at 132kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage;
- (g) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

PC.A.6.3 <u>User's Protection Data</u>

PC.A.6.3.1 **Protection**

The following information is required which relates only to **Protection** equipment which can trip or inter-trip or close any **Connection Point** circuit-breaker or any **Transmission** circuit-breaker. This information need only be supplied once, in accordance with the timing requirements set out in PC.A.1.4(b), and need not be supplied on a routine annual basis thereafter, although **NGET** should be notified if any of the information changes

- a full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the User's System;
- (b) a full description of any auto-reclose facilities installed or to be installed on the **User's System**, including type and time delays;
- (c) a full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and **Protection** systems or to be installed on the generator, generator transformer, **Station Transformer** and their associated connections;
- for Generating Units (other than Power Park Units) or Power Park Modules or DC Converters at a DC Converter Station having (or intended to have) a circuit breaker at the generator terminal voltage, clearance times for electrical faults within the Generating Unit (other than a Power Park Unit) or Power Park Module zone;
- (e) the most probable fault clearance time for electrical faults on any part of the **User's System** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**.

PC.A.6.4 <u>Harmonic Studies</u>

PC.A.6.4.1

It is occasionally necessary for **NGET** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on **NGET** and **User's Systems**, especially when **NGET** is connecting equipment such as capacitor banks. At **NGET**'s reasonable request, each **User** is required to submit data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, and where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5, as follows:-

PC.A.6.4.2

Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-

Positive phase sequence resistance;

Positive phase sequence reactance;

Positive phase sequence susceptance;

and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA;

Voltage Ratio;

Positive phase sequence resistance;

Positive phase sequence reactance;

and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance;

Connection voltage and Mvar rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter;

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points;

The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur:

Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points. Where the harmonic injection current comes from a diverse group of sources, the equivalent contribution may be established from appropriate measurements;

Details of traction loads, eg connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc;

An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

PC.A.6.5 Voltage Assessment Studies

It is occasionally necessary for **NGET** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g., to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). At **NGET**'s reasonable request, each **User** is required to submit the following data where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5:-

For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance; Positive Phase Sequence Resistance; Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance; Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment;

and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA;

Voltage Ratio;

Positive phase sequence resistance;

Positive Phase sequence reactance;

Tap-changer range;

Number of tap steps;

Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit;

AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement;

AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay;

and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance;

Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment;

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points;

The maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur; Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions.

PC.A.6.6 Short Circuit Analysis:

PC.A.6.6.1

Where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned, operated or managed by **NGET** are greater than 90% of the equipment rating, and in **NGET**'s reasonable opinion more accurate calculations of short-circuit currents are required, then at **NGET**'s request each **User** is required to submit data with respect to the **Connection Site**, current and forecast, and where not already supplied under PC.A.2.2.4 and PC.A.2.2.5, as follows:

PC.A.6.6.2 For all circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System**:-

Positive phase sequence resistance;

Positive phase sequence reactance;

Positive phase sequence susceptance;

Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals);

Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals);

Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals);

and for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA;

Voltage Ratio:

Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap);

Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap);

Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap);

Tap changer range; Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance; Impedance if not directly earthed;

and at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and Mvar) that could occur; Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6 unless the **User**'s lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **User**'s **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6 for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

PC.A.7 ADDITIONAL DATA FOR NEW TYPES OF **POWER STATIONS**, **DC**CONVERTER STATIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS

Notwithstanding the **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data** set out in this Appendix, as new types of configurations and operating arrangements of **Power Stations** and **DC Converter Stations** emerge in future, **NGET** may reasonably require additional data to represent correctly the performance of such **Plant** and **Apparatus** on the **System**, where the present data submissions would prove insufficient for the purpose of producing meaningful **System** studies for the relevant parties.

PART 3

NETWORK DATA

PC.A.8 To allow a **User** to model the **GB Transmission System**, **NGET** will provide the following **Network Data** to **Users**, calculated in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**:-

PC.A.8.1 Single Point of Connection

For a **Single Point of Connection** to a **User's System**, as an equivalent 400kV or 275kV source and also in Scotland and **Offshore** as an equivalent 132kV source, the data (as at the HV side of the **Point of Connection** reflecting data given to **NGET** by **Users**) will be given to a **User** as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.8.3 (b) - (e).

PC.A.8.2 <u>Multiple Point of Connection</u>

For a **Multiple Point of Connection** to a **User's System**, the equivalent will normally be in the form of a π model or extension with a source at each node and a linking impedance. The data at the **Connection Point** will be given to a **User** as follows:-

The data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (i), (ii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii) and (viii)

and the data items shall be provided in accordance with the detailed provisions of PC.A.8.3 (b) - (e).

When an equivalent of this form is not required **NGET** will not provide the data items listed under the following parts of PC.A.8.3:-

(a) (vii) and (viii)

PC.A.8.3 Data Items

- (a) The following is a list of data utilised in this part of the **PC**. It also contains rules on the data which generally apply.
 - (i) symmetrical three-phase short circuit current infeed at the instant of fault from the **GB Transmission System**, (I₁");
 - (ii) symmetrical three-phase short circuit current from the **GB Transmission System** after the subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed, (I_1') ;

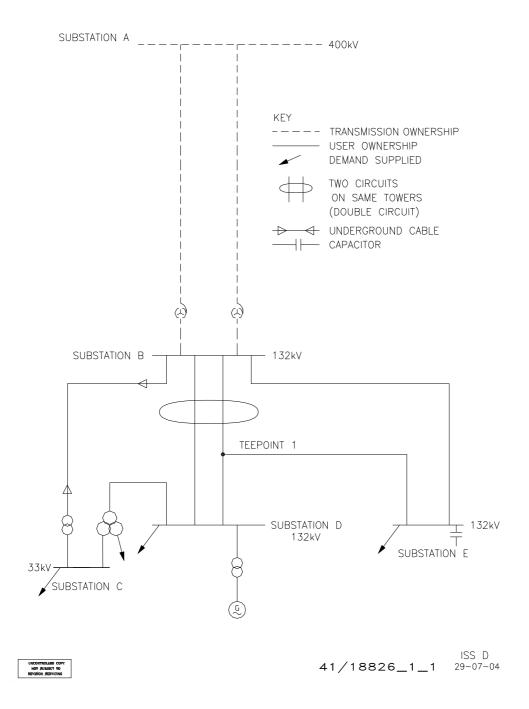
- (iii) the zero sequence source resistance and reactance values at the **Point of Connection**, consistent with the maximum infeed below;
- (iv) the pre-fault voltage magnitude at which the maximum fault currents were calculated;
- (v) the positive sequence X/R ratio at the instant of fault;
- (vi) the negative sequence resistance and reactance values of the GB Transmission System seen from the Point of Connection, if substantially different from the values of positive sequence resistance and reactance which would be derived from the data provided above;
- (vii) the initial positive sequence resistance and reactance values of the two (or more) sources and the linking impedance(s) derived from a fault study constituting the (π) equivalent and evaluated without the **User** network and load and;
- (viii) the corresponding zero sequence impedance values of the (π) equivalent.
- (b) To enable the model to be constructed, **NGET** will provide data based on the following conditions.
- (c) The initial symmetrical three phase short circuit current and the transient period three phase short circuit current will normally be derived from the fixed impedance studies. The latter value should be taken as applying at times of 120ms and longer. Shorter values may be interpolated using a value for the subtransient time constant of 40ms. These fault currents will be obtained from a full **System** study based on load flow analysis that takes into account any existing flow across the point of connection being considered.
- (d) Since the equivalent will be produced for the 400kV or 275kV and also in Scotland and Offshore 132kV parts of the GB Transmission System NGET will provide the appropriate supergrid transformer data.
- (e) The positive sequence X/R ratio and the zero sequence impedance value will correspond to the NGET source network only, that is with the section of network if any with which the equivalent is to be used excluded. These impedance values will be derived from the condition when all Generating Units are Synchronised to the GB Transmission System or a User's System and will take account of active sources only including any contribution from the load to the fault current. The passive component of the load itself or other system shunt impedances should not be included.
- (f) A User may at any time, in writing, specifically request for an equivalent to be prepared for an alternative System condition, for example where the User's System peak does not correspond to the GB Transmission System peak, and NGET will, insofar as such request is reasonable,

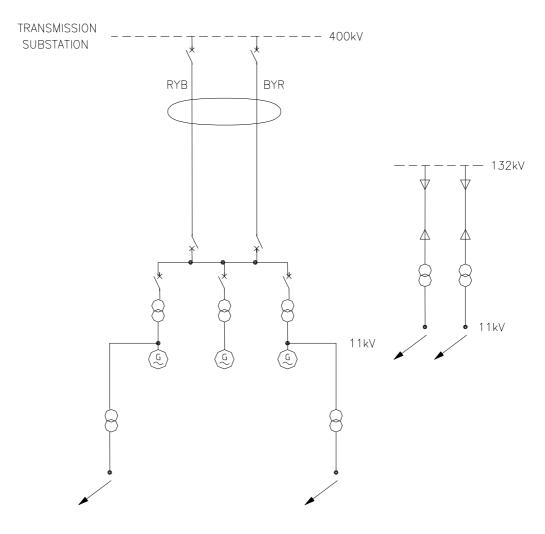
provide the information as soon as reasonably practicable following the request.

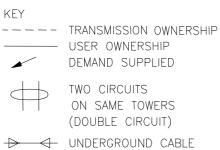
PLANNING CODE APPENDIX B

Single Line Diagram

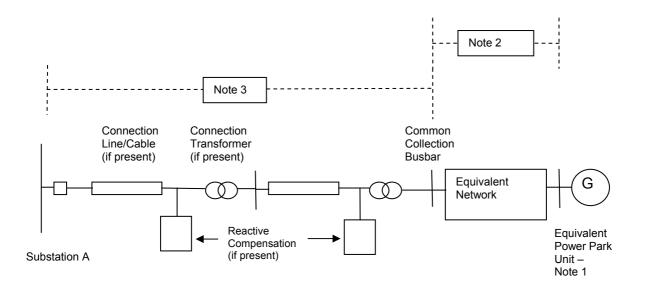
The diagrams below show three examples of single line diagrams, showing the detail that should be incorporated in the diagram. The first example is for an **Network Operator** connection, the second for a **Generator** connection, the third for a **Power Park Module** electrically equivalent system.







Power Park Module Single Line Diagram



Notes:

- 1) The electrically equivalent Power Park Unit consists of a number of actual Power Park Units of the same type ie. any equipment external to the Power Park Unit terminals is considered as part of the Equivalent Network. Power Park Units of different types shall be included in separate electrically equivalent Power Park Units. The total number of equivalent Power Park Units shall represent all of the actual Power Park Units in the Power Park Module.
- Separate electrically equivalent networks are required for each different type of electrically equivalent Power Park Unit. The electrically equivalent network shall include all equipment between the Power Park Unit terminals and the Common Collection Busbar.
- All Plant and Apparatus including the circuit breakers, transformers, lines, cables and reactive compensation plant between the Common Collection Busbar and Substation A shall be shown.

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PLANNING CODE APPENDIX C

- C1.1 Planning and design of the **SPT** and **SHETL Transmission Systems** is based generally, but not totally, on criteria which evolved from joint consultation among various **Transmission Licensees** responsible for design of the **GB Transmission System**.
- C1.2 The above criteria are set down within the standards, memoranda, recommendations and reports and are provided as a guide to system planning. It should be noted that each scheme for reinforcement or modification of the **Transmission System** is individually designed in the light of economic and technical factors associated with the particular system limitations under consideration.
- C1.3 The tables below identify the literature referred to above, together with the main topics considered within each document.

PART 1 - SHETL'S TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

ITEM	DOCUMENT	REFERENCE
No.		No.
1	GB Security and Quality of Supply Standard	Version 4[]
2	System Phasing	TPS 13/4
3	not used	
4	Planning Limits for Voltage Fluctuations Caused by Industrial, Commercial and Domestic Equipment in the United Kingdom	ER P28
5	EHV or HV Supplies to Induction Furnaces Voltage unbalance limits. Harmonic current limits.	ER P16 (Supported by ACE Report No.48)
6	Planning Levels for Harmonic Voltage Distortion and the Connection of Non-Linear Loads to Transmission Systems and Public Electricity Supply Systems in the United Kingdom Harmonic distortion (waveform). Harmonic voltage distortion. Harmonic current distortion. Stage 1 limits. Stage 2 limits. Stage 3 Limits Addition of Harmonics Short Duration Harmonics Site Measurements	ER G5/4 (Supported by ACE Report No.73)

ITEM No.	DOCUMENT	REFERENCE No.
7	AC Traction Supplies to British Rail	ER P24
	Type of supply point to railway system.	
	Estimation of traction loads.	
	Nature of traction current.	
	System disturbance estimation.	
	Earthing arrangements.	
8	Operational Memoranda	(SOM)
	Main System operating procedure.	SOM 1
	Operational standards of security.	SOM 3
	Voltage and reactive control on main system.	SOM 4
	System warnings and procedures for instructed load reduction.	SOM 7
	Continuous tape recording of system control telephone messages and instructions.	SOM 10
	Emergency action in the event of an exceptionally serious breakdown of the main system.	SOM 15
9	Planning Limits for Voltage Unbalance in the United Kingdom.	ER P29

PART 2 – SPT's TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

ITEM	DOCUMENT	Reference
No.		No.
1	GB Security and Quality of Supply Standard	Version []4
2	System Phasing	TDM 13/10,002 Issue 4
3	not used	155UE 4
3	not used	
4	Planning Limits for Voltage Fluctuations Caused by Industrial, Commercial and Domestic Equipment in the United Kingdom	ER P28
5	EHV or HV Supplies to Induction Furnaces	ER P16
	Voltage Unbalance limits.	(Supported by ACE Report No.48)
	Harmonic current limits.	
6	Planning Levels for Harmonic Voltage Distortion and the Connection of Non-Linear Loads to Transmission Systems and Public Electricity Supply Systems in the United Kingdom	ER G5/4 Supported by ACE Report No.73)
	Harmonic distortion (waveform).	
	Harmonic voltage distortion.	
	Harmonic current distortion.	
	Stage 1 limits.	
	Stage 2 limits.	
	Stage 3 Limits	
	Addition of Harmonics	
	Short Duration Harmonics	
	Site Measurements	
7	AC Traction Supplies to British Rail	ER P24
	Type of supply point to railway system.	
	Estimation of traction loads.	
	Nature of traction current.	
	System disturbance estimation.	
	Earthing arrangements.	

PLANNING CODE APPENDIX D

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA

- D1.1 The table below identifies the technical and design criteria that will be used in the design and development of an **Offshore Transmission System**.
- D1.2 In the absence of any offshore standards, **Offshore Transmission Licensees** are required to ensure that all equipment used in the construction of their network is fully compliant with IEC standards, is fit for purpose and suitably designed for use in an offshore environment.
- D1.3 In addition **Offshore Transmission Licensees** shall be responsible for the full design of their offshore network including steady state, fault level, dynamic and transient analysis including insulation coordination. The results of such study work shall be provided to **NGET** upon request.

ITEM No.	DOCUMENT	Reference No.
<u>1</u>	GB Security and Quality of Supply Standard	Version []

< End of Planning Code (PC) >

CONNECTION CONDITIONS

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(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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CONNECTION CONDITIONS

CC.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The Connection Conditions ("CC") specify both the minimum technical, design and operational criteria which must be complied with by any User connected to or seeking connection with the GB Transmission System or Generators (other than in respect of Small Power Stations) or DC Converter Station owners connected to or seeking connection to a User's System which is located in Great Britain or Offshore, and the minimum technical, design and operational criteria with which NGET will comply in relation to the part of the GB Transmission System at the Connection Site with Users.

CC.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

CC.2.1 The objective of the **CC** is to ensure that by specifying minimum technical, design and operational criteria the basic rules for connection to the **GB Transmission**System and (for certain **Users**) to a **User's System** are similar for all **Users** of an equivalent category and will enable **NGET** to comply with its statutory and **Transmission Licence** obligations.

CC.3 SCOPE

- CC.3.1 The **CC** applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in the **CC** means:
 - (a) **Generators** (other than those which only have **Embedded Small Power Stations**)
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers;
 - (d) **DC Converter Station** owners; and
 - (e) **BM Participants** and **Externally Interconnected System Operators** in respect of CC.6.5 only.
- CC.3.2 The above categories of **User** will become bound by the **CC** prior to them generating, distributing, supplying or consuming, as the case may be, and references to the various categories should, therefore, be taken as referring to them in that prospective role as well as to **Users** actually connected.
- CC.3.3 The obligations within the CC that are expressed to be applicable to Generators in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and DC Converter Station Owners in respect of Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement (where the obligations are in each case listed in CC.3.4) shall be read and construed as obligations that the Network Operator within whose System any such Medium Power Station or DC Converter Station is Embedded must ensure are performed and discharged by the Generator or the DC Converter Station owner.
- CC.3.4 The **Network Operator** within whose **System** a **Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** is **Embedded** or a **DC Converter Station** not subject to a

Bilateral Agreement is Embedded must ensure that the following obligations in the CC are performed and discharged by the Generator in respect of each such Embedded Medium Power Station or the DC Converter Station owner in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station:

CC.5.1 CC.5.2.2 CC.5.3 CC.6.1.3 CC.6.1.5 (b) CC.6.3.2, CC.6.3.3, CC.6.3.4, CC.6.3.6, CC.6.3.7, CC.6.3.8, CC.6.3.9, CC.6.3.10, CC.6.3.12, CC.6.3.13, CC.6.3.15, CC.6.3.16 CC.6.4.4 CC.6.5.6 (where required by CC.6.4.4)

In respect of CC.6.2.2.2, CC.6.2.2.3, CC.6.2.2.5, CC.6.1.5(a), CC.6.1.5(b) and CC.6.3.11 equivalent provisions as co-ordinated and agreed with the **Network Operator** and **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner may be required. Details of any such requirements will be notified to the **Network Operator** in accordance with CC.3.5.

CC.3.5 In the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded DC Converter Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** the requirements in:

CC.6.1.6 CC.6.3.8 CC.6.3.12 CC.6.3.15 CC.6.3.16

that would otherwise have been specified in a **Bilateral Agreement** will be notified to the relevant **Network Operator** in writing in accordance with the provisions of the **CUSC** and the **Network Operator** must ensure such requirements are performed and discharged by the **Generator** or the **DC Converter Station** owner.

CC.3.6 In the case of Embedded Power Stations connected to a User's System which is directly connected to an Offshore Transmission System, any additional requirements in respect of such Embedded Power Stations may be specified in the relevant Bilateral Agreement with the Network Operator or in any Bilateral Agreement between NGET and such Embedded Power Station.

CC.4 PROCEDURE

CC.4.1 The CUSC contains provisions relating to the procedure for connection to the GB Transmission System or, in the case of Embedded Power Stations or Embedded DC Converter Stations, becoming operational and includes provisions relating to certain conditions to be complied with by Users prior to NGET notifying the User that it has the right to become operational.

CC.5. CONNECTION

CC.5.1 The provisions relating to connecting to the **GB Transmission System** (or to a **User's System** in the case of a connection of an **Embedded Large Power Station**

or Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station) are contained in

- (a) the CUSC and/or CUSC Contract (or in the relevant application form or offer for a CUSC Contract)
- (b) or, in the case of an Embedded Development, the relevant Distribution Code and/or the Embedded Development Agreement for the connection (or in the relevant application form or offer for an Embedded Development Agreement),

and include provisions relating to both the submission of information and reports relating to compliance with the relevant Connection Conditions for that User, Safety Rules, commissioning programmes, Operation Diagrams and approval to connect (and their equivalents in the case of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement). References in the CC to the "Bilateral Agreement" and/or "Construction Agreement" and/or "Embedded Development Agreement" shall be deemed to include references to the application form or offer therefor.

CC.5.2 Items for submission

- Prior to the **Completion Date** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, the following is submitted pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**:
 - (a) updated **Planning Code** data (both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**:
 - (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in CC.6;
 - (c) copies of all Safety Rules and Local Safety Instructions applicable at Users' Sites which will be used at the NGET/User interface (which, for the purpose of OC8, must be to NGET's satisfaction regarding the procedures for Isolation and Earthing. For User Sites in Scotland and Offshore NGET will consult the Relevant Transmission Licensee when determining whether the procedures for Isolation and Earthing are satisfactory);
 - (d) information to enable **NGET** to prepare **Site Responsibility Schedules** on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix 1;
 - (e) an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **User** side of the **Connection Point** as described in CC.7;
 - (f) the proposed name of the **User Site** (which shall not be the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of any **Transmission Site** or of any other **User Site**);
 - (g) written confirmation that **Safety Coordinators** acting on behalf of the **User** are authorised and competent pursuant to the requirements of **OC8**;
 - (h) **RISSP** prefixes pursuant to the requirements of **OC8**. **NGET** is required to circulate prefixes utilising a proforma in accordance with **OC8**;

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- a list of the telephone numbers for **Joint System Incidents** at which senior management representatives nominated for the purpose can be contacted and confirmation that they are fully authorised to make binding decisions on behalf of the **User**, pursuant to **OC9**;
- (j) a list of managers who have been duly authorised to sign **Site Responsibility Schedules** on behalf of the **User**;
- (k) information to enable **NGET** to prepare **Site Common Drawings** as described in CC.7:
- (I) a list of the telephone numbers for the **Users** facsimile machines referred to in CC.6.5.9; and
- (m) for Sites in Scotland and Offshore a list of persons appointed by the User to undertake operational duties on the User's System and to issue and receive operational messages and instructions in relation to the User's System; and an appointed person or persons responsible for the maintenance and testing of User's Plant and Apparatus.
- CC.5.2.2 prior to the **Completion Date** the following must be submitted to **NGET** by the **Network Operator** in respect of an **Embedded Development**:
 - (a) updated **Planning Code** data (both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**;
 - (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in CC.6;
 - (c) the proposed name of the Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station Site (which shall be agreed with NGET unless it is the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of other Transmission Site or User Site);
- CC.5.2.3 Prior to the completion date contained within an Offshore Transmission

 Distribution Connection Agreement the following must be submitted to NGET by the Network Operator in respect of a proposed new Interface Point within its User System:
 - (a) updated Planning Code data (both Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for Forecast Data items such as Demand, pursuant to the requirements of the Planning Code;
 - (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in CC.6;
 - (c) the proposed name of the Interface Point (which shall not be the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of any Transmission Site or of any other User Site);
- CC.5.3 (a) Of the items CC.5.2.1 (c), (e), (g), (h), (k) and (m) need not be supplied in respect of **Embedded Power Stations** or **Embedded DC Converter Stations**.

- (b) item CC.5.2.1(i) need not be supplied in respect of Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations or Embedded DC Converter Stations with a Registered Capacity of less than 100MW, and
- (c) items CC.5.2.1(d) and (j) are only needed in the case where the **Embedded Power Station** or the **Embedded DC Converter Station** is within a **Connection Site** with another **User**.
- In addition, at the time the information is given under CC.5.2(g), **NGET** will provide written confirmation to the **User** that the **Safety Co-ordinators** acting on behalf of **NGET** are authorised and competent pursuant to the requirements of **OC8**.

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CC.6 TECHNICAL, DESIGN AND OPERATIONAL CRITERIA

CC.6.1 **GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

CC.6.1.1 NGET shall ensure that, subject as provided in the Grid Code, the GB Transmission System complies with the following technical, design and operational criteria in relation to the part of the GB Transmission System at the Connection Site with a User (unless otherwise specified in CC.6) although in relation to operational criteria NGET may be unable (and will not be required) to comply with this obligation to the extent that there are insufficient Power Stations or User Systems are not available or Users do not comply with NGET's instructions or otherwise do not comply with the Grid Code and each User shall ensure that its Plant and Apparatus complies with the criteria set out in CC.6.1.5.

Grid Frequency Variations

- CC.6.1.2 The **Frequency** of the **GB Transmission System** shall be nominally 50Hz and shall be controlled within the limits of 49.5 50.5Hz unless exceptional circumstances prevail.
- CC.6.1.3 The **System Frequency** could rise to 52Hz or fall to 47Hz in exceptional circumstances. Design of **User's Plant** and **Apparatus** must enable operation of that **Plant** and **Apparatus** within that range in accordance with the following:-

Frequency Range	Requirement
47.5Hz - 52Hz	Continuous operation is required
47Hz - 47.5Hz	Operation for a period of at least 20 seconds is required each time the Frequency is below 47.5Hz.

Grid Voltage Variations

Subject as provided below, the voltage on the 400kV part of the GB Transmission System at each Connection Site with a User will normally remain within ±5% of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. The minimum voltage is -10% and the maximum voltage is +10% unless abnormal conditions prevail, but voltages between +5% and +10% will not last longer than 15 minutes unless abnormal conditions prevail. Voltages on the 275kV and 132kV parts of the GB Transmission System at each Connection Site with a User will normally remain within the limits ±10% of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. At nominal System voltages below 132kV the voltage of the GB Transmission System at each Connection Site with a User will normally remain within the limits ±6% of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. Under fault conditions, voltage may collapse transiently to zero at the point of fault until the fault is cleared.

NGET and a **User** may agree greater or lesser variations in voltage to those set out above in relation to a particular **Connection Site**, and insofar as a greater or lesser variation is agreed, the relevant figure set out above shall, in relation to that **User** at the particular **Connection Site**, be replaced by the figure agreed.

Voltage Waveform Quality

CC.6.1.5 All **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **GB Transmission System**, and that part of the **GB Transmission System** at each **Connection Site**, should be capable

of withstanding the following distortions of the voltage waveform in respect of harmonic content and phase unbalance:

(a) Harmonic Content

The Electromagnetic Compatibility Levels for harmonic distortion on the GB Transmission System from all sources under both Planned Outage and fault outage conditions, (unless abnormal conditions prevail) shall comply with the levels shown in the tables of Appendix A of Engineering Recommendation G5/4.

Engineering Recommendation G5/4 contains planning criteria which NGET will apply to the connection of non-linear Load to the GB Transmission System, which may result in harmonic emission limits being specified for these Loads in the relevant Bilateral Agreement. The application of the planning criteria will take into account the position of existing and prospective Users' Plant and Apparatus in relation to harmonic emissions. Users must ensure that connection of distorting loads to their User Systems do not cause any harmonic emission limits specified in the Bilateral Agreement, or where no such limits are specified, the relevant planning levels specified in Engineering Recommendation G5/4 to be exceeded.

(b) Phase Unbalance

Under Planned Outage conditions, the maximum Phase (Voltage) Unbalance on the GB Transmission System should remain, in England and Wales and Offshore, below 1%, and in Scotland, below 2%, unless abnormal conditions prevail.

In England and Wales and Offshore, under the Planned Outage conditions stated in CC.6.1.5(b) infrequent short duration peaks with a maximum value of 2% are permitted for Phase (Voltage) Unbalance, subject to the prior agreement of NGET under the Bilateral Agreement. NGET will only agree following a specific assessment of the impact of these levels on Transmission Apparatus and other Users Apparatus with which it is satisfied.

Voltage Fluctuations

- CC.6.1.7 Voltage fluctuations at a **Point of Common Coupling** with a fluctuating **Load** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** shall not exceed:
 - (a) In England and Wales, 1% of the voltage level for step changes which may occur repetitively. Any large voltage excursions other than step changes may be allowed up to a level of 3% provided that this does not constitute a risk to the **GB Transmission System** or, in **NGET's** view, to the **System** of any **User**. In Scotland, the limits for voltage level step changes are as set out in **Engineering Recommendation** P28.
 - (b) For voltages above 132kV, Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 0.8 Unit and a Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.6 Unit, for voltages 132kV and below, Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 1.0 Unit and a Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.8 Unit, as set out in Engineering Recommendation P28 as current at the Transfer Date.

CC.6.2 PLANT AND APPARATUS RELATING TO CONNECTION SITE

The following requirements apply to **Plant** and **Apparatus** relating to the **Connection Point**, which (except as otherwise provided in the relevant paragraph) each **User** must ensure are complied with in relation to its **Plant** and **Apparatus** and which in the case of CC.6.2.2.2.2, CC.6.2.3.1.1 and CC.6.2.1.1(b) only, **NGET** must ensure are complied with in relation to **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus**, as provided in those paragraphs.

CC.6.2.1 General Requirements

- CC.6.2.1.1 (a) The design of connections between the **GB Transmission System** and:-
 - (i) any Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit or Power Park Unit) DC Converter, Power Park Module or CCGT Module, or
 - (ii) any Network Operator's User System, or
 - (iii) Non-Embedded Customers equipment;

will be consistent with the Licence Standards.

- (b) The **GB Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above is designed to be earthed with an **Earth Fault Factor** of, in England and Wales or **Offshore**, below 1.4 and in Scotland, below 1.5. Under fault conditions the rated **Frequency** component of voltage could fall transiently to zero on one or more phases or, in England and Wales, rise to 140% phase-to-earth voltage, or in Scotland, rise to 150% phase-to-earth voltage. The voltage rise would last only for the time that the fault conditions exist. The fault conditions referred to here are those existing when the type of fault is single or two phase-to-earth.
- (c) For connections to the **GB Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of below 132kV the earthing requirements and voltage rise conditions will be advised by **NGET** as soon as practicable prior to connection.

CC.6.2.1.2 Substation **Plant** and **Apparatus**

- (a) The following provisions shall apply to all **Plant** and **Apparatus** which is connected at the voltage of the **Connection Point** and which is contained in equipment bays that are within the **Transmission** busbar protection zone at the **Connection Point**. This includes circuit breakers, switch disconnectors, disconnectors, **Earthing Devices**, power transformers, voltage transformers, reactors, current transformers, surge arresters, bushings, neutral equipment, capacitors, line traps, coupling devices, external insulation and insulation co-ordination devices. Where necessary, this is as more precisely defined in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
 - (i) Plant and/or Apparatus prior to 1st January 1999

Each item of such **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** which at 1st January 1999 is either:-

installed: or

owned (but is either in storage, maintenance or awaiting installation); or ordered

and is the subject of a **Bilateral Agreement** with regard to the purpose for which it is in use or intended to be in use, shall comply with the relevant standards/specifications applicable at the time that the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** was designed (rather than commissioned) and any further requirements as specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

(ii) Plant and/or Apparatus post 1st January 1999 for a new Connection Point

Each item of such Plant and/or Apparatus installed in relation to a new Connection Point after 1st January 1999 shall comply with the relevant Technical Specifications and any further requirements identified by NGET, acting reasonably, to reflect the options to be followed within the Technical Specifications and/or to complement if necessary the Technical Specifications so as to enable NGET to comply with its obligations in relation to the GB Transmission System or, in Scotland or Offshore, also the Relevant Transmission Licensee to comply with its obligations in relation to its Transmission System. This information, including the application dates of the relevant Technical Specifications, will be as specified in the Bilateral Agreement.

(iii) New Plant and/or Apparatus post 1st January 1999 for an existing Connection Point

Each new additional and/or replacement item of such Plant and/or **Apparatus** installed in relation to a change to an existing **Connection Point** January 1999 shall comply standards/specifications applicable when the change was designed, or such other standards/specifications as necessary to ensure that the item of Plant and/or Apparatus is reasonably fit for its intended purpose having due regard to the obligations of NGET, the relevant User and, in Scotland, or Offshore, also the Relevant Transmission Licensee under their respective Licences. Where appropriate this including the application dates of the relevant information, standards/specifications, will be as specified in the varied Bilateral Agreement.

(iv) Used Plant and/or Apparatus being moved, re-used or modified

If, after its installation, any such item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** is subsequently:-

moved to a new location; or used for a different purpose; or otherwise modified;

then the standards/specifications as described in (i), (ii), or (iii) above as applicable will apply as appropriate to such **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, which must be reasonably fit for its intended purpose having due regard to the obligations of **NGET**, the relevant **User** and, in Scotland or **Offshore**, also the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** under their respective **Licences**.

(b) **NGET** shall at all times maintain a list of those **Technical Specifications** and additional requirements which might be applicable under this CC.6.2.1.2

and which may be referenced by **NGET** in the **Bilateral Agreement**. **NGET** shall provide a copy of the list upon request to any **User**. **NGET** shall also provide a copy of the list to any new **User** upon receipt of an application form for a **Bilateral Agreement** for a new **Connection Point**.

- (c) Where the **User** provides **NGET** with information and/or test reports in respect of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** which the **User** reasonably believes demonstrate the compliance of such items with the provisions of a **Technical Specification** then **NGET** shall promptly and without unreasonable delay give due and proper consideration to such information.
- (d) Plant and Apparatus shall be designed, manufactured and tested in premises with an accredited certificate in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of the relevant standard in the BS EN ISO 9000 series (or equivalent as reasonably approved by NGET) or in respect of test premises which do not include a manufacturing facility premises with an accredited certificate in accordance with BS EN 45001.
- (e) Each connection between a **User** and the **GB Transmission System** must be controlled by a circuit-breaker (or circuit breakers) capable of interrupting the maximum short circuit current at the point of connection. The **Seven Year Statement** gives values of short circuit current and the rating of **Transmission** circuit breakers at existing and committed **Connection Points** for future years.
- CC.6.2.2 Requirements at Connection Points that relate to Generators or DC Converter Station owners
- CC.6.2.2.1 Not Used.
- CC.6.2.2.2 Generating Unit and Power Station Protection Arrangements

CC.6.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirements

Protection of Generating Units (other than Power Park Units), DC Converters or Power Park Modules and their connections to the GB Transmission System must meet the minimum requirements given below. These are necessary to reduce to a practical minimum the impact on the GB Transmission System of faults on circuits owned by Generators or DC Converter Station owners.

CC.6.2.2.2.2 Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The fault clearance times for faults on the Generator's or DC Converter Station owner's equipment directly connected to the GB Transmission System and for faults on the GB Transmission System directly connected to the Generator or DC Converter Station owner's equipment, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in accordance with the Bilateral Agreement. The times specified in accordance with the Bilateral Agreement shall not be faster than:
 - (i) 80mS at 400kV
 - (ii) 100mS at 275kV
 - (iii) 120mS at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent a **User** or **NGET** having faster fault clearance times.

Slower fault clearance times may be specified in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **GB Transmission System**. Slower fault clearance times for faults on the **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner's equipment may be agreed in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements, in **NGET's** view, permit. The probability that the fault clearance times stated in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault, must be less than 2%.

(b) For the event that the above fault clearance times are not met as a result of failure to operate on the Main Protection System(s) provided, the Generators or DC Converter Station owners shall provide Back-Up Protection. NGET will also provide Back-Up Protection and these Back-Up Protections will be co-ordinated so as to provide Discrimination.

On a Generating Unit (other than Power Park Units), DC Converter or Power Park Module connected to the GB Transmission System where only one Main Protection is provided to clear faults on the HV Connections within the required fault clearance time, the Back-Up Protection provided by the Generators and DC Converter Station owners shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no slower than 300 ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections. On Generating Units (other than Power Park Units), DC Converters or Power Park Modules connected to the GB Transmission System at 400 kV and 275 kV where two Main Protections are provided and on Generating Units (other than Power Park Units), DC Converters or Power Park Modules connected to the GB Transmission System at 132 kV and below, the Back-Up Protection shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no slower than 800 ms in England and Wales or Offshore and 300 ms in Scotland at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the HV Connections.

Generators' and DC Converter Station owners' Back-Up Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the GB Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV or of a fault cleared by Back-Up Protection where the Generator or DC Converter is connected at 132kV and below. This will permit Discrimination between Generator or DC Converter Back-Up Protection and Back-Up Protection provided on the GB Transmission System and other Users' Systems.

- (c) When the Generating Unit (other than Power Park Units), or the DC Converter or Power Park Module is connected to the GB Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland and Offshore also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the Generator or the DC Converter Station owner, or NGET, as the case may be, to interrupt fault current interchange with the GB Transmission System, or Generator's System, or DC Converter Station owner's System, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection shall be provided by the Generator or DC Converter Station owner, or NGET, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker. In the event, following operation of a Protection system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the Fault Current Interruption Time, the circuit breaker fail Protection is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200 ms
- (d) The target performance for the **System Fault Dependability Index** shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of **Protection** to initiate

successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty item of **Apparatus**.

CC.6.2.2.3 Equipment to be provided

CC.6.2.2.3.1 **Protection** of Interconnecting Connections

The requirements for the provision of **Protection** equipment for interconnecting connections will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. In this **CC** the term "interconnecting connections" means the primary conductors from the current transformer accommodation on the circuit side of the circuit breaker to the **Connection Point**.

CC.6.2.2.3.2 Circuit-breaker fail **Protection**

The Generator or DC Converter Station owner will install circuit breaker fail Protection equipment in accordance with the requirements of the Bilateral Agreement. The Generator or DC Converter Station owner will also provide a back-trip signal in the event of loss of air from its pressurised head circuit breakers, during the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit or Power Park Unit) or CCGT Module or DC Converter or Power Park Module run-up sequence, where these circuit breakers are installed.

CC.6.2.2.3.3 Loss of Excitation

The **Generator** must provide **Protection** to detect loss of excitation on a **Generating Unit** and initiate a **Generating Unit** trip.

CC.6.2.2.3.4 Pole-Slipping **Protection**

Where, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, **System** requirements dictate, **NGET** will specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** a requirement for **Generators** to fit pole-slipping **Protection** on their **Generating Units**.

CC.6.2.2.3.5 Signals for Tariff Metering

Generators and **DC Converter Station** owners will install current and voltage transformers supplying all tariff meters at a voltage to be specified in, and in accordance with, the **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.6.2.2.4 Work on **Protection** Equipment

No busbar **Protection**, mesh corner **Protection**, circuit-breaker fail **Protection** relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the **Generating Unit, DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** itself) may be worked upon or altered by the **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner personnel in the absence of a representative of **NGET** or in Scotland or **Offshore**, a representative of **NGET**, or written authority from **NGET** to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of **NGET**.

CC.6.2.2.5 Relay Settings

Protection and relay settings will be co-ordinated (both on connection and subsequently) across the **Connection Point** in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** to ensure effective disconnection of faulty **Apparatus**.

- CC.6.2.3 Requirements at Connection Points relating to Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers
- CC.6.2.3.1.1 Protection of Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customers User Systems directly supplied from the GB Transmission System, must meet the minimum requirements referred to below:

Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The fault clearance times for faults on Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer equipment directly connected to the GB Transmission System, and for faults on the GB Transmission System directly connected to the Network Operator's or Non-Embedded Customer's equipment, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in accordance with each Bilateral Agreement. The times specified in accordance with the Bilateral Agreement shall not be faster than:
 - (i) 80mS at 400kV
 - (ii) 100mS at 275kV
 - (iii) 120mS at 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent a **User** or **NGET** having a faster fault clearance time.

Slower fault clearance times may be specified in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **GB Transmission System**. Slower fault clearance times for faults on the **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customers** equipment may be agreed in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements in **NGET's** view permit. The probability that the fault clearance times stated in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault must be less than 2%.

- (b) (i) For the event of failure of the **Protection** systems provided to meet the above fault clearance time requirements, **Back-Up Protection** shall be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** as the case may be.
 - (ii) NGET will also provide Back-Up Protection, which will result in a fault clearance time slower than that specified for the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer Back-Up Protection so as to provide Discrimination.
 - (iii) For connections with the GB Transmission System at 132kV and below, it is normally required that the Back-Up Protection on the GB Transmission System shall discriminate with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection.
 - (iv) For connections with the **GB Transmission System** at 400kV or 275kV, the **Back-Up Protection** will be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer**, as the case may be, with a fault clearance

- time not slower than 300mS for faults on the **Network Operator's** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus**.
- (v) Such Protection will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the GB Transmission System by breaker fail Protection at 400kV or 275kV. This will permit Discrimination between Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, Back-Up Protection and Back-Up Protection provided on the GB Transmission System and other User Systems. The requirement for and level of Discrimination required will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement.
- (c) (i) Where the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer is connected to the GB Transmission System at 400kV or 275kV, and in Scotland also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or NGET, as the case may be, to interrupt the interchange of fault current with the GB Transmission System or the System of the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail Protection will be provided by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer, or NGET, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker.
 - (ii) In the event, following operation of a **Protection** system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the **Fault Current Interruption Time**, the circuit breaker fail **Protection** is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200 ms.
- (d) The target performance for the **System Fault Dependability Index** shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of **Protection** to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty items of **Apparatus**.

CC.6.2.3.2 Fault Disconnection Facilities

- (a) Where no Transmission circuit breaker is provided at the User's connection voltage, the User must provide NGET with the means of tripping all the User's circuit breakers necessary to isolate faults or System abnormalities on the GB Transmission System. In these circumstances, for faults on the User's System, the User's Protection should also trip higher voltage Transmission circuit breakers. These tripping facilities shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in the Bilateral Agreement.
- (b) **NGET** may require the installation of a **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** in order to enable the timely restoration of circuits following power **System** fault(s). These requirements shall be set out in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.6.2.3.3 Automatic Switching Equipment

Where automatic reclosure of **Transmission** circuit breakers is required following faults on the **User's System**, automatic switching equipment shall be provided in accordance with the requirements specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.6.2.3.4 Relay Settings

Protection and relay settings will be co-ordinated (both on connection and subsequently) across the **Connection Point** in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** to ensure effective disconnection of faulty **Apparatus**.

CC.6.2.3.5 Work on **Protection** equipment

Where a **Transmission Licensee** owns the busbar at the **Connection Point**, no busbar **Protection**, mesh corner **Protection** relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus** itself) may be worked upon or altered by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** personnel in the absence of a representative of **NGET** or in Scotland, a representative of **NGET**, or written authority from **NGET** to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of **NGET**.

CC.6.2.3.6 Equipment to be provided

CC.6.2.3.6.1 **Protection** of Interconnecting Connections

The requirements for the provision of **Protection** equipment for interconnecting connections will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.6.3 GENERAL **GENERATING UNIT** REQUIREMENTS

This section sets out the technical and design criteria and performance requirements for **Generating Units**, **DC Converters** and **Power Park Modules** (whether directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** or **Embedded**) which each **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner must ensure are complied with in relation to its **Generating Units**, **DC Converters** and **Power Park Modules** but does not apply to **Small Power Stations** or individually to **Power Park Units**. References to **Generating Units**, **DC Converters** and **Power Park Modules** in this CC.6.3 should be read accordingly.

Plant Performance Requirements

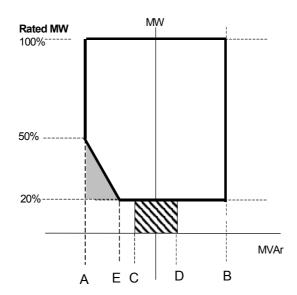
- CC.6.3.2 (a) All Onshore Synchronous Generating Units must be capable of supplying

 Rated MW at any point between the limits 0.85 Power Factor lagging and
 0.95 Power Factor leading at the Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit terminals. The short circuit ratio of Onshore Synchronous Generating Units shall be not less than 0.5.
 - (b) Subject to paragraph (c) below, all Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Onshore DC Converters and Onshore Power Park Modules must be capable of maintaining zero transfer of Reactive Power at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded) at all Active Power

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levels under steady state voltage conditions. For <u>Onshore</u> Non-Synchronous Generating Units and <u>Onshore</u> Power Park Modules t∓he steady state tolerance on Reactive Power transfer to and from the GB Transmission System expressed in MVAr shall be no greater than 5% of the Rated MW. For <u>Onshore</u> DC Converters the steady state tolerance on Reactive Power transfer to and from the GB Transmission System shall be specified in the Bilateral Agreement.

(c) Subject to the provisions of CC.6.3.2(d) below, all Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units. Onshore DC Converters (excluding current source technology) and Onshore Power Park Modules (excluding those connected to the Total System by a current source Onshore DC Converter) with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006 must be capable of supplying Rated MW output at any point between the limits 0.95 Power Factor lagging and 0.95 Power Factor leading at the Onshore Grid Entry Point in England and Wales or at the HV side of the 33/132kV or 33/275kV or 33/400kV transformer for Generators directly connected to the GB Onshore Transmission System in Scotland (or User System Entry Point if Embedded). With all Plant in service, the Reactive Power limits defined at Rated MW at Lagging Power Factor will apply at all Active Power output levels above 20% of the Rated MW output as defined in Figure 1. With all Plant in service, the Reactive Power limits defined at Rated MW at Leading Power Factor will apply at all Active Power output levels above 50% of the **Rated MW** output as defined in Figure 1. With all **Plant** in service, the Reactive Power limits will reduce linearly below 50% Active Power output as shown in Figure 1 unless the requirement to maintain the Reactive Power limits defined at Rated MW at Leading Power Factor down to 20% Active Power output is specified in the Bilateral Agreement. These Reactive Power limits will be reduced pro rata to the amount of Plant in service.



Point A is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 leading **Power Factor**

at Rated MW output

Point B is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 lagging **Power Factor**

at Rated MW output

Point C is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -5% of **Rated MW** output Point D is equivalent (in MVAr) to: +5% of **Rated MW** output Point E is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -12% of **Rated MW** output

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- (d) All Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units and Onshore Power Park Modules in Scotland with a Completion Date after 1 April 2005 and before 1 January 2006 must be capable of supplying Rated MW at the range of power factors either:-
 - (i) from 0.95 lead to 0.95 lag as illustrated in Figure 1 at the User System Entry Point for Embedded Generators or at the HV side of the 33/132kV or 33/275kV or 33/400kV transformer for Generators directly connected to the GB Onshore Transmission System. With all Plant in service, the Reactive Power limits defined at Rated MW will apply at all Active Power output levels above 20% of the Rated MW output as defined in Figure 1. These Reactive Power limits will be reduced pro rata to the amount of Plant in service.

or,

- (ii) from 0.95 lead to 0.90 lag at the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit (including Power Park Unit) terminals. For the avoidance of doubt Generators complying with this option (ii) are not required to comply with CC.6.3.2(b).
- (e) The short circuit ratio of Offshore Synchronous Generating Units shall be not less than 0.5. All Offshore Synchronous Generating Units, Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Offshore DC Converters and Offshore Power Park Modules must be capable of maintaining:
 - (i) zero transfer of Reactive Power at the Offshore Grid Entry Point for all Generators with an Offshore Grid Entry Point at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform at all Active Power output levels under steady state voltage conditions. The steady state tolerance on Reactive Power transfer to and from an Offshore Transmission System expressed in MVAr shall be no greater than 5% of the Rated MW, or
 - (ii) a transfer of Reactive Power at the Offshore Grid Entry Point at a value specified in the Bilateral Agreement that will be equivalent to zero at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform, or
 - (iii) the Reactive Power capability specified in the Bilateral Agreement if any alternative has been agreed with the Generator, Offshore Transmission Licensee and NGET.
- CC.6.3.3 Each **Generating Unit, DC Converter, Power Park Module** and/or **CCGT Module** must be capable of
 - (a) continuously maintaining constant **Active Power** output for **System Frequency** changes within the range 50.5 to 49.5 Hz; and
 - (b) (subject to the provisions of CC.6.1.3) maintaining its **Active Power** output at a level not lower than the figure determined by the linear relationship shown in Figure 2 for **System Frequency** changes within the range 49.5 to 47 Hz, such that if the **System Frequency** drops to 47 Hz the **Active Power** output does not decrease by more than 5%.

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In the case of a CCGT Module, the above requirement shall be retained down to the Low Frequency Relay trip setting of 48.8 Hz, which reflects the first stage of the Automatic Low Frequency Demand Disconnection scheme notified to Network Operators under OC6.6.2. For System Frequency below that setting, the existing requirement shall be retained for a minimum period of 5 minutes while System Frequency remains below that setting, and special measure(s) that may be required to meet this requirement shall be kept in service during this period. After that 5 minutes period, if System Frequency remains below that setting, the special measure(s) must be discontinued if there is a materially increased risk of the Gas Turbine tripping. The need for special measure(s) is linked to the inherent Gas Turbine Active Power output reduction caused by reduced shaft speed due to falling System Frequency

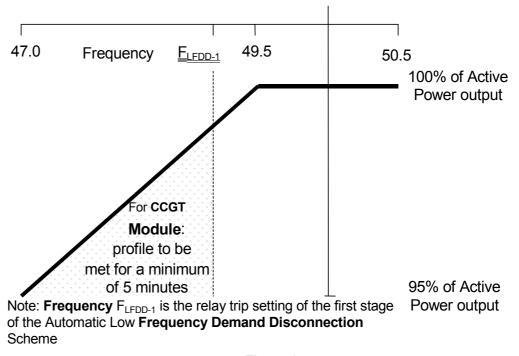


Figure 2

- (c) For the avoidance of doubt in the case of a **Generating Unit** or **Power Park Module** using an **Intermittent Power Source** where the mechanical power input will not be constant over time, the requirement is that the **Active Power** output shall be independent of **System Frequency** under (a) above and should not drop with **System Frequency** by greater than the amount specified in (b) above.
- (d) A DC Converter Station must be capable of maintaining its Active Power input (i.e. when operating in a mode analogous to Demand) from the GB Transmission System (or User System in the case of an Embedded DC Converter Station) at a level not greater than the figure determined by the linear relationship shown in Figure 3 for System Frequency changes within the range 49.5 to 47 Hz, such that if the System Frequency drops to 47.8 Hz the Active Power input decreases by more than 60%.

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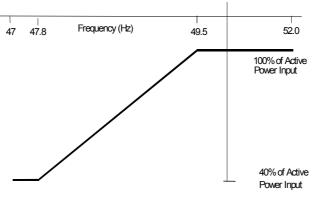


Figure 3

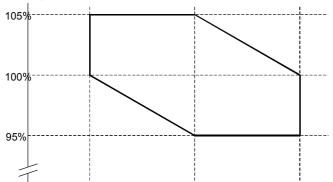
(e) In the case of an Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore Power Park Module and Offshore DC Converter which is connected to an Offshore Transmission System, the Generator shall comply with the requirements of CC.6.3.3. Generators should be aware that Section K of the STC places requirements on Offshore Transmission Licensees which utilise a DC Converter as part of their Offshore Transmission System to make appropriate provisions to enable Generators to fulfil their obligations.

- CC.6.3.4 At the **Grid Entry Point** the **Active Power** output under steady state conditions of any **Generating Unit**, **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** should not be affected by voltage changes in the normal operating range specified in paragraph CC.6.1.4 by more than the change in **Active Power** losses at reduced or increased voltage. In addition:-
 - Power Park Module the Reactive Power output under steady state conditions should be fully available within the voltage range ±5% at 400kV, 275kV and 132kV and lower voltages, except for an Onshore Power Park Module or Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit if Embedded at 33kV and below (or directly connected to the GB-Onshore Transmission System in England & Wales at 33kV and below) where the requirement shown in Figure 4 applies.
 - (b) In the case of an Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter and Offshore Power Park Module, where an alternative reactive capability has been agreed with the Generator, as specified in CC.6.3.2(e) (iii), the voltage / Reactive Power requirement shall be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. The Reactive Power output under steady state conditions shall be fully available within the voltage range ±5% at 400kV, 275kV and 132kV and lower voltages.

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Onshore Transmission System Voltage at an **Onshore Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**

(% of Nominal) at 33 kV and below



Power Factor 0.95 Lead at Rated 1.0 MW output or Onshore Grid Entry Point equivalent Power Factor if connected to the Onshore Transmission System in Scotland

Power Factor 0.95 lag at Rated MW output or Onshore Grid Entry Point equivalent Power Factor if connected to the Onshore Transmission System in Scotland or optionally in Scotland for Plant with a Completion Date before 1 January 2006 Power Factor 0.9 lag at an Onshore Nonsynchronous Generating Unit or Onshore Power Park Unit Terminals

Figure 4

CC.6.3.5 It is an essential requirement that the **GB Transmission System** must incorporate a **Black Start Capability**. This will be achieved by agreeing a **Black Start Capability** at a number of strategically located **Power Stations**. For each **Power Station NGET** will state in the **Bilateral Agreement** whether or not a **Black Start Capability** is required.

Control Arrangements

CC.6.3.6

- (a) Each:
 - (i) Generating Unit; or,
 - (ii) **DC Converter** with a **Completion Date** on or after 1 April 2005; or,
 - (iii) Onshore Power Park Module in England and Wales with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006; or,
 - (iv) Onshore Power Park Module in operation in Scotland on or after 1 January 2006 (with a Completion Date after 1 July 2004 and in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more); or.
 - (v) Offshore Power Park Module in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more,

must be capable of contributing to **Frequency** control by continuous modulation of **Active Power** supplied to the **GB Transmission System** or the **User System** in which it is **Embedded**.

- (b) Each:
 - (i) Onshore Generating Unit; or,
 - (ii) Onshore DC Converter (with a Completion Date on or after 1 April 2005 excluding current source technologies); or
 - (iii) Onshore Power Park Module in England and Wales with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006; or,
 - (iv) Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland irrespective of Completion

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Date; or,

(v) Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore

Power Park Module which provides a reactive range beyond the minimum requirements specified in CC.6.3.2(e) (iii),

must be capable of contributing to voltage control by continuous changes to the **Reactive Power** supplied to the **GB Transmission System** or the **User System** in which it is **Embedded**.

CC.6.3.7 (a)

- Capacity less than 50MW) must be fitted with a fast acting proportional Frequency control device (or turbine speed governor) and unit load controller or equivalent control device to provide Frequency or speed control device(s) may be on the Power Park Module or on each individual Power Park Unit or be a combination of both. The Frequency control device(s) must be designed and operated to the appropriate:
 - (i) European Specification; or
 - (ii) in the absence of a relevant **European Specification**, such other standard which is in common use within the European Community (which may include a manufacturer specification);

as at the time when the installation of which it forms part was designed or (in the case of modification or alteration to the **Frequency** control device (or turbine speed governor)) when the modification or alteration was designed.

The European Specification or other standard utilised in accordance with sub-paragraph CC.6.3.7 (a) (ii) will be notified to NGET by the Generator or DC Converter Station owner or, in the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, the relevant Network Operator:

- (i) as part of the application for a Bilateral Agreement; or
- (ii) as part of the application for a varied Bilateral Agreement; or
- (iii) in the case of an **Embedded Development**, within 28 days of entry into the **Embedded Development Agreement** (or such later time as agreed with **NGET**); or
- (iv) as soon as possible prior to any modification or alteration to the **Frequency** control device (or governor); and
- (b) The Frequency control device (or speed governor) in co-ordination with other control devices must control the Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module Active Power Output with stability over the entire operating range of the Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module: and

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- (c) The **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) must meet the following minimum requirements:
 - (i) Where a **Generating Unit, DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** becomes isolated from the rest of the **Total System** but is still supplying **Customers**, the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) must also be able to control **System Frequency** below 52Hz unless this causes the **Generating Unit, DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** to operate below its **Designed Minimum Operating Level** when it is possible that it may, as detailed in BC 3.7.3, trip after a time. For the avoidance of doubt the **Generating Unit, DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** is only required to operate within the **System Frequency** range 47 52 Hz as defined in CC.6.1.3.;
 - (ii) the Frequency control device (or speed governor) must be capable of being set so that it operates with an overall speed Droop of between 3% and 5%. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a Power Park Module the speed Droop should be equivalent of a fixed setting between 3% and 5% applied to each Power Park Unit in service;
 - (iii) in the case of all **Generating Units**, **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** other than the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module** the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) deadband should be no greater than 0.03Hz (for the avoidance of doubt, ±0.015Hz). In the case of the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module**, the speed governor deadband should be set to an appropriate value consistent with the requirements of CC.6.3.7(c)(i) and the requirements of BC3.7.2 for the provision of **Limited High Frequency Response**;

For the avoidance of doubt, the minimum requirements in (ii) and (iii) for the provision of **System Ancillary Services** do not restrict the negotiation of **Commercial Ancillary Services** between **NGET** and the **User** using other parameters; and

- (d) A facility to modify, so as to fulfil the requirements of the **Balancing Codes**, the **Target Frequency** setting either continuously or in a maximum of 0.05 Hz steps over at least the range 50 \pm 0.1 Hz should be provided in the unit load controller or equivalent device.
- (e) (i) Each Onshore Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module which has a Completion Date after 1 January 2001 in England and Wales, and after 1 April 2005 in Scotland, must be capable of meeting the minimum Frequency response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.
 - (ii) Each **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** which has a **Completion Date** on or after 1 April 2005 and each **Offshore DC**<u>Converter</u> must be capable of meeting the minimum **Frequency** response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.
 - (iii) Each Onshore Power Park Module in operation in England and Wales with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006 must be capable of meeting the minimum Frequency response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.

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- (iv) Each Onshore Power Park Module in operation on or after 1 January 2006 in Scotland (with a Completion Date on or after 1 April 2005 and a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more) must be capable of meeting the minimum Frequency response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.
- (v) Each Offshore Generating Unit must be must be capable of meeting the minimum Frequency response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.
- (vi) Each Offshore Power Park Module in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity of 50 MW or greater, must be capable of meeting the minimum Frequency response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 3.
- (vii) Subject to the requirements of CC.6.3.7(e), Offshore Generating

 Units, Offshore Power Park Modules and Offshore DC Converters
 shall comply with the requirements of CC.6.3.7. Generators should be
 aware that Section K of the STC places requirements on Offshore
 Transmission Licensees which utilise a DC Converter as part of
 their Offshore Transmission System to make appropriate provisions
 to enable Generators to fulfil their obligations.
- (f) For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of Appendix 3 do not apply to:
 - (i) Generating Units and/or CCGT Modules which have a Completion Date before 1 January 2001 in England and Wales, and before 1 April 2005 in Scotland, for whom the remaining requirements of this clause CC.6.3.7 shall continue to apply unchanged: or
 - (ii) **DC Converters** at a **DC Converter Station** which have a **Completion Date** before 1 April 2005; or
 - (iii) Onshore Power Park Modules in England and Wales with a Completion Date before 1 January 2006 for whom only the requirements of Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode (BC.3.5.2) operation shall apply; or
 - (iv) Onshore Power Park Modules in operation in Scotland before 1
 January 2006 for whom only the requirements of Limited
 Frequency Sensitive Mode (BC.3.5.2) operation shall apply; or
 - (v) Onshore Power Park Modules in operation after 1 January 2006 in Scotland which have a Completion Date before 1 April 2005 for whom the remaining requirements of this clause CC.6.3.7 shall continue to apply unchanged; or
 - (vi) Offshore Power Park Modules which are in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity less than 50MW for whom only the requirements of Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode (BC.3.5.2) operation shall apply.

Excitation and Voltage Control Performance Requirements

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- CC.6.3.8

 (a) Excitation and voltage control performance requirements applicable to Onshore Generating Units, Onshore Power Park Modules and Onshore DC Converters.
 - (i) A continuously-acting automatic excitation control system is required to provide constant terminal voltage control of the <u>Onshore Synchronous</u> Generating Unit without instability over the entire operating range of the <u>Onshore Generating Unit</u>.
 - In respect of Onshore Synchronous Generating Units with a (ii) Completion Date before 1 January 2009, the requirements for excitation control facilities, including Power System Stabilisers, where in NGET's view these are necessary for system reasons, will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. If any Modification to the excitation control facilities of such Onshore Synchronous Generating **Units** is made on or after 1 January 2009 the requirements that shall apply may be specified in the Bilateral Agreement as varied. To the extent that the **Bilateral Agreement** does not specify, the requirements given or referred to in CC.A.6 shall apply. The performance requirements for a continuously acting automatic excitation control system that shall be complied with by the User in respect of such Onshore Synchronous Generating Units with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2009 are given or referred to in CC.A.6. Reference is made to on-load commissioning witnessed by **NGET** in BC2.11.2.
 - In the case of an Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module a continuously-acting automatic control system is required to provide control of the voltage (or zero transfer of Reactive Power as applicable to CC.6.3.2) at the Onshore Grid Entry Point or User System Entry **Point** without instability over the entire operating range of the **Onshore** Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module. Any Plant or Apparatus used in the provisions of such voltage control within an Onshore Power Park Module may be located at the Power Park Unit terminals, an appropriate intermediate busbar or the Connection Point. In the case of an Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland with a Completion Date before 1 January 2009, voltage control may be at the Power Park Unit terminals, an appropriate intermediate busbar or the Connection Point as specified in the Bilateral Agreement. When operating below 20% Rated MW the automatic control system may continue to provide voltage control utilising any available reactive capability. If voltage control is not being provided the automatic control system shall be designed to ensure a smooth transition between the shaded area bound by CD and the non shaded area bound by AB in Figure 1 of CC6.3.2 (c).
 - The performance requirements for a continuously acting automatic voltage control system in respect of Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units and Onshore DC Converters with a Completion Date before 1 January 2009 will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. If any Modification to the continuously acting automatic voltage control system of such Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units and Onshore DC Converters is made on or after 1 January 2009 the requirements that shall apply may be specified in the Bilateral Agreement as varied. To the extent that the Bilateral

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Agreement does not specify, the requirements given or referred to in CC.A.7 shall apply. The performance requirements for a continuously acting automatic voltage control system that shall be complied with by the User in respect of Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units and Onshore DC Converters with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2009 are given or referred to in CC.A.7.

- In particular, other control facilities, including constant **Reactive Power** output control modes and constant **Power Factor** control modes (but excluding VAR limiters) are not required. However, if present in the excitation or voltage control system they will be disabled unless the **Bilateral Agreement** records otherwise. Operation of such control facilities will be in accordance with the provisions contained in **BC2**.
- (b) Excitation and voltage control performance requirements applicable to Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park Modules and Offshore DC Converters.

A continuously acting automatic control system is required to provide either:-

- (i) control of Reactive Power (as specified in CC.6.3.2(e) (i) (ii)) at the Offshore Grid Entry Point without instability over the entire operating range of the Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module. The performance requirements for this automatic control system will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement or;
- (ii) where an alternative reactive capability has been specified in the Bilateral Agreement, in accordance with CC.6.3.2 (e) (iii), the Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore Power Park Module or Offshore DC Converter will be required to control voltage and / or Reactive Power without instability over the entire operating range of the Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore Power Park Module or Offshore DC Converter. The performance requirements of the control system will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement.

In addition to CC.6.3.8(b) (i) and (ii) the requirements for excitation control facilities, including **Power System Stabilisers**, where in **NGET's** view these are necessary for system reasons, will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. Reference is made to onload commissioning witnessed by **NGET** in BC2.11.2.

Steady state Load Inaccuracies

CC.6.3.9 The standard deviation of **Load** error at steady state **Load** over a 30 minute period must not exceed 2.5 per cent of a **Genset**'s **Registered Capacity**. Where a **Genset** is instructed to **Frequency** sensitive operation, allowance will be made in determining whether there has been an error according to the governor droop characteristic registered under the **PC**.

For the avoidance of doubt in the case of a **Power Park Module** allowance will be made for the full variation of mechanical power output.

Negative Phase Sequence Loadings

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In addition to meeting the conditions specified in CC.6.1.5(b), each **Synchronous Generating Unit** will be required to withstand, without tripping, the negative phase sequence loading incurred by clearance of a close-up phase-to-phase fault, by **System Back-Up Protection** on the **GB Transmission System** or **User System**<u>located **Onshore**</u> in which it is **Embedded**.

Neutral Earthing

At nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above the higher voltage windings of a transformer of a **Generating Unit, DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** must be star connected with the star point suitable for connection to earth. The earthing and lower voltage winding arrangement shall be such as to ensure that the **Earth Fault Factor** requirement of paragraph CC.6.2.1.1 (b) will be met on the **GB Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above.

Frequency Sensitive Relays

- As stated in CC.6.1.3, the **System Frequency** could rise to 52Hz or fall to 47Hz. Each **Generating Unit, DC Converter, Power Park** Module or any constituent element must continue to operate within this **Frequency** range for at least the periods of time given in CC.6.1.3 unless **NGET** has agreed to any **Frequency**-level relays and/or rate-of-change-of-**Frequency** relays which will trip such **Generating Unit, DC Converter, Power Park Module** and any constituent element within this **Frequency** range, under the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- CC.6.3.13 Generators and DC Converter Station owners will be responsible for protecting all their Generating Units, DC Converters or Power Park Modules against damage should Frequency excursions outside the range 52Hz to 47Hz ever occur. Should such excursions occur, it is up to the Generator or DC Converter Station owner to decide whether to disconnect his Apparatus for reasons of safety of Apparatus, Plant and/or personnel.
- It may be agreed in the **Bilateral Agreement** that a **Genset** shall have a **Fast-Start Capability**. Such **Gensets** may be used for **Operating Reserve** and their **Start-Up** may be initiated by **Frequency**-level relays with settings in the range 49Hz to 50Hz as specified pursuant to **OC2**.

CC.6.3.15 Fault Ride Through

This section sets out the fault ride through requirements on Generating Units, Power Park Modules and DC Converters. Onshore Generating Units, Onshore Power Park Modules and Onshore DC Converters (including Embedded Medium Power Stations and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and with an Onshore User System Entry Point (irrespective of whether they are located Onshore or Offshore)) are required to operate through System faults and disturbances as defined in CC.6.3.15.1 (a), CC.6.3.15.1 (b) and CC.6.3.15.3. Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park Modules and Offshore DC Converters shall have the option of meeting either:-

i) CC.6.3.15.1 (a), CC.6.3.15.1 (b) and CC.6.3.15.3, or:i)ii) CC.6.3.15.2 (a), CC.6.3.15.2 (b) and CC.6.3.15.3

Offshore Generators and Offshore DC Converter owners, should notify NGET which option they wish to select within 28 days (or such longer period as NGET may agree in any particular case) of the offer for a CUSC Contract.

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CC.6.3.15.1 Fault Ride through applicable to Generating Units, Power Park Modules and DC Converters

- (a) Short circuit faults on the Onshore Transmission System (which may include an Interface Point) at Supergrid Voltage up to 140ms in duration.
- (a) Short circuit faults at Supergrid Voltage up to 140ms in duration
 - Each Generating Unit, DC Converter, or Power Park Module and any (i) constituent Power Park Unit thereof shall remain transiently stable and connected to the System without tripping of any Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module and / or any constituent Power Park Unit, for a close-up solid three-phase short circuit fault or any unbalanced short circuit fault on the OnshoreGB Transmission System operating at Supergrid Voltages for a total fault clearance time of up to 140 ms. A solid three-phase or unbalanced earthed fault results in zero voltage on the faulted phase(s) at the point of fault. The duration of zero voltage is dependent on local protection and circuit breaker operating times. This duration and the fault clearance times will be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. Following fault clearance, recovery of the Supergrid Voltage on the Onshore Transmission System to 90% may take longer than 140ms as illustrated in Appendix 4A Figures CC.A.4A.1 (a) and (b). It should be noted that in the case of an Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) which is connected to an Offshore Transmission System which includes a DC Converter as part of that Offshore Transmission System, the Offshore Grid Entry Point voltage may not indicate the presence of a fault on the Onshore Transmission System. The fault will affect the level of Active Power that can be transferred to the Onshore Transmission System and therefore subject the Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) to a load rejection.
 - that upon both clearance of the fault on the GBOnshore Transmission System as detailed in CC.6.3.15_1 (a) (i) and within 0.5 seconds of the restoration of the voltage at the Onshore Generating Units and Onshore Power Park Modules) or Interface Point (for Offshore Generating Units and Offshore Power Park Modules) to the minimum levels specified in CC.6.1.4 (or within 0.5 seconds of restoration of the voltage at the User System Entry Point to 90% of nominal or greater if Embedded), Active Power output shall be restored to at least 90% of the level available immediately before the fault. Once the Active_Power output has been restored to the required level, Active Power oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:
 - the total Active Energy delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the Active Power was constant
 - the oscillations are adequately damped

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During the period of the fault as detailed in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) (i) for which the voltage at the Grid Entry Point is outside the limits specified in CC.6.1.4, each Generating Unit or Power Park Module shall generate maximum reactive current without exceeding the transient rating limit of the Generating Unit or Power Park Module and / or any constituent Power Park Unit.

- (iii) Each **DC** Converter shall be designed to meet the **Active Power** recovery characteristics as specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** upon clearance of the fault on the **GBOnshore Transmission System** as detailed in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) (i).
- (b) **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** greater than 140ms in duration

In addition to the requirements of CC.6.3.15.1 (a) each **Generating Unit** or **Power Park Module** and / or any constituent **Power Park Unit**, each with a **Completion Date** on or after the 1 April 2005 shall:

(i) remain transiently stable and connected to the **System** without tripping of any **Generating Unit** or **Power Park Module** and / or any constituent **Power Park Unit**, for balanced **Supergrid Voltage** dips and associated durations on the **Onshore Transmission System** (which could be at the **Interface Point**) anywhere on or above the heavy black line shown in Figure 5. Appendix 4A and Figures CC.A.4A.3 (a), (b) and (c) provide an explanation and illustrations of Figure 5; and,

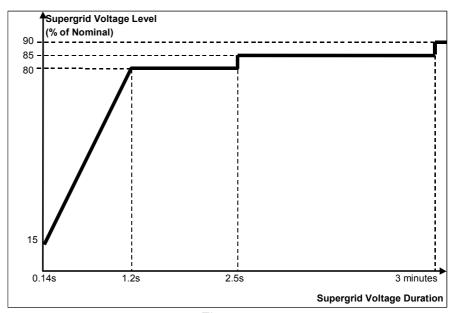


Figure 5

(ii) provide Active Power output, during Supergrid Voltage dips on the Onshore Transmission System as described in Figure 5, at least in proportion to the retained balanced voltage at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (for Onshore Generating Units and Onshore Power Park Modules) or Interface Point (for Offshore Generating Units and Offshore Power Park Modules) (or the retained balanced voltage at the User System Entry Point if Embedded) except in the case of a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Power Park Module where

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there has been a reduction in the **Intermittent Power Source** in the time range in Figure 5 that restricts the **Active Power** output below this level and shall generate maximum reactive current (where the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** is outside the limits specified in CC.6.1.4) without exceeding the transient rating limits of the **Generating Unit** or **Power Park Module** and any constituent **Power Park Unit**; and,

(iii) restore **Active Power** output, following **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the Onshore Transmission System as described in Figure 5, within 1 second of restoration of the voltage at the:

Onshore Grid Entry Point for directly connected Onshore Generating Units and Onshore Power Park Modules or, Interface Point for Offshore Generating Units and Offshore Power

Park Modules or,

User System Entry Point for Embedded Onshore Generating Units and Embedded Onshore Power Park Modules or,

User System Entry Point for Embedded Medium Power Stations and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and with an Onshore User System Entry Point (irrespective of whether they are located Onshore or Offshore)

to the minimum levels specified in CC.6.1.4 (or within 1 second of restoration of the voltage at the User System Entry Point to 90% of nominal or greater if Embedded), to at least 90% of the level available immediately before the occurrence of the dip except in the case of a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Power Park Module where there has been a reduction in the Intermittent Power Source in the time range in Figure 5 that restricts the Active Power output below this level. Once the Active Power output has been restored to the required level, Active Power oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:

- the total Active Energy delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the Active Power was constant
- the oscillations are adequately damped.

For the avoidance of doubt a balanced <u>Onshore Transmission System</u> Supergrid **Voltage** meets the requirements of CC.6.1.5 (b) and CC.6.1.6.

- CC.6.3.15.2 Fault Ride Through applicable to Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park

 Modules and Offshore DC Converters who choose to meet the fault ride through requirements at the LV side of the Offshore Platform
 - (a) Requirements on Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park

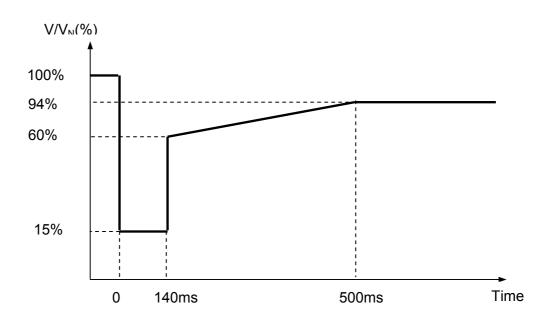
 Modules and Offshore DC Converters to withstand voltage dips on the

 LV Side of the Offshore Platform for up to 140ms in duration as a
 result of faults and / or voltage dips on the Onshore Transmission

 System operating at Supergrid Voltage
 - (i) Each Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter, or Offshore Power Park Module and any constituent Power Park Unit thereof shall remain transiently stable and connected to the

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System without tripping of any Offshore Generating Unit, or Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module and / or any constituent Power Park Unit, for any balanced or unbalanced voltage dips on the LV Side of the Offshore Platform whose profile is anywhere on or above the heavy black line shown in Figure 6. For the avoidance of doubt, the profile beyond 140ms in Figure 6 shows the minimum recovery in voltage that will be seen by the generator following clearance of the fault at 140ms. Appendix 4B and Figures CC.A.4B.2 (a) and (b) provide further illustration of the voltage recovery profile that may be seen. should be noted that in the case of an Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) which is connected to an Offshore Transmission System which includes a DC Converter as part of that Offshore Transmission System, the Offshore Grid Entry Point voltage may not indicate the presence of a fault on the **Onshore Transmission System**. The voltage dip will affect the level of Active Power that can be transferred to the Onshore Transmission System and therefore subject the Offshore Generating Unit, Offshore DC Converter or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) to a load rejection.



 V/V_N is the ratio of the actual voltage on one or more phases at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform to the nominal voltage of the LV Side of the Offshore Platform.

Figure 6

(ii) Each Offshore Generating Unit, or Offshore Power Park

Module and any constituent Power Park Unit thereof shall
provide Active Power output, during voltage dips on the LV

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Side of the Offshore Platform as described in Figure 6, at least in proportion to the retained voltage at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform except in the case of an Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module where there has been a reduction in the Intermittent Power Source in the time range in Figure 6 that restricts the Active Power output below this level and shall generate maximum reactive current without exceeding the transient rating limits of the Offshore Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module and any constituent Power Park Unit. Once the Active Power output has been restored to the required level, Active Power oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:

- the total **Active Energy** delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the **Active Power** was constant
- the oscillations are adequately damped

and;

- (iii) Each Offshore DC Converter shall be designed to meet the Active Power recovery characteristics as specified in the Bilateral Agreement upon restoration of the voltage at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform.
- (b) Requirements of Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park

 Modules to withstand voltage dips on the LV Side of the Offshore

 Platform greater than 140ms in duration.
 - In addition to the requirements of CC.6.3.15.2. (a) each Offshore Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module and / or any constituent Power Park Unit, shall:
 - (i) remain transiently stable and connected to the System without tripping of any Offshore Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module and / or any constituent Power Park Unit. for any balanced voltage dips on the LV side of the Offshore Platform and associated durations anywhere on or above the heavy black line shown in Figure 7. Appendix 4B and Figures CC.A.4B.3. (a), (b) and (c) provide an explanation and illustrations of Figure 7. It should be noted that in the case of an Offshore Generating Unit. or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) which is connected to an Offshore Transmission System which includes a DC Converter as part of that Offshore Transmission System, the Offshore Grid Entry Point voltage may not indicate the presence of a voltage dip on the Onshore Transmission System. The voltage dip will affect the level of Active Power that can be transferred to the Onshore Transmission System and therefore subject the Offshore Generating Unit, or Offshore Power Park Module (including any Offshore Power Park Unit thereof) to a load rejection.

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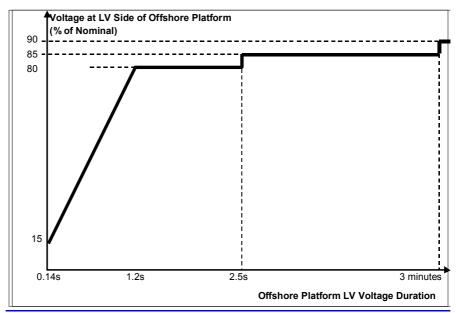


Figure 7

- (ii) provide Active Power output, during voltage dips on the LV Side of the Offshore Platform as described in Figure 7, at least in proportion to the retained balanced or unbalanced voltage at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform except in the case of an Offshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module where there has been a reduction in the Intermittent Power Source in the time range in Figure 7 that restricts the Active Power output below this level and shall generate maximum reactive current (where the voltage at the Offshore Grid Entry Point is outside the limits specified in CC.6.1.4) without exceeding the transient rating limits of the Offshore Generating Unit or Offshore Power Park Module and any constituent Power Park Unit; and,
- (iii) within 1 second of the restoration of the voltage at the LV Side of the

 Offshore Platform (to the minimum levels specified in CC.6.1.4) restore

 Active Power to at least 90% of the Offshore Generating Unit's or

 Offshore Power Park Module's immediate pre-disturbed value, unless
 there has been a reduction in the Intermittent Power Source in the
 time range in Figure 7 that restricts the Active Power output below this
 level. Once the Active Power output has been restored to the required
 level, Active Power oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:
 - the total Active Energy delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the Active Power was constant
 - the oscillations are adequately damped

CC.6.3.15.3(c) Other Requirements

(i) In the case of a **Power Park Module** (comprising of wind-turbine generator units), the requirements in CC.6.3.15.1(a)—and CC.6.3.15(b).2 do not apply when the **Power Park Module** is operating at less than 5% of its **Rated MW** or during very high wind speed conditions when more than 50% of the wind turbine generator units in a **Power Park Module** have been shut down or disconnected

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under an emergency shutdown sequence to protect **User's Plant** and **Apparatus**.

- (ii) In addition to meeting the conditions specified in CC.6.1.5(b) and CC.6.1.6, each Non-Synchronous Generating Unit or Power Park Module with a Completion Date after 1 April 2005 and any constituent Power Park Unit thereof will be required to withstand, without tripping, the negative phase sequence loading incurred by clearance of a close-up phase-to-phase fault, by System Back-Up Protection on the GBOnshore Transmission System operating at Supergrid Voltage.
- (iii) In the case of an Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland with a Completion Date before 1 January 2004 and a Registered Capacity less than 30MW the requirements in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) do not apply. In the case of an Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2004 and before 1 July 2005 and a Registered Capacity less than 30MW the requirements in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) are relaxed from the minimum Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage of zero to a minimum Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage of 15% of nominal. In the case of an Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland with a Completion Date before 1 January 2004 and a Registered Capacity of 30MW and above the requirements in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) are relaxed from the minimum Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage of zero to a minimum Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage of 15% of nominal.
- (iv) To avoid unwanted island operation, Non-Synchronous Generating Units in Scotland (and those connected to an Offshore Transmission System which has an Interface Point in Scotland), or Power Park Modules in Scotland (and those connected to an Offshore Transmission System which has an Interface Point in Scotland) shall be tripped for the following conditions:-
 - (1) Frequency above 52Hz for more than 2 seconds
 - (2) Frequency below 47Hz for more than 2 seconds
 - (3) Voltage as measured at the Onshore Connection Point or Onshore User System Entry Point or Offshore Grid Entry Point is below 80% for more than 2 seconds
 - (4) Voltage as measured at the Onshore Connection Point or Onshore User System Entry Point or Offshore Grid Entry Point is above 120% (115% for 275kV) for more than 1 second.

The times in sections (1) and (2) are maximum trip times. Shorter times may be used to protect the **Non-Synchronous Generating Units** or **Power Park Modules**.

Additional Damping Control Facilities for **DC Converters**

CC.6.3.16 (a) **DC Converter** owners or **Network Operators** in the case of an **Embedded DC Converter Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** must ensure that any of their **Onshore DC Converters** will not cause a sub-synchronous resonance problem on the **Total System**. Each **DC Converter** is required to be provided with sub-synchronous resonance damping control facilities.

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(b) Where specified in the Bilateral Agreement, each DC Converter is required to be provided with power oscillation damping or any other identified additional control facilities.

System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme

CC.6.3.17 **NGET** may require that a **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** be installed as part of a condition of the connection of the **Generator**. Scheme specific details shall be included in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.6.4 <u>GENERAL **NETWORK OPERATOR** AND **NON-EMBEDDED CUSTOMER** <u>REQUIREMENTS</u></u>

CC.6.4.1 This part of the **Grid Code** describes the technical and design criteria and performance requirements for **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers**.

Neutral Earthing

CC.6.4.2 At nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above the higher voltage windings of three phase transformers and transformer banks connected to the **GB Transmission System** must be star connected with the star point suitable for connection to earth. The earthing and lower voltage winding arrangement shall be such as to ensure that the **Earth Fault Factor** requirement of paragraph CC.6.2.1.1 (b) will be met on the **GB Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above.

Frequency Sensitive Relays

As explained under OC6, each Network Operator, will make arrangements that will facilitate automatic low Frequency Disconnection of Demand (based on Annual ACS Conditions). CC.A.5.5. of Appendix 5 includes specifications of the local percentage Demand that shall be disconnected at specific frequencies. The manner in which Demand subject to low Frequency disconnection will be split into discrete MW blocks is specified in OC6.6. Technical requirements relating to Low Frequency Relays are also listed in Appendix 5.

Operational Metering

Where NGET can reasonably demonstrate that an Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station has a significant effect on the GB Transmission System, it may require the Network Operator within whose System the Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station is situated to ensure that the operational metering equipment described in CC.6.5.6 is installed such that NGET can receive the data referred to in CC.6.5.6. In the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station subject to, or proposed to be subject to a Bilateral Agreement NGET shall notify such Network Operator of the details of such installation in writing within 3 months of being notified of the application to connect under CUSC and in the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to, or not proposed to be subject to a Bilateral Agreement in writing as a Site Specific Requirement in accordance with the timescales in CUSC 6.5.5. In either case the Network Operator shall ensure that the data referred to in CC.6.5.6 is provided to NGET.

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CC.6.5 COMMUNICATIONS PLANT

In order to ensure control of the **GB Transmission System**, telecommunications between **Users** and **NGET** must, if required by **NGET**, be established in accordance with the requirements set down below.

CC.6.5.2 Control Telephony and System Telephony

- CC.6.5.2.1 Control Telephony is the principle method by which a User's Responsible Engineer/Operator and NGET Control Engineers speak to one another for the purposes of control of the Total System in both normal and emergency operating conditions. Control Telephony provides secure point to point telephony for routine Control Calls, priority Control Calls and emergency Control Calls.
- CC.6.5.2.2 System Telephony is an alternate method by which a User's Responsible Engineer/Operator and NGET Control Engineers speak to one another for the purposes of control of the Total System in both normal operating conditions and where practicable, emergency operating conditions. System Telephony uses the Public Switched Telephony Network to provide telephony for Control Calls, inclusive of emergency Control Calls.
- CC.6.5.2.3 Calls made and received over **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony** may be recorded and subsequently replayed for commercial and operational reasons.

CC.6.5.3 <u>Supervisory Tones</u>

- CC.6.5.3.1 **Control Telephony** supervisory tones indicate to the calling and receiving parties dial, engaged, ringing, secondary engaged (signifying that priority may be exercised) and priority disconnect tones.
- CC.6.5.3.2 **System Telephony** supervisory tones indicate to the calling and receiving parties dial, engaged and ringing tones.

CC.6.5.4 Obligations in respect of **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony**

- CC.6.5.4.1 Where NGET requires Control Telephony, Users are required to use the Control Telephony with NGET in respect of all Connection Points with the GB Transmission System and in respect of all Embedded Large Power Stations and Embedded DC Converter Stations. NGET will install Control Telephony at the User's Control Point where the User's telephony equipment is not capable of providing the required facilities or is otherwise incompatible with the Transmission Control Telephony. Details of and relating to the Control Telephony required are contained in the Bilateral Agreement.
- CC.6.5.4.2 Where in **NGET's** sole opinion the installation of **Control Telephony** is not practicable at a **User's Control Point(s)**, **NGET** shall specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** whether **System Telephony** is required. Where **System Telephony** is required by **NGET**, the **User** shall ensure that **System Telephony** is installed.
- CC.6.5.4.3 Where **System Telephony** is installed, **Users** are required to use the **System Telephony** with **NGET** in respect of those **Control Point(s)** for which it has been installed. Details of and relating to the **System Telephony** required are contained in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

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- CC.6.5.4.4 Where **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** is installed, routine testing of such facilities may be required by **NGET** (not normally more than once in any calendar month). The **User** and **NGET** shall use reasonable endeavours to agree a test programme and where **NGET** requests the assistance of the **User** in performing the agreed test programme the **User** shall provide such assistance.
- CC.6.5.4.5 **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony** shall only be used for the purposes of operational voice communication between **NGET** and the relevant **User**.
- CC.6.5.4.6 **Control Telephony** contains emergency calling functionality to be used for urgent operational communication only. Such functionality enables **NGET** and **Users** to utilise a priority call in the event of an emergency. **NGET** and **Users** shall only use such priority call functionality for urgent operational communications.
- CC.6.5.5 Technical Requirements for **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony**
- CC.6.5.5.1 Detailed information on the technical interfaces and support requirements for Control Telephony applicable in NGET's Transmission Area is provided in the Control Telephony Electrical Standard identified in the Annex to the General Conditions. Where additional information, or information in relation to Control Telephony applicable in Scotland, is requested by Users, this will be provided, where possible, by NGET.
- CC.6.5.5.2 System Telephony shall consist of a dedicated Public Switched Telephone Network telephone line that shall be installed and configured by the relevant User.

 NGET shall provide a dedicated free phone number (UK only), for the purposes of receiving incoming calls to NGET, which Users shall utilise for System Telephony. System Telephony shall only be utilised by the NGET Control Engineer and the User's Responsible Engineer/Operator for the purposes of operational communications.

Operational Metering

- CC.6.5.6 (a) NGET shall provide system control and data acquisition (SCADA) outstation interface equipment. The User shall provide such voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the Transmission SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by NGET in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement.
 - (b) For the avoidance of doubt, for **Active Power** and **Reactive Power** measurements, circuit breaker and disconnector status indications from:
 - (i) CCGT Modules at Large Power Stations, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to NGET on an individual CCGT Unit basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from Unit Transformers and/or Station Transformers must be provided.
 - (ii) DC Converters at DC Converter Stations, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to NGET on an individual DC Converter basis. In addition, where identified in the Bilateral Agreement, Active Power and Reactive Power measurements from converter and/or station transformers must be provided.
 - (iii) Power Park Modules at Embedded Large Power Stations and at directly connected Power Stations, the outputs and status indications

must each be provided to **NGET** on an individual **Power Park Module** basis. In addition, where identified in the **Bilateral Agreement, Active Power** and **Reactive Power** measurements from station transformers must be provided.

- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of CC.6.5.6(a) in the case of a Cascade Hydro Scheme will be provided for each Generating Unit forming part of that Cascade Hydro Scheme. In the case of Embedded Generating Units forming part of a Cascade Hydro Scheme the data may be provided by means other than a NGET SCADA outstation located at the Power Station, such as, with the agreement of the Network Operator in whose system such Embedded Generating Unit is located, from the Network Operator's SCADA system to NGET. Details of such arrangements will be contained in the relevant Bilateral Agreements between NGET and the Generator and the Network Operator.
- (d) In the case of a Power Park Module an additional energy input signal (e.g. wind speed) may be specified in the Bilateral Agreement. The signal may be used to establish the level of energy input from the Intermittent Power Source for monitoring pursuant to CC.6.6.1 and Ancillary Services and will, in the case of a wind farm, be used to provide NGET with advanced warning of excess wind speed shutdown.

Instructor Facilities

CC.6.5.7 The **User** shall accommodate **Instructor Facilities** provided by **NGET** for the receipt of operational messages relating to **System** conditions.

Electronic Data Communication Facilities

- CC.6.5.8 (a) All **BM Participants** must ensure that appropriate electronic data communication facilities are in place to permit the submission of data, as required by the **Grid Code**, to **NGET**.
 - (b) In addition, any User that wishes to participate in the Balancing Mechanism must ensure that appropriate automatic logging devices are installed at the Control Points of its BM Units to submit data to and to receive instructions from NGET, as required by the Grid Code. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of an Interconnector User the Control Point will be at the Control Centre of the appropriate Externally Interconnected System Operator.
 - (c) Detailed specifications of these required electronic facilities will be provided by **NGET** on request and they are listed as **Electrical Standards** in the Annex to the **General Conditions**.

Facsimile Machines

- CC.6.5.9 Each **User** and **NGET** shall provide a facsimile machine or machines:-
 - (a) in the case of **Generators**, at the **Control Point** of each **Power Station** and at its **Trading Point**;
 - (b) in the case of **NGET** and **Network Operators**, at the **Control Centre(s)**; and

(c) in the case of **Non-Embedded Customers** and **DC Converter Station** owners at the **Control Point**.

Each User shall notify, prior to connection to the System of the User's Plant and Apparatus, NGET of its or their telephone number or numbers, and will notify NGET of any changes. Prior to connection to the System of the User's Plant and Apparatus NGET shall notify each User of the telephone number or numbers of its facsimile machine or machines and will notify any changes.

CC.6.5.10 Busbar Voltage

NGET shall, subject as provided below, provide each Generator or DC Converter Station owner at each Grid Entry Point where one of its Power Stations or DC Converter Stations is connected with appropriate voltage signals to enable the Generator or DC Converter Station owner to obtain the necessary information to permit its Gensets or DC Converters to be Synchronised to the GB Transmission System. The term "voltage signal" shall mean in this context, a point of connection on (or wire or wires from) a relevant part of Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus at the Grid Entry Point, to which the Generator or DC Converter Station owner, with NGET's agreement (not to be unreasonably withheld) in relation to the Plant and/or Apparatus to be attached, will be able to attach its Plant and/or Apparatus (normally a wire or wires) in order to obtain measurement outputs in relation to the busbar.

CC.6.5.11 Bilingual Message Facilities

- (a) A Bilingual Message Facility is the method by which the **User's Responsible Engineer/Operator**, the **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and **NGET Control Engineers** communicate clear and unambiguous information in two languages for the purposes of control of the **Total System** in both normal and emergency operating conditions.
- (b) A Bilingual Message Facility, where required, will provide up to two hundred pre-defined messages with up to five hundred and sixty characters each. A maximum of one minute is allowed for the transmission to, and display of, the selected message at any destination. The standard messages must be capable of being displayed at any combination of locations and can originate from any of these locations. Messages displayed in the UK will be displayed in the English language.
- (c) Detailed information on a Bilingual Message Facility and suitable equipment required for individual **User** applications will be provided by **NGET** upon request.

CC.6.6 **SYSTEM MONITORING**

Monitoring equipment is provided on the **GB Transmission System** to enable **NGET** to monitor its power system dynamic performance conditions. Where this monitoring equipment requires voltage and current signals on the **Generating Unit** (other than **Power Park Unit**), **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module** circuit from the **User**, **NGET** will inform the **User** and they will be provided by the **User** with both the timing of the installation of the equipment for receiving such signals and its exact position being agreed (the **User's** agreement not to be unreasonably withheld) and the costs being dealt with, pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.

- CC.7 <u>SITE RELATED CONDITIONS</u>
- CC.7.1 Not used.
- CC.7.2 <u>RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SAFETY</u>
- CC.7.2.1 In England and Wales, any **User** entering and working on its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on a **Transmission Site** will work to the **Safety Rules** of **NGET**.

In Scotland or Offshore, any User entering and working on its Plant and/or Apparatus on a Transmission Site will work to the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee, as advised by NGET.

- CC.7.2.2 NGET entering and working on Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus on a User Site will work to the User's Safety Rules. For User Sites in Scotland or Offshore, NGET shall procure that the Relevant Transmission Licensee entering and working on Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus on a User Site will work to the User's Safety Rules.
- A User may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to NGET for permission to work according to that Users own Safety Rules when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus on a Transmission Site rather than those set out in CC.7.2.1. If NGET is of the opinion that the User's Safety Rules provide for a level of safety commensurate with those set out in CC.7.2.1, NGET will notify the User, in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by the User, the User may use its own Safety Rules when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus on the Transmission Site. For a Transmission Site in Scotland_or Offshore, in forming its opinion, NGET will seek the opinion of the Relevant Transmission Licensee. Until receipt of such written approval from NGET, the User will continue to use the Safety Rules as set out in CC7.2.1.
- In the case of a **User Site** in England and Wales, **NGET** may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to a **User** for permission to work according to **NGET's Safety Rules** when working on **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on that **User Site**, rather than the **User's Safety Rules**. If the **User** is of the opinion that **NGET's Safety Rules** provide for a level of safety commensurate with that of that **User's Safety Rules**, it will notify **NGET**, in writing, that, with the effect from the date requested by **NGET**, **NGET** may use its own **Safety Rules** when working on its **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on that **User Site**. Until receipt of such written approval from the **User**, **NGET** shall continue to use the **User's Safety Rules**.

In the case of a User Site in Scotland or Offshore, NGET may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to a User for permission for the Relevant Transmission Licensee to work according to the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules when working on Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus on that User Site, rather than the User's Safety Rules. If the User is of the opinion that the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules, provide for a level of safety commensurate with that of that User's Safety Rules, it will notify NGET, in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by NGET, that the Relevant Transmission Licensee may use its own Safety Rules when working on its Transmission Plant and/or Apparatus on that User's Site. Until receipt of such written approval from the User, NGET shall procure that the Relevant Transmission Licensee shall continue to use the User's Safety Rules.

CC.7.2.5 For a Transmission Site in England and Wales, if NGET gives its approval for the User's Safety Rules to apply to the User when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus, that does not imply that the User's Safety Rules will apply to entering the Transmission Site and access to the User's Plant and/or Apparatus on that Transmission Site. Bearing in mind NGET's responsibility for the whole Transmission Site, entry and access will always be in accordance with NGET's site access procedures. For a User Site in England and Wales, if the User gives its approval for NGET's Safety Rules to apply to NGET when working on its Plant and Apparatus, that does not imply that NGET's Safety Rules will apply to entering the User Site, and access to the Transmission Plant and Apparatus on that User Site. Bearing in mind the User's responsibility for the whole User Site, entry and access will always be in accordance with the User's site access procedures.

For a Transmission Site in Scotland or Offshore, if NGET gives its approval for the User's Safety Rules to apply to the User when working on its Plant and/or Apparatus, that does not imply that the User's Safety Rules will apply to entering the Transmission Site and access to the User's Plant and/or Apparatus on that Transmission Site. Bearing in mind the Relevant Transmission Licensee's responsibility for the whole Transmission Site, entry and access will always be in accordance with the Relevant Transmission Licensee's site access procedures. For a User Site in Scotland or Offshore, if the User gives its approval for Relevant Transmission Licensee Safety Rules to apply to the Relevant Transmission Licensee when working on its Plant and Apparatus, that does not imply that the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules will apply to entering the User Site, and access to the Transmission Plant and Apparatus on that User Site. Bearing in mind the User's responsibility for the whole User Site, entry and access will always be in accordance with the User's site access procedures.

CC.7.2.6 For **User Sites** in England and Wales, **Users** shall notify **NGET** of any **Safety Rules** that apply to **NGET's** staff working on **User Sites**. For **Transmission Sites**in England and Wales, **NGET** shall notify **Users** of any **Safety Rules** that apply to
the **User's** staff working on the **Transmission Site**.

For User Sites in Scotland or Offshore, Users shall notify NGET of any Safety Rules that apply to the Relevant Transmission Licensee's staff working on User Sites. For Transmission Sites in Scotland or Offshore NGET shall procure that the Relevant Transmission Licensee shall notify Users of any Safety Rules that apply to the User's staff working on the Transmission Site.

CC.7.2.7 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** must have recorded on it the **Safety Rules** which apply to each item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**.

CC.7.3 SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULES

- In order to inform site operational staff and NGET Control Engineers of agreed responsibilities for Plant and/or Apparatus at the operational interface, a Site Responsibility Schedule shall be produced for Connection Sites in England and Wales for NGET and Users with whom they interface, and for Connection Sites in Scotland or Offshore for NGET, the Relevant Transmission Licensee and Users with whom they interface.
- CC.7.3.2 The format, principles and basic procedure to be used in the preparation of **Site Responsibility Schedules** are set down in Appendix 1.

CC.7.4 OPERATION AND GAS ZONE DIAGRAMS

Operation Diagrams

- CC.7.4.1 An **Operation Diagram** shall be prepared for each **Connection Site** at which a **Connection Point** exists using, where appropriate, the graphical symbols shown in Part 1A of Appendix 2. **Users** should also note that the provisions of **OC11** apply in certain circumstances.
- CC.7.4.2 The **Operation Diagram** shall include all **HV Apparatus** and the connections to all external circuits and incorporate numbering, nomenclature and labelling, as set out in **OC11**. At those **Connection Sites** where gas-insulated metal enclosed switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is installed, those items must be depicted within an area delineated by a chain dotted line which intersects gaszone boundaries. The nomenclature used shall conform with that used on the relevant **Connection Site** and circuit. The **Operation Diagram** (and the list of technical details) is intended to provide an accurate record of the layout and circuit interconnections, ratings and numbering and nomenclature of **HV Apparatus** and related **Plant**.
- CC.7.4.3 A non-exhaustive guide to the types of **HV Apparatus** to be shown in the **Operation Diagram** is shown in Part 2 of Appendix 2, together with certain basic principles to be followed unless equivalent principles are approved by **NGET**.

Gas Zone Diagrams

- CC.7.4.4 A **Gas Zone Diagram** shall be prepared for each **Connection Site** at which a **Connection Point** exists where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised. They shall use, where appropriate, the graphical symbols shown in Part 1B of Appendix 2.
- CC.7.4.5 The nomenclature used shall conform with that used in the relevant **Connection Site** and circuit.
- CC.7.4.6 The basic principles set out in Part 2 of Appendix 2 shall be followed in the preparation of **Gas Zone Diagrams** unless equivalent principles are approved by **NGET**

Preparation of Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams for Users' Sites

- In the case of a User Site, the User shall prepare and submit to NGET, an Operation Diagram for all HV Apparatus on the User side of the Connection Point and NGET shall provide the User with an Operation Diagram for all HV Apparatus on the Transmission side of the Connection Point, in accordance with the timing requirements of the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement prior to the Completion Date under the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement.
- CC.7.4.8 The **User** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the **User's Operation Diagram** and **NGET Operation Diagram**, a composite **Operation Diagram** for the complete **Connection Site**, also in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.
- CC.7.4.9 The provisions of CC7.4.7 and CC.7.4.8 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone Diagrams** where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised.

Preparation of Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams for Transmission Sites

- In the case of an **Transmission Site**, the **User** shall prepare and submit to **NGET** an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **User** side of the **Connection Point**, in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.
- CC.7.4.11 NGET will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the User's Operation Diagram, a composite Operation Diagram for the complete Connection Site, also in accordance with the timing requirements of the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement.
- CC.7.4.12 The provisions of CC7.4.10 and CC.7.4.11 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone Diagrams** where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised.
- CC.7.4.13 Changes to Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams
- CC.7.4.13.1 When **NGET** has decided that it wishes to install new **HV Apparatus** or it wishes to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of **Transmission HV Apparatus** at a **Transmission Site**, **NGET** will (unless it gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, in which case the provisions of the **CUSC** as to the timing apply) one month prior to the installation or change, send to each such **User** a revised **Operation Diagram** of that **Transmission Site**, incorporating the new **Transmission HV Apparatus** to be installed and its numbering and nomenclature or the changes, as the case may be. **OC11** is also relevant to certain **Apparatus**.
- CC.7.4.13.2 When a **User** has decided that it wishes to install new **HV Apparatus**, or it wishes to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of its **HV Apparatus** at its **User Site**, the **User** will (unless it gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, in which case the provisions of the **CUSC** as to the timing apply) one month prior to the installation or change, send to **NGET** a revised **Operation Diagram** of that **User Site** incorporating the new **User HV Apparatus** to be installed and its numbering and nomenclature or the changes as the case may be. **OC11** is also relevant to certain **Apparatus**.
- CC.7.4.13.3 The provisions of CC7.4.13.1 and CC.7.4.13.2 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone**Diagrams where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV**Apparatus is installed.

Validity

- CC.7.4.14 (a) The composite **Operation Diagram** prepared by **NGET** or the **User**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Operation Diagram** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Connection Site**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the composite **Operation Diagram**, a meeting shall be held at the **Connection Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **NGET** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.
 - (b) An equivalent rule shall apply for **Gas Zone Diagrams** where they exist for a **Connection Site.**

CC.7.5 SITE COMMON DRAWINGS

CC.7.5.1 **Site Common Drawings** will be prepared for each **Connection Site** and will include **Connection Site** layout drawings, electrical layout drawings, common **Protection**/control drawings and common services drawings.

Preparation of Site Common Drawings for a User Site

- CC.7.5.2 In the case of a **User Site**, **NGET** shall prepare and submit to the **User**, **Site**Common Drawings for the Transmission side of the Connection Point in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or Construction Agreement.
- CC.7.5.3 The **User** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the **Transmission Site Common Drawings**, **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

Preparation of Site Common Drawings for a Transmission Site

- In the case of a **Transmission Site**, the **User** will prepare and submit to **NGET Site Common Drawings** for the **User** side of the **Connection Point** in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.
- CC.7.5.5 NGET will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted in the User's Site Common Drawings, Site Common Drawings for the complete Connection Site in accordance with the timing requirements of the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement.
- CC.7.5.6 When a **User** becomes aware that it is necessary to change any aspect of the **Site Common Drawings** at a **Connection Site** it will:
 - (a) if it is a **User Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site**; and
 - (b) if it is a Transmission Site, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare and submit to NGET revised Site Common Drawings for the User side of the Connection Point and NGET will then, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted in the User's Site Common Drawings, revised Site Common Drawings for the complete Connection Site.

In either case, if in the **User's** reasonable opinion the change can be dealt with by it notifying **NGET** in writing of the change and for each party to amend its copy of the **Site Common Drawings** (or where there is only one set, for the party holding that set to amend it), then it shall so notify and each party shall so amend. If the change gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, the provisions of the **CUSC** as to timing will apply.

- CC.7.5.7 When **NGET** becomes aware that it is necessary to change any aspect of the **Site Common Drawings** at a **Connection Site** it will:
 - (a) if it is a **Transmission Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site**; and
 - (b) if it is a **User Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare and submit to the **User** revised **Site Common Drawings** for the **Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** and the **User** will then, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted

in the **Transmission Site Common Drawings**, revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site**.

In either case, if in **NGET's** reasonable opinion the change can be dealt with by it notifying the **User** in writing of the change and for each party to amend its copy of the **Site Common Drawings** (or where there is only one set, for the party holding that set to amend it), then it shall so notify and each party shall so amend. If the change gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, the provisions of the **CUSC** as to timing will apply.

Validity

CC.7.5.8 The **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** prepared by the **User** or **NGET**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Site Common Drawings** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Connection Site**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the **Site Common Drawings**, a meeting shall be held at the **Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **NGET** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.

CC.7.6 ACCESS

- CC.7.6.1 The provisions relating to access to **Transmission Sites** by **Users**, and to **Users' Sites** by **Transmission Licensees**, are set out in each **Interface Agreement** with, for **Transmission Sites** in England and Wales, **NGET** and each **User**, and for **Transmission Sites** in Scotland and **Offshore**, the **Relevant Transmission** Licensee and each **User**.
- In addition to those provisions, where a **Transmission Site** in England and Wales contains exposed **HV** conductors, unaccompanied access will only be granted to individuals holding an **Authority for Access** issued by **NGET** and where a **Transmission Site** in Scotland or **Offshore** contains exposed **HV** conductors, unaccompanied access will only be granted to individuals holding an **Authority for Access** issued by the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.
- CC.7.6.3 The procedure for applying for an **Authority for Access** is contained in the **Interface Agreement**.

CC.7.7 <u>MAINTENANCE STANDARDS</u>

- It is a requirement that all User's Plant and Apparatus on Transmission Sites is maintained adequately for the purpose for which it is intended and to ensure that it does not pose a threat to the safety of any Transmission Plant, Apparatus or personnel on the Transmission Site. NGET will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such Plant and Apparatus at any time. In Scotland or Offshore, it is the User's responsibility to ensure that all the User's Plant and Apparatus, including protection systems, are tested and maintained and remain rated for the duty required. An annual update of system fault levels is available as part of the Seven Year Statement.
- CC.7.7.2 It is a requirement that all **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus** on **User's Sites** is maintained adequately for the purposes for which it is intended and to ensure that it

does not pose a threat to the safety of any of the **User's Plant**, **Apparatus** or personnel on the **User Site**. **Users** will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such **Plant** and **Apparatus**, at any time.

CC.7.8 <u>SITE OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES</u>

- CC.7.8.1 **NGET** and **Users** with an interface with **NGET**, must make available staff to take necessary **Safety Precautions** and carry out operational duties as may be required to enable work/testing to be carried out and for the operation of **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **Total System**.
- Generators and DC Converter Station owners shall provide a Control Point in respect of each Power Station directly connected to the GB Transmission System and Embedded Large Power Station or DC Converter Station to receive an act upon instructions pursuant to OC7 and BC2 at all times that Generating Units or Power Park Modules at the Power Station are generating or available to generate or DC Converters at the DC Converter Station are importing or exporting or available to do so. The Control Point shall be continuously manned except where the Bilateral Agreement in respect of such Embedded Power Station specifies that compliance with BC2 is not required, where the Control Point shall be manned between the hours of 0800 and 1800 each day.

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CC.8 ANCILLARY SERVICES

CC.8.1 System Ancillary Services

The CC contain requirements for the capability for certain Ancillary Services, which are needed for System reasons ("System Ancillary Services"). There follows a list of these System Ancillary Services, together with the paragraph number of the CC (or other part of the Grid Code) in which the minimum capability is required or referred to. The list is divided into two categories: Part 1 lists the System Ancillary Services which

- (a) Generators in respect of Large Power Stations are obliged to provide (except Generators in respect of Large Power Stations which have a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW and comprise Power Park Modules); and,
- (b) Generators in respect of Large Power Stations which a Registered Capacity of less than 50MW and comprise Power Park Modules are obliged to provide in respect of Reactive Power only; and,
- (c) **DC Converter Station** owners are obliged to have the capability to supply; and
- (d) Generators in respect of Medium Power Stations (except Embedded Medium Power Stations) are obliged to provide in respect of Reactive Power only:

and Part 2 lists the **System Ancillary Services** which **Generators** will provide only if agreement to provide them is reached with **NGET**:

Part 1

- (a) Reactive Power supplied (in accordance with CC.6.3.2) otherwise than by means of synchronous or static compensators (except in the case of a Power Park Module where synchronous or static compensators within the Power Park Module may be used to provide Reactive Power)
- (b) **Frequency** Control by means of **Frequency** sensitive generation CC.6.3.7 and BC3.5.1

Part 2

- (c) Frequency Control by means of Fast Start CC.6.3.14
- (d) **Black Start Capability** CC.6.3.5
- (e) System to Generator Operational Intertripping

CC.8.2 Commercial Ancillary Services

Other Ancillary Services are also utilised by NGET in operating the Total System if these have been agreed to be provided by a User (or other person) under an Ancillary Services Agreement or under a Bilateral Agreement, with payment being dealt with under an Ancillary Services Agreement or in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators or Interconnector Users, under

any other agreement (and in the case of Externally Interconnected System Operators and Interconnector Users includes ancillary services equivalent to or similar to System Ancillary Services) ("Commercial Ancillary Services"). The capability for these Commercial Ancillary Services is set out in the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement or Bilateral Agreement (as the case may be).

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CONNECTION CONDITIONS

APPENDIX 1

FORMAT, PRINCIPLES AND BASIC PROCEDURE TO BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULES

CC.A.1.1 PRINCIPLES

Types of Schedules

- CC.A.1.1.1 At all **Complexes** the following **Site Responsibility Schedules** shall be drawn up using the relevant proforma attached or with such variations as may be agreed between **NGET** and **Users**, but in the absence of agreement the relevant proforma attached will be used:
 - (a) Schedule of HV Apparatus
 - (b) Schedule of **Plant**, **LV/MV Apparatus**, services and supplies;
 - (c) Schedule of telecommunications and measurements **Apparatus**.

Other than at **Generating Unit, DC Converter, Power Park Module** and **Power Station** locations, the schedules referred to in (b) and (c) may be combined.

New Connection Sites

In the case of a new Connection Site each Site Responsibility Schedule for a Connection Site shall be prepared by NGET in consultation with relevant Users at least 2 weeks prior to the Completion Date under the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement for that Connection Site (which may form part of a Complex). Each User shall, in accordance with the timing requirements of the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, provide information to NGET to enable it to prepare the Site Responsibility Schedule.

Sub-division

CC.A.1.1.3 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** will be subdivided to take account of any separate **Connection Sites** on that **Complex**.

Scope

- CC.A.1.1.4 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall detail for each item of **Plant** and **Apparatus**:-
 - (a) Plant/Apparatus ownership;
 - (b) Site Manager (Controller) (except in the case of **Plant/Apparatus** located in **SPT's Transmission Area**):
 - (c) Safety issues comprising applicable **Safety Rules** and **Control Person** or other responsible person (**Safety Co-ordinator**), or such other person who is responsible for safety;

- (d) Operations issues comprising applicable **Operational Procedures** and control engineer;
- (e) Responsibility to undertake statutory inspections, fault investigation and maintenance.

Each Connection Point shall be precisely shown.

<u>Detail</u>

- CC.A.1.1.5 (a) In the case of **Site Responsibility Schedules** referred to in CC.A.1.1.1(b) and (c), with the exception of **Protection Apparatus** and **Intertrip Apparatus** operation, it will be sufficient to indicate the responsible **User** or **Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be.
 - (b) In the case of the **Site Responsibility Schedule** referred to in CC.A.1.1.1(a) and for **Protection Apparatus** and **Intertrip Apparatus**, the responsible management unit must be shown in addition to the **User** or **Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be.
- CC.A.1.1.6 The **HV Apparatus Site Responsibility Schedule** for each **Connection Site** must include lines and cables emanating from or traversing¹ the **Connection Site**.

Issue Details

CC.A.1.1.7 Every page of each **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall bear the date of issue and the issue number.

Accuracy Confirmation

- CC.A.1.1.8 When a **Site Responsibility Schedule** is prepared it shall be sent by **NGET** to the **Users** involved for confirmation of its accuracy.
- CC.A.1.1.9 The **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall then be signed on behalf of **NGET** by its **Responsible Manager** (see CC.A.1.1.16) and on behalf of each **User** involved by its **Responsible Manager** (see CC.A.1.1.16), by way of written confirmation of its accuracy. For **Connection Sites** in Scotland or **Offshore**, the **Site Responsibility Schedule** will also be signed on behalf of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** by its **Responsible Manager**.

Distribution and Availability

- CC.A.1.1.10 Once signed, two copies will be distributed by **NGET**, not less than two weeks prior to its implementation date, to each **User** which is a party on the **Site Responsibility Schedule**, accompanied by a note indicating the issue number and the date of implementation.
- CC.A.1.1.11 **NGET** and **Users** must make the **Site Responsibility Schedules** readily available to operational staff at the **Complex** and at the other relevant control points.

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¹ Details of circuits traversing the **Connection Site** are only needed from the date which is the earlier of the date when the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is first updated and 15th October 2004. In Scotland or **Offshore**, from a date to be agreed between **NGET** and **the Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

Alterations to Existing Site Responsibility Schedules

- CC.A 1.1.12 Without prejudice to the provisions of CC.A.1.1.15 which deals with urgent changes, when a **User** identified on a **Site Responsibility Schedule** becomes aware that an alteration is necessary, it must inform **NGET** immediately and in any event 8 weeks prior to any change taking effect (or as soon as possible after becoming aware of it, if less than 8 weeks remain when the **User** becomes aware of the change). This will cover the commissioning of new **Plant** and/or Apparatus at the **Connection Site**, whether requiring a revised **Bilateral Agreement** or not, de-commissioning of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, and other changes which affect the accuracy of the **Site Responsibility Schedule**.
- CC.A 1.1.13 Where **NGET** has been informed of a change by a **User**, or itself proposes a change, it will prepare a revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** by not less than six weeks prior to the change taking effect (subject to it having been informed or knowing of the change eight weeks prior to that time) and the procedure set out in CC.A.1.1.8 shall be followed with regard to the revised **Site Responsibility Schedule**.
- CC.A 1.1.14 The revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall then be signed in accordance with the procedure set out in CC.A.1.1.9 and distributed in accordance with the procedure set out in CC.A.1.1.10, accompanied by a note indicating where the alteration(s) has/have been made, the new issue number and the date of implementation.

Urgent Changes

- CC.A.1.1.15 When a **User** identified on a **Site Responsibility Schedule**, or **NGET**, as the case may be, becomes aware that an alteration to the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is necessary urgently to reflect, for example, an emergency situation which has arisen outside its control, the **User** shall notify **NGET**, or **NGET** shall notify the **User**, as the case may be, immediately and will discuss:
 - (a) what change is necessary to the **Site Responsibility Schedule**;
 - (b) whether the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is to be modified temporarily or permanently;
 - (c) the distribution of the revised **Site Responsibility Schedule**.

NGET will prepare a revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** as soon as possible, and in any event within seven days of it being informed of or knowing the necessary alteration. The **Site Responsibility Schedule** will be confirmed by **Users** and signed on behalf of **NGET** and **Users** (by the persons referred to in CC.A.1.1.9) as soon as possible after it has been prepared and sent to **Users** for confirmation.

Responsible Managers

CC.A.1.1.16 Each User shall, prior to the Completion Date under each Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, supply to NGET a list of Managers who have been duly authorised to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of the User and NGET shall, prior to the Completion Date under each Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, supply to that User the name of its Responsible Manager and for Connection Sites in Scotland or Offshore, the name of the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Responsible Manager and each shall supply to the other any changes to such list six weeks before the change takes effect

where the change is anticipated, and as soon as possible after the change, where the change was not anticipated.

De-commissioning of Connection Sites

CC.A.1.1.17 Where a **Connection Site** is to be de-commissioned, whichever of **NGET** or the **User** who is initiating the de-commissioning must contact the other to arrange for the **Site Responsibility Schedule** to be amended at the relevant time.

ATTACHMENT TO APPENDIX 1 OF CONNECTION CONDITIONS

PROFORMA FOR SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE

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ATTACHMENT TO APPENDIX 1 OF CONNECTION CONDITIONS

PROFORMA FOR SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE

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Scottish Hydro-Electric Transmission Limited

Site Responsibility Schedule

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	Notes						
Revision:	Operational Procedures				- 0		
Rei	Safety Rules						
	Control Authority						
	Responsible Management Unit	4.					
Number	Responsible System User						
	Maintainer						
	Controller						
	Owner						
Substation Type	Equipment						

CONNECTION CONDITIONS

APPENDIX 2

PART 1A

PROCEDURES RELATING TO OPERATION DIAGRAMS

FIXED CAPACITOR	+	SWITCH DISCONNECTOR	
EARTH	<u>_</u>		1
EARTHING RESISTOR	ıŀvv	SWITCH DISCONNECTOR WITH INCORPORATED EARTH SWITCH	\$
LIQUID EARTHING RESISTOR	<u> </u>	DISCONNECTOR	
ARC SUPPRESSION COIL		(CENTRE ROTATING POST)	
FIXED MAINTENANCE EARTHING DEV	ICE =	DISCONNECTOR (SINGLE BREAK DOUBLE ROTATING)	
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITHOUT VT)	R&Y	DISCONNECTOR (SINGLE BREAK)	
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITH VT ON ONE PHASE)	REY	DISCONNECTOR (NON-INTERLOCKED)	NI
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITH VT ON 3 PHASES)	RRY	DISCONNECTOR (POWER OPERATED) NA - NON-AUTOMATIC A - AUTOMATIC SO - SEQUENTIAL OPERATION FI - FAULT INTERFERING OPERATIO	N NA
AC GENERATOR	G	EARTH SWITCH	<u> </u>
SYNCHRONOUS COMPENSATOR	SC		1
CIRCUIT BREAKER		FAULT THROWING SWITCH (PHASE TO PHASE)	FT
CIRCUIT BREAKER WITH DELAYED AUTO RECLOSE	DAR	FAULT THROWING SWITCH (EARTH FAULT)	FT FT
		SURGE ARRESTOR	-
WITHDRAWABLE METALCLAD SWITCHGEAR	+	THYRISTOR	<u></u>

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TRANSFORMERS (VECTORS TO INDICATE		* BUSBARS	
WINDING CONFIGURATION)		* OTHER PRIMARY CONNECTIONS	
TWO WINDING		* CABLE & CABLE SEALING END	
THREE WINDING		* THROUGH WALL BUSHING	_=_
THREE WINDING		* BYPASS FACILITY	
AUTO		w cooccine of completone	
AUTO WITH DELTA TERTIARY		* CROSSING OF CONDUCTORS (LOWER CONDUCTOR TO BE BROKEN)	
EARTHING OR AUX. TRANSFORMER (-) INDICATE REMOTE SITE IF APPLICABLE	√415v (-)		
VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS	, ,		
SINGLE PHASE WOUND	Y		
THREE PHASE WOUND		PREFERENTIAL ABBREVIA	T I ONS
SINGLE PHASE CAPACITOR	$_{Y}\bigcirc \!$		
TWO SINGLE PHASE CAPACITOR	_{R&B} ②}─	AUXILIARY TRANSFORMER EARTHING TRANSFORMER	Aux T ET
THREE PHASE CAPACITOR		GAS TURBINE GENERATOR TRANSFORMER GRID TRANSFORMER	Gas T Gen T Gr T
* CURRENT TRANSFORMER (WHERE SEPARATE PRIMARY APPARATUS)	•	SERIES REACTOR SHUNT REACTOR STATION TRANSFORMER SUPERGRID TRANSFORMER	Ser Reac Sh Reac Stn T
* COMBINED VT/CT UNIT FOR METERING		UNIT TRANSFORMER	UT
REACTOR	\	* NON-STANDARD SYMBOL	

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PORTABLE MAINTENANCE DISCONNECTOR **──** EARTH DEVICE (PANTOGRAPH TYPE) DISCONNECTOR QUADRATURE BOOSTER (KNEE TYPE) SHORTING/DISCHARGE SWITCH CAPACITOR (INCLUDING HARMONIC FILTER) SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER(BR) NEUTRAL AND PHASE CONNECTIONS RESISTOR WITH INHERENT NON-LINEAR VARIABILITY, VOLTAGE DEPENDANT

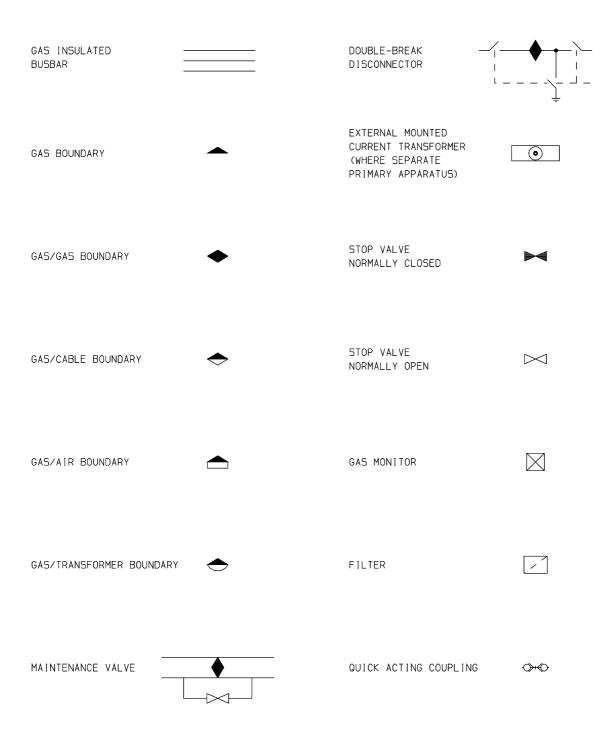
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CONNECTION CONDITIONS

APPENDIX 2

PART 1B

PROCEDURES RELATING TO GAS ZONE DIAGRAMS



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CONNECTION CONDITIONS

APPENDIX 2

NON-EXHAUSTIVE LIST OF APPARATUS TO BE INCLUDED ON OPERATION DIAGRAMS

PART 2

Basic Principles

- 1. Where practicable, all the **HV Apparatus** on any **Connection Site** shall be shown on one **Operation Diagram**. Provided the clarity of the diagram is not impaired, the layout shall represent as closely as possible the geographical arrangement on the **Connection Site**.
- 2. Where more than one **Operation Diagram** is unavoidable, duplication of identical information on more than one **Operation Diagram** must be avoided.
- 3. The **Operation Diagram** must show accurately the current status of the **Apparatus** eg. whether commissioned or decommissioned. Where decommissioned, the associated switchbay will be labelled "spare bay".
- 4. Provision will be made on the **Operation Diagram** for signifying approvals, together with provision for details of revisions and dates.
- 5. **Operation Diagrams** will be prepared in A4 format or such other format as may be agreed with **NGET**.
- 6. The **Operation Diagram** should normally be drawn single line. However, where appropriate, detail which applies to individual phases shall be shown. For example, some **HV Apparatus** is numbered individually per phase.

APPARATUS TO BE SHOWN ON OPERATION DIAGRAM

1.	Busbars
2.	Circuit Breakers
3.	Disconnector (Isolator) and Switch Disconnecters (Switching Isolators)
4.	Disconnectors (Isolators) - Automatic Facilities
5.	Bypass Facilities
6.	Earthing Switches
7.	Maintenance Earths
8.	Overhead Line Entries
9.	Overhead Line Traps
10.	Cable and Cable Sealing Ends
11.	Generating Unit
12.	Generator Transformers
13.	Generating Unit Transformers, Station Transformers, including the lower voltage circuit-breakers.
14.	Synchronous Compensators
15.	Static Variable Compensators
16.	Capacitors (including Harmonic Filters)
17.	Series or Shunt Reactors (Referred to as "Inductors" at nuclear power station sites)
18.	Supergrid and Grid Transformers
19.	Tertiary Windings
20.	Earthing and Auxiliary Transformers
21.	Three Phase VT's
22.	Single Phase VT & Phase Identity
23.	High Accuracy VT and Phase Identity
24.	Surge Arrestors/Diverters
25.	Neutral Earthing Arrangements on HV Plant
26.	Fault Throwing Devices
27.	Quadrature Boosters
28.	Arc Suppression Coils
29.	Single Phase Transformers (BR) Neutral and Phase Connections
30.	Current Transformers (where separate plant items)
31.	Wall Bushings
32.	Combined VT/CT Units
33.	Shorting and Discharge Switches
34.	Thyristor
35.	Resistor with Inherent Non-Linear Variability, Voltage Dependent
36.	Gas Zone

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CONNECTION CONDITIONS

APPENDIX 3

MINIMUM FREQUENCY RESPONSE REQUIREMENT PROFILE AND OPERATING RANGE for new Power Stations and DC Converter Stations.

CC.A.3.1 SCOPE

The frequency response capability is defined in terms of **Primary Response**, **Secondary Response** and **High Frequency Response**. This appendix defines the minimum frequency response requirement profile for:

- each **Generating Unit** and/or **CCGT Module** which has a **Completion Date** after 1 January 2001 in England and Wales and 1 April 2005 in Scotland or **Offshore**,
- (b) each **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** which has a **Completion Date** on or after 1 April 2005 or each **Offshore DC Converter**.
- (c) each Onshore Power Park Module in England and Wales with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006.
- (d) each Onshore Power Park Module in operation in Scotland after 1 January 2006 with a Completion Date after 1 April 2005 and in Power Stations with a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more.
- (e) each Offshore Power Park Module in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity of 50MW or more.

For the avoidance of doubt, this appendix does not apply to:-

- (i) Generating Units and/or CCGT Modules which have a Completion Date before 1 January 2001 in England and Wales and before 1 April 2005 in Scotland,
- (ii) **DC Converters** at a **DC Converter Station** which have a **Completion Date** before 1 April 2005.
- (iii) **Power Park Modules** in England and Wales with a **Completion Date** before 1 January 2006.
- (iv) **Power Park Modules** in operation in Scotland before 1 January 2006.
- (v) **Power Park Modules** in Scotland with a **Completion Date** before 1 April 2005.
- (vi) **Power Park Modules** in **Power Stations** with a **Registered Capacity** less than 50MW.
- (vii) Small Power Stations or individually to Power Park Units.

The functional definition provides appropriate performance criteria relating to the provision of **Frequency** control by means of **Frequency** sensitive generation in addition to the other requirements identified in CC.6.3.7.

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In this Appendix 3 to the CC, for a CCGT Module or a Power Park Module with more than one Generating Unit, the phrase Minimum Generation applies to the entire CCGT Module or Power Park Module operating with all Generating Units Synchronised to the System.

The minimum **Frequency** response requirement profile is shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.1. The capability profile specifies the minimum required levels of **Primary Response**, **Secondary Response** and **High Frequency Response** throughout the normal plant operating range. The definitions of these **Frequency** response capabilities are illustrated diagrammatically in Figures CC.A.3.2 & CC.A.3.3.

CC.A.3.2 PLANT OPERATING RANGE

The upper limit of the operating range is the **Registered Capacity** of the **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **DC Converter** or **Power Park Module**.

The Minimum Generation level may be less than, but must not be more than, 65% of the Registered Capacity. Each Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module and/or Power Park Module and/or DC Converter must be capable of operating satisfactorily down to the Designed Minimum Operating Level as dictated by System operating conditions, although it will not be instructed to below its Minimum Generation level. If a Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter is operating below Minimum Generation because of high System Frequency, it should recover adequately to its Minimum Generation level as the System Frequency returns to Target Frequency so that it can provide Primary and Secondary Response from Minimum Generation if the System Frequency continues to fall. For the avoidance of doubt, under normal operating conditions steady state operation below Minimum Generation is not expected. The Designed Minimum Operating Level must not be more than 55% of Registered Capacity.

In the event of a **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** load rejecting down to no less than its **Designed Minimum Operating Level** it should not trip as a result of automatic action as detailed in BC3.7. If the load rejection is to a level less than the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** then it is accepted that the condition might be so severe as to cause it to be disconnected from the **System**.

CC.A.3.3 MINIMUM FREQUENCY RESPONSE REQUIREMENT PROFILE

Figure CC.A.3.1 shows the minimum Frequency response requirement profile diagrammatically for a 0.5 Hz change in Frequency. The percentage response capabilities and loading levels are defined on the basis of the Registered Capacity of the Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter. Each Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module and/or Power Park Module and/or DC Converter must be capable of operating in a manner to provide Frequency response at least to the solid boundaries shown in the figure. If the Frequency response capability falls within the solid boundaries, the Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter is providing response below the minimum requirement which is not acceptable. Nothing in this appendix is intended to prevent a Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter from being designed to deliver a Frequency response in excess of the identified minimum requirement.

The **Frequency** response delivered for **Frequency** deviations of less than 0.5 Hz should be no less than a figure which is directly proportional to the minimum **Frequency** response requirement for a **Frequency** deviation of 0.5 Hz. For example, if the **Frequency** deviation is 0.2 Hz, the corresponding minimum **Frequency** response requirement is 40% of the level shown in Figure CC.A.3.1. The **Frequency** response

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delivered for **Frequency** deviations of more than 0.5 Hz should be no less than the response delivered for a **Frequency** deviation of 0.5 Hz.

Each Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module and/or Power Park Module and/or DC Converter must be capable of providing some response, in keeping with its specific operational characteristics, when operating between 95% to 100% of Registered Capacity as illustrated by the dotted lines in Figure CC.A.3.1.

At the Minimum Generation level, each Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module and/or Power Park Module and/or DC Converter is required to provide high and low frequency response depending on the System Frequency conditions. Where the Frequency is high, the Active Power output is therefore expected to fall below the Minimum Generation level.

The Designed Minimum Operating Level is the output at which a Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module and/or Power Park Module and/or DC Converter has no High Frequency Response capability. It may be less than, but must not be more than, 55% of the Registered Capacity. This implies that a Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter is not obliged to reduce its output to below this level unless the Frequency is at or above 50.5 Hz (cf BC3.7).

CC.A.3.4 TESTING OF FREQUENCY RESPONSE CAPABILITY

The response capabilities shown diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.1 are measured by taking the responses as obtained from some of the dynamic response tests specified by NGET and carried out by Generators and DC Converter Station owners for compliance purposes and to validate the content of Ancillary Services Agreements using an injection of a Frequency change to the plant control system (i.e. governor and load controller). The injected signal is a linear ramp from zero to 0.5 Hz Frequency change over a ten second period, and is sustained at 0.5 Hz Frequency change thereafter, as illustrated diagrammatically in figures CC.A.3.2 and CC.A.3.3. In the case of an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, NGET may require the Network Operator within whose System the Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station is situated, to ensure that the Embedded Person performs the dynamic response tests reasonably required by NGET in order to demonstrate compliance within the relevant requirements in the CCs.

The **Primary Response** capability (P) of a **Generating Unit** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** is the minimum increase in **Active Power** output between 10 and 30 seconds after the start of the ramp injection as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2. This increase in **Active Power** output should be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** fall as illustrated by the response from Figure CC.A.3.2.

The **Secondary Response** capability (S) of a **Generating Unit** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** is the minimum increase in **Active Power** output between 30 seconds and 30 minutes after the start of the ramp injection as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.2.

The **High Frequency Response** capability (H) of a **Generating Unit** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** is the decrease in **Active Power** output provided 10 seconds after the start of the ramp injection and sustained thereafter as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure CC.A.3.3. This reduction in **Active Power** output should be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** rise as illustrated by the response in Figure CC.A.3.2.

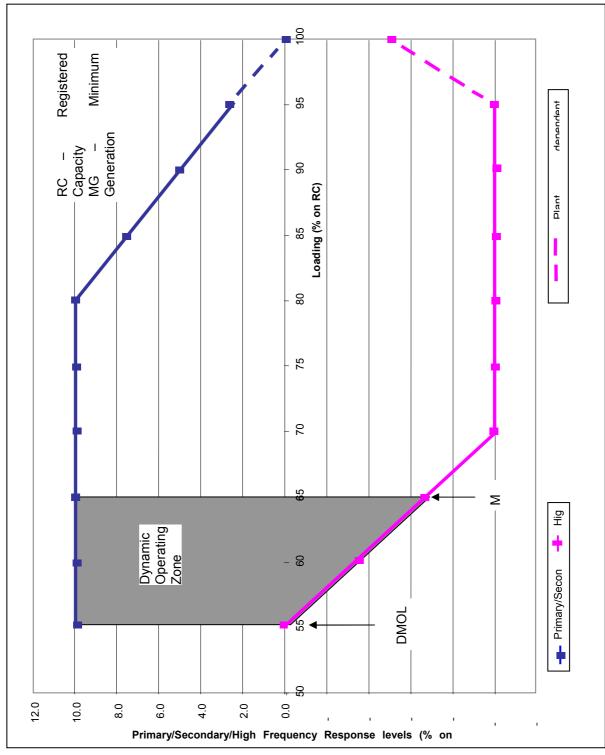
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CC.A.3.5 REPEATABILITY OF RESPONSE

When a **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** has responded to a significant **Frequency** disturbance, its response capability must be fully restored as soon as technically possible. Full response capability should be restored no later than 20 minutes after the initial change of **System Frequency** arising from the **Frequency** disturbance.

Figure CC.A.3.1 - Minimum Frequency Response Requirement Profile

for a 0.5 Hz frequency change from Target Frequency



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Figure CC.A.3.2 - Interpretation of Primary and Secondary Response Values

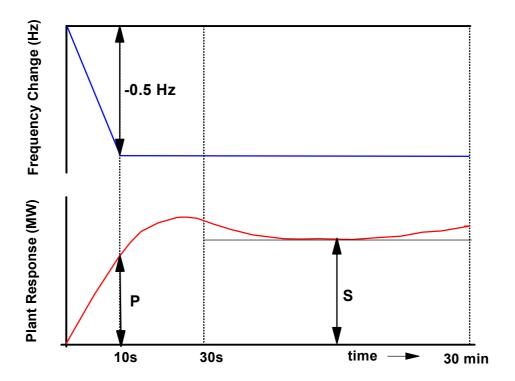
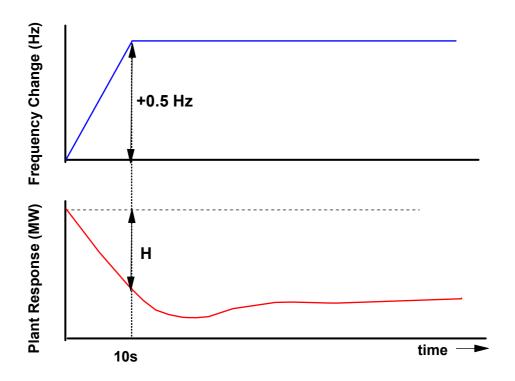


Figure CC.A.3.3 - Interpretation of High Frequency Response Values



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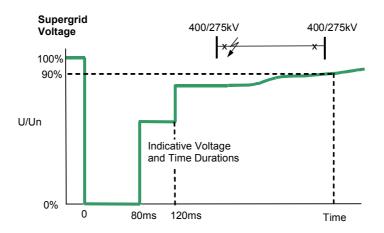
FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS FOR ONSHORE GENERATING UNITS, ONSHORE POWER PARK MODULES, AND ONSHORE DC CONVERTERS AND OFFSHORE GENERATING UNITS, OFFSHORE POWER PARK MODULES AND OFFSHORE DC CONVERTERS WHICH SELECT TO MEET THE FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS AT THE INTERFACE POINT

CC.A.4A.1 SCOPE

The fault ride through requirement is defined in CC.6.3.15.1 (a), (b) and (c)CC.6.3.15.3. This Appendix provides illustrations by way of examples only of CC.6.3.15.1 (a) (i) and further background and illustrations to CC.6.3.15.1 (b) (i) and is not intended to show all possible permutations.

CC.A.4<u>A</u>.2 SHORT CIRCUIT FAULTS AT **SUPERGRID VOLTAGE** ON THE **ONSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM** UP TO 140MS IN DURATION

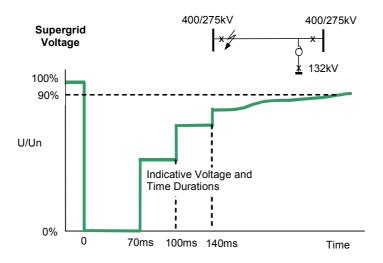
For short circuit faults at **Supergrid Voltage** on the **Onshore Transmission**System up to 140ms in duration, the fault ride through requirement is defined in CC.6.3.15.1 (a) (i). Figures CC.A.4A.1 (a) and (b) illustrate two typical examples of voltage recovery for short-circuit faults cleared within 140ms by two circuit breakers (a) and three circuit breakers (b) respectively.



Typical fault cleared in less than 140ms: 2 ended circuit

Figure CC.A.4A.1 (a)

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Typical fault cleared in 140ms:- 3 ended circuit

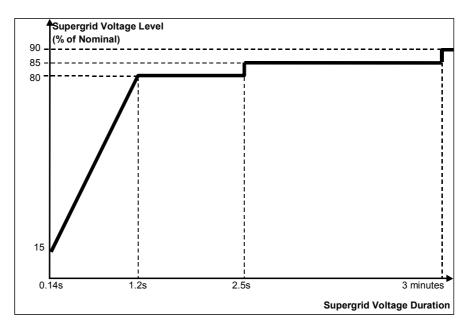
Figure CC.A.4A.1 (b)

CCA.4A.3 SUPERGRID VOLTAGE DIPS ON THE ONSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM GREATER THAN 140MS IN DURATION

For balanced **Supergrid Voltage_**dips<u>on the **Onshore Transmission System** having durations greater than 140ms and up to 3 minutes the fault ride through requirement is defined in CC6.3.15.1 (b) (i) and Figure 5 which is reproduced in this Appendix as Figure CC.A.4A.2 and termed the the voltage—duration profile.</u>

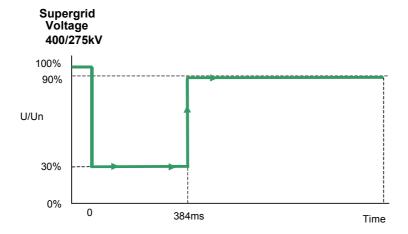
This profile is not a voltage-time response curve that would be obtained by plotting the transient voltage response at a point on the OnshoreGB Transmission System (or User System if located Onshore) to a disturbance. Rather, each point on the profile (ie the heavy black line) represents a voltage level and an associated time duration which connected Generating Units, or Power Park Modules must withstand or ride through.

Figures CC.A.4A.3 (ea), (eb) and (ec) illustrate the meaning of the voltage-duration profile for voltage dips having durations greater than 140ms.



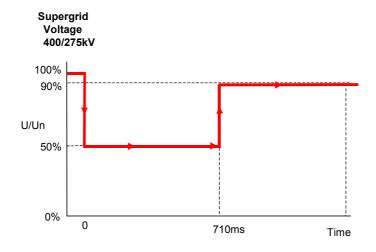
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Figure CC.A.4A.2



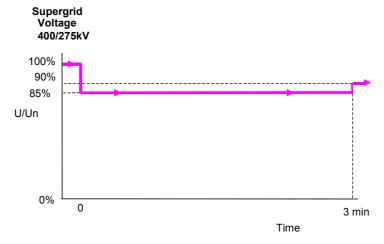
30% retained voltage, 384ms duration

Figure CC.A.4A.3(a)



50% retained voltage, 710ms duration

Figure CC.A.4A.3(b)



85% retained voltage, 3 minutes duration

Figure CC.A.4A.3(c)

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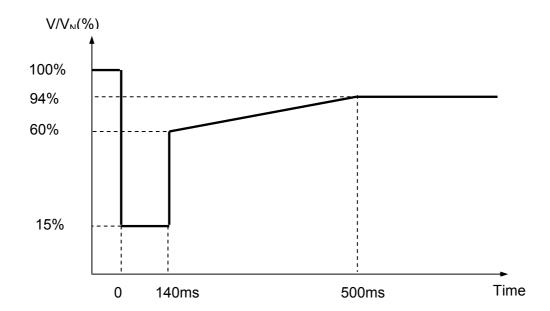
FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS FOR OFFSHORE GENERATING UNITS,
OFFSHORE POWER PARK MODULES AND OFFSHORE DC CONVERTERS WHICH
SELECT TO MEET THE FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS AT THE LV SIDE OF
THE OFFSHORE PLATFORM AS SPECIFIED IN CC.6.3.15.2

CC.A.4B.1 SCOPE

The fault ride through requirement is defined in CC.6.3.15.2 (a), (b) and CC.6.3.15.3. This Appendix provides illustrations by way of examples only of CC.6.3.15.2 (a) (i) and further background and illustrations to CC.6.3.15.2 (b) (i) and is not intended to show all possible permutations.

CC.A.4B.2 VOLTAGE DIPS ON THE **LV SIDE OF THE OFFSHORE PLATFORM** UP TO 140MS IN DURATION

For voltage dips on the LV Side of the Offshore Platform which last up to 140ms in duration, the fault ride through requirement is defined in CC.6.3.15.2 (a) (i). This includes Figure 6 which is reproduced here in Figure CC.A.4B.1. The purpose of this requirement is to translate the conditions caused by a balanced or unbalanced fault which occurs on the Onshore Transmission System (which may include the Interface Point) at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform.

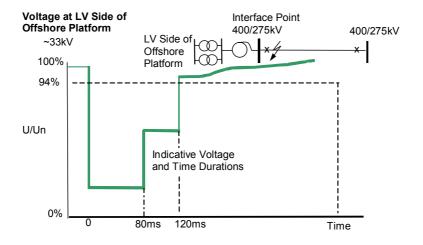


 $\underline{V/V_N}$ is the ratio of the voltage at the LV side of the Offshore Platform to the nominal voltage of the LV side of the Offshore Platform.

Figure CC.A.4B.1

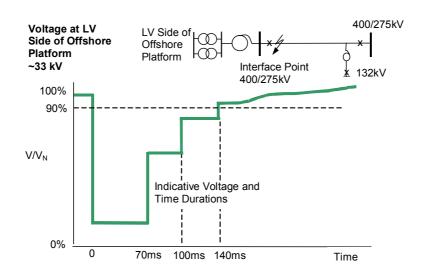
Figures CC.A.4B.2 (a) and CC.A.4B.2 (b) illustrate two typical examples of the voltage recovery seen at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform for a short circuit fault cleared within 140ms by (a) two circuit breakers and (b) three circuit breakers on the Onshore Transmission System.

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Typical fault cleared in less than 140ms: 2 ended circuit

Figure CC.A.4B.2 (a)



Typical fault cleared in 140ms:- 3 ended circuit

Figure CC.A.4B.2 (b)

CCA.4B.3 VOLTAGE DIPS WHICH OCCUR ON THE LV SIDE OF THE OFFSHORE PLATFORM GREATER THAN 140MS IN DURATION

In addition to CCA.4B.2 the fault ride through requirements applicable for Offshore Generating Units, and Offshore Power Park Modules during balanced voltage dips which occur at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform and have durations greater than 140ms and up to 3 minutes are defined in CC.6.3.15.2 (b) (i) and Figure 7 which is reproduced in this Appendix as Figure CC.A.4B.3 and termed the voltage—duration profile.

This profile is not a voltage-time response curve that would be obtained by plotting the transient voltage response at the LV Side of the Offshore Platform to a disturbance. Rather, each point on the profile (ie the heavy black line) represents a voltage level and an associated time duration which connected Offshore

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<u>Generating Units</u>, or <u>Offshore Power Park Modules</u> must withstand or ride through.

Figures CC.A.4B.3 (a), (b) and (c) illustrate the meaning of the voltage-duration profile for voltage dips having durations greater than 140ms.

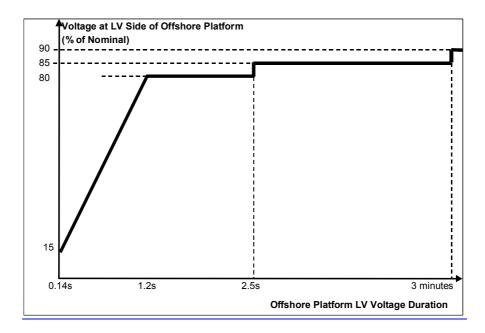
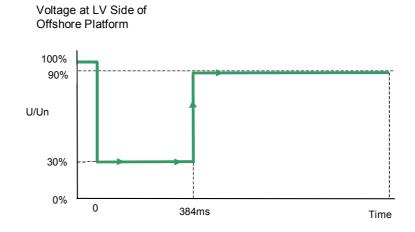


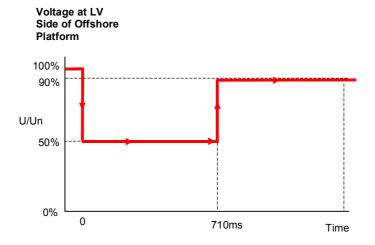
Figure CC.A.4B.2



30% retained voltage, 384ms duration

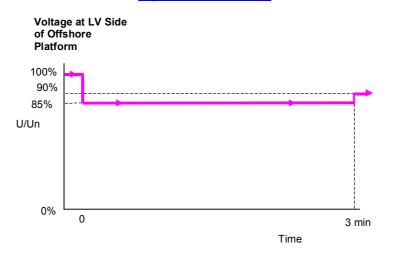
Figure CC.A.4B.3(a)

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50% retained voltage, 710ms duration

Figure CC.A.4B.3(b)



85% retained voltage, 3 minutes duration

Figure CC.A.4B.3(c)

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APPENDIX 5

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS LOW FREQUENCY RELAYS FOR THE AUTOMATIC DISCONNECTION OF SUPPLIES AT LOW FREQUENCY

CC.A.5.1 LOW FREQUENCY RELAYS

CC A 5 1 1 The Low Frequency F

The **Low Frequency Relays** to be used shall have a setting range of 47.0 to 50Hz and be suitable for operation from a nominal AC input of 63.5, 110 or 240V. The following general parameters specify the requirements of approved **Low Frequency Relays** for automatic installations installed and commissioned after 1st April 2007 and provide an indication, without prejudice to the provisions that may be included in a **Bilateral Agreement**, for those installed and commissioned before 1st April 2007:

(a) **Frequency** settings: 47-50Hz in steps of 0.05Hz or better,

preferably 0.01Hz;

(b) Operating time: Between 100 and 150ms dependent on

measurement period setting;

(c) Voltage lock-out: Selectable within a range of 55 to 90%

of nominal voltage;

(d) Facility stages: One or two stages of **Frequency**

operation;

(e) Output contacts: Two output contacts per stage to be

capable of repetitively making and

breaking for 1000 operations:

(f) Accuracy 0.01 Hz maximum error under

reference environmental and system

voltage conditions.

0.05 Hz maximum error at 8% of total

harmonic distortion Electromagnetic

Compatibility Level.

CC.A.5.2 LOW FREQUENCY RELAY VOLTAGE SUPPLIES

CC.A.5.2.1 It is essential that the voltage supply to the **Low Frequency Relays** shall be derived from the primary **System** at the supply point concerned so that the **Frequency** of the **Low Frequency Relays** input voltage is the same as that of the primary **System**. This requires either:

- (a) the use of a secure supply obtained from voltage transformers directly associated with the grid transformer(s) concerned, the supply being obtained where necessary via a suitable automatic voltage selection scheme; or
- (b) the use of the substation 240V phase-to-neutral selected auxiliary supply, provided that this supply is always derived at the supply point concerned and is never derived from a standby

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supply Generating Unit or from another part of the User System.

CC.A.5.3 SCHEME REQUIREMENTS

CC.A.5.3.1 The tripping facility should be engineered in accordance with the following reliability considerations:

(a) **Dependability**

Failure to trip at any one particular Demand shedding point would not harm the overall operation of the scheme. However, many failures would have the effect of reducing the amount of Demand under low Frequency control. An overall reasonable minimum requirement for the dependability of the Demand shedding scheme is 96%, ie. the average probability of failure of each **Demand** shedding point should be less than 4%. Thus the **Demand** under low **Frequency** control will not be reduced by more than 4% due to relay failure.

(b) Outages

Low Frequency Demand shedding schemes will be engineered such that the amount of **Demand** under control is as specified in Table CC.A.5.5.1a and is not reduced unacceptably during equipment outage or maintenance conditions.

CC.A.5.4 **LOW FREQUENCY RELAY TESTING**

Low Frequency Relays installed and commissioned after 1st January 2007 shall be type tested in accordance with and comply with the functional test requirements for Frequency Protection contained in Energy Networks Association Technical Specification 48-6-5 Issue 1 dated 2005 "ENA Protection Assessment Functional Test Requirements - Voltage and Frequency Protection".

For the avoidance of doubt, Low Frequency Relays installed and commissioned before 1st January 2007 shall comply with the version of CC.A.5.1.1 applicable at the time such Low Frequency Relays were commissioned.

CC.A.5.5 SCHEME SETTINGS

CC.A.5.4.1

CC.A.5.5.1

Table CC.A.5.5.1a shows, for each **Transmission Area**, the percentage of peak Demand (based on Annual ACS Conditions) that each Network Operator whose System is connected to the GB_Onshore Transmission System within such Transmission Area shall disconnect by Low Frequency Relays at a range of frequencies. Where a Network Operator's System is connected to the GB Transmission System in more than one Transmission Area, the settings for the Transmission Area in which the majority of the **Demand** is connected shall apply.

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Table CC.A.5.5.1a

Frequency Hz	%Demand disconnection for each Network Operator in Transmission Area						
	NGET	SPT	SHETL				
48.8	5						
48.75	5						
48.7	10						
48.6	7.5		10				
48.5	7.5	10					
48.4	7.5	10	10				
48.3							
48.2	7.5	10	10				
48.0	5	10	10				
47.8	5						
Total % Demand	60	40	40				

Note – the percentages in table CC.A.5.5.1a are cumulative such that, for example, should the frequency fall to 48.6 Hz in the **NGET Transmission Area**, 27.5% of the total **Demand** connected to the **GB Transmission System** in the **NGET Transmission Area** shall be disconnected by the action of **Low Frequency Relays**.

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APPENDIX 6

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUSLY ACTING AUTOMATIC EXCITATION CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR ONSHORE SYNCHRONOUS GENERATING UNITS

CC.A.6.1 <u>SCOPE</u>

- CC.A.6.1.1 This Appendix sets out the performance requirements of continuously acting automatic excitation control systems for Onshore Synchronous Generating Units that must be complied with by the User. This Appendix does not limit any site specific requirements that may be included in a Bilateral Agreement where in NGET's reasonable opinion these facilities are necessary for system reasons.
- CC.A.6.1.2 Where the requirements may vary the likely range of variation is given in this Appendix. It may be necessary to specify values outside this range where **NGET** identifies a system need, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary **NGET** may specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** values outside of the ranges provided in this Appendix 6. The most common variations are in the on-load excitation ceiling voltage requirements and the response time required of the **Exciter**. Actual values will be included in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- CC.A.6.1.3 Should a **Generator** anticipate making a change to the excitation control system it shall notify **NGET** under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.1.2(b) and (c)) as soon as the **Generator** anticipates making the change. The change may require a revision to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.A.6.2 Requirements

- The Excitation System of an Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit shall include an excitation source (Exciter), a Power System Stabiliser and a continuously acting Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR) and shall meet the following functional specification.
- CC.A.6.2.2 In respect of Onshore Synchronous Generating Units with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2009, and Onshore Synchronous Generating Units with a Completion Date before 1 January 2009 subject to a Modification to the excitation control facilities where the Bilateral Agreement does not specify otherwise, the continuously acting automatic excitation control system shall include a Power System Stabiliser (PSS) as a means of supplementary control. The functional specification of the Power System Stabiliser is included in CC.A.6.2.5.

CC.A.6.2.3 Steady State Voltage Control

CC.A.6.2.3.1 An accurate steady state control of the Onshore Generating Unit pre-set terminal voltage is required. As a measure of the accuracy of the steady-state voltage control, the Automatic Voltage Regulator shall have static zero frequency gain, sufficient to limit the change in terminal voltage to a drop not exceeding 0.5% of rated terminal voltage, when the Onshore Generating Unit output is gradually changed from zero to rated MVA output at rated voltage, Active Power and Frequency.

CC.A.6.2.4 Transient Voltage Control

CC.A.6.2.4.1 For a step change from 90% to 100% of the nominal Onshore Generating Unit terminal voltage, with the Onshore Generating Unit on open circuit, the Excitation System response shall have a damped oscillatory characteristic. For this characteristic, the time for the Onshore Generating Unit terminal voltage to first

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reach 100% shall be less than 0.6 seconds. Also, the time to settle within 5% of the voltage change shall be less than 3 seconds.

- CC.A.6.2.4.2 To ensure that adequate synchronising power is maintained, when the Onshore Generating Unit is subjected to a large voltage disturbance, the Exciter whose output is varied by the Automatic Voltage Regulator shall be capable of providing its achievable upper and lower limit ceiling voltages to the Onshore Generating Unit if lield in a time not exceeding that specified in the Bilateral Agreement. This will normally be not less than 50 ms and not greater than 300 ms. The achievable upper and lower limit ceiling voltages may be dependent on the voltage disturbance.
- CC.A.6.2.4.3 The Exciter shall be capable of attaining an Excitation System On Load Positive Ceiling Voltage of not less than a value specified in the Bilateral Agreement that will be

not less than 2 per unit (pu) normally not greater than 3 pu exceptionally up to 4 pu

of **Rated Field Voltage** when responding to a sudden drop in voltage of 10 percent or more at the **Onshore Generating Unit** terminals. **NGET** may specify a value outside the above limits where **NGET** identifies a system need.

CC.A.6.2.4.4 If a static type **Exciter** is employed:

- (i) the field voltage should be capable of attaining a negative ceiling level specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** after the removal of the step disturbance of CC.A.6.2.4.3. The specified value will be 80% of the value specified in CC.A.6.2.4.3. **NGET** may specify a value outside the above limits where **NGET** identifies a system need.
- (ii) the **Exciter** must be capable of maintaining free firing when the **Onshore Generating Unit** terminal voltage is depressed to a level which may be between 20% to 30% of rated terminal voltage
- (iii) the **Exciter** shall be capable of attaining a positive ceiling voltage not less than 80% of the **Excitation System On Load Positive Ceiling Voltage** upon recovery of the **Onshore Generating Unit** terminal voltage to 80% of rated terminal voltage following fault clearance. **NGET** may specify a value outside the above limits where **NGET** identifies a system need.
- (iv) The requirement to provide a separate power source for the **Exciter** will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** if **NGET** identifies a **Transmission System** need.

CC.A.6.2.5 <u>Power Oscillations Damping Control</u>

- CC.A.6.2.5.1 To allow the Onshore Generating Unit to maintain second and subsequent swing stability and also to ensure an adequate level of low frequency electrical damping power, the Automatic Voltage Regulator shall include a Power System Stabiliser as a means of supplementary control.
- CC.A.6.2.5.2 Whatever supplementary control signal is employed, it shall be of the type which operates into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** to cause the field voltage to act in a manner which results in the damping power being improved while maintaining adequate synchronising power.
- CC.A.6.2.5.3 The arrangements for the supplementary control signal shall ensure that the **Power System Stabiliser** output signal relates only to changes in the supplementary control signal and not the steady state level of the signal. For example, if generator electrical power output is chosen as a supplementary control signal then the **Power System**

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Stabiliser output should relate only to changes in generator electrical power output and not the steady state level of power output.

- CC.A.6.2.5.4 The output signal from the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be limited to not more than 10% of the **Onshore Generating Unit** terminal voltage signal at the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** input. The gain of the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be such that an increase in the gain by a factor of 3 shall not cause instability.
- CC.A.6.2.5.5 The **Power System Stabiliser** shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application.
- CC.A.6.2.5.6 The **Generator** will agree **Power System Stabiliser** settings with **NGET** prior to the on-load commissioning detailed in BC2.11.2(d). To allow assessment of the performance before on-load commissioning the **Generator** will provide to **NGET** a report containing:
 - i. the **Excitation System** model including the **Power System Stabiliser** with settings as required under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.5.3.2(c)).
 - ii. on load time series simulations of the response of the Excitation System with and without the Power System Stabiliser to 2% and 10% steps in the reference voltage and a three phase short circuit fault applied to the higher voltage side of the Generating Unit transformer for 100 ms. The results should show field voltage, Onshore Generating Unit terminal voltage, Power System Stabiliser output and Onshore Generating Unit Active Power and Reactive Power output.
 - iii. gain and phase Bode diagrams for the open loop frequency domain response of the Onshore Generating Unit Excitation System with and without the Power System Stabiliser. These should be in a format to allow assessment of the phase contribution of the Power System Stabiliser and the gain and phase margin of the Excitation System with the Power System Stabiliser.

CC.A.6.2.6 Overall Excitation System Control Characteristics

- CC.A.6.2.6.1 The overall **Excitation System** shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must be consistent with the speed of response requirements and ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5 Hz will be judged to be acceptable for this application.
- CC.A.6.2.6.2 The response of the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** combined with the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be demonstrated by injecting similar step signal disturbances into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference with the **Onshore Generating Unit** operating at points specified by **NGET** (up to rated MVA output). The damping shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response to the disturbances decays within two cycles of oscillation.
- CC.A.6.2.6.3 The frequency domain tuning of the **Power System Stabiliser** shall also be demonstrated by injecting a 0.2Hz-3Hz band limited random noise signal into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference with the **Onshore Generating Unit** operating at points specified by **NGET** (up to rated MVA output). The tuning of the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response shows improved damping with the **Power System Stabiliser** in combination with the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** compared with the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** alone over the frequency range 0.3Hz 2Hz.

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CC.A.6.2.7 Under-Excitation Limiters

- CC.A.6.2.7.1 The security of the power system shall also be safeguarded by means of MVAr Under Excitation Limiters fitted to the generator Excitation System. The Under Excitation Limiter shall prevent the Automatic Voltage Regulator reducing the generator excitation to a level which would endanger synchronous stability. The Under Excitation Limiter shall operate when the excitation system is providing automatic control. The Under Excitation Limiter shall respond to changes in the Active Power (MW) and the Reactive Power (MVAr), and to the square of the generator voltage in such a direction that an increase in voltage will permit an increase in leading MVAr. The characteristic of the Under Excitation Limiter shall be substantially linear from no-load to rated load at any setting and shall be readily adjustable.
- CC.A.6.2.7.2 The performance of the **Under Excitation Limiter** shall be independent of the rate of change of the **Onshore Generating Unit** load and shall be demonstrated by testing its response to a step change corresponding to a 2% decrease in **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference voltage when the generator is operating just off the limit line, as set up. The resulting maximum overshoot shall not exceed 4% of the **Onshore Generating Unit** shall be returned to a steady state value at the limit line and the final settling time shall not be greater than 5 seconds. When the step change in **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference voltage is reversed, the field voltage should begin to respond without any delay and should not be held down by the **Under Excitation Limiter**. Operation into or out of the preset limit levels shall ensure that any resultant oscillations are damped so that the disturbance is within 0.5% of the **Onshore Generating Unit** MVA rating within a period of 5 seconds.
- CC.A.6.2.7.3 The **Generator** shall also make provision to prevent the reduction of the **Onshore Generating Unit** excitation to a level which would endanger synchronous stability when the **Excitation System** is under manual control.

CC.A.6.2.8 Over-Excitation Limiters

- CC.A.6.2.8.1 The settings of the **Over-Excitation Limiter**, where it exists, shall ensure that the generator excitation is not limited to less than the maximum value that can be achieved whilst ensuring the **Onshore Generating Unit** is operating within its design limits. If the generator excitation is reduced following a period of operation at a high level, the rate of reduction shall not exceed that required to remain within any time dependent operating characteristics of the **Onshore Generating Unit**.
- CC.A.6.2.8.2 The performance of the **Over-Excitation Limiter**, where it exists, shall be demonstrated by testing its response to a step increase in the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference voltage that results in operation of the **Over Excitation Limiter**. Prior to application of the step the **Onshore Generating Unit** shall be generating **Rated Active Power** and operating within its continuous **Reactive Power** capability. The size of the step will be determined by the minimum value necessary to operate the **Over-Excitation Limiter** and will be agreed by **NGET** and the **Generator**. The resulting operation beyond the **Over-Excitation Limit** shall be controlled by the **Over-Excitation Limiter** without the operation of any protection that could trip the **Onshore Generating Unit**. The step shall be removed immediately on completion of the test.
- CC.A.6.2.8.3 The **Generator** shall also make provision to prevent any over-excitation restriction of the generator when the **Excitation System** is under manual control, other than that necessary to ensure the **Onshore Generating Unit** is operating within its design limits.

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APPENDIX 7

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUSLY ACTING AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR ONSHORE NON-SYNCHRONOUS GENERATING UNITS, DC CONVERTERS AND POWER PARK MODULES

CC.A.7.1 SCOPE

- CC.A.7.1.1 This Appendix sets out the performance requirements of continuously acting automatic voltage control systems for Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Onshore DC Converters and Onshore Power Park Modules that must be complied with by the User. This Appendix does not limit any site specific requirements that may be included in a Bilateral Agreement where in NGET's reasonable opinion these facilities are necessary for system reasons.
- CC.A.7.1.2 Proposals by **Generators** to make a change to the voltage control systems are required to be notified to **NGET** under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.1.2(b) and (c)) as soon as the **Generator** anticipates making the change. The change may require a revision to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

CC.A.7.2 Requirements

CC.A.7.2.1

NGET requires that the continuously acting automatic voltage control system for the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module shall meet the following functional performance specification. If a Network Operator has confirmed to NGET that its network to which an Embedded Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module is connected is restricted such that the full reactive range under the steady state voltage control requirements (CC.A.7.2.2) cannot be utilised, NGET may specify in the Bilateral Agreement alternative limits to the steady state voltage control range that reflect these restrictions. Where the Network Operator subsequently notifies NGET that such restriction has been removed, NGET may propose a Modification to the Bilateral Agreement (in accordance with the CUSC contract) to remove the alternative limits such that the continuously acting automatic voltage control system meets the following functional performance specification. All other requirements of the voltage control system will remain as in this Appendix.

CC.A.7.2.2 Steady State Voltage Control

CC.A.7.2.2.1 The Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module shall provide continuous steady state control of the voltage at the Onshore Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded) with a Setpoint Voltage and Slope characteristic as illustrated in Figure CC.A.7.2.2a. It should be noted that where the Reactive Power capability requirement of a directly connected Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland, as specified in CC.6.3.2 (c), is not at the Onshore Grid Entry Point, the values of Qmin and Qmax shown in this figure will be as modified by the 33/132kV or 33/275kV or 33/400kV transformer.

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Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded)

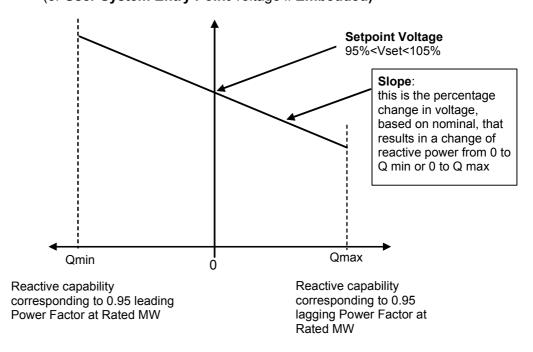


Figure CC.A.7.2.2a

- CC.A.7.2.2.2 The continuously acting automatic control system shall be capable of operating to a **Setpoint Voltage** between 95% and 105% with a resolution of 0.25% of the nominal voltage. For the avoidance of doubt values of 95%, 95.25%, 95.5% ... may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Setpoint Voltage** will be 100%. The tolerance within which this **Setpoint Voltage** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.25% and a Setpoint Voltage of 100%, the achieved value shall be between 99.75% and 100.25%. **NGET** may request the **Generator** to implement an alternative **Setpoint Voltage** within the range of 95% to 105%. For **Embedded Generators** the **Setpoint Voltage** will be discussed between **NGET** and the relevant **Network Operator** and will be specified to ensure consistency with CC.6.3.4.
- CC.A.7.2.2.3 The **Slope** characteristic of the continuously acting automatic control system shall be adjustable over the range 2% to 7% (with a resolution of 0.5%). For the avoidance of doubt values of 2%, 2.5%, 3% ... may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Slope** setting will be 4%. The tolerance within which this **Slope** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.5% and a **Slope** setting of 4%, the achieved value shall be between 3.5% and 4.5%. **NGET** may request the **Generator** to implement an alternative slope setting within the range of 2% to 7%. For **Embedded Generators** the **Slope** setting will be discussed between **NGET** and the relevant **Network Operator** and will be specified to ensure consistency with CC.6.3.4.

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Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded)

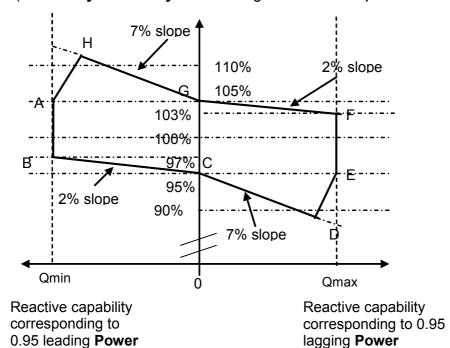


Figure CC.A.7.2.2b

Factor at Rated MW

Onshore Grid Entry Point Voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded) Connections at 33kV and below

Factor at Rated MW

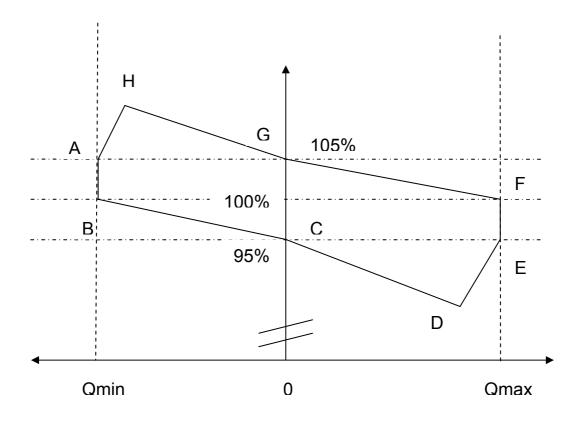


Figure CC.A.7.2.2c

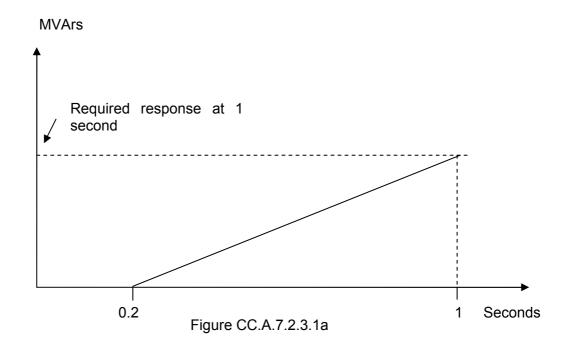
- CC.A.7.2.24 Figure CC.A.7.2.2b shows the required envelope of operation for Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Onshore DC Converters and Onshore Power Park Modules except for those Embedded at 33kV and below or directly connected to the GB Transmission System at 33kV and below. Figure CC.A.7.2.2c shows the required envelope of operation for Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Onshore DC Converters and Onshore Power Park Modules Embedded at 33kV and below. Where the Reactive Power capability requirement of a directly connected Onshore Power Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module in Scotland, as specified in CC6.3.2 (c), is not at the Onshore Grid Entry Point, the values of Qmin and Qmax shown in this figure will be as modified by the 33/132kV or 33/275kV or 33/400kV transformer. The enclosed area within points ABCDEFGH is the required capability range within which the Slope and Setpoint Voltage can be changed.
- CC.A.7.2.2.5 Should the operating point of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit,
 Onshore Power Park Module deviate so that it is no longer a point on the operating characteristic (figure CC.A.7.2.2a) defined by the target Setpoint Voltage and Slope, the continuously acting automatic voltage control system shall act progressively to return the value to a point on the required characteristic within 5 seconds.
- CC.A.7.2.2.6 Should the Reactive Power output of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module reach its maximum lagging limit at a Onshore Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded) above 95%, the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module shall maintain maximum lagging Reactive Power output for voltage reductions down to 95%. This requirement is indicated by the line EF in figures CC.A.7.2.2b and CC.A.7.2.2c. Should the Reactive Power output of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module reach its maximum leading limit at a Onshore Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded) below 105%, the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module shall maintain maximum leading Reactive Power output for voltage increases up to 105%. This requirement is indicated by the line AB in figures CC.A.7.2.2b and CC.A.7.2.2c.
- CC.A.7.2.2.7 For Onshore Grid Entry Point voltages (or User System Entry Point voltages if Embedded) below 95%, the lagging Reactive Power capability of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module should be that which results from the supply of maximum lagging reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line DE in figures CC.A.7.2.2b and CC.A.7.2.2c. For Onshore Grid Entry Point voltages (or User System Entry Point voltages if Embedded) above 105%, the leading Reactive Power capability of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module should be that which results from the supply of maximum leading reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line AH in figures CC.A.7.2.2b and CC.A.7.2.2c. Should the Reactive Power output of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module reach its maximum lagging limit at a Onshore Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded) below 95%, the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park

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Module shall maintain maximum lagging reactive current output for further voltage decreases. Should the Reactive Power output of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module reach its maximum leading limit at a Onshore Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded) above 105%, the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module shall maintain maximum leading reactive current output for further voltage increases.

CC.A.7.2.3 <u>Transient Voltage Control</u>

- CC.A.7.2.3.1 For an on-load step change in Onshore Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point voltage, the continuously acting automatic control system shall respond according to the following minimum criteria
 - i. the Reactive Power output response of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore Power Park Module shall commence within 0.2 seconds of the application of the step. It shall progress linearly although variations from a linear characteristic shall be acceptable provided that the MVAr seconds delivered at any time up to 1 second are at least those that would result from the response shown in figure CC.A.7.2.3.1a.
 - ii. the response shall be such that, for a sufficiently large step, 90% of the full reactive capability of the Onshore Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module, as required by CC.6.3.2 (or, if appropriate, CC.A.7.2.2.6 or CC.A.7.2.2.7), will be produced within 1 second
 - iii. the magnitude of the **Reactive Power** output response produced within 1 second shall vary linearly in proportion to the magnitude of the step change
 - iv. the settling time shall be no greater than 2 seconds from the application of the step change in voltage and the peak to peak magnitude of any oscillations shall be less than 5% of the change in steady state **Reactive Power** within this time.
 - v. following the transient response, the conditions of CC.A.7.2.2 apply.



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- CC.A.7.2.4.1 The requirement for the continuously acting voltage control system to be fitted with a Power System Stabiliser (PSS) shall be specified in the Bilateral Agreement if, in NGET's view, this is required for system reasons. However if a Power System Stabiliser is included in the voltage control system its settings and performance shall be agreed with NGET and commissioned in accordance with BC.2.11.2.
- CC.A.7.2.5 Overall Voltage Control System Characteristics
- CC.A.7.2.5.1 The continuously acting automatic voltage control system is required to respond to minor variations, steps, gradual changes or major variations in Onshore Grid Entry Point voltage (or User System Entry Point voltage if Embedded).
- CC.A.7.2.5.2 The overall voltage control system shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must be consistent with the speed of response requirements and ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application. All other control systems employed within the Onshore DC Converter or Onshore Power Park Module should also meet this requirement
- CC.A.7.2.5.3 The response of the voltage control system (including the **Power System Stabiliser** if employed) shall be demonstrated by applying suitable step disturbances into the voltage control system of the **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Power Park Unit**, or by changing the actual voltage at a suitable point, with the generator operating at points specified by **NGET** (up to rated MVA output). The damping shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response to the disturbances decays within 2 seconds of the application of the step.

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OPERATING CODE NO.2

OPERATIONAL PLANNING AND DATA PROVISION

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OPERATING CODE NO.2

OPERATIONAL PLANNING AND DATA PROVISION

OC2.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- OC2.1.1 Operating Code No. 2 ("OC2") is concerned with:
 - (a) the co-ordination of the release of Synchronous Generating Units and Power Park Modules, the GB Transmission System and Network Operators' Systems for construction, repair and maintenance;
 - (b) provision by **NGET** of the **Surpluses** both for the **GB Transmission System** and **System Zones**;
 - (c) the provision by Generators of Generation Planning Parameters for Gensets, including CCGT Module Planning Matrices and Power Park Module Planning Matrices, to NGET for planning purposes only; and
 - (d) the agreement for release of **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** for outages in certain circumstances.
- OC2.1.2 (a) Operational Planning involves planning, through various timescales, the matching of generation output with forecast GB Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units, Power Park Modules and DC Converters, and of parts of the GB Transmission System and of parts of Network Operators' Systems which is carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in NGET's Transmission Licence, each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission Licence or Electricity Distribution Licence as the case may be.
 - (b) In general terms there is an "envelope of opportunity" for the release of Synchronous Generating Units and Power Park Modules and for the release of parts of the GB Transmission System and parts of the Network Operator's User Systems for outages. The envelope is defined by the difference between the total generation output expected from Large Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Demand, the operational planning margin and taking into account External Interconnections.
- OC2.1.3 In this OC2 for the purpose of Generator outage co-ordination Year 0 means the current calendar year at any time, Year 1 means the next calendar year at any time, Year 2 means the calendar year after Year 1, etc. For the purpose of Transmission outage planning Year 0 means the current Financial Year at any time, Year 1 means the next Financial Year at any time, Year 2 means the Financial Year after Year 1, etc. References to 'weeks' in OC2 are to calendar weeks as defined in ISO 8601.
- OC2.1.4 References in **OC2** to a **Generator's** "best estimate" shall be that **Generator's** best estimate acting as a reasonable and prudent **Generator** in all the circumstances.

- OC2.1.5 References to **NGET** planning the **GB Transmission System** outage programme on the basis of the **Final Generation Outage Programme**, are to **NGET** planning against the **Final Generation Outage Programme** current at the time it so plans.
- OC2.1.6 Where in **OC2** data is required to be submitted or information is to be given on a particular day, that data does not need to be submitted and that information does not need to be given on that day if it is not a **Business Day** or it falls within a holiday period (the occurrence and length of which shall be determined by **NGET**, in its reasonable discretion, and notified to **Users**). Instead, that data shall be submitted and/or that information shall be given on such other **Business Day** as **NGET** shall, in its reasonable discretion, determine. However, **NGET** may determine that that data and/or information need not be submitted or given at all, in which case it shall notify each **User** as appropriate.
- OC2.1.7 In Scotland, it may be possible with the agreement of **NGET** to reduce the administrative burden for **Users** in producing planning information where either the output or demand is small.

OC2.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

- OC2.2.1 (a) The objective of OC2 is to seek to enable NGET to harmonise outages of Synchronous Generating Units and Power Park Modules in order that such outages are co-ordinated (taking account of Embedded Medium Power Stations) between Generators and Network Operators, and that such outages are co-ordinated taking into account GB Transmission System outages and other System outages, so far as possible to minimise the number and effect of constraints on the GB Transmission System or any other System.
 - (b) In the case of **Network Operator' User Systems** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System** this means in particular that there will also need to be harmonisation of outages of **Embedded Synchronous Generating Units** and **Embedded Power Park Modules**, and **GB Transmission System** outages, with **Network Operators** in respect of their outages on those **Systems**.
- OC2.2.2 The objective of **OC2** is also to enable the provision by **NGET** of the **Surpluses** both for the **GB Transmission System** and **System Zones**.
- OC2.2.3 A further objective of **OC2** is to provide for the agreement for outages for **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** in certain circumstances and to enable a process to be followed in order to provide for that.
- OC2.2.4 The boundaries of the **System Zones** will be determined by **NGET** from time to time taking into account the disposition of **Generators' Power Stations** within the **System Zones**. The location of the boundaries will be made available to all **Users**. Any **User** may request that **NGET** reviews any of the **System Zonal** boundaries if that **User** considers that the current boundaries are not appropriate, giving the reasons for their concerns. On receipt of such a request **NGET** will review the boundaries if, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, such a review is justified.

OC2.3 SCOPE

- OC2.3.1 OC2 applies to NGET and to Users which in OC2 means:-
 - (a) Generators, only in respect of their Large Power Stations or their Power Stations which are directly connected to GB Transmission System (and the term Generator in this OC2 shall be construed accordingly);
 - (b) Network Operators; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers; and
 - (d) **DC Converter Station** owners.

OC2.4 PROCEDURE

OC2.4.1 <u>Co-ordination of Outages</u>

- OC2.4.1.1 Under **OC2** the interaction between **NGET** and **Users** will be as follows:
 - (a) Each Generator and NGET In respect of outages of Synchronous generating Units and Power Park Modules and in respect of outages of other Plant and/or Apparatus directly connected to the GB Transmission System;
 - (b) NGET and each Generator in respect of GB Transmission System outages relevant to each Generator (other than in respect of Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations):
 - (c) NGET and each Network in respect of outages of all Embedded Large Power Stations and in respect of outages of other Plant and/or Apparatus relating to such Embedded Large Power Stations:
 - (d) NGET and each Network in respect of GB Transmission
 Operator and each NonEmbedded Customer
 System outages relevant to the particular Network Operator or NonEmbedded Customers;

(e) Each Network Operator and in respect of User System outages each Customer and NGET

Non-Embedded relevant to NGET; and

in respect of Network Operators only, outages of the Network Operator's User System that may impact upon an **Offshore** Transmission System connected to that **Network Operator's** System.

OC2.4.1.2 PLANNING OF SYNCHRONOUS GENERATING UNIT AND POWER PARK **MODULE OUTAGES**

OC2.4.1.2.1 Operational Planning Phase - Planning for Calendar Years 3 to 5 inclusive -Weekly Resolution

In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 2

Each **Generator** will provide **NGET** in writing with:

- (i) a provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module outage programme (covering all non-Embedded Power Stations and Embedded Large Power Stations) for Year 3 to Year 5 (inclusive) specifying the Synchronous Generating Unit and/or Power Park Module and MW concerned, duration of proposed outages, the preferred date for each outage and where there is a possibility of flexibility, the earliest start date and latest finishing date: and
- (ii) a best estimate weekly **Output Usable** forecast of all its **Gensets** for Year 3 to Year 5.
- (b) Between the end of week 2 and the end of week 12

NGET will be:

- (i) calculating total winter peak generating capacity assumed to be available to the Total System (taking into account the import capacity which may be available from External Interconnections);
- (ii) calculating the total winter peak generating capacity expected from Large Power Stations, taking into account Demand forecasts and details of proposed use of **Demand Control** received under **OC1**, and an operational planning margin set by NGET (the "Operational Planning Margin");
- (iii) calculating the weekly peak generating capacity expected from Large Power Stations taking into account demand forecasts and details of proposed use of **Demand Control** received under **OC1**, and the Operational Planning Margin and Zonal System Security Requirements. The total weekly peak MW needed to be available is the "weekly total MW required".

The calculation under (iii) will effectively define the envelope of opportunity for outages of **Synchronous Generating Units** and **Power Park Modules**.

During this period, **NGET** may, as appropriate, contact each **Generator** who has supplied information to seek clarification on points.

(c) By the end of week 12

NGET will:

- (i) having taken into account the information notified to it by **Generators** and taking into account:-
 - (1) **GB Transmission System** constraints and outages,
 - (2) **Network Operator System** constraints and outages, known to **NGET**, and
 - (3) the **Output Usable** required, in its view, to meet weekly total MW requirements,

provide each **Generator** in writing with any suggested amendments to the provisional outage programme supplied by the **Generator** which **NGET** believes necessary, and will advise **Generators** with **Large Power Stations** of the **Surpluses** both for the **GB Transmission System** and **System Zones** and potential export limitations, on a weekly basis, which would occur without such amendments:

(ii) provide each **Network Operator** in writing with potential outages of **Synchronous Generating Units** and/or **Power park Modules** which may, in the reasonable opinion of **NGET** and the **Network Operator**, affect the integrity of that **Network Operator's User System** provided that, in such circumstances **NGET** has notified the **Generator** concerned at least 48 hours beforehand of its intention to do so (including identifying the **Synchronous Generating Unit** and/or **Power Park Module** concerned).

(d) By the end of week 14

- (i) Where a Generator or a Network Operator is unhappy with the suggested amendments to its provisional outage programme (in the case of a Generator) or such potential outages (in the case of a Network Operator) it may contact NGET to explain its concerns and NGET and that Generator or Network Operator will then discuss the problem and seek to resolve it.
- (ii) The possible resolution of the problem may require NGET or a User to contact other Generators and Network Operators, and joint meetings of all parties may, if any User feels it would be helpful, be convened by NGET. The need for further discussions, be they on the telephone or at meetings, can only be determined at the time.

(e) By the end of week 25

Each Generator will provide NGET in writing with an updated provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module outage programme covering both Embedded and non-Embedded Large Power Stations together with the best estimate weekly Output Usable forecasts for each Genset, in all cases for Year 3 to Year 5 (inclusive). The updated provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module

outage programme will contain the MW concerned, duration of proposed outages, the preferred date for each outage and, where applicable, earliest start date and latest finishing date, together with an update of the **Output Usable** estimate supplied under (a)(ii) above.

(f) Between the end of week 25 and the end of week 28

NGET will be considering the updated provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module outage programme, together with the best estimate weekly Output Usable forecasts supplied to it by Generators under (e) and their Registered Capacity and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period.

(g) By the end of week 28

NGET will:

- (i) provide each Generator in writing with details of any suggested revisions considered by NGET as being necessary to the updated provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module outage programme supplied to NGET under (e) and will advise Generators with Large Power Stations of the Surpluses for the GB Transmission System and System Zones and potential export limitations on a weekly basis which would occur without such revisions; and
- (ii) provide each **Network Operator** in writing with the update of potential outages of **Synchronous Generating Units** and/or **Power Park Modules** which, in the reasonable opinion of **NGET** and the **Network Operator**, affect the integrity of that **Network Operator's User System**.

(h) By the end of week 31

Where a **Generator** or a **Network Operator** is unhappy with the revisions suggested to the updated provisional **Synchronous Generating Unit** and **Power Park Module** outage programme (in the case of a **Generator**) or such update of potential outages (in the case of a **Network Operator**) under (g) it may contact **NGET** to explain its concerns and the provisions set out in (d) above will apply to that process.

(i) By the end of week 42

NGET will:

(1) provide each Generator in writing with details of suggested revisions considered by NGET as being necessary to the updated provisional Synchronous Generating Unit and Power Park Module outage programme supplied to NGET and will advise Generators with Large Power Stations of the Surpluses for the GB Transmission System and System Zones and potential export limitations, on a weekly basis which would occur without such revisions;

(2) provide each Network Operator in writing with the update of potential outages of Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET and the Network Operator, affect the integrity of that Network Operator's User System provided that, in such circumstances NGET has notified the Generator concerned at least 48 hours beforehand of its intention to do so (including identifying the Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules concerned).

(j) By the end of week 45

NGET will seek to agree a Final Generation Outage Programme for Year 3 to Year 5. If agreement cannot be reached on all aspects, NGET and each Generator will record their agreement on as many aspects as have been agreed and NGET will advise each Generator with Large Power Stations and each Network Operator, of the Surpluses for the GB Transmission System and System Zones on a weekly basis which would occur in relation to those aspects not agreed. It is accepted that agreement of the Final Generation Outage Programme is not a commitment on Generators or NGET to abide by it, but NGET will be planning the GB Transmission System outage programme on the basis of the Final Generation Outage Programme and if in the event the Generator's outages differ from those contained in the Final Generation Outage Programme, or in any way conflict with the GB Transmission System outage programme, NGET need not alter the GB Transmission System outage programme.

The basis for **Operational Planning** for Year 1 and Year 2 will be the **Final Generation Outage Programmes** agreed for Years 2 and 3:

In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 10

Each **Generator** will provide **NGET** in writing with its previously agreed **Final Generation Outage Programme** updated and best estimate weekly **Output Usable** forecasts for each **Genset** for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2

(b) Between the end of week 10 and the end of week 12

NGET will be considering the updated proposed **Synchronous Generating Unit** and **Power Park Module** outage programme together with the estimate of **Output Usable** supplied by **Generators** under (a) and will be analysing **Operational Planning Margins** for the period. Taking these into account together with **GB Transmission System** constraints and outages and **Network Operator User System** constraints and outages known to **NGET**, **NGET** will assess whether the estimates of **Output Usable** supplied by **Generators** are sufficient to meet forecast **GB Transmission System Demand** plus the **Operational Planning Margin**.

(c) By the end of week 12

NGET will:

- (i) notify each Generator in writing whether the Output Usable estimates are adequate for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2, together with suggested changes to its Final Generation Outage Programme where necessary and will advise each Generator with Large Power Stations of the Surpluses both for the GB Transmission System and System Zones and potential export limitations, on a weekly resolution which would occur without such changes;
- (ii) provide each Network Operator in writing with weekly Output Usable estimates of Generators for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2, and updated details of potential outages of Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET and the Network Operator, affect the integrity of that Network Operator's User System provided that, in such circumstances, NGET has notified the Generator concerned at least 48 hours beforehand of its intention to do so (including identifying the affected Gensets or Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules, as appropriate).

(d) By the end of week 14

Where a **Generator** or a **Network Operator** is unhappy with any suggested changes to its **Final Generation Outage Programme** (in the case of a **Generator**) or such update of potential outages (in the case of a **Network Operator**), equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1(d) will apply.

(e) By the end of week 34

Each **Generator** will provide **NGET** in writing with revised best estimate weekly **Output Usable** forecasts for each **Genset** for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2.

(f) Between the end of week 34 and the end of week 39

NGET will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (e) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period. Taking these into account together with GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator User System constraints and outages known to NGET, NGET will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators are sufficient to meet forecast GB Transmission System Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.

(g) By the end of week 39

NGET will:

(i) notify each Generator in writing whether it accepts the Output Usable estimates for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2, and of any suggested changes to its Final Generation Outage Programme where necessary and will advise **Generators** with **Large Power Stations** of the **Surpluses** both for the **GB Transmission System** and **System Zones** and potential export limitations on a weekly basis which would occur without such changes;

(ii) provide each Network Operator in writing with Output Usable estimates of Generators for weeks 1-52 of Years 1 and 2, and updated details of potential outages of Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET and the Network Operator, affect the integrity of that Network Operator's User System provided that, in such circumstances, NGET has notified the Generator concerned at least 48 hours beforehand of its intention to do so (including identifying the affected Gensets or Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules, as appropriate).

(h) By the end of week 46

Where a **Generator** or a **Network Operator**, is unhappy with any suggested changes to its **Final Generation Outage Programme** (in the case of a **Generator**) or such update of potential outages (in the case of a **Network Operator**), equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1(d) will apply.

(i) By the end of week 48

NGET will seek to agree the revised Final Generation Outage Programme for Year 1 and Year 2. If agreement cannot be reached on all aspects, NGET and each Generator will record their agreement on as many aspects as have been agreed and NGET will advise each Generator with Large Power Stations and each Network Operator, of Generating Plant Demand Margins for national and zonal groups, on a weekly basis, which would occur in relation to those aspects not agreed. It is accepted that agreement of the Final Generation Outage Programme is not a commitment on Generators or NGET to abide by it, but NGET will be planning the GB Transmission System outage programme on the basis of the Final Generation Outage Programme and if, in the event, a Generator's outages differ from those contained in the Final Generation Outage Programme, or in any way conflict with the GB Transmission System outage programme, NGET need not alter the GB Transmission System outage programme.

OC2.4.1.2.3 Planning for Calendar Year 0 – Weekly Resolution

The basis for **Operational Planning** for Year 0 will be the revised **Final Generation Outage Programme** agreed for Year 1:

In each week:

(a) By 1600 hours each Wednesday – Weekly Resolution

Each Generator will provide NGET in writing with an update of the Final Generation Outage Programme and a best estimate weekly Output Usable forecast for each of its Gensets from the 2nd week ahead to the 52nd week ahead.

(b) Between 1600 hours Wednesday and 1600 hours Friday

NGET will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (a) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period. Taking into account GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator User System constraints and outages known to NGET, NGET will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators are sufficient to meet forecast GB Transmission System Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.

(c) By 1600 hours each Friday

NGET will:

- (i) notify each **Generator** with **Large Power Stations** and **Network Operator**, in writing if it considers the **Output Usable** forecasts will give **Surpluses** and potential export limitations both for the **GB Transmission System** and **System Zones** from the 2nd week ahead to the 52nd week ahead:
- (ii) provide each **Network Operator**, in writing with weekly **Output Usable** estimates of **Gensets** from the 2nd week ahead to the 52nd week ahead and updated outages of **Synchronous Generating Units** and/or **Power Park Modules** which may, in the reasonable opinion of **NGET** and the **Network Operator**, affect the integrity of that **Network Operator's User System** and in such circumstances, **NGET** shall notify the **Generator** concerned within 48 hours of so providing (including identifying the affected **Gensets** or **Synchronous Generating Units** and/or **Power Park Modules**, as appropriate), from the 2nd week ahead to the 52nd week ahead.

OC2.4.1.2.4 Programming Phase – 2-49 Days Ahead – Daily Resolution

(a) By 1200 hours each Friday

NGET will notify in writing each **Generator** with **Large Power Stations** and **Network Operator** if it considers the **Output Usable** forecasts will give MW shortfalls both nationally and for constrained groups for the period 2-7 weeks ahead.

(b) By 1100 hours each Business Day

Each **Generator** shall provide **NGET** in writing with the best estimate of daily **Output Usable** for each **Genset** for the period from and including day 2 ahead to day 14 ahead, including the forecast return to service date for any such **Generating Unit** or **Power Park Module** subject to **Planned Outage** or breakdown.

(c) By 1100 hours each Wednesday

For the period 2 to 49 days ahead, every Wednesday by 11:00 hours, each **Generator** shall provide **NGET** in writing best estimate daily **Output Usable** forecasts for each **Genset**, and changes (start and finish dates) to

Planned Outage or to the return to service times of each Synchronous Generating Unit and/or Power Park Module which is subject to breakdown.

(d) Between 1100 hours and 1600 hours each Business Day

NGET will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (b) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period 2-14 days ahead. Taking into account GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator User System constraints and outages known to NGET, NGET will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable are sufficient to meet forecast GB Transmission System Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.

(e) By 1600 hours each Business Day

- NGET will notify in writing each Generator with Large Power Stations and (i) each Network Operator, of the Surpluses both for the GB Transmission System and System Zones and potential export limitations, for the period from and including day 2 ahead to day 14 ahead which it considers the Output Usable forecasts will give. The time of 1600 hours can only be met in respect of any Generator or Network Operator if all the information from all Generators was made available to NGET by 1100 hours and if a suitable electronic data transmission facility is in place between NGET and the Generator or the Network Operator, as the case may be, and if it is fully operational. In the event that any of these conditions is not met, or if it is necessary to revert to a manual system for analysing the information supplied and otherwise to be considered, **NGET** reserve the right to extend the timescale for issue of the information required under this sub-paragraph to each, or the relevant, Generator and/or Network Operator (as the case may be) provided that such information will in any event be issued by 1800 hours.
- (ii) NGET will provide each Network Operator, where it has an effect on that User, in writing with Output Usable estimates of Gensets from and including day 2 ahead to day 14 ahead and updated outages of Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules which are either in its User System or which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET and the Network Operator, affect the integrity of that Network Operator's User System and in such circumstances, NGET shall notify the Generator concerned within 48 hours of so providing (including identifying the affected Gensets or Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules, as appropriate), for the period from and including day 2 ahead to day 14 ahead.

OC2.4.1.3 Planning of **GB Transmission System** Outages

NGET shall plan **GB Transmission System** outages required in Years 2 to 5 inclusive required as a result of construction or refurbishment works. This contrasts with the planning of **GB Transmission System** outages required in

Years 0 and 1 ahead, when **NGET** also takes into account **GB Transmission System** outages required as a result of maintenance.

Users should bear in mind that NGET will be planning the GB Transmission System outage programme on the basis of the previous year's Final Generation Outage Programme and if in the event a Generator's or Network Operator's outages differ from those contained in the Final Generation Outage Programme, or in the case of Network Operators, those known to NGET, or in any way conflict with the GB Transmission System outage programme, NGET need not alter the GB Transmission System outage programme.

OC2.4.1.3.2 In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 8

Each **Network Operator** will notify **NGET** in writing of details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead in its **User System** which may affect the performance of the **Total System** (which includes but is not limited to outages of **User System Apparatus** at **Grid Supply Points** and outages which constrain the output of **Synchronous generating Units** and/or **Power Park Modules Embedded** within that **User System**).

Each Network Operator will notify NGET in writing of details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead in its User System which may affect the declared values of Maximum Export Capacity and/or Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point within its User System together with the Network Operator's revised best estimate of the Maximum Export Capacity and/or Maximum Import Capacity during such outages. Network Operators will also notify NGET of any automatic and/or manual post fault actions that it intends to utilise or plans to utilise during such outages.

(b) By the end of week 13

Each **Generator** will inform **NGET** in writing of proposed outages in Years 2 - 5 ahead of **Generator** owned **Apparatus** (eg. busbar selectors) other than **Synchronous Generating Units** and/or **Power Park Modules**, at each **Grid Entry Point**.

NGET will provide to each **Network Operator** and to each **Generator** a copy of the information given to **NGET** under paragraph (a) above (other than the information given by that **Network Operator**). In relation to a **Network Operator**, the data must only be used by that **User** in operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

(c) By the end of week 28

NGET will provide each **Network Operator** in writing with details of proposed outages in Years 2-5 ahead which may, in **NGET's** reasonable judgement, affect the performance of that **Network Operator's User System**.

(d) By the end of week 30

Where **NGET** or a **Network Operator** is unhappy with the proposed outages notified to it under (a), (b) or (c) above, as the case may be, equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1 (d) will apply.

(e) By the end of week 34

NGET will draw up a draft GB Transmission System outage plan covering the period Years 2 to 5 ahead and NGET will notify each Generator and Network Operator in writing of those aspects of the plan which may operationally affect such Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Network Operator. NGET will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the GB Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards.

OC2.4.1.3.3 Operational Planning Phase - Planning for Financial Year 1 ahead

Each calendar year **NGET** shall update the draft **GB Transmission System** outage plan prepared under OC2.4.1.3.2 above and shall in addition take into account outages required as a result of maintenance work.

In each calendar year:

(a) By the end of week 13

Generators and Non-Embedded Customers will inform NGET in writing of proposed outages for Year 1 of Generator owned Apparatus at each Grid Entry Point (e.g. busbar selectors) other than Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules or Non-Embedded Customer owned Apparatus, as the case may be, at each Grid Supply Point.

(b) By the end of week 28

NGET will provide each Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer in writing with details of proposed outages in Year 1 ahead which may, in NGET's reasonable judgement, affect the performance of its User System or the Non-Embedded Customer Apparatus at the Grid Supply Point.

(c) By the end of week 32

Each Network Operator will notify NGET in writing with details of proposed outages in Year 1 in its User System which may affect the performance of the Total System (which includes but is not limited to outages of User System Apparatus at Grid Supply Points and outages which constrain the output of Synchronous Generating Units and/or Power Park Modules Embedded within that User System).

Each Network Operator will notify NGET in writing of details of proposed outages in Year 1 in its User System which may affect the declared values of Maximum Export Capacity and/or Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point within its User System together with the Network Operator's revised best estimate of the Maximum Export Capacity and/or Maximum Import Capacity during such outages. Network Operators will also notify NGET of any automatic and/or manual post fault actions that it intends to utilise or plans to utilise during such outages.

Each Network Operator will also notify NGET in writing of any revisions to Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor data submitted pursuant to PC.A.2.5.4.2

(d) Between the end of week 32 and the end of week 34

NGET will draw up a revised **GB Transmission System** outage plan (which for the avoidance of doubt includes **Transmission Apparatus** at the **Connection Points**).

(e) By the end of week 34

NGET will notify each Generator and Network Operator, in writing, of those aspects of the GB Transmission System outage programme which may, in NGET's reasonable opinion, operationally affect that Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Network Operator including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant GB Transmission System outages.

NGET will provide to each **Network Operator** and to each **Generator** a copy of the information given to **NGET** under paragraph (c) above (other than the information given by that **Network Operator**). In relation to a **Network Operator**, the data must only be used by that **User** in operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

(f) By the end of week 36

Where a **Generator** or **Network Operator** is unhappy with the proposed aspects notified to it under (e) above, equivalent provisions to those set out in OC2.4.1.2.1 (d) will apply.

(g) Between the end of week 34 and 49

NGET will draw up a final **GB Transmission System** outage plan covering Year 1.

(h) By the end of week 49

- (i) **NGET** will complete the final **GB Transmission System** outage plan for Year 1. The plan for Year 1 becomes the final plan for Year 0 when by expiry of time Year 1 becomes Year 0.
- (ii) NGET will notify each Generator and each Network Operator in writing of those aspects of the plan which may operationally affect such Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Network Operator including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant GB Transmission System outages. NGET will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the GB Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards. NGET will also inform each relevant Non-Embedded Customer of the aspects of the plan which may affect it.
- (iii) In addition, in relation to the final **GB Transmission System** outage plan for Year 1, **NGET** will provide to each **Generator** a copy of the final **GB Transmission System** outage plan for that year. OC2.4.1.3.4 contains provisions whereby updates of the final **GB Transmission System** outage plan are provided. The plan and the updates will be provided in writing. It should be noted that the final **GB Transmission System** outage plan for Year 1 and the updates will not give a complete understanding of how the **GB Transmission System** will operate in real time, where the **GB Transmission System** operation may be affected by other factors which may not be known at the time of the plan and the updates. Therefore, **Users** should place no reliance on the plan or the updates showing a set of conditions which will actually arise in real time.

(i) Information Release or Exchange

This paragraph (i) contains alternative requirements on **NGET**, paragraph (z) being an alternative to a combination of paragraphs (x) and (y). Paragraph (z) will only apply in relation to a particular **User** if **NGET** and that **User** agree that it should apply, in which case paragraphs (x) and (y) will not apply. In the absence of any relevant agreement between **NGET** and the **User**, **NGET** will only be required to comply with paragraphs (x) and (y).

Information Release to each Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer

Between the end of Week 34 and 49 **NGET** will upon written request:

- (x) for radial systems, provide each Network Operator and Non Embedded Customer with data to allow the calculation by the Network Operator, and each Non Embedded Customer, of symmetrical and asymmetrical fault levels; and
- (y) for interconnected **Systems**, provide to each **Network Operator** an equivalent network, sufficient to allow the identification of symmetrical

and asymmetrical fault levels, and power flows across interconnecting **User Systems** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**; or

System Data Exchange

- (z) as part of a process to facilitate understanding of the operation of the **Total System**,
 - (1) NGET will make available to each Network Operator, the GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 1 which are of relevance to that User's System;
 - (2) where NGET and a User have agreed to the use of data links between them, the making available will be by way of allowing the User access to take a copy of the GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files once during that period. The User may, having taken that copy, refer to the copy as often as it wishes. Such access will be in a manner agreed by NGET and may be subject to separate agreements governing the manner of access. In the absence of agreement, the copy of the GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files will be given to the User on a disc, or in hard copy, as determined by NGET;
 - (3) the data contained in the GB Transmission Study Network Data Files represents NGET's view of indicative operating conditions only and should be used for technical analysis only on the basis that it only represents a view and that operating conditions may be different in the event;
 - (4) NGET will notify each Network Operator, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has updated the GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 1 that it has done so, when this update falls before the next annual update under this OC2.4.1.3.3(i). NGET will then make available to each Network Operator who has received an earlier version (and in respect of whom the agreement still exists), the updated GB Transmission System Study Network Files covering the balance of Years 1 and 2 which remain given the passage of time, and which are of relevance to that User's System. The provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) above shall apply to the making available of these updates;
 - (5) the data from the **GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files** received by each **Network Operator** must only be used by that **User** in operating that **Network Operator's User System** and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that **User** or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.
- OC2.4.1.3.4 Operational Planning Phase Planning in Financial Year 0 down to the Programming Phase (and in the case of load transfer capability, also during the Programming Phase)

- (a) The **GB Transmission System** outage plan for Year 1 issued under OC2.4.1.3.3 shall become the plan for Year 0 when by expiry of time Year 1 becomes Year 0.
- (b) Each Generator or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer may at any time during Year 0 request NGET in writing for changes to the outages requested by them under OC2.4.1.3.3. In relation to that part of Year 0, excluding the period 1-7 weeks from the date of request, NGET shall determine whether the changes are possible and shall notify the Generator, Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer in question whether this is the case as soon as possible, and in any event within 14 days of the date of receipt by NGET of the written request in question.

Where NGET determines that any change so requested is possible and notifies the relevant User accordingly, NGET will provide to each Network Operator and each Generator a copy of the request to which NGET has agreed which relates to outages on Systems of Network Operators (other than any request made by that Network Operator). The information must only be used by that Network Operator in operating that Network Operator's User System and must not be used for any other purpose or passed on to, or used by, any other business of that User or to, or by, any person within any other such business or elsewhere.

- (c) During Year 0 (including the **Programming Phase**) each **Network Operator** shall at **NGET's** request make available to **NGET** such details of automatic and manual load transfer capability of:
 - (i) 12MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for England and Wales
 - (ii) 10MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for Scotland

between Grid Supply Points.

During Year 0 (including the **Programming Phase**) each **Network Operator** shall notify **NGET** of any revisions to the information provided pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3 (c) for **Interface Points** as soon as reasonably practicable after the **Network Operator** becomes aware of the need to make such revisions.

(d) When necessary during Year 0, NGET will notify each Generator and Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer, in writing of those aspects of the GB Transmission System outage programme in the period from the 8th week ahead to the 52nd week ahead, which may, in NGET's reasonable opinion, operationally affect that Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant GB Transmission System outages.

NGET will also notify changes to information supplied by **NGET** pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) except where in relation to a **User** information was supplied pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z). In that case:-

(i) **NGET** will, by way of update of the information supplied by it pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z), make available at the first time in Year 0 that it updates the **GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files** in

respect of Year 0 (such update being an update on what was shown in respect of Year 1 which has then become Year 0) to each **Network Operator** who has received an earlier version under OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z) (and in respect of whom the agreement still exists), the **GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files** covering Year 0 which are of relevance to that **User's System**.

- (ii) NGET will notify each relevant Network Operator, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has updated the GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering Year 0, that it has done so. NGET will then make available to each such Network Operator, the updated GB Transmission System Study Network Data Files covering the balance of Year 0 which remains given the passage of time, and which are of relevance to that User's System.
- (iii) The provisions of OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z)(2), (3) and (5) shall apply to the provision of data under this part of OC2.4.1.3.4(d) as if set out in full.

NGET will also indicate where a need may exist to issue other operational instructions or notifications (including but not limited to the requirement for the arming of an Operational Intertripping scheme) or Emergency Instructions to Users in accordance with BC2 to allow the security of the GB Transmission System to be maintained within the Licence Standards.

(e) In addition, by the end of each month during Year 0, NGET will provide to each Generator a notice containing any revisions to the final GB Transmission System outage plan for Year 1, provided to the Generator under OC2.4.1.3.3 or previously under this provision, whichever is the more recent.

OC2.4.1.3.5 Programming Phase

- (a) By 1600 hours each Thursday
 - (i) NGET shall continue to update a preliminary GB Transmission System outage programme for the eighth week ahead, a provisional GB Transmission System outage programme for the next week ahead and a final day ahead GB Transmission System outage programme for the following day.
 - (ii) NGET will notify each Generator and Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer, in writing of those aspects of the preliminary GB Transmission System outage programme which may operationally affect each Generator (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) or Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer including in particular proposed start dates and end dates of relevant GB Transmission System outages and changes to information supplied by NGET pursuant to OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(x) and (y) (if OC2.4.1.3.3(i)(z) does not apply).

NGET will also indicate where a need may exist to arm an **Operational Intertripping** scheme, emergency switching, emergency **Demand** management or other measures including the issuing of

other operational instructions or notifications or **Emergency Instructions** to **Users** in accordance with **BC2** to allow the security of the **GB Transmission System** to be maintained within the **Licence Standards**.

(b) By 1000 hours each Friday

Generators and **Network Operators** will discuss with **NGET** and confirm in writing to **NGET**, acceptance or otherwise of the requirements detailed under OC2.4.1.3.5.

Network Operators shall confirm for the following week:

- (i) the details of any outages of its User System that will restrict the Maximum Export Capacity and/or Maximum Import Capacity at any Interface Points within its User System for the following week; and,
 - (ii) any changes to the previously declared values of the Interface Point

 Target Voltage/Power Factor
- (c) By 1600 hours each Friday
 - (i) NGET shall finalise the preliminary GB Transmission System outage programme up to the seventh week ahead. NGET will endeavour to give as much notice as possible to a Generator with nuclear Large Power Stations which may be operationally affected by an outage which is to be included in such programme.
 - (ii) **NGET** shall finalise the provisional **GB Transmission System** outage programme for the next week ahead.
 - (iii) **NGET** shall finalise the **GB Transmission System** outage programme for the weekend through to the next normal working day.
 - (iv) In each case NGET will indicate the factors set out in (a)(ii) above (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations) to the relevant Generators and Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers.
 - (v) Where a Generator with nuclear Large Power Stations which may be operationally affected by the preliminary GB Transmission System outage programme referred to in (i) above (acting as a reasonable operator) is concerned on grounds relating to safety about the effect which an outage within such outage programme might have on one or more of its nuclear Large Power Stations, it may contact NGET to explain its concerns and discuss whether there is an alternative way of taking that outage (having regard to technical feasibility). If there is such an alternative way, but NGET refuses to adopt that alternative way in taking that outage, that Generator may involve the Disputes Resolution Procedure to decide on the way the outage should be taken. If there is no such alternative way, then NGET may take the outage despite that Generator's concerns.
- (d) By 1600 hours each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday

- (i) **NGET** shall prepare a final **GB Transmission System** outage programme for the following day.
- (ii) NGET shall notify each Generator and Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customer in writing of the factors set out in (a)(ii) above (other than those aspects which may operationally affect Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations).

OC2.4.2 DATA REQUIREMENTS

- OC2.4.2.1 When a **Statement** of **Readiness** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** is submitted, and thereafter in calendar week 24 in each calendar year,
 - (a) each **Generator** shall (subject to OC2.4.2.1(k)) in respect of each of its:-
 - (i) Gensets (in the case of the Generation Planning Parameters); and
 - (ii) CCGT Units within each of its CCGT Modules at a Large Power Station (in the case of the Generator Performance Chart)

submit to **NGET** in writing the **Generation Planning Parameters** and the **Generator Performance Chart**.

- (b) Each shall meet the requirements of CC.6.3.2 and shall reasonably reflect the true operating characteristics of the **Genset**.
- (c) They shall be applied (unless revised under this OC2 or (in the case of the Generator Performance Chart only) BC1 in relation to Other Relevant Data) from the Completion Date, in the case of the ones submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the ones submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 25 onwards.
- (d) They shall be in the format indicated in Appendix 1 for these charts and as set out in Appendix 2 for the **Generation Planning Parameters**.
- (e) Any changes to the **Generator Performance Chart** or **Generation Planning Parameters** should be notified to **NGET** promptly.
- (f) **Generators** should note that amendments to the composition of the **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at **Large Power Stations** may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.3 or PC.A.3.2.4 respectively. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.3 or PC.A.3.2.4 an amendment is made, any consequential changes to the **Generation Planning Parameters** should be notified to **NGET** promptly.
- (g) The Generator Performance Chart must be as described below and demonstrate the limitation on reactive capability of the System voltage at 3% above nominal. It must also include any limitations on output due to the prime mover (both maximum and minimum), Generating Unit step up transformer or User System.

- (i) For a Synchronous Generating Unit on a Generating Unit specific basis at the Generating Unit Stator Terminals. It must include details of the Generating Unit transformer parameters.
- (ii) For a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding a Power Park Unit) on a Generating Unit specific basis at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded).
- (iii) For a **Power Park Module**, on a **Power Park Module** specific basis at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**).
- (iv) For a **DC Converter** on a **DC Converter** specific basis at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**).
- (h) For each CCGT Unit, and any other Generating Unit or Power Park Module whose performance varies significantly with ambient temperature, the Generator Performance Chart shall show curves for at least two values of ambient temperature so that NGET can assess the variation in performance over all likely ambient temperatures by a process of linear interpolation or extrapolation. One of these curves shall be for the ambient temperature at which the Generating Unit's output, or CCGT Module at a Large Power Station output or Power Park Module's output, as appropriate, equals its Registered Capacity.
- (i) The **Generation Planning Parameters** supplied under OC2.4.2.1 shall be used by **NGET** for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** (subject as otherwise permitted in the **BCs**).
- (j) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its CCGT Modules at Large Power Stations submit to NGET in writing a CCGT Module Planning Matrix. It shall be prepared on a best estimate basis relating to how it is anticipated the CCGT Module will be running and which shall reasonably reflect the true operating characteristics of the CCGT Module. It will be applied (unless revised under this OC2) from the Completion Date, in the case of the one submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the one submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 31 onwards. It must show the combination of CCGT Units which would be running in relation to any given MW output, in the format indicated in Appendix 3.

Any changes must be notified to **NGET** promptly. **Generators** should note that amendments to the composition of the **CCGT Module** at **Large Power Stations** may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.3. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.3 an amendment is made, an updated **CCGT Module Planning Matrix** must be immediately submitted to **NGET** in accordance with this OC2.4.2.1(b).

The **CCGT Module Planning Matrix** will be used by **NGET** for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism**.

- (k) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its Cascade Hydro Schemes also submit the Generation Planning Parameters detailed at OC2.A.2.6 to OC2.A.2.10 for each Cascade Hydro Scheme. Such parameters need not also be submitted for the individual Gensets within such Cascade Hydro Scheme.
- (I) Each Generator shall in respect of each of its Power Park Modules at Large Power Stations submit to NGET in writing a Power Park Module Planning Matrix. It shall be prepared on a best estimate basis relating to how it is anticipated the Power Park Module will be running and which shall reasonably reflect the operating characteristics of the Power Park Module. It will be applied (unless revised under this OC2) from the Completion Date, in the case of the one submitted with the Statement of Readiness, and in the case of the one submitted in calendar week 24, from the beginning of week 31 onwards. It must show the number of each type of Power Park Unit in the Power Park Module typically expected to be available to generate, in the format indicated in Appendix 4. The **Power** Park Module Planning Matrix shall be accompanied by a graph showing the variation in MW output with Intermittent Power Source (e.g. MW vs wind speed) for the Power Park Module. The graph shall indicate the typical value of the Intermittent Power Source for the Power Park Module.

Any changes must be notified to **NGET** promptly. **Generators** should note that amendments to the composition of the **Power Park Module** at **Large Power Stations** may only be made in accordance with the principles set out in PC.A.3.2.4. If in accordance with PC.A.3.2.4 an amendment is made, an updated **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** must be immediately submitted to **NGET** in accordance with this OC2.4.2.1(a).

The **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** will be used by **NGET** for operational planning purposes only and not in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism**.

OC2.4.2.2 Each **Network Operator** shall by 1000 hrs on the day falling seven days before each **Operational Day** inform **NGET** in writing of any changes to the circuit details called for in PC.A.2.2.1 which it is anticipated will apply on that **Operational Day** (under **BC1** revisions can be made to this data).

OC2.4.3 <u>NEGATIVE RESERVE ACTIVE POWER MARGINS</u>

- OC2.4.3.1 In each calendar year, by the end of week 39 **NGET** will, taking into account the **Final Generation Outage Programme** and forecast of **Output Usable** supplied by each **Generator**, issue a notice in writing to:-
 - (a) all **Generators** with **Large Power Stations** listing any period in which there is likely to be an unsatisfactory **System NRAPM**; and
 - (b) all **Generators** with **Large Power Stations** which may, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion be affected, listing any period in which there is likely to be an unsatisfactory **Localised NRAPM**, together with the identity of the relevant **System Constraint Group** or **Groups**,

within the next calendar year, together with the margin. **NGET** and each **Generator** will take these into account in seeking to co-ordinate outages for that period.

OC2.4.3.2 (a) By 0900 hours each Business Day

Each **Generator** shall provide **NGET** in writing with a best estimate of **Genset** inflexibility on a daily basis for the period 2 to 14 days ahead (inclusive).

(b) By 1600 hours each Wednesday

Each **Generator** shall provide **NGET** in writing with a best estimate of **Genset** inflexibility on a weekly basis for the period 2 to 7 weeks ahead (inclusive).

- (c) Between 1600 hours each Wednesday and 1200 hours each Friday
 - (i) If **NGET**, taking into account the estimates supplied by **Generators** under (b) above, and forecast **Demand** for the period, foresees that:-
 - (1) the level of the System NRAPM for any period within the period 2 to 7 weeks ahead (inclusive) is too low, it will issue a notice in writing to all Generators and Network Operators listing any periods and levels of System NRAPM within that period; and/or
 - (2) having also taken into account the appropriate limit on transfers to and from a System Constraint Group, the level of Localised NRAPM for any period within the period 2 to 7 weeks ahead (inclusive) is too low for a particular System Constraint Group, it will issue a notice in writing to all Generators and Network Operators which may, in NGET's reasonable opinion be affected by that Localised NRAPM, listing any periods and levels of Localised NRAPM within that period. A separate notice will be given in respect of each affected System Constraint Group.

Outages Adjustments

- (ii) NGET will then contact Generators in respect of their Large Power Stations to discuss outages as set out in the following paragraphs of this OC2.4.3.2.
- (iii) NGET will contact all Generators in the case of low System NRAPM and will contact Generators in relation to relevant Large Power Stations in the case of low Localised NRAPM. NGET will raise with each Generator the problems it is anticipating due to the low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM and will discuss:-
 - (1) whether any change is possible to the estimate of **Genset** inflexibility given under (b) above; and
 - (2) whether Genset outages can be taken to coincide with the periods of low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM (as the case may be).

In relation to **Generators** with nuclear **Large Power Stations** the discussions on outages can include the issue of whether outages can be taken for re-fuelling purposes to coincide with the relevant low **System NRAPM** and/or **Localised NRAPM** periods.

(iv) If agreement is reached with a Generator (which unlike the remainder of OC2 will constitute a binding agreement), then such Generator will take such outage, as agreed with NGET, and NGET will issue a revised notice in writing to the Generators and Network Operators to which it sent notices under (i) above, reflecting the changes brought about to the periods and levels of System NRAPM and/or Localised NRAPM by the agreements with Generators.

(d) By 1600 hours each day

- (i) If **NGET**, taking into account the estimates supplied under (a) above, and forecast **Demand** for the period, foresees that:-
 - (1) the level of System NRAPM for any period within the period of 2 to 14 days ahead (inclusive) is too low, it will issue a notice in writing to all Generators and Network Operators listing the periods and levels of System NRAPM within those periods; and/or
 - (2) having also taken into account the appropriate limit on transfers to and from a **System Constraint Group**, the level of **Localised NRAPM** for any period within the period of 2 to 14 days ahead (inclusive) is too low for a particular **System Constraint Group**, it will issue a notice in writing to all **Generators** and **Network Operators** which may, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion be affected by that **Localised NRAPM**, listing any periods and levels of **Localised NRAPM** within that period. A separate notice will be given in respect of each affected **System Constraint Group**.

- (ii) NGET will contact all Generators in respect of their Large Power Stations (or in the case of Localised NRAPM, all Generators which may, in NGET's reasonable opinion be affected, in respect of their relevant Large Power Stations) to discuss whether any change is possible to the estimate of Genset inflexibility given under (a) above and to consider Large Power Station outages to coincide with the periods of low System NRAPM and/or Localised NRAPM (as the case may be).
- (e) If on the day prior to a Operational Day, it is apparent from the BM Unit Data submitted by Users under BC1 that System NRAPM and/or Localised NRAPM (as the case may be) is, in NGET's reasonable opinion, too low, then in accordance with the procedures and requirements set out in BC1.5.5 NGET may contact Users to discuss whether changes to Physical Notifications are possible, and if they are, will reflect those in the operational plans for the next following Operational Day or will, in accordance with BC2.9.4 instruct Generators to De-Synchronise a specified Genset for such period. In determining which Genset to so instruct, BC2 provides that NGET will not (other than as referred to below) consider in such determination (and accordingly shall not instruct to De-Synchronise) any Genset within an Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant. BC2 further provides that:-
 - (i) NGET is permitted to instruct to De-Synchronise any Gensets within an Existing AGR Plant if those Gensets within an Existing AGR Plant have failed to offer to be flexible for the relevant instance at the request of NGET provided the request is within the Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit.
 - (ii) NGET will only instruct to De-Synchronise any Gensets within an Existing Magnox Reactor Plant or within an Existing AGR Plant (other than under (i) above) if the level of System NRAPM (taken together with System constraints) and/or Localised NRAPM is such that it is not possible to avoid De-Synchronising such Generating Unit, and provided the power flow across each External Interconnection is either at zero or results in an export of power from the Total System. This proviso applies in all cases in the case of System NRAPM and in the case of Localised NRAPM, only when the power flow would have a relevant effect.

OC2.4.4 FREQUENCY SENSITIVE OPERATION

By 1600 hours each Wednesday

OC2.4.4.1 Using such information as NGET shall consider relevant including, if appropriate, forecast Demand, any estimates provided by Generators of Genset inflexibility and anticipated plant mix relating to operation in Frequency Sensitive Mode, NGET shall determine for the period 2 to 7 weeks ahead (inclusive) whether it is possible that there will be insufficient Gensets (other than those Gensets within Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant which are permitted to operate in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode at all times under BC3.5.3) to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode for all or any part of that period.

- OC2.4.4.2 BC3.5.3 explains that **NGET** permits **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** other than **Frequency Sensitive AGR Units** to operate in a **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** at all times.
- OC2.4.4.3 If NGET foresees that there will be an insufficiency in Gensets operating in a Frequency Sensitive Mode, it will contact Generators in order to seek to agree (as soon as reasonably practicable) that all or some of the Gensets (the MW amount being determined by NGET but the Gensets involved being determined by the Generator) will take outages to coincide with such period as NGET shall specify to enable replacement by other Gensets which can operate in a Frequency Sensitive Mode. If agreement is reached (which unlike the remainder of OC2 will constitute a binding agreement) then such Generator will take such outage as agreed with NGET. If agreement is not reached, then the provisions of BC2.9.5 may apply.
- OC2.4.5 If in **NGET's** reasonable opinion it is necessary for both the procedure set out in OC2.4.3 (relating to **System NRAPM** and **Localised NRAPM**) and in OC2.4.4 (relating to operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode**) to be followed in any given situation, the procedure set out in OC2.4.3 will be followed first, and then the procedure set out in OC2.4.4. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph shall prevent either procedure from being followed separately and independently of the other.

OC2.4.6 OPERATING MARGIN DATA REQUIREMENTS

OC2.4.6.1 <u>Modifications to relay settings</u>

'Relay settings' in this OC2.4.6.1 refers to the settings of **Low Frequency Relays** in respect of **Gensets** that are available for start from standby by **Low Frequency Relay** initiation with **Fast Start Capability** agreed pursuant to the **Bilateral Agreement.**

By 1600 hours each Wednesday

A change in relay settings will be sent by **NGET** no later than 1600 hours on a Wednesday to apply from 1000 hours on the Monday following. The settings allocated to particular **Large Power Stations** may be interchanged between 49.70Hz and 49.60Hz (or such other **System Frequencies** as **NGET** may have specified) provided the overall capacity at each setting and **System** requirements can, in **NGET's** view, be met.

Between 1600 hours each Wednesday and 1200 hours each Friday

If a **Generator** wishes to discuss or interchange settings it should contact **NGET** by 1200 hours on the Friday prior to the Monday on which it would like to institute the changes to seek **NGET's** agreement. If **NGET** agrees, **NGET** will then send confirmation of the agreed new settings.

By 1500 hours each Friday

If any alterations to relay settings have been agreed, then the updated version of the current relay settings will be sent to affected **Users** by 1500 hours on the Friday prior to the Monday on which the changes will take effect. Once accepted, each **Generator** (if that **Large Power Station** is not

subject to forced outage or **Planned Outage**) will abide by the terms of its latest relay settings.

In addition, **NGET** will take account of any **Large Power Station** unavailability (as notified under OC2.4.1.2 submissions) in its total **Operating Reserve** policy.

NGET may from time to time, for confirmation purposes only, issue the latest version of the current relay settings to each affected **Generator**

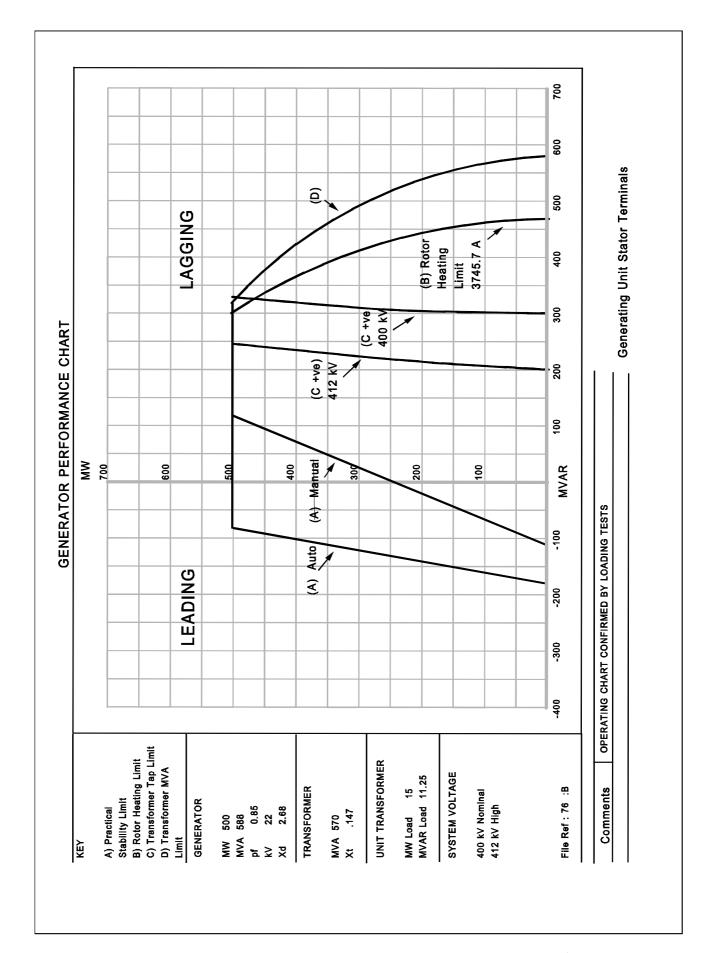
OC2.4.6.2 **Operating Margins**

By 1600 hours each Wednesday

No later than 1600 hours on a Wednesday, **NGET** will provide an indication of the level of **Operating Reserve** to be utilised by **NGET** in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** in the week beginning with the **Operational Day** commencing during the subsequent Monday, which level shall be purely indicative.

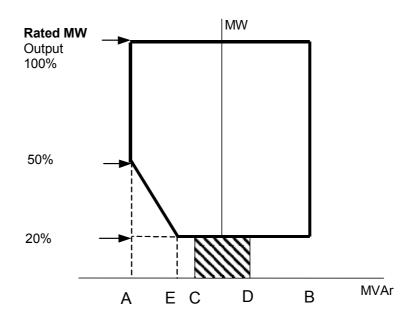
This **Operating Margin** indication will also note the possible level of **Operating Reserve** (if any) which may be provided by **Interconnector Users** in the week beginning with the **Operational Day** commencing during the subsequent Monday.

This **Operating Margin** indication will also note the possible level of **High Frequency Response** to be utilised by **NGET** in connection with the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** in the week beginning with the **Operational Day** commencing during the subsequent Monday, which level shall be purely indicative.



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POWER PARK MODULE PERFORMANCE CHART AT THE CONNECTION POINT OR USER'S SYSTEM ENTRY POINT



LEADING LAGGING

Point A is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 leading **Power Factor** at **Rated MW** output Point B is equivalent (in MVAr) to: 0.95 lagging **Power Factor** at **Rated MW** output

Point C is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -5% of **Rated MW** output Point D is equivalent (in MVAr) to: +5% of **Rated MW** output Point E is equivalent (in MVAr) to: -12% of **Rated MW** output

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OC2 APPENDIX 2

OC2.A.2 Generation Planning Parameters

The following parameters are required in respect of each **Genset**.

OC2.A.2.1 Regime Unavailability

Where applicable the following information must be recorded for each **Genset**.

 Earliest synchronising time: Monday

> Tuesday to Friday Saturday to Sunday

- Latest de-synchronising time:

Monday to Thursday

Friday

Saturday to Sunday

OC2.A.2.2 **Synchronising** Intervals

- (a) The **Synchronising** interval between **Gensets** in a **Synchronising Group** assuming all **Gensets** have been **Shutdown** for 48 hours;
- (b) The **Synchronising Group** within the **Power Station** to which each **Genset** should be allocated.

OC2.A.2.3 **De-Synchronising** Interval

A fixed value **De-Synchronising** interval between **Gensets** within a **Synchronising Group**.

OC2.A.2.4 Synchronising Generation

The amount of MW produced at the moment of **Synchronising** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.5 <u>Minimum Non-zero time (MNZT)</u>

The minimum period on-load between **Synchronising** and **De-Synchronising** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.6 Run-Up rates

A run-up characteristic consisting of up to three stages from **Synchronising Generation** to **Output Usable** with up to two intervening break points assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.7 Run-down rates

A run down characteristic consisting of up to three stages from **Output Usable** to **De-Synchronising** with breakpoints at up to two intermediate load levels.

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OC2.A.2.8 Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ)

The period of time normally required to **Synchronise** a **Genset** following instruction from **NGET** assuming the **Genset** has been **Shutdown** for 48 hours.

OC2.A.2.9 Minimum Zero time (MZT)

The minimum interval between **De-Synchronising** and **Synchronising** a **Genset**.

OC2.A.2.10 Two Shifting Limit

The maximum number of times that a **Genset** may **De-Synchronise** per **Operational Day**.

OC2.A.2.11 Gas Turbine Units loading parameters

- Loading rate for fast starting
- Loading rate for slow starting

OC2 APPENDIX 3

CCGT Module Planning Matrix example form

CCGT	CCGT GENERATING UNITS AVAILABLE								
MODULE	1 st GT	2nd GT	3rd GT	4th GT	5th GT	6th GT	1st ST	2nd ST	3rd ST
1.OUTPU T		3.OUTPUT USABLE							
USABLE	150	150	150				100		
2.MW									
0MW to 150MW	1								
151MW to 250MW	1						1		
251MW to 300MW	1	1							
301MW to 400MW	1	1					1		
401MW to 450MW	1	1	1						
451MW to 550MW	/	1	1				/		

OC2 APPENDIX 4

Power Park Module Planning Matrix example form

POWER PARK	POWER PARK UNITS				
UNITS AVAILABLE	Type A	Туре В	Type C	Type D	
Description (Make / Model)					
Number of units					

The **Power Park Module Planning Matrix** may have as many columns as are required to provide information on the different make and model for each type of **Power Park Unit** in a **Power Park Module**. The description is required to assist identification of the **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module** and correlation with data provided under the **Planning Code**.

< End of OC2

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OPERATING CODE NO. 5

TESTING AND MONITORING

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OPERATING CODE NO. 5

TESTING AND MONITORING

OC5.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Operating Code No. 5 ("OC5") specifies the procedures to be followed by **NGET** in carrying out:

- (a) monitoring
 - (i) of **BM Units** against their expected input or output;
 - (ii) of compliance by **Users** with the **CC** and in the case of response to **Frequency**, **BC3**; and
 - (iii) of the provision by **Users** of **Ancillary Services** which they are required or have agreed to provide; and
- (b) the following tests (which are subject to **System** conditions prevailing on the day):
 - (i) tests on Gensets, CCGT Modules, Power Park Modules, DC Converters and Generating Units (excluding Power Park Units) to test that they have the capability to comply with the CC and, in the case of response to Frequency, BC3 and to provide the Ancillary Services that they are either required or have agreed to provide;
 - (ii) tests on **BM Units**, to ensure that the **BM Units** are available in accordance with their submitted **Export and Import Limits**, **QPNs**, **Joint BM Unit Data** and **Dynamic Parameters**.

The **OC5** tests include the **Black Start Test** procedure.

OC5 also specifies in OC5.8 the procedures which apply to the monitoring and testing of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement and Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement.

In respect of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme** the provisions of **OC5** shall be applied as follows:

- in respect of the BM Unit for the Cascade Hydro Scheme the parameters referred to at OC5.4.1 (a) and (c) in respect of Commercial Ancillary Services will be monitored and tested;
- in respect of each **Genset** forming part of the **Cascade Hydro Scheme** the parameters referred to at OC5.4.1 (a), (b) and (c) will be tested and monitored. In respect of OC5.4.1 (a) the performance of the **Gensets** will be tested and monitored against their expected input or output derived from the data submitted under BC1.4.2(a)(2). Where necessary to give effect to the requirements for **Cascade Hydro Schemes** in the

following provisions of **OC5** the term **Genset** will be read and construed in the place of **BM Unit**.

In respect of **Embedded Exemptable Large Power Stations** the provisions of **OC5** shall be applied as follows:

- (1) where there is a BM Unit registered in the BSC in respect of Generating Units the provisions of OC5 shall apply as written:
- in all other cases, in respect of each **Generating Unit** the parameters referred to at OC5.4.1(a), (b) and (c) will be tested and monitored. In respect of OC5.4.1(a) the performance of the **Generating Unit** will be tested and monitored against their expected input or output derived from the data submitted under BC1.4.2(a)(2). Where necessary to give effect to the requirements for such **Embedded Exemptable Large Power Stations** in the provisions of **OC5** the term **Generating Unit** will be read and construed in place of **BM Unit**.

OC5.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

The objectives of **OC5** are to establish:

- (a) that **Users** comply with the **CC**;
- (b) whether BM Units operate in accordance with their expected input or output derived from their Final Physical Notification Data and agreed Bid-Offer Acceptances issued under BC2;
- (c) whether each **BM Unit** is available as declared in accordance with its submitted **Export and Import Limits**, **QPN**, **Joint BM Unit Data** and **Dynamic Parameters**; and
- (d) whether **Generators**, **DC Converter Station** owners and **Suppliers** can provide those **Ancillary Services** which they are either required or have agreed to provide.

In certain limited circumstances as specified in this OC5 the output of CCGT Units may be verified, namely the monitoring of the provision of Ancillary Services and the testing of Reactive Power and automatic Frequency Sensitive Operation.

OC5.3 SCOPE

OC5 applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in **OC5** means:

- (a) Generators;
- (b) Network Operators:
- (c) Non-Embedded Customers:

- (d) Suppliers; and
- (e) **DC Converter Station** owners.

OC5.4 MONITORING

OC5.4.1 Parameters to be monitored

NGET will monitor the performance of:

- (a) **BM Units** against their expected input or output derived from their **Final Physical Notification Data** and agreed **Bid-Offer Acceptances** issued under **BC2**:
- (b) compliance by **Users** with the **CC**; and
- (c) the provision by **Users** of **Ancillary Services** which they are required or have agreed to provide.

OC5.4.2 Procedure for Monitoring

- OC5.4.2.1 In the event that a **BM Unit** fails persistently, in **NGET's** reasonable view, to follow, in any material respect, its expected input or output or a **User** fails persistently to comply with the **CC** and in the case of response to **Frequency**, **BC3** or to provide the **Ancillary Services** it is required, or has agreed, to provide, **NGET** shall notify the relevant **User** giving details of the failure and of the monitoring that **NGET** has carried out.
- OC5.4.2.2 The relevant **User** will, as soon as possible, provide **NGET** with an explanation of the reasons for the failure and details of the action that it proposes to take to:
 - enable the BM Unit to meet its expected input or output or to provide the Ancillary Services it is required or has agreed to provide, within a reasonable period, or
 - (b) in the case of a Generating Unit (excluding a Power Park Unit), CCGT Module, Power Park Module or DC Converter to comply with the CC and in the case of response to Frequency, BC3 or to provide the Ancillary Services it is required or has agreed to provide, within a reasonable period.
- OC5.4.2.3 **NGET** and the **User** will then discuss the action the **User** proposes to take and will endeavour to reach agreement as to:
 - (a) any short term operational measures necessary to protect other **Users**; and
 - (b) the parameters which are to be submitted for the **BM Unit** and the effective date(s) for the application of the agreed parameters.
- OC5.4.2.4 In the event that agreement cannot be reached within 10 days of notification of the failure by **NGET** to the **User**, **NGET** or the **User** shall be entitled to require a test, as set out in OC5.5 and OC5.6, to be carried out.

OC5.5 PROCEDURE FOR TESTING

OC5.5.1 Request For Testing

- OC5.5.1.1 **NGET** may at any time (although not normally more than twice in any calendar year in respect of any particular **BM Unit**) issue an instruction requiring a **User** to carry out a test, provided **NGET** has reasonable grounds of justification based upon:
 - (a) a submission of data, or a statement from a **User** indicating a change in plant or apparatus or settings (including but not limited to governor and excitation control systems) that may reasonably be expected to result in a material change of performance; or
 - (b) monitoring carried out in accordance with OC5.4.2; or
 - (c) notification from a **User** of completion of an agreed action from OC5.4.2.
- OC5.5.1.2 The test, referred to in OC5.5.1.1 and carried out at a time no sooner than 48 hours from the time that the instruction was issued, on any one or more of the **User's BM Units** should only be to demonstrate that the relevant **BM Unit**:
 - (a) if active in the Balancing Mechanism, meets the ability to operate in accordance with its submitted Export and Import Limits, QPN, Joint BM Unit Data and Dynamic Parameters and achieve its expected input or output which has been monitored under OC5.4; and
 - (b) meets the requirements of the paragraphs in the **CC** which are applicable to such **BM Units**; and

in the case of a **BM Unit** comprising a **Generating Unit**, a **CCGT Module**, a **Power Park Module** or a **DC Converter** meets.

- (c) the requirements for operation in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** and compliance with the requirements for operation in **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** in accordance with CC.6.3.3, BC3.5.2 and BC3.7.2; or
- (d) the terms of the applicable **Supplemental Agreement** agreed with the **Generator** to have a **Fast Start Capability**; or
- (e) the Reactive Power capability registered with NGET under OC2 which shall meet the requirements set out in CC.6.3.2. In the case of a test on a Generating Unit within a CCGT Module the instruction need not identify the particular CCGT Unit within the CCGT Module which is to be tested, but instead may specify that a test is to be carried out on one of the CCGT Units within the CCGT Module.
- OC5.5.1.3 (a) The instruction referred to in OC5.5.1.1 may only be issued if the relevant **User** has submitted **Export and Import Limits** which notify that the relevant **BM Unit** is available in respect of the **Operational Day** current at the time at which the instruction is issued. The relevant **User** shall then be obliged to submit **Export and Import Limits** with a magnitude greater than zero for that **BM Unit** in respect of the time and the duration that the test is instructed to be carried out, unless that **BM Unit** would not then be available by reason of forced outage or **Planned Outage** expected prior to this instruction.

(b) In the case of a CCGT Module the Export and Import Limits data must relate to the same CCGT Units which were included in respect of the Operational Day current at the time at which the instruction is issued and must include, in relation to each of the CCGT Units within the CCGT Module, details of the various data set out in BC1.A.1.3 and BC1.A.1.5, which parameters NGET will utilise in instructing in accordance with this OC5 in issuing Bid-Offer Acceptances. The parameters shall reasonably reflect the true operating characteristics of each CCGT Unit.

OC5.5.2 Conduct Of Test

- OC5.5.2.1 The performance of the **BM Unit** will be recorded at **Transmission Control Centres** notified by **NGET** with monitoring at site when necessary, from voltage and current signals provided by the **User** for each **BM Unit** under CC.6.6.1.
- OC5.5.2.2 If monitoring at site is undertaken, the performance of the **BM Unit** will be recorded on a suitable recorder (with measurements, in the case of a **Synchronous Generating Unit**, taken on the **Generating Unit** Stator Terminals / on the **LV** side of the generator transformer) or in the case of a **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit** (excluding **Power Park Units**), **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** at the point of connection in the relevant **User's Control Room**, in the presence of a reasonable number of representatives appointed and authorised by **NGET**. If **NGET** or the **User** requests, monitoring at site will include measurement of the following parameters:
 - (a) for Steam Turbines: governor pilot oil pressure, valve position and steam pressure; or
 - (b) for Gas Turbines: Inlet Guide Vane position, Fuel Valve positions, Fuel Demand signal and Exhaust Gas temperature; or
 - (c) for Hydro Turbines: Governor Demand signal, Actuator Output signal, Guide Vane position; and/or
 - (d) for Excitation Systems: Generator Field Voltage and **Power System Stabiliser** signal where appropriate.
 - (e) for **Power Park Modules**: appropriate signals related to the voltage/**Reactive Power/Power Factor** control system and the **Frequency** control system as agreed at the time of connection.
 - (f) for **DC Converters**: appropriate signals related to the voltage/**Reactive Power/Power Factor** control system and the **Frequency** control system as agreed at the time of connection.
- OC5.5.2.3 The test will be initiated by the issue of instructions, which may be accompanied by a **Bid-Offer Acceptance**, under **BC2** (in accordance with the **Export and Import Limits, QPN, Joint BM Unit Data** and **Dynamic Parameters** which have been submitted for the day on which the test was called, or in the case of a **CCGT Unit**, in accordance with the parameters submitted under OC5.5.1.3). The instructions in respect of a **CCGT Unit** within a **CCGT Module** will be in respect of the **CCGT Unit**, as provided in BC2.

OC5.5.2.4 The **User** is responsible for carrying out the test when requested by **NGET** in accordance with OC5.5.1 and retains the responsibility for the safety of personnel and plant during the test.

The pass criteria must be read in conjunction with the full text under the Grid Code reference. The **BM Unit**, **CCGT Module**, **Power Park Module** or **Generating Unit** (excluding **Power Park Units**) will pass the test if the criteria below are met:

	Parameter to be Tested	Grid Code Reference	Pass Criteria (to be read in conjunction with the full text under the Grid Code reference)
Voltage Quality	Harmonic Content	CC.6.1.5(a)	Measured harmonic emissions do not exceed the limits specified in the Bilateral Agreement or where no such limits are specified, the relevant planning level specified in G5/4.
	Phase Unbalance	CC.6.1.5(b)	The measured maximum Phase (Voltage) Unbalance on the GB Transmission System should remain, in England and Wales and Offshore , below 1% and, in Scotland, below 2%.
	Phase Unbalance	CC.6.1.6	In England and Wales and Offshore, measured infrequent short duration peaks in Phase (Voltage) Unbalance should not exceed the maximum value stated in the Bilateral Agreement.
	Voltage Fluctuations	CC.6.1.7(a)	In England and Wales, measured voltage fluctuations at the Point of Common Coupling shall not exceed 1% of the voltage level for step changes. Measured voltage excursions other than step changes may be allowed up to a level of 3%. In Scotland, measured voltage fluctuations at a Point of Common Coupling shall not exceed the limits set out in Engineering Recommendation P28.
	Flicker	CC.6.1.7(b)	Measured voltage fluctuations at a Point of Common Coupling shall not exceed, for voltages above 132kV, Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 0.8 Unit and Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.6 Unit, and, for voltages at 132kV and below, shall not exceed Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 1.0 Unit and Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.8 Unit, as set out in Engineering Recommendation P28 as current at the Transfer Date .

		<u> </u>	
	Parameter to be Tested	Grid Code Reference	Pass Criteria (to be read in conjunction with the full text under the Grid Code reference)
Fault Clearance	Fault Clearance Times	CC.6.2.2.2(a) CC.6.2.3.1.1(a)	The fault clearance times shall be in accordance with the Bilateral Agreement .
	Back-Up Protection	CC.6.2.2.2(b) CC.6.2.3.1.1(b)	The Back-Up Protection system provided by Generators operates in the times specified in CC.6.2.2.2.2(b). The Back-Up Protection system provided by Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers operates in the times specified in CC.6.2.3.1.1(b) and with Discrimination as specified in the Bilateral Agreement.
	Circuit Breaker fail Protection	CC.6.2.2.2(c) CC.6.2.3.1.1(c)	The circuit breaker fail Protection shall initiate tripping so as to interrupt the fault current within 200ms.
Reactive Capability	Reactive Capability	CC.6.3.2	The Generating Unit , DC Converter or Power Park Module will pass the test if it is within ±5% of the reactive capability registered with NGET under OC2 which shall meet the requirements set out in CC.6.3.2.
		CC.6.3.4	The duration of the test will be for a period of up to 60 minutes during which period the System voltage at the Grid Entry Point for the relevant Generating Unit , DC Converter or Power Park Module will be maintained by the Generator at the voltage specified pursuant to BC2.8 by adjustment of Reactive Power on the remaining Generating Units , DC Converters or Power Park Modules , if necessary. Any test performed in respect of an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or, an Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement shall be as confirmed pursuant to OC5.8.3.
			Measurements of the Reactive Power output under steady state conditions should be consistent with Grid Code requirements i.e. fully available within the voltage range ±5% at 400kV, 275kV and 132kV and lower voltages.

	Parameter to be Tested	Grid Code Reference	Pass Criteria (to be read in conjunction with the full text under the Grid Code reference)
	Primary, Secondary and High Frequency Response	reference	The measured response in MW/Hz is within ±5% of the level of response specified in the Ancillary Services Agreement for that Genset .
	Stability with Voltage	CC.6.3.4	The measured Active Power output under steady state conditions of any Generating Unit , DC Converter or Power Park Module directly connected to the GB Transmission System should not be affected by voltage changes in the normal operating range.
Governor System Co	Governor Standard	CC.6.3.7(a)	Measurements indicate that the Governor/ Frequency control system parameters are within the criteria set out in the appropriate governor/ Frequency control system standard (the version of which to apply being determined within CC.6.3.7).
	Governor Stability	CC.6.3.7(b)	The measured Generating Unit , DC Converter or Power Park Module Active Power Output shall be stable over the entire operating range of the Generating Unit .
	Governor Droop	CC.6.3.7(c)(ii)	The measured speed governor overall speed droop should be between 3% and 5%.
	Governor Deadband	CC.6.3.7.(c)(iii)	Except for the Steam Unit within a CCGT Module , the measured speed governor/ Frequency control system deadband shall be no greater than 0.03Hz (for the avoidance of doubt, ±0.015Hz).
ompl	Target Frequency	CC.6.3.7(d)	Target Frequency settings over at least the range 50 \pm 0.1 Hz shall be available.
Compliance	Response Capability		The measured frequency response of each Generating Unit and/or CCGT Module which has a Completion Date after 1 January 2001 in England and Wales and after 1 April 2005 in Scotland or Offshore shall meet requirement profile contained in Connection Conditions Appendix 3 Similarly for DC Converters with Completion Dates on or after 1 April 2005 and Power Park Modules using the GB Transmission System on or after 1 January 2006 (irrespective of its Completion Date excepting those in Scotland with Completion Date before 1 April 2005).
	Limited High Frequency Response	BC3.7.2(b)	The measured response is within the requirements of BC3.7.2. i.e. the measured rate of change of Active Power output must be at least 2% of output per 0.1Hz deviation of System Frequency above 50.4Hz.
	Output at reduced System Frequency	CC.6.3.3 BC3.5.1	For variations in System Frequency exceeding 0.1Hz within a period of less than 10 seconds, the Active Power output is within ±0.2% of the requirements of CC.6.3.3 when monitored at prevailing external air temperatures of up to 25°C.

Parameter to Tested	be Grid Code Reference	Pass Criteria (to be read in conjunction with the full text under the Grid Code reference)
Fast Start		The Fast Start Capability requirements of the Ancillary Services Agreement for that Genset are met.
Black Start	OC.5.7.1	The relevant Generating Unit or Power Park Module is Synchronised to the System within two hours of the Auxiliary Gas Turbine(s) or Auxiliary Diesel Engine(s) being required to start.
Excitation Voltage Con	System/ trol CC.6.3.8(a) (b) & BC2.11.2	Measurements of the continuously acting automatic excitation control system are required to demonstrate the provision of: (i) constant terminal voltage control; or (ii) zero MVAr transfer; or, (iii) voltage control with a Slope of the Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module as applicable without instability over the entire operating range of the Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module. The measured performance of the automatic excitation or voltage control system should also meet the requirements (including Power System Stabiliser performance) specified in the Bilateral Agreement or any requirements Specified in an Embedded Development Agreement.

	Parameter to be Tested	Grid Code Reference	Pass Criteria
Dynamic Parameters	Export and Import Limits, QPN, Joint BM Unit Data and Dynamic Parameters	OC5	The Export and Import Limits, QPN, Joint BM Unit Data and Dynamic Parameters under test are within 2½% of the declared value being tested. The duration of the test will be consistent with and sufficient to measure the relevant expected input or output derived from the Final Physical Notification Data and Bid-Offer Acceptances issued under BC2 which are still in dispute following the procedure in OC5.4.2.
	Synchronisation time	BC2.5.2.3	Synchronisation takes place within ±5 minutes of the time it should have achieved Synchronisation. The duration of the test will be consistent with and sufficient to measure the relevant expected input or output derived from the Final Physical Notification Data and Bid-Offer Acceptances issued under BC2 which are still in dispute following the procedure in OC5.4.2.
	Run-up rates	OC5	Achieves the instructed output and, where applicable, the first and/or second intermediate breakpoints, each within ±3 minutes of the time it should have reached such output and breakpoints from Synchronisation (or break point, as the case may be), calculated from the run-up rates in its Dynamic Parameters . The duration of the test will be consistent with and sufficient to measure the relevant expected input or output derived from the Final Physical Notification Data and Bid-Offer Acceptances issued under BC2 which are still in dispute following the procedure in OC5.4.2.
	Run-down rates	OC5	Achieves the instructed output within ±5 minutes of the time, calculated from the run-down rates in its Dynamic Parameters . The duration of the test will be consistent with and sufficient to measure the relevant expected input or output derived from the Final Physical Notification Data and Bid-Offer Acceptances issued under BC2 which are still in dispute following the procedure in OC5.4.2.

Due account will be taken of any conditions on the **System** which may affect the results of the test. The relevant **User** must, if requested, demonstrate, to **NGET's** reasonable satisfaction, the reliability of the suitable recorders, disclosing calibration records to the extent appropriate.

OC5.5.4 Test Failure/Re-test

If the BM Unit, CCGT Modules, Power Park Module or Generating Unit (excluding Power Park Units) concerned fails to pass the test the User must provide NGET with a written report specifying in reasonable detail the reasons for any failure of the test so far as they are then known to the User after due and careful enquiry. This must be provided within five Business Days of the test. If a dispute arises relating to the failure, NGET and the relevant User shall seek to resolve the dispute by discussion, and, if they fail to reach agreement, the User may by notice require NGET to carry out a re-test on 48 hours' notice which shall be carried out following the procedure set out in OC5.5.2 and OC5.5.3 and subject as provided in OC5.5.1.3, as if NGET had issued an instruction at the time of notice from the User.

OC5.5.5 <u>Dispute following Re-test</u>

If the BM Unit, CCGT Module, Power Park Module or Generating Unit (excluding Power Park Units) in NGET's view fails to pass the re-test and a dispute arises on that re-test, either party may use the **Disputes Resolution Procedure** for a ruling in relation to the dispute, which ruling shall be binding.

OC5.6 <u>DISPUTE RESOLUTION</u>

- OC5.6.1 If following the procedure set out in OC5.5 it is accepted that the **BM Unit**, **CCGT Module**, **Power Park Module** or **Generating Unit** (excluding **Power Park Units**) has failed the test or re-test (as applicable), the **User** shall within 14 days, or such longer period as **NGET** may reasonably agree, following such failure, submit in writing to **NGET** for approval the date and time by which the **User** shall have brought the **BM Unit** concerned to a condition where it complies with the relevant requirement. **NGET** will not unreasonably withhold or delay its approval of the **User's** proposed date and time submitted. Should **NGET** not approve the **User's** proposed date or time (or any revised proposal), the **User** should amend such proposal having regard to any comments **NGET** may have made and re-submit it for approval.
- OC5.6.2 If a BM Unit fails the test, the User shall submit revised Export and Import Limits, QPN, Joint BM Unit Data and/or Dynamic Parameters, or in the case of a BM Unit comprising a Generating Unit, CCGT Module, DC Converter or Power Park Module, the User may amend, with NGET's approval, the relevant registered parameters of that Generating Unit, CCGT Module, DC Converter or Power Park Module, as the case may be, relating to the criteria, for the period of time until the BM Unit can achieve the parameters previously registered, as demonstrated in a re-test.
- OC5.6.3 Once the **User** has indicated to **NGET** the date and time that the **BM Unit**, **CCGT Module**, **Power Park Module** or **Generating Unit** (excluding **Power Park Units**) can achieve the parameters previously registered or submitted, **NGET** shall either accept this information or require the **User** to demonstrate the restoration of the capability by means of a repetition of the test referred to in OC5.5.2 by an instruction requiring the **User** on 48 hours notice to carry out such a test. The provisions of this OC5.6 will apply to such further test.

OC5.7 BLACK START TESTING

OC.5.7.1 General

- (a) NGET may require a Generator with a Black Start Station to carry out a test (a "Black Start Test") on a Genset in a Black Start Station either while the Black Start Station remains connected to an external alternating current electrical supply (a "BS Unit Test") or while the Black Start Station is disconnected from all external alternating current electrical supplies (a "BS Station Test"), in order to demonstrate that a Black Start Station has a Black Start Capability.
- (b) Where NGET requires a Generator with a Black Start Station to carry out a BS Unit Test, NGET shall not require the Black Start Test to be carried out on more than one Genset at that Black Start Station at the same time, and would not, in the absence of exceptional circumstances, expect any of the other Genset at the Black Start Station to be directly affected by the BS Unit Test.
- out a **BS Unit Test** at any time (but will not require a **BS Unit Test** to be carried out more than once in each calendar year in respect of any particular **Genset** unless it can justify on reasonable grounds the necessity for further tests or unless the further test is a re-test, and will not require a **BS Station Test** to be carried out more than once in every two calendar years in respect of any particular **Genset** unless it can justify on reasonable grounds the necessity for further tests or unless the further test is a re-test).
- (d) When **NGET** wishes a **Generator** with a **Black Start Station** to carry out a **Black Start Test**, it shall notify the relevant **Generator** at least 7 days prior to the time of the **Black Start Test** with details of the proposed **Black Start Test**.

OC.5.7.2 Procedure for a Black Start Test

The following procedure will, so far as practicable, be carried out in the following sequence for **Black Start Tests**:

OC.5.7.2.1 BS Unit Tests

- (a) The relevant **Generating Unit** shall be **Synchronised** and **Loaded**;
- (b) All the Auxiliary Gas Turbines and/or Auxiliary Diesel Engines in the Black Start Station in which that Generating Unit is situated, shall be Shutdown.
- (c) The **Generating Unit** shall be **De-Loaded** and **De-Synchronised** and all alternating current electrical supplies to its **Auxiliaries** shall be disconnected.
- (d) The Auxiliary Gas Turbine(s) or Auxiliary Diesel Engine(s) to the relevant Generating Unit shall be started, and shall re-energise the Unit Board of the relevant Generating Unit.

- (e) The Auxiliaries of the relevant Generating Unit shall be fed by the Auxiliary Gas Turbine(s) or Auxiliary Diesel Engine(s), via the Unit Board, to enable the relevant Generating Unit to return to Synchronous Speed.
- (f) The relevant **Generating Unit** shall be **Synchronised** to the **System** but not **Loaded**, unless the appropriate instruction has been given by **NGET** under **BC2**.

OC.5.7.2.2 BS Station Test

- (a) All Generating Units at the Black Start Station, other than the Generating Unit on which the Black Start Test is to be carried out, and all the Auxiliary Gas Turbines and/or Auxiliary Diesel Engines at the Black Start Station, shall be Shutdown.
- (b) The relevant **Generating Unit** shall be **Synchronised** and **Loaded**.
- (c) The relevant **Generating Unit** shall be **De-Loaded** and **De-Synchronised**.
- (d) All external alternating current electrical supplies to the **Unit Board** of the relevant **Generating Unit**, and to the **Station Board** of the relevant **Black Start Station**, shall be disconnected.
- (e) An Auxiliary Gas Turbine or Auxiliary Diesel Engine at the Black Start Station shall be started, and shall re-energise either directly, or via the Station Board, the Unit Board of the relevant Generating Unit.
- (f) The provisions of OC.5.7.2.1 (e) and (f) shall thereafter be followed.
- OC.5.7.2.3 All **Black Start Tests** shall be carried out at the time specified by **NGET** in the notice given under OC5.7.1(d) and shall be undertaken in the presence of a reasonable number of representatives appointed and authorised by **NGET**, who shall be given access to all information relevant to the **Black Start Test**.

OC.5.7.2.4 Failure of a Black Start Test

A Black Start Station shall fail a Black Start Test if the Black Start Test shows that it does not have a Black Start Capability (ie. if the relevant Generating Unit fails to be Synchronised to the System within two hours of the Auxiliary Gas Turbine(s) or Auxiliary Diesel Engine(s) being required to start).

OC.5.7.2.5 If a **Black Start Station** fails to pass a **Black Start Test** the **Generator** must provide **NGET** with a written report specifying in reasonable detail the reasons for any failure of the test so far as they are then known to the **Generator** after due and careful enquiry. This must be provided within five **Business Days** of the test. If a dispute arises relating to the failure, **NGET** and the relevant **Generator** shall seek to resolve the dispute by discussion, and if they fail to

reach agreement, the **Generator** may require **NGET** to carry out a further **Black Start Test** on 48 hours notice which shall be carried out following the procedure set out in OC.5.7.2.1 or OC.5.7.2.2 as the case may be, as if **NGET** had issued an instruction at the time of notice from the **Generator**.

- OC.5.7.2.6 If the **Black Start Station** concerned fails to pass the re-test and a dispute arises on that re-test, either party may use the **Disputes Resolution Procedure** for a ruling in relation to the dispute, which ruling shall be binding.
- OC.5.7.2.7 If following the procedure in OC.5.7.2.5 and OC.5.7.2.6 it is accepted that the Black Start Station has failed the Black Start Test (or a re-test carried out under OC.5.7.2.5), within 14 days, or such longer period as NGET may reasonably agree, following such failure, the relevant Generator shall submit to NGET in writing for approval, the date and time by which that Generator shall have brought that Black Start Station to a condition where it has a Black Start Capability and would pass the Black Start Test, and NGET will not unreasonably withhold or delay its approval of the Generator's proposed date and time submitted. Should NGET not approve the Generator's proposed date and time (or any revised proposal) the Generator shall revise such proposal having regard to any comments NGET may have made and resubmit it for approval.
- OC.5.7.2.8 Once the **Generator** has indicated to **NGET** that the **Generating Station** has a **Black Start Capability**, **NGET** shall either accept this information or require the **Generator** to demonstrate that the relevant **Black Start Station** has its **Black Start Capability** restored, by means of a repetition of the **Black Start Test** referred to in OC5.7.1(d) following the same procedure as for the initial **Black Start Test**. The provisions of this OC.5.7.2 will apply to such test.
- OC.5.8 PROCEDURES APPLYING TO EMBEDDED MEDIUM POWER STATION
 NOT SUBJECT TO A BILATERAL AGREEMENT AND EMBEDDED DC
 CONVERTER STATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO A BILATERAL AGREEMENT
- OC5.8.1 Compliance Statement

Each **Network Operator** shall ensure that each **Embedded Person** provides to the **Network Operator** upon **NGET's** request:

- (a) written confirmation that each such **Generating Unit**, **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** complies with the requirements of the **CC**;
 and
- (b) evidence, where requested, reasonably satisfactory to NGET, of such compliance. Such a request shall not normally be made by NGET more than twice in any calendar year in respect of any Generator's Generating Unit or Power Park Module or DC Converter owner's DC Converter.

The **Network Operator** shall provide the evidence or written confirmation required under OC5.8.1 (a) and (b) forthwith upon receipt to **NGET**.

OC5.8.2 **Network Operator's Obligations to Facilitate Tests**

If:

- (a) the **Network Operator** fails to procure the confirmation referred to at OC5.8.1(a); or
- (b) the evidence of compliance is not to **NGET's** reasonable satisfaction,

then, NGET shall be entitled to require the Network Operator to procure access upon terms reasonably satisfactory to NGET to enable NGET to witness the Embedded Person carrying out the tests referred to in OC5.8.3 in respect of the relevant Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station.

OC5.8.3 Testing of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement

NGET may, in accordance with the provisions of OC5.8.2, at any time (although not normally more than twice in any calendar year in respect of any particular Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement) issue an instruction requiring the Network Operator within whose System the relevant Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement is Embedded, to require the Embedded Person to carry out a test.

Such test shall be carried out at a time no sooner than 48 hours from the time that the instruction was issued, on any one or more of the **Generating Units**, **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** comprising part of the relevant **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** and should only be to demonstrate that:

- (a) the relevant **Generating Unit, Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** meets the requirements of the paragraphs in the **CC** which are applicable to such **Generating Units, Power Park Module** or **DC Converter**;
- (b) the **Reactive Power** capability registered with **NGET** under **OC2** meets the requirements set out in CC.6.3.2.

The instruction may only be issued where, following consultation with the relevant **Network Operator**, **NGET** has:

- (a) confirmed to the relevant **Network Operator** the manner in which the test will be conducted, which shall be consistent with the principles established in OC5.5.2; and
- (b) received confirmation from the relevant **Network Operator** that the relevant **Generating Unit, Power Park Module** or **DC Converter** would not then be unavailable by reason of forced outage or **Planned Outage** expected prior to the instruction.

The relevant **Network Operator** is responsible for ensuring the performance of any test so required by **NGET** and the **Network Operator** shall ensure that the

Embedded Person retains the responsibility for ensuring the safety of personnel and plant during the test.

OC5.8.4 Test Failures/Re-tests and Disputes

The relevant **Network Operator** shall:

- (a) ensure that provisions equivalent to OC5.5.4, OC5.5.5 and OC5.6 apply to Embedded Medium Power Stations not the subject of a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not the subject of a Bilateral Agreement within its System in respect of test failures, re-tests and disputes as to test failures and re-tests;
- (b) ensure that the provisions equivalent to OC5.5.4, OC5.5.5 and OC5.6 referred to in OC5.8.4(a) are effective so that NGET may require, if it so wishes, the provision to it of any reports or other information equivalent to those or that to which NGET would be entitled in relation to test failures, re-tests and disputes as to test failures and re-tests under the provisions of OC5.5.4, OC5.5.5 and OC5.6; and
- (c) the provisions equivalent to OC5.5.4, OC5.5.5 and OC5.6 referred to in OC5.8.4(a) are effective to permit NGET to conduct itself and take decisions in such a manner in relation to test failures, re-tests and disputes as to test failures and re-tests in respect of Embedded Medium Power Stations not the subject of a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not the subject of a Bilateral Agreement as it is able to conduct itself and take decisions in relation to test failures, re-tests and disputes as to test failures and re-tests under OC5.5.4, OC5.5.5 and OC5.6.

<End of OC5>

OPERATING CODE NO.7

OPERATIONAL LIAISON

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OPERATING CODE NO.7

OPERATIONAL LIAISON

OC7.1 INTRODUCTION

- OC7.1.1 Operating Code No. 7 ("OC7") sets out the requirements for the exchange of information in relation to Operations and/or Events on the Total System which have had (or may have had) or will have (or may have) an Operational Effect:
 - (a) on the **GB Transmission System** in the case of an **Operation** and/or **Event** occurring on the **System** of a **User** or **Users**; and
 - (b) on the **System** of a **User** or **Users** in the case of an **Operation** and/or **Event** occurring on the **GB Transmission System**.

It also describes the types of **GB Transmission System Warning** which may be issued by **NGET**.

- OC7.1.2 The requirement to notify in OC7 relates generally to notifying of what is expected to happen or what has happened and not the reasons why. However, as OC7 provides, when an Event or Operation has occurred on the GB Transmission System which itself has been caused by (or exacerbated by) an Operation or Event on a User's System, NGET in reporting the Event or Operation on the GB Transmission System to another User can pass on what it has been told by the first User in relation to the Operation or Event on the first User's System.
- OC7.1.3 Where an Event or Operation on the GB Transmission System falls to be reported by NGET to an Externally Interconnected System Operator under an Interconnection Agreement, OC7 provides that in the situation where that Event or Operation has been caused by (or exacerbated by) an Operation or Event on a User's System, NGET can pass on what it has been told by the User in relation to the Operation or Event on that User's System.
- OC7.1.4 OC7 also deals with **Integral Equipment Tests**.
- OC7.1.5 To reconfigure the **GB Transmission System**, **NGET** may reasonably require the assistance of a **User** to reconfigure parts of the **User System**. To reconfigure its **User System** a **User** may reasonably require the reasonable assistance of **NGET** to direct the reconfiguration of parts of the **GB Transmission System**.
- OC7.1.6 OC7.6 sets down the arrangements for the exchange of information required when configuring Connection Sites and parts of the GB Transmission System adjacent to those Connection Sites in Scotland. It also covers the setting up of a Local Switching Procedure. NGET shall procure that Relevant Transmission Licensees shall comply with section OC7.6 and any relevant Local Switching Procedure where and to the extent that such matters apply to them.

OC7.2 OBJECTIVE

The objectives of OC7 are:-

OC7.2.1 To provide for the exchange of information so that the implications of an **Operation** and/or **Event** can be considered, possible risks arising from it can be assessed and appropriate action taken by the relevant party in order to maintain the integrity of the

Total System. **OC7** does not seek to deal with any actions arising from the exchange of information, but merely with that exchange.

- OC7.2.2 To provide for types of **GB Transmission System Warnings** which may be issued by **NGET**.
- OC7.2.3 To provide the framework for the information flow and discussion between **NGET** and certain **Users** in relation to **Integral Equipment Tests**.
- OC7.2.4 To provide the procedure to be followed in respect of **Operational Switching** in Scotland and **Offshore**.

OC7.3 SCOPE

- OC7.3.1 **OC7** applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in **OC7** means:-
 - (a) Generators (other than those which only have Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations);
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers;
 - (d) **Suppliers** (for the purposes of **GB Transmission System Warnings**);
 - (e) Externally Interconnected System Operators (for the purposes of GB Transmission System Warnings); and
 - (f) **DC Converter Station** owners.

The procedure for operational liaison by NGET with Externally Interconnected System Operators is set out in the Interconnection Agreement with each Externally Interconnected System Operator.

In Scotland <u>and Offshore</u> OC7.6 also applies to **Relevant Transmission Licensees**.

OC7.4 PROCEDURE

- OC7.4.1 The term "Operation" means a scheduled or planned action relating to the operation of a **System** (including an **Embedded Power Station**).
- OC7.4.2 The term "Event" means an unscheduled or unplanned (although it may be anticipated) occurrence on, or relating to, a **System** (including an **Embedded Power Station**) including, without limiting that general description, faults, incidents and breakdowns and adverse weather conditions being experienced.
- OC7.4.3 The term "Operational Effect" means any effect on the operation of the relevant other System which causes the GB Transmission System or the Systems of the other User or Users, as the case may be, to operate (or be at a materially increased risk of operating) differently to the way in which they would or may have normally operated in the absence of that effect.

OC7.4.4 References in this **OC7** to a **System** of a **User** or **User's System** shall not include **Embedded Small Power Stations** or **Embedded Medium Power Stations**, unless otherwise stated.

OC7.4.5 Requirement to notify **Operations**

OC7.4.5.1 Operation on the GB Transmission System

In the case of an **Operation** on the **GB Transmission System**, which will have (or may have) an **Operational Effect** on the **System(s)** of a **User** or **Users**, **NGET** will notify the **User** or **Users** whose **System(s)** will, or may, in the reasonable opinion of **NGET**, be affected, in accordance with **OC7**.

OC7.4.5.2 **Operation** on a **User's System**

In the case of an Operation on the System of a User which will have (or may have) an Operational Effect on the GB Transmission System (including an equivalent to an Operation on the equivalent of a System of a User or other person connected to that User's System which, via that User System, will or may have an Operational Effect on the GB Transmission System), the User will notify NGET in accordance with OC7. Following notification by the User, NGET will notify any other User or Users on whose System(s) the Operation will have, or may have, in the reasonable opinion of NGET, an Operational Effect, in accordance with OC7 and will notify any Externally Interconnected System Operator on whose System the Operation will have, or may have, in the reasonable opinion of NGET, an Operational Effect, if it is required to do so by the relevant Interconnection Agreement.

OC7.4.5.3 Examples of situations where notification by **NGET** or a **User** may be required

Whilst in no way limiting the general requirement to notify in advance set out in OC7.4.5.1 and OC7.4.5.2, the following are examples of situations where notification in accordance with OC7.4.5 will be required if they will, or may, have an **Operational Effect**:

- (a) the implementation of a planned outage of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** which has been arranged pursuant to **OC2**;
- (b) the operation (other than, in the case of a **User**, at the instruction of **NGET**) of any circuit breaker or isolator/disconnector or any sequence or combination of the two; or
- (c) voltage control.

OC7.4.5.4 Operations caused by another Operation or by an Event

An **Operation** may be caused by another **Operation** or an **Event** on another's **System** (including an **Embedded Power Station**) (or by the equivalent of an **Event** or **Operation** on the **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User**) and in that situation the information to be notified is different to that where the **Operation** arose independently of any other **Operation** or **Event**, as more particularly provided in OC7.4.5.6.

OC7.4.5.5 <u>Form</u>

A notification and any response to any questions asked under OC7.4.5, of an **Operation** which has arisen independently of any other **Operation** or of an **Event**, shall be of sufficient detail to describe the **Operation** (although it need not state the cause) and to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising (provided that, in the case of an **Operation** on a **User's System** which **NGET** is notifying to other **Users** under OC7.4.5.2, **NGET** will only pass on what it has been told by the **User** which has notified it) and will include the name of the individual reporting the **Operation** on behalf of **NGET** or the **User**, as the case may be. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and the giver of the notification will, insofar as it is able, answer any questions raised, provided that, in the case of an **Operation** on a **User's System** which **NGET** is notifying to other **Users** under OC7.4.5.2, in answering any question, **NGET** will not pass on anything further than that which it has been told by the **User** which has notified it. **NGET** may pass on the information contained in the notification as provided in OC7.4.5.6.

- OC7.4.5.6
- A notification by **NGET** of an **Operation** under OC7.4.5.1 which has been (a) caused by another Operation (the "first Operation") or by an Event on a User's System, will describe the Operation and will contain the information which NGET has been given in relation to the first Operation or that Event by the User. The notification and any response to any questions asked (other than in relation to the information which **NGET** is merely passing on from a User) will be of sufficient detail to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising from the Operation on the GB Transmission System and will include the name of the individual reporting the Operation on behalf of NGET. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and NGET will, insofar as it is able, answer any questions raised, provided that in relation to the information which **NGET** is merely passing on from a **User**, in answering any question NGET will not pass on anything further than that which it has been told by the User which has notified it.
- (b) Where a **User** is reporting an **Operation** or an **Event** which itself has been caused by an incident or scheduled or planned action affecting (but not on) its **System**, the notification to **NGET** will contain the information which the **User** has been given by the person connected to its **System** in relation to that incident or scheduled or planned action (which the **User** must require, contractually or otherwise, the person connected to its **System** to give to it) and **NGET** may pass on the information contained in the notification as provided in this OC7.4.5.6.
- OC7.4.5.7 Where an **Operation** on the **GB Transmission System** falls to be reported by **NGET** under an **Interconnection Agreement** and the **Operation** has been caused by another **Operation** (the "first **Operation**") or by an **Event** on a **User's System**, **NGET** will include in that report the information which **NGET** has been given in relation to the first **Operation** or that **Event** by the **User** (including any information relating to an incident or scheduled or planned action, as provided in OC7.4.5.6).
- OC7.4.5.8 (a) A notification to a **User** by **NGET** of an **Operation** under OC7.4.5.1 which has been caused by the equivalent of an **Operation** or of an **Event** on the equivalent of a **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User**, will describe the **Operation** on the **GB Transmission System** and will contain the information which **NGET** has been given, in relation to the equivalent of an **Operation** or of an **Event** on the equivalent of a **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System**

Operator or Interconnector User, by that Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User.

- (b) The notification and any response to any question asked (other than in relation to the information which NGET is merely passing on from that Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User) will be of sufficient detail to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising from the Operation on the GB Transmission System and will include the name of the individual reporting the Operation on behalf of NGET. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and NGET will, insofar as it is able, answer any questions raised, provided that, in relation to the information which NGET is merely passing on from an Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User, in answering any question NGET will not pass on anything further than that which it has been told by the Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User which has notified it.
- OC7.4.5.9 (a) A Network Operator may pass on the information contained in a notification to it from NGET under OC7.4.5.1, to a Generator with a Generating Unit or a Power Park Module connected to its System, or to a DC Converter Station owner with a DC Converter connected to its System, or to the operator of another User System connected to its System (which, for the avoidance of doubt, could be another Network Operator), in connection with reporting the equivalent of an Operation under the Distribution Code (or the contract pursuant to which that Generating Unit or Power Park Module or other User System, or to a DC Converter Station is connected to the System of that Network Operator) (if the Operation on the GB Transmission System caused it).
 - (b) A Generator may pass on the information contained in a notification to it from NGET under OC7.4.5.1, to another Generator with a Generating Unit or a Power Park Module connected to its System, or to the operator of a User System connected to its System (which, for the avoidance of doubt, could be a Network Operator), if it is required (by a contract pursuant to which that Generating Unit or that Power Park Module or that User System is connected to its System) to do so in connection with the equivalent of an Operation on its System (if the Operation on the GB Transmission System caused it).
- OC7.4.5.10 (a) Other than as provided in OC7.4.5.9, a **Network Operator** or a **Generator** may not pass on any information contained in a notification to it from **NGET** under OC7.4.5.1 (and an operator of a **User System** or **Generator** receiving information which was contained in a notification to a **Generator** or a **Network Operator**, as the case may be, from **NGET** under OC7.4.5.1, as envisaged in OC7.4.5.9 may not pass on this information) to any other person, but may inform persons connected to its **System** (or in the case of a **Generator** which is also a **Supplier**, inform persons to which it supplies electricity which may be affected) that there has been an incident on the **Total System**, the general nature of the incident (but not the cause of the incident) and (if known and if power supplies have been affected) an estimated time of return to service.
 - (b) In the case of a **Generator** which has an **Affiliate** which is a **Supplier**, the **Generator** may inform it that there has been an incident on the **Total**

System, the general nature of the incident (but not the cause of the incident) and (if known and if power supplies have been affected in a particular area) an estimated time of return to service in that area, and that **Supplier** may pass this on to persons to which it supplies electricity which may be affected).

- (c) Each **Network Operator** and **Generator** shall use its reasonable endeavours to procure that any **Generator** or operator of a **User System** receiving information which was contained in a notification to a **Generator** or **Network Operator**, as the case may be, from **NGET** under OC7.4.5.1, which is not bound by the **Grid Code**, does not pass on any information other than as provided above.
- OC7.4.5.11 The notification will, if either party requests, be recorded by the sender and dictated to the recipient, who shall record and repeat each phrase as it is received and on completion of the dictation shall repeat back the notification in full to the sender who shall confirm that it has been accurately recorded.

OC7.4.5.12 <u>Timing</u>

A notification under OC7.4.5 will be given as far in advance as possible and in any event shall be given in sufficient time as will reasonably allow the recipient to consider and assess the implications and risks arising.

OC7.4.6 Requirements to notify **Events**

OC7.4.6.1 Events on the GB Transmission System

In the case of an **Event** on the **GB Transmission System** which has had (or may have had) an **Operational Effect** on the **System(s)** of a **User** or **Users**, **NGET** will notify the **User** or **Users** whose **System(s)** have been, or may have been, in the reasonable opinion of **NGET**, affected, in accordance with **OC7**.

OC7.4.6.2 **Events** on a **User's System**

In the case of an **Event** on the **System** of a **User** which has had (or may have had) an **Operational Effect** on the **GB Transmission System**, the **User** will notify **NGET** in accordance with **OC7**.

OC7.4.6.3 **Events** caused by another **Event** or by an **Operation**

An **Event** may be caused (or exacerbated by) another **Event** or by an **Operation** on another's **System** (including on an **Embedded Power Station**) (or by the equivalent of an **Event** or **Operation** on the equivalent of a **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User**) and in that situation the information to be notified is different to that where the **Event** arose independently of any other **Event** or **Operation**, as more particularly provided in OC7.4.6.7.

OC7.4.6.4 **NGET** or a **User**, as the case may be, may enquire of the other whether an **Event** has occurred on the other's **System**. If it has, and the party on whose **System** the **Event** has occurred is of the opinion that it may have had an **Operational Effect** on the **System** of the party making the enquiry, it shall notify the enquirer in accordance with **OC7**.

OC7.4.6.5 <u>Examples of situations where notification by **NGET** or a **User** may be required</u>

Whilst in no way limiting the general requirement to notify set out in OC7.4.6.1, OC7.4.6.2 and OC7.4.6.3, the following are examples of situations where notification in accordance with OC7.4.6 will be required if they have an **Operational Effect**:

- (a) where **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** is being operated in excess of its capability or may present a hazard to personnel;
- (b) the activation of any alarm or indication of any abnormal operating condition;
- (c) adverse weather conditions being experienced;
- (d) breakdown of, or faults on, or temporary changes in the capabilities of, **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**:
- (e) breakdown of, or faults on, control, communication and metering equipment; or
- (f) increased risk of inadvertent protection operation.

Form

- A notification and any response to any questions asked under OC7.4.6.1 and OC7.4.6.2 of an **Event** which has arisen independently of any other **Event** or of an **Operation**, will describe the **Event**, although it need not state the cause of the **Event**, and, subject to that, will be of sufficient detail to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising and will include the name of the individual reporting the **Event** on behalf of **NGET** or the **User**, as the case may be. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and the giver of the notification will, insofar as it is able (although it need not state the cause of the **Event**) answer any questions raised. **NGET** may pass on the information contained in the notification as provided in OC7.4.6.7.
- OC7.4.6.7 (a) A notification (and any response to any questions asked under OC7.4.6.1) by NGET of (or relating to) an Event under OC7.4.6.1 which has been caused by (or exacerbated by) another Event (the "first Event") or by an Operation on a User's System will describe the Event and will contain the information which **NGET** has been given in relation to the first **Event** or that Operation by the User (but otherwise need not state the cause of the **Event**). The notification and any response to any questions asked (other than in relation to the information which **NGET** is merely passing on from a User) will be of sufficient detail to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising from the Event on the GB Transmission System and will include the name of the individual reporting the Event on behalf of NGET. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and NGET will, insofar as it is able, answer any questions raised, provided that in relation to the information which **NGET** is merely passing on from a **User**, in answering any question **NGET** will not pass on anything further than that which it has been told by the User which has notified it.

- (b) Where a **User** is reporting an **Event** or an **Operation** which itself has been caused by (or exacerbated by) an incident or scheduled or planned action affecting (but not on) its **System** the notification to **NGET** will contain the information which the **User** has been given by the person connected to its **System** in relation to that incident or scheduled or planned action (which the **User** must require, contractually or otherwise, the person connected to its **System** to give to it) and **NGET** may pass on the information contained in the notification as provided in this OC7.4.6.7.
- OC7.4.6.8 Where an **Event** on the **GB Transmission System** falls to be reported by **NGET** under an **Interconnection Agreement** and the **Event** has been caused by (or exacerbated by) another **Event** (the "first **Event**") or by an **Operation** on a **User's System**, **NGET** will include in that report the information which **NGET** has been given in relation to the first **Event** or that **Operation** by the **User** (including any information relating to an incident or scheduled or planned action on that **User's System**, as provided in OC7.4.6.7).
- OC7.4.6.9 (a) A notification to a **User** (and any response to any questions asked under OC7.4.6.1) by **NGET** of (or relating to) an **Event** under OC7.4.6.1 which has been caused by (or exacerbated by) the equivalent of an **Event** or of an **Operation** on the equivalent of a **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User**, will describe the **Event** on the **GB Transmission System** and will contain the information which **NGET** has been given, in relation to the equivalent of an **Event** or of an **Operation** on the equivalent of a **System** of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User**, by that **Externally Interconnected System Operator** or **Interconnector User** (but otherwise need not state the cause of the **Event**).
 - (b) The notification and any response to any questions asked (other than in relation to the information which NGET is merely passing on from that Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User) will be of sufficient detail to enable the recipient of the notification reasonably to consider and assess the implications and risks arising from the Event on the GB Transmission System and will include the name of the individual reporting the Event on behalf of NGET. The recipient may ask questions to clarify the notification and NGET will, insofar as it is able (although it need not state the cause of the Event) answer any questions raised, provided that, in relation to the information which NGET is merely passing on from an Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User, in answering any question NGET will not pass on anything further than that which it has been told by the Externally Interconnected System Operator or Interconnector User which has notified it.
- OC7.4.6.10 (a) A Network Operator may pass on the information contained in a notification to it from NGET under OC7.4.6.1, to a Generator with a Generating Unit or a Power Park Module connected to its System or to a DC Converter Station owner with a DC Converter connected to its System or to the operator of another User System connected to its System (which, for the avoidance of doubt, could be a Network Operator), in connection with reporting the equivalent of an Event under the Distribution Code (or the contract pursuant to which that Generating Unit or Power Park Module or DC Converter or other User System is connected to the System of that Network Operator) (if the Event on the GB Transmission System caused or exacerbated it).

- (b) A Generator may pass on the information contained in a notification to it from NGET under OC7.4.6.1, to another Generator with a Generating Unit or a Power Park Module connected to its System or to the operator of a User System connected to its System (which, for the avoidance of doubt, could be a Network Operator), if it is required (by a contract pursuant to which that Generating Unit or that Power Park Module or that User System is connected to its System) to do so in connection with the equivalent of an Event on its System (if the Event on the GB Transmission System caused or exacerbated it).
- OC7.4.6.11 (a) Other than as provided in OC7.4.6.10, a **Network Operator** or a **Generator**, may not pass on any information contained in a notification to it from **NGET** under OC7.4.6.1 (and an operator of a **User System** or **Generator** receiving information which was contained in a notification to a **Generator** or a **Network Operator**, as the case may be, from **NGET** under OC7.4.6.1, as envisaged in OC7.4.6.10 may not pass on this information) to any other person, but may inform persons connected to its **System** (or in the case of a **Generator** which is also a **Supplier**, inform persons to which it supplies electricity which may be affected) that there has been an incident on the **Total System**, the general nature of the incident (but not the cause of the incident) and (if known and if power supplies have been affected) an estimated time of return to service.
 - (b) In the case of a **Generator** which has an **Affiliate** which is a **Supplier**, the **Generator** may inform it that there has been an incident on the **Total System**, the general nature of the incident (but not the cause of the incident) and (if known and if power supplies have been affected in a particular area) an estimated time of return to service in that area, and that **Supplier** may pass this on to persons to which it supplies electricity which may be affected).
 - (c) Each **Network Operator** and **Generator** shall use its reasonable endeavours to procure that any **Generator** or operator of a **User System** receiving information which was contained in a notification to a **Generator** or **Network Operator**, as the case may be, from **NGET** under OC7.4.6.1, which is not bound by the **Grid Code**, does not pass on any information other than as provided above.
- OC7.4.6.12 When an Event relating to a Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter, has been reported to NGET by a Generator or DC Converter Station owner under OC7.4.6 and it is necessary in order for the Generator or DC Converter Station owner to assess the implications of the Event on its System more accurately, the Generator or DC Converter Station owner may ask NGET for details of the fault levels from the GB Transmission System to that Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter at the time of the Event, and NGET will, as soon as reasonably practicable, give the Generator or DC Converter Station owner that information provided that NGET has that information.
- OC7.4.6.13 Except in an emergency situation the notification of an **Event** will, if either party requests, be recorded by the sender and dictated to the recipient, who shall record and repeat each phrase as it is received and on completion of the dictation shall repeat the notification in full to the sender who shall confirm that it has been accurately recorded.

Timing

OC7.4.6.14 A notification under OC7.4.6 shall be given as soon as possible after the occurrence of the **Event**, or time that the **Event** is known of or anticipated by the giver of the notification under **OC7**, and in any event within 15 minutes of such time.

OC7.4.7 Significant Incidents

- OC7.4.7.1 Where a **User** notifies **NGET** of an **Event** under **OC7** which **NGET** considers has had or may have had a significant effect on the **GB Transmission System**, **NGET** will require the **User** to report that **Event** in writing in accordance with the provisions of **OC10** and will notify that **User** accordingly.
- OC7.4.7.2 Where **NGET** notifies a **User** of an **Event** under **OC7** which the **User** considers has had or may have had a significant effect on that **User's System**, that **User** will require **NGET** to report that **Event** in writing in accordance with the provisions of **OC10** and will notify **NGET** accordingly.
- OC7.4.7.3 **Events** which **NGET** requires a **User** to report in writing pursuant to OC7.4.7.1, and **Events** which a **User** requires **NGET** to report in writing pursuant to OC7.4.7.2, are known as "**Significant Incidents**".
- OC7.4.7.4 Without limiting the general description set out in OC7.4.7.1 and OC7.4.7.2, a **Significant Incident** will include **Events** having an **Operational Effect** which result in, or may result in, the following:
 - (a) operation of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** either manually or automatically;
 - (b) voltage outside statutory limits;
 - (c) **Frequency** outside statutory limits; or
 - (d) **System** instability.

OC 7.4.8 GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNINGS

OC7.4.8.1 Role of **GB Transmission System Warnings**

GB Transmission System Warnings as described below provide information relating to **System** conditions or **Events** and are intended to:

- (i) alert **Users** to possible or actual **Plant** shortage, **System** problems and/or **Demand** reductions;
- (ii) inform of the applicable period;
- (iii) indicate intended consequences for **Users**; and
- (iv) enable specified **Users** to be in a state of readiness to react properly to instructions received from **NGET**.

A table of **GB Transmission System Warnings**, set out in the Appendix to **OC7**, summarises the warnings and their usage. In the case of a conflict between the table and the provisions of the written text of **OC7**, the written text will prevail.

OC7.4.8.2 Recipients of GB Transmission System Warnings

- (a) Where **GB Transmission System Warnings**,(except those relating to **Demand Control** Imminent), are applicable to **System** conditions or **Events** which have widespread effect, **NGET** will notify all **Users** under **OC7**.
- (b) Where in **NGET's** judgement **System** conditions or **Events** may only have a limited effect, the **GB Transmission System Warning** will only be issued to those **Users** who are or may in **NGET's** judgement be affected.
- (c) Where a **GB Transmission System Warning Demand Control Imminent** is issued it will only be sent to those **Users** who are likely to receive **Demand Control** instructions from **NGET**.

OC7.4.8.3 Preparatory Action

- (a) Where possible, and if required, recipients of the warnings should take such preparatory action as they deem necessary taking into account the information contained in the **GB Transmission System Warning**. All warnings will be of a form determined by **NGET** and will remain in force from the stated time of commencement until the cancellation, amendment or reissue, as the case may be, is notified by **NGET**.
- (b) Where a GB Transmission System Warning has been issued to a Network Operator and is current, Demand Control should not (subject as provided below) be employed unless instructed by NGET. If Demand Control is, however, necessary to preserve the integrity of the Network Operator's System, then the impact upon the integrity of the Total System should be considered by the Network Operator and where practicable discussed with NGET prior to its implementation.
 - Where a **GB Transmission System Warning** has been issued to a **Supplier**, further **Customer Demand Management** (in addition to that previously notified under **OC1 Demand** Forecasts) must only be implemented following notification to **NGET**.
- (c) **GB Transmission System Warnings** will be issued by fax, to the facsimile number(s) and locations agreed between **NGET** and **Users**, or by such electronic data transmission facilities as have been agreed. In the case of **Generators** with **Gensets** this will normally be at their **Trading Points** (if they have notified **NGET** that they have a **Trading Point**)
- (d) **Users** may at times be informed by telephone or other means of **GB Transmission System Warnings** and in these circumstances confirmation will be sent to those **Users** so notified, by fax as soon as possible.

OC7.4.8.4 Types of **GB Transmission System Warnings**

GB Transmission System Warnings consist of the following types:-

- (i) GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin
- (ii) GB Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction
- (iii) GB Transmission System Warning Demand Control Imminent

(iv) GB Transmission System Warning - Risk of System Disturbance

OC7.4.8.5 **GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin**

A **GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin** may be issued to **Users** in accordance with OC7.4.8.2, at times when there is inadequate **System Margin**, as determined under BC1.5.4. It will contain the following information:

- (i) the period for which the warning is applicable; and
- (ii) the availability shortfall in MW; and
- (iii) intended consequences for **Users**, including notification that **Maximum Generation Service** may be instructed.

OC 7.4.8.6 GB Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Demand Reduction

- (a) A **GB Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction** may be issued to **Users** in accordance with OC7.4.8.2 at times when there is inadequate **System Margin**, as determined under BC1.5.4 and in **NGET's** judgement there is increased risk of **Demand** reduction being implemented under OC6.5.1. It will contain the following information in addition to the required information in a **GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin**:
 - (i) the possible percentage level of **Demand** reduction required; and
 - (ii) Specify those **Network Operators** and **Non Embedded Customers** who may subsequently receive instructions under OC6.5.1.
- (b) A GB Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction may also be issued by NGET to those Network Operators and Non Embedded Customers who may subsequently receive instructions under OC6.5.1 relating to a Demand reduction in circumstances not related to inadequate System Margin (for example Demand reduction required to manage System overloading).

The **GB Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Demand Reduction** will specify the period during which **Demand** reduction may be required and the part of the **Total System** to which it applies and any other matters specified in OC6.5.

OC7.4.8.6.1 Protracted Periods of Generation Shortage

- (a) Whenever NGET anticipates that a protracted period of generation shortage may exist a GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin or High Risk of Demand Reduction may be issued, to give as much notice as possible to those Network Operators and Non Embedded Customers who may subsequently receive instructions under OC6.5.
- (b) A **GB** Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction will in these instances include an estimate of the percentage of **Demand**

- reduction that may be required and the anticipated duration of the **Demand** reduction. It may also include information relating to estimates of any further percentage of **Demand** reduction that may be required.
- (c) The issue of the **GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin** or **High Risk of Demand Reduction** is intended to enable recipients to plan ahead on the various aspects of **Demand** reduction.

OC7.4.8.7 GB Transmission System Warning - Demand Control Imminent

- (a) A GB Transmission System Warning Demand Control Imminent, relating to a Demand reduction under OC6.5, will be issued by NGET to Users in accordance with OC7.4.8.2. It will specify those Network Operators who may subsequently receive instructions under OC6.5.
- (b) A GB Transmission System Warning Demand Control Imminent, need not be preceded by any other GB Transmission System Warning and will be issued when a Demand reduction is expected within the following 30 minutes, but will not cease to have effect after 30 minutes from its issue. However, NGET will either reissue the GB Transmission System Warning - Demand Control Imminent or cancel the GB Transmission System Warning - Demand Control Imminent no later than 2 hours from first issue, or from re-issue, as the case may be.

OC7.4.8.8 GB Transmission System Warning - Risk of System Disturbance

- (a) A **GB Transmission System Warning Risk of System Disturbance** will be issued by **NGET** to **Users** who may be affected when **NGET** knows there is a risk of widespread and serious disturbance to the whole or part of, the **GB Transmission System**;
- (b) The **GB Transmission System Warning Risk of System Disturbance** will contain such information as **NGET** deems appropriate;
- (c) for the duration of the GB Transmission System Warning Risk of System Disturbance, each User in receipt of the GB Transmission System Warning Risk of System Disturbance shall take the necessary steps to warn its operational staff and to maintain its Plant and/or Apparatus in the condition in which it is best able to withstand the anticipated disturbance:
- (d) During the period that the GB Transmission System Warning Risk of System Disturbance is in effect, NGET may issue Emergency Instructions in accordance with BC2 and it may be necessary to depart from normal Balancing Mechanism operation in accordance with BC2 in issuing Bid-Offer Acceptances.

OC7.4.8.9 Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning

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(a) NGET will give notification of a Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning to all Users issued with the GB Transmission System Warning when in NGET's judgement System conditions have returned to normal.

(b) A Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning will identify the type of GB Transmission System Warning being cancelled and the period for which it was issued. The Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning will also identify any GB Transmission System Warnings that are still in force.

OC7.4.8.10 General Management of **GB Transmission System Warnings**

- (a) **GB Transmission System Warnings** remain in force for the period specified unless superseded or cancelled by **NGET**.
- (b) A GB Transmission System Warning issued for a particular period may be superseded by further related warnings. This will include GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin being superseded by GB Transmission System Warning - High Risk of Demand Reduction and vice-versa.
- (c) In circumstances where it is necessary for the period of a **GB Transmission System Warning** to be changed:
 - (i) the period applicable may be extended by the issue of a **GB Transmission System Warning** with a period which follows on from the original period, or
 - (ii) revised or updated GB Transmission System Warnings will be issued where there is an overlap with the period specified in an existing GB Transmission System Warning, but only if the revised period also includes the full period of the existing GB Transmission System Warning.

In any other case the existing **GB Transmission System Warning** will be cancelled and a new one issued.

(d) A **GB Transmission System Warning** is no longer applicable once the period has passed and to confirm this **NGET** will issue a **Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning**.

OC7.5 PROCEDURE IN RELATION TO INTEGRAL EQUIPMENT TESTS

OC7.5.1 This section of the **Grid Code** deals with **Integral Equipment Tests**. It is designed to provide a framework for the exchange of relevant information and for discussion between **NGET** and certain **Users** in relation to **Integral Equipment Tests**.

OC7.5.2 An Integral Equipment Test :-

- (a) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of this OC7.5 at:
 - i) a **User Site**,
 - ii) a Transmission Site,
 - iii) an Embedded Large Power Station, or,
 - iv) an **Embedded DC Converter Station**;

- (b) will normally be undertaken during commissioning or re-commissioning of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**;
- (c) may, in the reasonable judgement of the person wishing to perform the test, cause, or have the potential to cause, an **Operational Effect** on a part or parts of the **Total System** but which with prior notice is unlikely to have a materially adverse effect on any part of the **Total System**; and
- (d) may form part of an agreed programme of work.
- OC7.5.3 A set of guidance notes is available from **NGET** on request, which provide further details on suggested procedures, information flows and responsibilities.

Notification of an IET

- OC7.5.4 In order to undertake an **Integral Equipment Test** (and subject to OC7.5.8 below), the **User** or **NGET**, as the case may be, (the proposer) must notify the other (the recipient) of a proposed **IET**. Reasonable advance notification must be given, taking into account the nature of the test and the circumstances which make the test necessary. This will allow recipients time to adequately assess the impact of the **IET** on their **System**.
- OC7.5.5 The notification of the **IET** must normally include the following information:
 - a) the proposed date and time of the **IET**;
 - b) the name of the individual and the organisation proposing the **IET**;
 - c) a proposed programme of testing; and
 - d) such further detail as the proposer reasonably believes the recipient needs in order to assess the effect the IET may have on relevant Plant and/or Apparatus.
- OC7.5.6 In the case of an **IET** in connection with commissioning or re-commissioning, the test should be incorporated as part of any overall commissioning programme agreed between **NGET** and the **User**.

Response to notification of an IET

- OC7.5.7 The recipient of notification of an **IET** must respond within a reasonable timescale prior to the start time of the **IET** and will not unreasonably withhold or delay acceptance of the **IET** proposal.
- OC7.5.8 (a) Where **NGET** receives notification of a proposed **IET** from a **User**, **NGET** will consult those other **Users** whom it reasonably believes may be affected by the proposed **IET** to seek their views. Information relating to the proposed **IET** may be passed on by **NGET** with the prior agreement of the proposer. However it is not necessary for **NGET** to obtain the agreement of any such **User** as **IETs** should not involve the application of irregular, unusual or extreme conditions. **NGET** may however consider any comments received when deciding whether or not to agree to an **IET**.

- (b) In the case of an Embedded Large Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station, the Generator or DC Converter Station owner as the case may be must liaise with both NGET and the relevant Network Operator. NGET will not agree to an IET relating to such Plant until the Generator or DC Converter Station owner has shown that it has the agreement of the relevant Network Operator.
- (c) A **Network Operator** will liaise with **NGET** as necessary in those instances where it is aware of an **Embedded Small Power Station** or an **Embedded Medium Power Station** which intends to perform tests which in the reasonable judgement of the **Network Operator** may cause an **Operational Effect** on the **GB Transmission System**.
- OC7.5.9 The response from the recipient, following notification of an **IET** must be one of the following:
 - a) to accept the **IET** proposal;
 - b) to accept the **IET** proposal conditionally subject to minor modifications such as date and time;
 - not to agree the **IET**, but to suggest alterations to the detail and timing of the **IET** that are necessary to make the **IET** acceptable.

Final confirmation of an IET

- OC7.5.10 The date and time of an **IET** will be confirmed between **NGET** and the **User**, together with any limitations and restrictions on operation of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**.
- OC7.5.11 The **IET** may subsequently be amended following discussion and agreement between **NGET** and the **User**.

Carrying out an IET

- OC7.5.12 **IETs** may only take place when agreement has been reached and must be carried out in accordance with the agreed programme of testing.
- OC7.5.13 The implementation of an **IET** will be notified in accordance with OC7.4.5.
- OC7.5.14 Where elements of the programme of testing change during the **IET**, there must be discussion between the appropriate parties to identify whether the **IET** should continue.
- OC7.6 PROCEDURE IN RESPECT OF **OPERATIONAL SWITCHING** IN SCOTLAND AND **OFFSHORE**
- OC7.6.1 This section OC7.6 of the **Grid Code** sets out the procedure to be followed for **Operational Switching** in Scotland and **Offshore**. Its provisions are supplementary to the provisions of the rest of this **OC7**.

It is designed to set down the arrangements for NGET, Users and the Relevant Transmission Licensees in respect of the Operational Switching of Plant and Apparatus at a Connection Site and parts of the GB Transmission System adjacent to that Connection Site.

OC7.6.2 In general:

- (i) **NGET** is responsible for directing the configuration of the **GB Transmission System**
- (ii) Each Relevant Transmission Licensee is responsible for the instruction and operation of its Plant and Apparatus on its Transmission System
- (iii) Each **User** is responsible for the configuration, instruction and operation of its **Plant** and **Apparatus**.

Definitive schedules of these responsibilities for each **Connection Site** are contained in the relevant **Site Responsibility Schedules**.

For the avoidance of doubt, where a **User** operates **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus** on behalf of a **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, **NGET** cannot instruct the **User** to operate that **Plant** and **Apparatus**.

Planned Operational Switching

- OC7.6.3 Following the notification of an **Operation** under OC7.4.5, **NGET** and the **User** shall discuss the **Operational Switching** required. **NGET** will then discuss and agree the details of the **Operational Switching** with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**. The **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall then make contact with the **User** to initiate the **Operational Switching**. For the avoidance of doubt, from the time that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** makes contact with the **User**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall then become the primary point of operational contact with the **User** in relation to **OC7** for matters which would or could affect, or would or could be affected by the **Operational Switching**.
- OC7.6.4 The **User** shall be advised by the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** on the completion of the **Operational Switching**, that **NGET** shall again become the primary point of operational contact for the **User** in relation to **OC7**.
- OC7.6.5 During Operational Switching, either the Relevant Transmission Licensee or the User may need to unexpectedly terminate the Operational Switching. NGET may also need to terminate the Operational Switching during the Operational Switching. In the event of unexpected termination of the Operational Switching, NGET shall become the primary point of operational contact for the User in relation to OC7. Following the termination of the Operational Switching, it will not be permitted to restart that Operational Switching without the parties again following the process described in OC7.6.3.

Emergencies

- OC7.6.6 For **Operations** and/or **Events** that present an immediate hazard to the safety of personnel, **Plant** or **Apparatus**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may:
 - (i) as permitted by the STC, carry out Operational Switching of Plant and Apparatus on its Transmission System without reference to NGET and the User, and
 - (ii) request a **User** to carry out **Operational Switching** without the **User** first receiving notification from **NGET**.

In such emergency circumstances, communication between the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **User** shall normally be by telephone and will include an exchange of names. The **User** shall use all reasonable endeavours to carry out **Operational Switching** on its **Plant** and **Apparatus** without delay. Following completion of the requested **Operational Switching**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall notify **NGET** of the **Operational Switching** which has taken place. In such emergency circumstances, the **User** may only refuse to carry out **Operational Switching** on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant) and this must be notified to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** immediately by telephone.

OC7.6.7 For Operations and/or Events that present an immediate hazard to the safety of personnel, Plant or Apparatus, and which require Operational Switching of Plant or Apparatus on a Transmission System in order to remove the hazard, the User should contact the Relevant Transmission Licensee directly to request Operational Switching of Plant or Apparatus on its Transmission System.

In such emergency circumstances, communication between the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **User** shall normally be by telephone and will include an exchange of names. The **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall use all reasonable endeavours to carry out **Operational Switching** on its **Plant** and **Apparatus** without delay. Following completion of the requested **Operational Switching**, the **User** shall notify **NGET** of the **Operational Switching** which has taken place. In such emergency circumstances, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may only refuse to carry out **Operational Switching** on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant) and this must be notified to the **User** immediately by telephone.

OC7.6.8 Establishment of a Local Switching Procedure

- (a) **NGET**, a **User** or a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may reasonably require a **Local Switching Procedure** to be established.
- (b) Where the need for a **Local Switching Procedure** arises the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (i) NGET, User(s) and the Relevant Transmission Licensee will discuss and agree the detail of the Local Switching Procedure as soon as the requirement for a Local Switching Procedure is identified. NGET will notify the Relevant Transmission Licensee and the affected User(s) and will initiate these discussions.
 - (ii) Each Local Switching Procedure shall be in relation to either one or more Connection Sites and parts of the GB Transmission System adjacent to the Connection Site(s)
 - (iii) A draft Local Switching Procedure shall be prepared by the Relevant Transmission Licensee to reflect the agreement reached and shall be sent to NGET.
 - (iv) When a **Local Switching Procedure** has been prepared, it shall be sent by **NGET** to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and **User(s)** for confirmation of its accuracy.

- (v) The Local Switching Procedure shall then be signed on behalf of NGET and on behalf of each User and Relevant Transmission Licensee by way of written confirmation of its accuracy.
- (vi) Once agreed under this OC7.6.8, the procedure will become a Local Switching Procedure under the Grid Code, and (subject to any change pursuant to this OC7) will apply between NGET, Relevant Transmission Licensee and the relevant User(s) as if it were part of the Grid Code.
- (vii) Once signed, NGET will send a copy of the Local Switching Procedure to the Relevant Transmission Licensee and the User(s).
- (viii) An agreed **Local Switching Procedure** should be referenced by relevant **Site Responsibility Schedules**.
- (ix) **NGET**, the **User(s)** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** must make the **Local Switching Procedure** readily available to the relevant operational staff.
- If the Relevant Transmission Licensee or the User(s) become aware that a change is needed to a Local Switching Procedure, they must inform NGET immediately. Where NGET has been informed of a need for a change, or NGET proposes a change, NGET shall notify both the affected User and the Relevant Transmission Licensee and will initiate discussions to agree a change to the Local Switching Procedure. The principles applying to the establishment of a new Local Switching Procedure shall then apply to the discussion and agreement of any changes.

GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNINGS TABLE

WARNING TYPE	Grid Code	FORMA T	to : for ACTION	to : for INFORMA	TIMESCALE	WARNING OF/OR CONSEQUENCE	Response From Recipients
GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNING - Inadequate System Margin	OC7.4.8.5	Fax or other electronic means	Generators, Suppliers, Externally Interconnected System Operators, DC Converter Station owners	Network Operators, Non- Embedded Customers	All timescales when at the time there is not a high risk of Demand reduction. Primarily 1200 hours onwards for a future period.	Insufficient generation available to meet forecast Demand plus Operating Margin Notification that if not improved Demand reduction may be instructed. (Normal initial warning of insufficient System Margin)	Offers of increased availability from Generators or DC Converter Station owners and Interconnector Users. Suppliers notify NGET of any additional Customer Demand Management that they will initiate.
GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNING - High Risk of Demand Reduction	OC7.4.8.6	Fax or other electronic means	Generators, Suppliers, Network Operators, Non-Embedded Customers, Externally Interconnected System Operators, DC Converter Station owners		All timescales where there is a high risk of Demand reduction. Primarily 1200 hours onwards for a future period.	Insufficient generation available to meet forecast Demand plus Operating Margin and /or a high risk of Demand reduction being instructed. (May be issued locally as Demand reduction risk only for circuit overloads)	Offers of increased availability from Generators or DC Converter Station owners and Interconnector Users. Suppliers notify NGET of any additional Customer Demand Management that they will initiate. Specified Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers to prepare their Demand reduction arrangements and take actions as necessary to enable compliance with NGET instructions that may follow. (Percentages of Demand reduction above 20 % may not be achieved if NGET has not issued the warning by 16.00 hours the previous day).
GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNING - Demand Control Imminent	OC7.4.8.7	Fax/ Telephone or other electronic means	Specified Users only: (to whom an instruction is to be given) Network Operators, Non-Embedded Customers	None	within 30 minutes of anticipated instruction.	Possibility of Demand reduction within 30 minutes.	Network Operators specified to prepare to take action as necessary to enable them to comply with any subsequent NGET instruction for Demand reduction.
GB TRANSMISSION SYSTEM WARNING - Risk of System Disturbance	OC7.4.8.8	Fax/ Telephone or other electronic means	Generators, DC Converter Station owners Network Operators, Non-Embedded Customers, Externally Interconnected System Operators who may be affected.	Suppliers	Control room timescales	Risk of, or widespread system disturbance to whole or part of the GB Transmission System	Recipients take steps to warn operational staff and maintain plant or apparatus such that they are best able to withstand the disturbance.

OPERATING CODE NO.8

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION

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OPERATING CODE NO.8

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION

OC8.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- OC8 specifies the standard procedures to be used for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on or near the GB Transmission System or the System of a User and when there is a need for Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus on the other System for this work to be carried out safely. OC8 Appendix 1 applies when work is to be carried out on or near to Systems in England and Wales E&W Transmission Systems or the Systems of E&W Users and OC8 Appendix 2 applies when work is to be carried out on or near to Systems in Scotland Scottish Transmission Systems or the Systems of Scottish Users.
- OC8.1.2 OC8 also covers the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary safety precautions on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System when work is to be carried out at a User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or a Transmission Licensee as the case may be where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.

OC.8.2 OBJECTIVE

- OC8.2.1 The objective of OC8 is to achieve:-
 - (i) Safety From The System when work on or near a System necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on another System on HV Apparatus up to a Connection Point; and
 - (ii) Safety From The System when work is to be carried out at a User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or a Transmission Licensee (as the case may be) where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.

OC8.3 SCOPE

- OC8.3.1 OC8 applies to NGET and to Users, which in OC8 means:-
 - (a) Generators;
 - (b) Network Operators; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers.

In Scotland and Offshore OC8 also applies to Relevant Transmission Licensees.

The procedures for the establishment of safety co-ordination by **NGET** in relation to **External Interconnections** are set out in **Interconnection Agreements** with relevant persons for the **External Interconnections**.

OC8.4 PROCEDURE

- OC8.4.1 <u>Safety Co-ordination in England and Wales respect of the **E&W Transmission**Systems</u>
- OC8 Appendix 1, OC8A, applies when work is to be carried out on or near to the Systems in England and Wales E&W Transmission System or the Systems of E&W Users or when Safety Precautions are required to be established in England and Wales on the E&W Transmission System or the Systems of E&W Users when work is to be carried out on or near to the Systems in Scotland Scottish Transmission System or the Systems of Scottish Users.
- OC8.4.2 <u>Safety Co-ordination in Scotlandon the Scottish Transmission System or the Systems of Scottish Users</u>
- OC8 Appendix 2, OC8B, applies when work is to be carried out on or near to the Scottish Transmission Systems or the Systems of Scottish Users in Scotland or when Safety Precautions are required to be established in Scotlandon the Scottish Transmission System or the Systems of Scottish Users when work is to be carried out on or near to the E&W Transmission Systems or the Systems of E&W Users in England or Wales.

OC8.4.3 Safety Co-ordination **Offshore**

OC8.4.3.1 For the purposes of OC8 Appendix 1, OC8A, OC8 Appendix 2 and OC8B, when work is to be carried out on or near to Offshore Transmission Systems Safety Precautions shall be established by the Offshore Transmission Licensee and the Offshore User.

OPERATING CODE NO.8 Appendix 1 (OC8A)

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION IN ENGLAND AND WALES on the E&W TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

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OPERATING CODE NO.8 APPENDIX 1 (OC8A)

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION IN ENGLAND AND WALESON THE E&W TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

OC8A.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

OC8A.1.1 OC8A specifies the standard procedures to be used by the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee, NGET (where NGET is not the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee) and Users for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on or near the GB-E&W Transmission System in England and Wales or the System of a User in England and Walesan E&W User and when there is a need for Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus on the other's System for this work to be carried out safely. OC8A applies to NGET Relevant E&W Transmission Licensees and E&W Users only in England and Wales. Where work is to be carried out on or near equipment in Scotlandon the Scottish Transmission System or Systems of Scottish Users, but such work requires Safety Precautions to be established in England and Waleson the E&W Transmission System or the Systems of E&W Users, OC8A should be followed by NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission <u>Licensee</u> and <u>E&W</u> Users to establish the required Safety Precautions in England and Wales.

OC8B specifies the procedures to be used by the Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensees and <u>Scottish</u> Users in <u>Scotland</u>.

In this OC8A the term "work" includes testing, other than System Tests which are covered by OC12.

- OC8A.1.2 OC8A also covers the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary safety precautions on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System when work is to be carried out at a Useran E&W User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee as the case may be where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- OC8A.1.3 OC8A does not apply to the situation where Safety Precautions need to be agreed solely between Users E&W Users. OC8A does not apply to the situation where Safety Precautions need to be agreed solely between Transmission Licensees.
- OC8A.1.4 OC8A does not seek to impose a particular set of Safety Rules on NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and Users to be adopted and used by NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and each User shall be those chosen by each.
- OC8A.1.5 **Site Responsibility Schedules** document the control responsibility for each item of **Plant** and **Apparatus** for each site.
- OC8A.1.6 Defined terms

- OC8A.1.6.1 Users Should bear in mind that in OC8 only, in order that OC8 reads more easily with the terminology used in certain Safety Rules, the term "HV Apparatus" is defined more restrictively and is used accordingly in OC8A. Users Should, therefore, exercise caution in relation to this term when reading and using OC8A.
- OC8A.1.6.2 In **OC8A** only the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "HV Apparatus" means High Voltage electrical circuits forming part of a System, on which Safety From The System may be required or on which Safety Precautions may be applied to allow work to be carried out on a System.
 - (2) **"Isolation"** means the disconnection of **Apparatus** from the remainder of the **System** in which that **Apparatus** is situated by either of the following:
 - (a) an **Isolating Device** maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be:
 - (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-Ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or that Userthat E&W User, as the case may be; or
 - (b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the Local Safety Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or that User that E&W User, as the case may be, and, if it is a part of that method, a Caution Notice must be placed at the point of separation;

or

- (c) in the case where the relevant HV Apparatus of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is being either constructed or modified, an adequate physical separation as a result of a No System Connection.
- (3) "No System Connection" means an adequate physical separation (which must be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the Local Safety Instructions of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus from the rest of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System where such HV Apparatus has no installed means of being connected to, and will not for the duration of the

- **Safety Precaution** be connected to, a source of electrical energy or to any other part of the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinators System**.
- (4) **"Earthing"** means a way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an **Earthing Device** which is either:
 - (i) immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be, where reasonably practicable, given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-Ordinator and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-Ordinator in safe custody; or
- (ii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or that Userthat E&W User as the case may be.
- OC8A.1.6.3 For the purpose of the co-ordination of safety relating to **HV Apparatus** the term "Safety Precautions" means Isolation and/or Earthing.

OC8A.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

- OC8A.2.1 The objective of **OC8A** is to achieve:-
 - (i) Safety From The System when work on or near a System necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on another System on HV Apparatus up to a Connection Point; and
 - (ii) Safety From The System when work is to be carried out at a Useran E&W User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee (as the case may be) where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- OC8A.2.2 A flow chart, set out in **OC8A Appendix C**, illustrates the process utilised in **OC8A** to achieve the objective set out in OC8A.2.1. In the case of a conflict between the flow chart and the provisions of the written text of **OC8A**, the written text will prevail.

OC8A.3 SCOPE

- OC8A.3.1 OC8A applies to NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and to Users E&W Users in England and Wales, which in OC8A means:-
 - (a) **Generators**:
 - (b) **Network Operators**; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers.

The procedures for the establishment of safety co-ordination by NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee in relation to External Interconnections are set out in Interconnection Agreements with relevant persons for the External Interconnections.

OC8A.4 PROCEDURE

OC8A.4.1 Approval of Local Safety Instructions

- OC8A.4.1.1 (a) In accordance with the timing requirements of its **Bilateral Agreement**, each **User** will supply to **NGET**the **Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee** a copy of its **Local Safety Instructions** relating to its side of the **Connection Point** at each **Connection Site**.
 - (b) In accordance with the timing requirements of each Bilateral Agreement, NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee will supply to each User a copy of its Local Safety Instructions relating to the Transmission side of the Connection Point at each Connection Site.
 - (c) Prior to connection NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and the User must have approved each other's relevant Local Safety Instructions in relation to Isolation and Earthing.
- OC8A.4.1.2 Either party may require that the **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** provisions in the other party's **Local Safety Instructions** affecting the **Connection Site** should be made more stringent in order that approval of the other party's **Local Safety Instructions** can be given. Provided these requirements are not unreasonable, the other party will make such changes as soon as reasonably practicable. These changes may need to cover the application of **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** at a place remote from the **Connection Site**, depending upon the **System** layout. Approval may not be withheld because the party required to approve reasonably believes the provisions relating to **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** are too stringent.
- OC8A.4.1.3 If, following approval, a party wishes to change the provisions in its **Local Safety Instructions** relating to **Isolation** and/or **Earthing**, it must inform the other party. If the change is to make the provisions more stringent, then the other party merely has to note the changes. If the change is to make the provisions less stringent, then the other party needs to approve the new provisions and the procedures referred to in OC8A.4.1.2 apply.

OC8A.4.2 **Safety Co-ordinators**

OC8A.4.2.1 For each Connection Point, NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and each User will at all times have nominated and available a person or persons ("Safety Co-ordinator(s)") to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus pursuant to OC8A. A Safety Co-ordinator may be responsible for the co-ordination of safety on HV Apparatus at more than one Connection Point.

- OC8A.4.2.2 Each Safety Co-ordinator shall be authorised by NGET the Relevant E&W

 Transmission Licensee or a Useran E&W User, as the case may be, as competent to carry out the functions set out in OC8A to achieve Safety From The System.

 Confirmation from NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or a Useran E&W User, as the case may be, that its Safety Co-ordinator(s) as a group are so authorised is dealt with in CC.5.2. Only persons with such authorisation will carry out the provisions of OC8A.
- OC8A.4.2.3 Contact between **Safety Co-ordinators** will be made via normal operational channels, and accordingly separate telephone numbers for **Safety Co-ordinators** need not be provided. At the time of making contact, each party will confirm that they are authorised to act as a **Safety Co-ordinator**, pursuant to **OC8A**.
- OC8A.4.2.4 If work is to be carried out on a System, or on equipment of NGETthe Relevant

 E&W Transmission Licensee or a Useran E&W User near to a System, as provided in this OC8A, which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus in accordance with the provisions of OC8A, the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator who requires the Safety Precautions to be provided shall contact the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator to co-ordinate the establishment of the Safety Precautions.

OC8A.4.3 RISSP

- OC8A.4.3.1 **OC8A** sets out the procedures for utilising the **RISSP**, which will be used except where dealing with equipment in proximity to the other's **System** as provided in OC8A.8. Sections OC8A.4 to OC8A.7 inclusive should be read accordingly.
- OC8A.4.3.2 NGETThe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee will use the format of the RISSP forms set out in Appendix A and Appendix B to OC8A. That set out in OC8A Appendix A and designated as "RISSP-R", shall be used when NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee is the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, and that in OC8A Appendix B and designated as "RISSP-I", shall be used when NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee is the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator. Proformas of RISSP-R and RISSP-I will be provided for use by NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee staff.
- OC8A.4.3.3 (a) Users may either adopt the format referred to in OC8A.4.3.2, or use an equivalent format, provided that it includes sections requiring insertion of the same information and has the same numbering of sections as RISSP-R and RISSP-I as set out in Appendices A and B respectively.
 - (b) Whether <u>Users E&W Users</u> adopt the format referred to in OC8A.4.3.2, or use the equivalent format as above, the format may be produced and held in, and retrieved from an electronic form by the **E&W User**.
 - (c) Whichever method <u>Users E&W Users</u> choose, each must provide proformas (whether in tangible or electronic form) for use by its staff.
- OC8A.4.3.4 All references to RISSP-R and RISSP-I shall be taken as referring to the corresponding parts of the alternative forms or other tangible written or electronic records used by each **E&W User**.

- OC8A.4.3.5 RISSP-R will have an identifying number written or printed on it, comprising a prefix which identifies the location at which it is issued, and a unique (for each <u>E&W</u> <u>User</u> or <u>NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee</u>, as the case may be) serial number consisting of four digits and the suffix "R".
- OC8A.4.3.6 (a) In accordance with the timing requirements set out in CC.5.2 each **User** shall apply in writing to NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee for NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee's approval of its proposed prefix.
 - (b) NGETThe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee shall consider the proposed prefix to see if it is the same as (or confusingly similar to) a prefix used by NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or another User and shall, as soon as possible (and in any event within ten days), respond in writing to the User with its approval or disapproval.
 - (c) If NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee disapproves, it shall explain in its response why it has disapproved and will suggest an alternative prefix.
 - (d) If NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee has disapproved, then the User shall either notify NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee in writing of its acceptance of the suggested alternative prefix or it shall apply in writing to NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee with revised proposals and the above procedure shall apply to that application.
- OC8A.4.3.7 The prefix allocation will be periodically circulated by **NGET** to all **UsersE&W Users**, for information purposes, using a National Grid Safety Circular in the form set out in **OC8A** Appendix D.

OC8A.5 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ON HV APPARATUS

- OC8A.5.1 Agreement of **Safety Precautions**
- OC8A.5.1.1 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator who requires Safety Precautions on another System(s) will contact the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator(s) to agree the Location of the Safety Precautions to be established. This agreement will be recorded in the respective Safety Logs.
- OC8A.5.1.2 It is the responsibility of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator to ensure that adequate Safety Precautions are established and maintained, on his and/or another System connected to his System, to enable Safety From The System to be achieved on the HV Apparatus, specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator which is to be identified in Part 1.1 of the RISSP. Reference to another System in this OC8A.5.1.2 shall not include the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System which is dealt with in OC8A.5.1.3.
- OC8A.5.1.3 When the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is of the reasonable opinion that it is necessary for Safety Precautions on the System of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, other than on the HV Apparatus specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, which is to be identified in Part 1.1 of the RISSP, he shall contact the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator and the details shall be recorded in part 1.1 of the

RISSP forms. In these circumstances it is the responsibility of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator to establish and maintain such Safety Precautions.

OC8A.5.1.4 In the event of disagreement

In any case where the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator and the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator are unable to agree the Location of the Isolation and (if requested) Earthing, both shall be at the closest available points on the infeeds to the HV Apparatus on which Safety From The System is to be achieved as indicated on the Operation Diagram.

OC8A.5.2 <u>Implementation of Isolation</u>

- OC8A.5.2.1 Following the agreement of the **Safety Precautions** in accordance with OC8A.5.1 the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then establish the agreed **Isolation**.
- OC8A.5.2.2 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall confirm to the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator that the agreed Isolation has been established, and identify the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus up to the Connection Point, for which the Isolation has been provided. The confirmation shall specify:
 - (a) for each Location, the identity (by means of HV Apparatus name, nomenclature and numbering or position, as applicable) of each point of Isolation;
 - (b) whether Isolation has been achieved by an Isolating Device in the isolating position, by an adequate physical separation or as a result of a No System Connection;
 - (c) where an **Isolating Device** has been used whether the isolating position is either:
 - (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device has been Locked with a Safety Key, the confirmation shall specify that the Safety Key has been secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable (including where Earthing has been requested in OC8A.5.1), the confirmation shall specify that the Key Safe Key will be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or that Userthat E&W User, as the case may be; and
 - (d) where an adequate physical separation has been used that it will be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the **Local Safety**

- Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or that Userthat E&W User, as the case may be, and, if it is a part of that method, that a Caution Notice has been placed at the point of separation;
- (e) where a No System Connection has been used the physical position of the No System Connection shall be defined and shall not be varied for the duration of Safety Precaution and the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's relevant HV Apparatus will not, for the duration of the Safety Precaution be connected to a source of electrical energy or to any other part of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.

The confirmation of **Isolation** shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.

OC8A.5.2.3 Following the confirmation of **Isolation** being established by the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** and the necessary establishment of relevant **Isolation** on the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinators System**, the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** will then request the implementation of **Earthing** by the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator**, if agreed in section OC8A.5.1. If the implementation of **Earthing** has been agreed, then the authorised site representative of the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall retain any **Key Safe Key** in safe custody until any **Safety Key** used for **Earthing** has been secured in the **Key Safe**.

OC8A.5.3 <u>Implementation of Earthing</u>

- OC8A.5.3.1 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then establish the agreed **Earthing**.
- OC8A.5.3.2 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall confirm to the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator that the agreed Earthing has been established, and identify the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus up to the Connection Point, for which the Earthing has been provided. The confirmation shall specify:
 - (a) for each Location, the identity (by means of HV Apparatus name, nomenclature and numbering or position, as is applicable) of each point of Earthing; and
 - (b) in respect of the **Earthing Device** used, whether it is:
 - (i) immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device has been Locked with a Safety Key, that the Safety Key has been secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not resonably practicable, that the Key Safe Key will be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (ii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which is in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee or the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that Userthat E&W User, as the case may be.

The confirmation of **Earthing** shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.

OC8A.5.3.3. The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall ensure that the established **Safety Precautions** are maintained until requested to be removed by the relevant **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator**.

OC8A.5.4 **RISSP** Issue Procedure

- OC8A.5.4.1 Where **Safety Precautions** on another **System(s)** are being provided to enable work on the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System**, before any work commences they must be recorded by a **RISSP** being issued. The **RISSP** is applicable to **HV Apparatus** up to the **Connection Point** identified in section 1.1 of the RISSP-R and RISSP-I forms.
- OC8A.5.4.2 Where **Safety Precautions** are being provided to enable work to be carried out on both sides of the **Connection Point** a **RISSP** will need to be issued for each side of the **Connection Point** with NGET the **Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee** and the respective **User** each enacting the role of **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator**. This will result in a RISSP-R and a RISSP-I form being completed by each of the NGET Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and the E&W User, with each Requesting Safety Co-ordinator issuing a separate RISSP number.
- OC8A.5.4.3 Once the **Safety Precautions** have been established (in accordance with OC8A.5.2 and OC8A.5.3), the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete parts 1.1 and 1.2 of a RISSP-I form recording the details specified in OC8A.5.1.3, OC8A.5.2.2 and OC8A.5.3.2. Where **Earthing** has not been requested, Part 1.2(b) will be completed with the words "not applicable" or "N/A". He shall then contact the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** to pass on these details.
- OC8A.5.4.4 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete Parts 1.1 and 1.2 of the RISSP-R, making a precise copy of the details received. On completion, the**Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall read the entries made back to the sender and check that an accurate copy has been made.
- OC8A.5.4.5 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall then issue the number of the **RISSP**, taken from the RISSP-R, to the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** who will ensure that the number, including the prefix and suffix, is accurately recorded in the designated space on the RISSP-I form.
- OC8A.5.4.6 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete and sign Part 1.3 of the RISSP-R and RISSP-I respectively and then enter the time and date. When signed no alteration to the **RISSP** is permitted; the **RISSP** may only be cancelled.
- OC8A.5.4.7 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator is then free to authorise work (including a test that does not affect the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System) in accordance with the requirements of the relevant internal safety procedures which apply to the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System. This is likely to involve the issue of safety documents or other relevant internal authorisations. Where testing is to be carried out which affects the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System, the procedure set out below in OC8A.6 shall be implemented.

OC8A.5.5 **RISSP** Cancellation Procedure

- OC8A.5.5.1 When the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** decides that **Safety Precautions** are no longer required, he will contact the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** to effect cancellation of the associated **RISSP**.
- OC8A.5.5.2 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** of the **RISSP** identifying number (including the prefix and suffix), and agree it is the **RISSP** to be cancelled.
- OC8A.5.5.3 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then respectively complete Part 2.1 of their respective RISSP-R and RISSP-I forms and shall then exchange details. The details being exchanged shall include their respective names and time and date. On completion of the exchange of details the respective **RISSP** is cancelled. The removal of **Safety Precautions** is as set out in OC8A.5.5.4 and OC8A.5.5.5.
- OC8A.5.5.4 Neither **Safety Co-ordinator** shall instruct the removal of any **Isolation** forming part of the **Safety Precautions** as part of the returning of the **HV Apparatus** to service until it is confirmed to each by each other that every earth on each side of the **Connection Point**, within the points of isolation identified on the **RISSP**, has been removed or disconnected by the provision of additional **Points of Isolation**.
- OC8A.5.5.5 Subject to the provisions in OC8A.5.5.4, the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is then free to arrange the removal of the Safety Precautions, the procedure to achieve that being entirely an internal matter for the party the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is representing. Where a Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, the Key Safe Key must be returned to the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator. The only situation in which any Safety Precautions may be removed without first cancelling the RISSP in accordance with OC8A.5.5 or OC8A.5.6 is when Earthing is removed in the situation envisaged in OC8A.6.2(b).

OC8A.5.6 **RISSP** Change Control

Nothing in this OC8A prevents NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and Users E&W Users agreeing to a simultaneous cancellation and issue of a new RISSP, if both agree. It should be noted, however, that the effect of that under the relevant Safety Rules is not a matter with which the Grid Code deals.

OC8A.6 <u>TESTING AFFECTING ANOTHER SAFETY CO-ORDINATOR'S SYSTEM</u>

OC8A.6.1 The carrying out of the test may affect **Safety Precautions** on **RISSPs** or work being carried out which does not require a **RISSP**. Testing can, for example, include the application of an independent test voltage. Accordingly, where the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** wishes to authorise the carrying out of such a test to which the procedures in OC8A.6 apply he may not do so and the test will not take place unless and until the steps in (a)-(c) below have been followed and confirmation of completion has been recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**:

- (a) confirmation must be obtained from the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** that:
 - (i) no person is working on, or testing, or has been authorised to work on, or test, any part of its System or another System(s) (other than the System of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator) within the points of Isolation identified on the RISSP form relating to the test which is proposed to be undertaken, and
 - (ii) no person will be so authorised until the proposed test has been completed (or cancelled) and the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** has notified the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** of its completion (or cancellation);
- (b) any other current **RISSPs** which relate to the parts of the **System** in which the testing is to take place must have been cancelled in accordance with procedures set out in OC8A.5.5;
- (c) the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator must agree with the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator to permit the testing on that part of the System between the points of Isolation identified in the RISSP associated with the test and the points of Isolation on the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- OC8A.6.2 (a) The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** as soon as the test has been completed or cancelled and the confirmation shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.
 - (b) When the test gives rise to the removal of **Earthing** which it is not intended to re-apply, the relevant **RISSP** associated with the test shall be cancelled at the completion or cancellation of the test in accordance with the procedure set out in either OC8A.5.5 or OC8A.5.6. Where the **Earthing** is re-applied following the completion or cancellation of the test, there is no requirement to cancel the relevant **RISSP** associated with the test pursuant to this OC8A.6.2.

OC8A.7 <u>EMERGENCY SITUATIONS</u>

- OC8A.7.1 There may be circumstances where **Safety Precautions** need to be established in relation to an unintended electrical connection or situations where there is an unintended risk of electrical connection between the **GB Transmission System** and a **Useran E&W User's System**, for example resulting from an incident where one line becomes attached or unacceptably close to another.
- OC8A.7.2 In those circumstances, if both NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and the respective E&W User agree, the relevant provisions of OC8A.5 will apply as if the electrical connections or potential connections were, solely for the purposes of this OC8A, a Connection Point.
- OC8A.7.3 (a) The relevant **Safety Co-ordinator** shall be that for the electrically closest existing **Connection Point** to that **E&W User's System** or such other local **Connection Point** as may be agreed between **NGETthe Relevant E&W**

<u>Transmission Licensee</u> and the <u>E&W</u> User, with discussions taking place between the relevant local **Safety Co-ordinators**. The **Connection Point** to be used shall be known in this OC8A.7.3 as the "relevant **Connection Point**".

- (b) The **Local Safety Instructions** shall be those which apply to the relevant **Connection Point**.
- (c) The prefix for the **RISSP** will be that which applies for the relevant **Connection Point.**

OC8A.8 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS RELATING TO WORKING ON EQUIPMENT NEAR TO THE HV SYSTEM

OC8A.8 applies to the situation where work is to be carried out at a Useran E&W User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee as the case may be, where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Coordinator's System. It does not apply to other situations to which OC8A applies. In this part of OC8A, a Permit for Work for proximity work is to be used, rather then the usual RISSP procedure, given the nature and effect of the work, all as further provided in the OC8A.8.

OC8A.8.1 Agreement of **Safety Precautions**

- OC8A.8.1.1 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator who requires Safety Precautions on another System(s) when work is to be carried out at a Useran E&W User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the User or NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System will contact the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator(s) to agree the Location of the Safety Precautions to be established, having as part of this process informed the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator of the equipment and the work to be undertaken. The respective Safety Co-ordinators will ensure that they discuss the request with their authorised site representative and that the respective authorised site representatives discuss the request at the Connection Site. This agreement will be recorded in the respective Safety Logs.
- OC8A.8.1.2 It is the responsibility of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator, working with his authorised site representative as appropriate, to ensure that adequate Safety Precautions are established and maintained, on his and/or another System connected to his System, to enable Safety From The System to be achieved for work to be carried out at a Useran E&W User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment and in relation to work which is to be identified in the relevant part of the Permit for Work for proximity work where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator. Reference to another System in this OC8A.8.1.2 shall not include the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System.

OC8A.8.1.3 In the event of disagreement

In any case where the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** are unable to agree the **Location** of the **Isolation** and (if requested) **Earthing**, both shall be at the closest available points on the infeeds to the **HV Apparatus** near to which the work is to be carried out as indicated on the **Operation Diagram**.

- OC8A.8.2 <u>Implementation of Isolation and Earthing</u>
- OC8A.8.2.1 Following the agreement of the **Safety Precautions** in accordance with OC8A.8.1 the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then establish the agreed **Isolation** and (if required) **Earthing**.
- OC8A.8.2.2 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall confirm to the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** that the agreed **Isolation** and (if required) **Earthing** has been established.
- OC8A.8.2.3 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall ensure that the established **Safety Precautions** are maintained until requested to be removed by the relevant **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator**.
- OC8A.8.3 Permit for Work for proximity work Issue Procedure
- OC8A.8.3.1 Where **Safety Precautions** on another **System(s)** are being provided to enable work to be carried out at a <u>Useran E&W User</u>'s **Site** or **Transmission Site** (as the case may be) on equipment where the work or equipment is in proximity to **HV Apparatus** of the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator**, before any work commences they must be recorded by a **Permit for Work for proximity work** being issued. The **Permit for Work for proximity work** shall identify the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator**'s **HV Apparatus** in proximity to the required work
- OC8A.8.3.2 Once the **Safety Precautions** have been established (in accordance with OC8A.8.2), the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall agree to the issue of the **Permit for Work for proximity work** with the appropriately authorised site representative of the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Site**. The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** of the **Permit for Work for proximity work** identifying number.
- OC8A.8.3.3 The appropriately authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Coordinator shall then issue the Permit for Work for proximity work to the appropriately authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator. The Permit for Work for proximity work will in the section dealing with the work to be carried out, be completed to identify that the work is near the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus. No further details of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's work will be recorded, as that is a matter for the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator in relation to his work.
- OC8A.8.3.4 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** is then free to authorise work in accordance with the requirements of the relevant internal safety procedures which apply to the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Site**. This is likely to involve the issue of safety documents or other relevant internal authorisations.

OC8A.8.4 Permit for Work for proximity work Cancellation Procedure

- OC8A.8.4.1 When the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** decides that **Safety Precautions** are no longer required, he will contact the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** to effect cancellation of the associated **Permit for Work for proximity work**.
- OC8A.8.4.2 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator will inform the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator of the Permit for Work for proximity work identifying number, and agree that the Permit for Work for proximity work can be cancelled. The cancellation is then effected by the appropriately authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator returning the Permit for Work for proximity work to the appropriately authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator.
- OC8A.8.4.3 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** is then free to arrange the removal of the **Safety Precautions**, the procedure to achieve that being entirely an internal matter for the party the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** is representing.

OC8A.9 LOSS OF INTEGRITY OF **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

OC8A.9.1 In any instance when any **Safety Precautions** may be ineffective for any reason the relevant **Safety Co-ordinator** shall inform the other **Safety Co-ordinator(s)** without delay of that being the case and, if requested, of the reasons why.

OC8A.10 SAFETY LOG

OC8A.10.1 NGET The Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and Users E&W Users shall maintain Safety Logs which shall be a chronological record of all messages relating to safety co-ordination under OC8A sent and received by the Safety Co-ordinator(s). The Safety Logs must be retained for a period of not less than one year.

OC8A - APPENDIX A

[NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee]

[_____CONTROL CENTRE/SITE]

	RECORD OF INTER-SYSTEM SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (RISSP-R)	
	(Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Record)	
PART	RISSP NUMBER	
1.1	HV APPARATUS IDENTIFICATION	
	Safety Precautions have been established by the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator (or by another System connected to the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System) to achieve (in so far as it is post the Connection Point) Safety From The System on the following HV Apparatus on the Requesting System: [State identity - name(s) and, where applicable, identification of the HV circuit(s) up to the Connection Point (s) and (s) and (s) and (s) are connected to the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator (or by another System) to achieve (in so far as it is post the Connection Point).	ssible from that side of Safety Co-ordinator's ction Point]:
	Further Safety precautions required on the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System as notified Safety Co-ordinator.	by the Implementing
1.2	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ESTABLISHED	
	(a) <u>ISOLATION</u>	
	[State the Location(s) at which Isolation has been established (whether on the Implementing Safety C or on the System of another User connected to the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System). For each point of Isolation . For each point of Isolation , state the means by which the Isolation has been a immobilised and Locked , Caution Notice affixed, other safety procedures applied, as appropriate.]	each Location , identify
	(b) <u>EARTHING</u>	
	[State the Location(s) at which Earthing has been established (whether on the Implementing Safety C or on the System of another User connected to the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System). For each point of Earthing . For each point of Earthing , state the means by which Earthing has been a immobilised and Locked , other safety procedures applied, as appropriate].	each Location , identify
1.3	<u>ISSUE</u>	
	I have received confirmation from (name of Imple ordinator) at (location) that the Safety Precautions 1.2 have been established and that instructions will not be issued at his location for their removal until this	
	Signed(Requesting Safety Co-ordinator)	
	at(time) on(Date)	
PART :	<u>- 2</u>	
2.1	CANCELLATION	
	I have confirmed to (name of the Implementing Sa (location) that the Safety Precautions set out in paragrequired and accordingly the RISSP is cancelled.	
	Signed(Requesting Safety Co-ordinator)	
	at(time) on(Date)	

OC8A - APPENDIX B

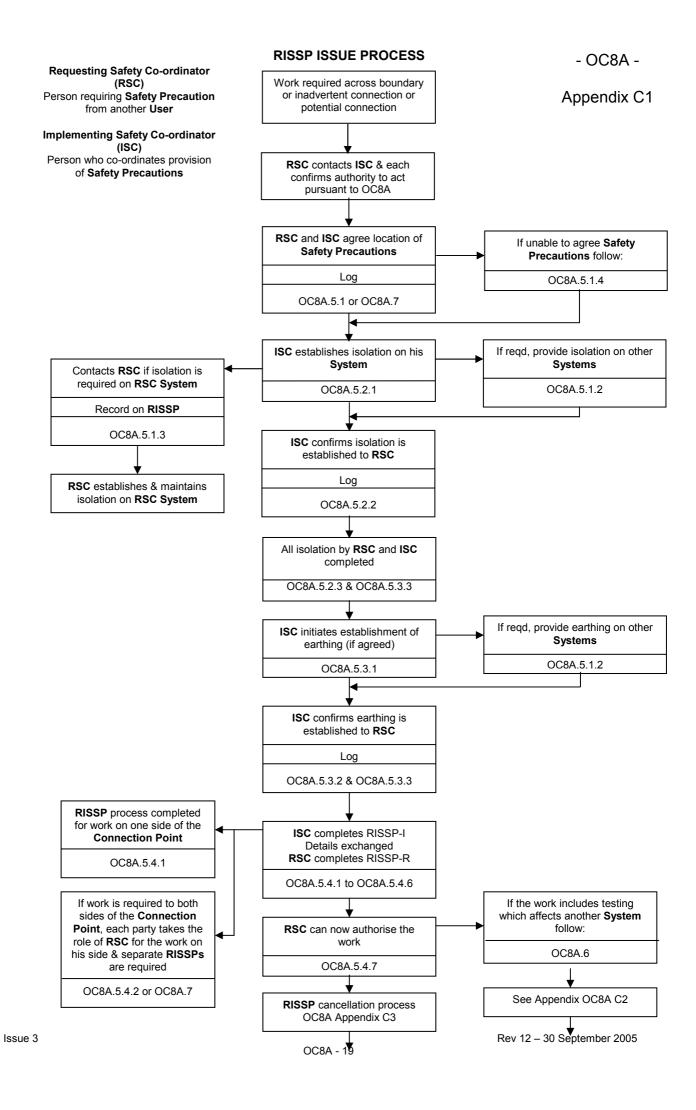
[NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee]

ſ	CONTROL	CENTRE/SITE
L		,

RECORD OF INTER-SYSTEM SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (RISSP-I) (Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's Record)

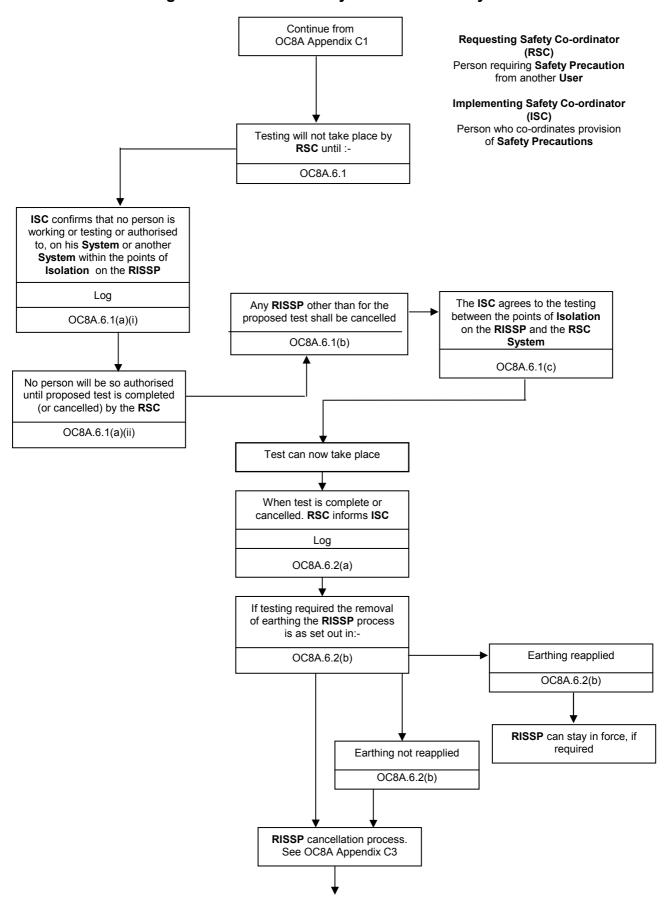
		<u> </u>						
<u>L</u>					RISSP NU	JMBER		
HV APPA	RATUS IDENTIFICAT	<u> TION</u>					' <u>-</u>	
System conn	recautions have bee onnected to the Implection Point) Safety State identity - name(ementing Safet From The Sys	y Co-ordina tem on the	ator's System) following HV	to achieve (in Apparatus on t	so far as i he Reque	t is possible	e from that sidety Co-ordina
	g of notification given ng Safety Co-ordinat		ing Safety C	Co-ordinator o	oncerning furth	ner Safety	Precaution	ns required or
SAFETY	PRECAUTIONS ESTA	ABLISHED						
(a)	ISOLATION							
or on the each poin	Location(s) at which System of another Us it of Isolation. For ea ed and Locked, Caut	ser connected to ch point of Isola	the Implenation, state	nenting Safety the means by	Co-ordinator which the Isola	's System ation has). For each been achie	Location, ide
or on the each poin	EARTHING Location(s) at which System of another Use to of Earthing. For e ed and Locked, other	ser connected to ach point of Ea	the Implen I rthing , state	nenting Safety e the means l	Co-ordinator by which Earth	's System). For each	Location, ide
[State the or on the each poir immobilise	Location(s) at which System of another Us at of Earthing. For e	ser connected to ach point of Ea safety procedur	o the Implementhing, state es applied, a	nenting Safety e the means las appropriate] as appropriate]	Co-ordinator y which Earth (name of Fafety Precaut	ds System ing has l Requestin tions iden	g Safety tified in pa	Co-ordinator
[State the or on the each poir immobilise state of the each poir immobilis	Location(s) at which System of another Us at of Earthing. For e ed and Locked, other confirmed to blished and that instru	ser connected to ach point of Ea safety procedur	o the Implementhing, state es applied, a	nenting Safety e the means las appropriate] ion) that the Simy location for	(name of Fafety Precaut	ds System ing has l Requestin tions iden	g Safety tified in pa	Co-ordinator
[State the or on the each poir immobilise state of the each poir immobilis	Location(s) at which System of another Use to of Earthing. For each and Locked, other confirmed to	ser connected to ach point of Ea safety procedur	o the Implementhing, state es applied, a	nenting Safety e the means las appropriate] ion) that the Simy location for	(name of Fafety Precaut	ds System ing has l Requestin tions iden	g Safety tified in pa	Co-ordinator
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[State the or on the each poir immobilised or on the each poir	Location(s) at which System of another Use to of Earthing. For each and Locked, other confirmed to	ser connected to ach point of Ea safety procedur uctions will not be	the Implement (locating) (locatin	ion) that the Smy location for ting Safety Co	(name of Fisafety Precaut their removal unit their name) that the Safety Coordinator)	Requesting identifications identified this RI	g Safety tified in pa SSP is can	Co-ordinator aragraph 1.2 celled.

Issue 3

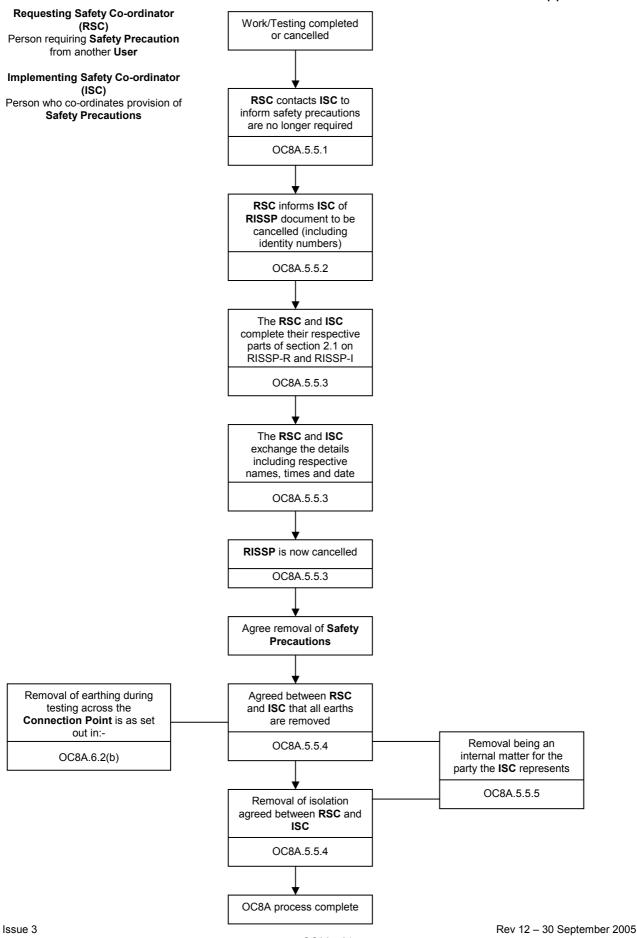


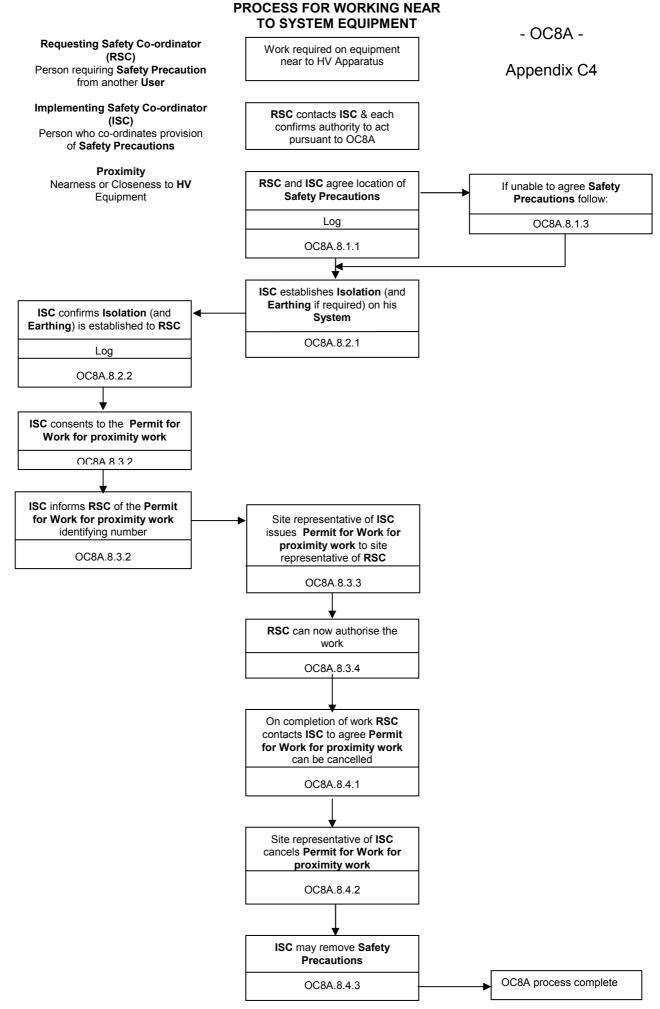
Where testing affects another Safety Co-ordinator's System

Appendix C2



Appendix C3





National Grid Safety Circular (NGSC)	NGSC Number:
RISSP prefixes - Issue x	Date: Issued By:
Example	

Pursuant to the objectives of The Grid Code, Operating Code 8A1 - Safety Co-ordination, this circular will be used in relation to all cross boundary safety management issues with the **NGETRelevant E&W Transmission Licensee** customers. Of particular note will be the agreed prefixes for the Record of Inter System Safety Precautions (RISSP) documents.

OC8A APPENDIX E [Form of NGETthe Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee Permit for Work]

PERMIT FOR WORK

No.	

1.	Location
	Equipment Identification
	Work to be done
2.	Precautions taken to achieve Safety from the System Points of Isolation
	Primary Earths
	Actions taken to avoid Danger by draining, venting, purging and containment or dissipation of stored energy*
	Further precautions to be taken during the course of the work to avoid System derived hazards*
3.	Precautions that may be varied*
4.	Preparation Control Person(s) (Safety) giving Consent Key Safe number*
	State whether this Permit for Work must be personally retained yes no
	Signed Senior Authorised Person Time Date
5.	Issue & Receipt Key Safe Number* Safety Keys (No. off)*
	Earthing Schedule Number* Portable Drain earths (No. off)*
	Recommendations for General Safety Report Number* Approved (ROMP)#/Card Safe#/ Procedure Number*
	Circuit Identification – Colours/ Symbols* Flags (No. off)* Wristlets (No. off)*
	Issued (Signed)
	Senior Authorised Person
	Received (Signed) Time Date
	Competent Person
	Name (Block letters) Company

delete as appropriate *write N/A if not applicable

February 1995

OPERATING CODE NO.8 Appendix 2 (OC8B)

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION IN SCOTLANDON SCOTTISH TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

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OPERATING CODE NO.8 Appendix 2 (OC8B)

SAFETY CO-ORDINATION IN SCOTLANDON SCOTTISH TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

OC8B.1 INTRODUCTION

OC8B.1.1 OC8B specifies the standard procedures to be used by NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees and Scottish Users for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on or near the GB Scottish Transmission System in Scotland or the System of a Scottish User in Scotland and when there is a need for Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus on the other's System for this work to be carried out safely. OC8B applies to Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees and Scottish Users only in Scotland. Where work is to be carried out on or near equipment in England and Waleson an E&W Transmission System or the Systems of E&W Users, but such work requires Safety Precautions to be established in Scotlandon a Scottish Transmission System or the Systems of Scottish Users, OC8B should be followed by the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and Scottish Users to establish the required Safety Precautions in Scotland.

OC8A specifies the procedures to be used by NGET the Relevant E&W Transmission Licensee and E&W Users in England and Wales.

NGET shall procure that **Relevant** <u>Scottish</u> <u>Transmission</u> <u>Licensees</u> shall comply with **OC8B** where and to the extent that such section applies to them.

In this OC8B the term "work" includes testing, other than System Tests which are covered by OC12.

- OC8B.1.2 OC8B also covers the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary safety precautions on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System when work is to be carried out at a Usera Scottish User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the Userthe Scottish User or the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee as the case may be where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- OC8B.1.3 OC8B does not apply to the situation where Safety Precautions need to be agreed solely between UsersScottish Users. OC8B does not apply to the situation where Safety Precautions need to be agreed solely between Transmission Licensees.
- OC8B.1.4 OC8B does not seek to impose a particular set of Safety Rules on Relevant

 Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees and

 Users Scottish Users. The Safety Rules to be adopted and used by the Relevant

 Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and each

 User shall be those chosen by each.
- OC8B.1.5 **Site Responsibility Schedules** document the control responsibility for each item of **Plant** and **Apparatus** for each site.

- OC8B.1.6 (a) The Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee may agree alternative site-specific operational procedures with UsersScottish Users for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of Safety Precautions instead of the Record of Inter-System Safety Precautions ("RISSP") procedure detailed in this OC8B. Such operational procedures shall satisfy the requirements of paragraphs OC8B.1.7, OC8B.2.1, OC8B.4.1, OC8B.4.2, OC8B.9, OC8B.10. These alternative site-specific operational procedures for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of Safety Precautions will be referenced in the relevant Site Responsibility Schedule.
 - (b) The Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee may agree with Users Scottish Users site-specific procedures for the application of Safety Precautions across the interface between Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and User in addition to and consistent with either the RISSP procedure or the alternative site-specific operational procedures described in OC8B.1.6 (a). These site-specific procedures will be referenced in the relevant Site Responsibility Schedule.
 - (c) The Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and the User the Scottish User shall comply with the procedures agreed pursant to OC8B.1.6 (a) and OC8B.1.6 (b).

OC8B.1.7 Defined terms

- OC8B.1.7.1 Users Scottish Users should bear in mind that in OC8 only, in order that OC8 reads more easily with the terminology used in certain Safety Rules, the term "HV Apparatus" is defined more restrictively and is used accordingly in OC8B. Users Scottish Users should, therefore, exercise caution in relation to this term when reading and using OC8B.
- OC8B.1.7.2 In **OC8** only the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "HV Apparatus" means High Voltage electrical circuits forming part of a System, on which Safety From The System may be required or on which Safety Precautions may be applied to allow work to be carried out on a System.
 - (2) "Isolation" means the disconnection of **Apparatus** from the remainder of the **System** in which that **Apparatus** is situated by either of the following:
 - (a) an **Isolating Device** maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be:
 - (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Coordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or

- (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission**<u>Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</u> or that User that Scottish User, as the case may be; or
- (b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or that **User**that **Scottish User**, as the case may be, and, if it is a part of that method, a **Caution Notice** must be placed at the point of separation; or
- (c) in the case where the relevant **HV Apparatus** of the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** is being either constructed or modified, an adequate physical separation as a result of a **No System Connection**.
- (3) "No System Connection" means an adequate physical separation (which must be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the Safety Rules of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus fom the rest of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System where such HV Apparatus has no installed means of being connected to, and will not for the duration of the Safety Precaution be connected to, a source of electrical energy or to any other part of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- (4) **"Earthing"** means a way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an **Earthing Device** which is either:
 - (i) immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable the Key Safe Key must be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (iii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission**<u>Licensee</u> Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or that Userthat Scottish User as the case may be.
- OC8B.1.7.3 For the purpose of the co-ordination of safety relating to **HV Apparatus** the term "Safety Precautions" means Isolation and/or Earthing.

OC8B.2 OBJECTIVE

- OC8B.2.1 The objective of **OC8B** is to achieve:-
 - (i) Safety From The System when work on or near a System necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on another System on HV Apparatus up to a Connection Point; and

- (ii) Safety From The System when work is to be carried out at a <u>Usera Scottish User</u>'s Site or a <u>Transmission Site</u> (as the case may be) on equipment of the <u>Userthe Scottish User</u> or the <u>Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</u> (as the case may be) where the work or equipment is near to <u>HV Apparatus</u> on the <u>Implementing Safety Coordinator's System</u>.
- OC8B.2.2 A flow chart, set out in **OC8B** Appendix C, illustrates the process utilised in **OC8B** to achieve the objective set out in OC8B.2.1. In the case of a conflict between the flow chart and the provisions of the written text of **OC8B**, the written text will prevail.

OC8B.3 SCOPE

- OC8B.3.1 OC8B applies to NGET, Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish

 Transmission Licensees and to Users Scottish Users, which in OC8 means:-
 - (a) Generators;
 - (b) Network Operators; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers.

The procedures for the establishment of safety co-ordination by **NGET** in relation to **External Interconnections** are set out in **Interconnection Agreements** with relevant persons for the **External Interconnections**.

OC8B.4 PROCEDURE

OC8B.4.1 Approval of Safety Rules

- OC8B.4.1.1 (a) In accordance with the timing requirements of its **Bilateral Agreement**, each **User** will supply to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** a copy of its **Safety Rules** relating to its side of the **Connection Point** at each **Connection Site**.
 - (b) In accordance with the timing requirements of each **Bilateral Agreement** the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** Relevant **Scottish Transmission Licensee** will supply to each **User** a copy of its **Safety Rules** relating to the **Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** at each **Connection Site**.
 - (c) Prior to connection the Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish
 Transmission Licensee and the User the Scottish User must have approved each other's relevant Safety Rules in relation to Isolation and Earthing.
- OC8B.4.1.2 Either party may require that the **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** provisions in the other party's **Safety Rules** affecting the **Connection Site** should be made more stringent in order that approval of the other party's **Safety Rules** can be given. Provided these requirements are not unreasonable, the other party will make such changes as soon as reasonably practicable. These changes may need to cover the application of **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** at a place remote from the **Connection Site**, depending upon the **System** layout. Approval may not be withheld because the party required to

approve reasonably believes the provisions relating to **Isolation** and/or **Earthing** are too stringent.

OC8B.4.1.3 If, following approval, a party wishes to change the provisions in its **Safety Rules** relating to **Isolation** and/or **Earthing**, it must inform the other party. If the change is to make the provisions more stringent, then the other party merely has to note the changes. If the change is to make the provisions less stringent, then the other party needs to approve the new provisions and the procedures referred to in OC8B.4.1.2 apply.

OC8B.4.2 Safety Co-ordinators

- OC8B.4.2.1 For each Connection Point, the Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and each Scottish User will have nominated to be available, to a timescale agreed in the Bilateral Agreement, a person or persons ("Safety Co-ordinator(s)") to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus pursuant to OC8B. A Safety Co-ordinator may be responsible for the co-ordination of safety on HV Apparatus at more than one Connection Point.
- OC8B.4.2.2 Each Safety Co-ordinator shall be authorised by the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or a Usera Scottish User, as the case may be, as competent to carry out the functions set out in OC8B to achieve Safety From The System. Confirmation from the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or a Usera Scottish User, as the case may be, that its Safety Co-ordinator(s) as a group are so authorised is dealt with, for UsersScottish Users, in CC.5.2 and for Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees in the STC. Only persons with such authorisation will carry out the provisions of OC8B. Each User shall, prior to being connected to the GB Transmission System, give notice in writing to the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee of its Safety Co-ordinator(s) and will update the written notice yearly and whenever there is a change to the identity of its Safety Co-ordinators or to the Connection Points. The Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee will, at the time of a Usera Scottish User being connected to the GB Transmission System give notice in writing to that User that Scottish User of the identity of its Safety Co-ordinator(s) and will update the written notice whenever there is a change to the Connection Points or Safety Co-ordinators.
- OC8B.4.2.3 Contact between **Safety Co-ordinators** will be made via normal operational channels, and accordingly separate telephone numbers for **Safety Co-ordinators** need not be provided.
- OC8B.4.2.4 If work is to be carried out on a **System**, or on equipment of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or a **Usera Scottish User** near to a **System**, as provided in this **OC8B**, which necessitates the provision of **Safety Precautions** on **HV Apparatus** in accordance with the provisions of **OC8B**, the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** who requires the **Safety Precautions** to be provided shall contact the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** to co-ordinate the establishment of the **Safety Precautions**.

OC8B.4.3 RISSP

- OC8B.4.3.1 OC8B sets out the procedures for utilising the RISSP, which will be used except where dealing with equipment in proximity to the other's **System** as provided in OC8B.8. Sections OC8B.4 to OC8B.7 inclusive should be read accordingly.
- OC8B.4.3.2 The Revant Transmission Licensee will use the format of the RISSP forms set out in Appendix A and Appendix B to OC8B, or any other format which may be agreed between the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and each User. That set out in OC8B Appendix A and designated as "RISSP-R", shall be used when the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee is the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, and that in OC8B Appendix B and designated as "RISSP-I", shall be used when the Relevant Transmission Licensee is the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator. Proformas of RISSP-R and RISSP-I will be provided for use by Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensees staff.
- OC8B.4.3.4 All references to RISSP-R and RISSP-I shall be taken as referring to the corresponding parts of the alternative forms or other tangible written or electronic records used by each **User** or **Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee**.
- OC8B.4.3.5 RISSP-R will have an identifying number written or printed on it, comprising a prefix which identifies the location at which it is issued, and a unique (for each **User** or **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be) serial number consisting of four digits and the suffix "R".
- OC8B.4.3.6 (a) In accordance with the timing requirements set out in the **Bilateral Agreement** each **User** shall apply in writing to **Relevant Transmission Licensee** Relevant **Scottish Transmission Licensee** for **Relevant Transmission Licensee**'s approval of its proposed prefix.
 - (b) Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee shall consider the proposed prefix to see if it is the same as (or confusingly similar to) a prefix used by Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or another User and shall, as soon as possible (and in any event within ten days), respond in writing to the User the Scottish User with its approval or disapproval.
 - (c) If Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee disapproves, it shall explain in its response why it has disapproved and will suggest an alternative prefix.
 - (d) If Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee has disapproved, then the User the Scottish User shall either notify Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee in writing of its acceptance of the suggested alternative prefix or it shall apply in

writing to Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee with revised proposals and the above procedure shall apply to that application.

OC8B.5 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ON HV APPARATUS

OC8B.5.1 <u>Agreement of Safety Precautions</u>

- OC8B.5.1.1 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator who requires Safety Precautions on another System(s) will contact the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator(s) to agree the Location of the Safety Precautions to be established. This agreement will be recorded in the respective Safety Logs.
- OC8B.5.1.2 It is the responsibility of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator to ensure that adequate Safety Precautions are established and maintained, on his and/or another System connected to his System, to enable Safety From The System to be achieved on the HV Apparatus, specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator which is to be identified in Part 1.1 of the RISSP. Reference to another System in this OC8B.5.1.2 shall not include the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System which is dealt with in OC8B.5.1.3.
- OC8B.5.1.3 When the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is of the reasonable opinion that it is necessary for Safety Precautions on the System of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, other than on the HV Apparatus specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, which is to be identified in Part 1.1 of the RISSP, he shall contact the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator and the details shall be recorded in part 1.1 of the RISSP forms. In these circumstances it is the responsibility of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator to establish and maintain such Safety Precautions.
- OC8B.5.1.4 The location of the **Safety Precautions** should be indicated on each **User's** operational diagram and labelled as per the local instructions of each **User**.

OC8B.5.1.5 In the event of disagreement

In any case where the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator and the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator are unable to agree the Location of the Isolation and (if requested) Earthing, both shall be at the closest available points on the infeeds to the HV Apparatus on which Safety From The System is to be achieved as indicated on the Operation Diagram.

OC8B.5.2 Implementation of Isolation

- OC8B.5.2.1 Following the agreement of the **Safety Precautions** in accordance with OC8B.5.1 the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then establish the agreed **Isolation**.
- OC8B.5.2.2 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall confirm to the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator that the agreed Isolation has been established, and identify the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus up to the Connection Point, for which the Isolation has been provided. The confirmation shall specify:
 - (a) for each **Location**, the identity (by means of **HV Apparatus** name, nomenclature and numbering or position, as applicable) of each point of **Isolation**:

- (b) whether **Isolation** has been achieved by an **Isolating Device** in the isolating position, by an adequate physical separation or as a result of a **No System Connection**:
- (c) where an **Isolating Device** has been used whether the isolating position is either:
 - (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device has been Locked with a Safety Key, the confirmation shall specify that the Safety Key has been secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site reresentative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable (including where Earthing has been requested in OC8B.5.1), the confirmation shall specify that the Key Safe Key will be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or
 - (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission**<u>Licensee</u>Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or that Userthat Scottish User, as the case may be; and
- (d) where an adequate physical separation has been used that it will be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee or that Userthat Scottish User, as the case may be, and, if it is a part of that method, that a Caution Notice has been placed at the point of separation;
- (e) where a No System Connection has been used the physical position of the No System Connection shall be defined and shall not be varied for the duration of the Safety Precaution and the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's relevant HV Apparatus will not, for the duration of the Safety Precaution be connected to a source of electrical energy or to any any other part of the Implmenting Safety Co-ordinator's System.

The confirmation of **Isolation** shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.

OC8B.5.2.3 Following the confirmation of Isolation being established by the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator and the necessary establishment of relevant Isolation on the Requesting Safety Co-ordinators System, the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator will then request the implementation of Earthing by the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator, if agreed in section OC8B.5.1. If the implementation of Earthing has been agreed, then the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall retain any Key Safe Key in safe custody until any Safety Key used for Earthing has been secured in the Key Safe.

OC8B.5.3 Implementation of **Earthing**

OC8B.5.3.1 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall then establish the agreed Earthing.

- OC8B.5.3.2 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall confirm to the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator that the agreed Earthing has been established, and identify the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus up to the Connection Point, for which the Earthing has been provided. The confirmation shall specify:
 - (a) for each Location, the identity (by means of HV Apparatus name, nomenclature and numbering or position, as is applicable) of each point of Earthing; and
 - (b) in respect of the **Earthing Device** used, whether it is:
 - (i) immobilised and Locked in the earthing position. Where the Earthing Device has been Locked with a Safety Key, that the Safety Key has been secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator where reasonably practicable and is to be retained in safe custody. Where not reasonably practicable, that the Key Safe Key will be retained by the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator in safe custody; or

(ii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which is in accordance with the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission**<u>Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee</u> or that <u>User that Scottish User</u>, as the case may be.

The confirmation of **Earthing** shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.

- OC8B.5.3.3. The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall ensure that the established **Safety Precautions** are maintained until requested to be removed by the relevant **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator**.
- OC8B.5.4 **RISSP** Issue Procedure
- OC8B.5.4.1 Where **Safety Precautions** on another **System(s)** are being provided to enable work on the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System**, before any work commences they must be recorded by a **RISSP** being issued. The **RISSP** is applicable to **HV Apparatus** up to the **Connection Point** identified in section 1.1 of the RISSP-R and RISSP-I forms.
- OC8B.5.4.2 Where **Safety Precautions** are being provided to enable work to be carried out on both sides of the **Connection Point** a **RISSP** will need to be issued for each side of the **Connection Point** with **Relevant Transmission Licensee** Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and the respective **User** each enacting the role of **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator**. This will result in a RISSP-R and a RISSP-I form being completed by each of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and the User the Scottish User, with each Requesting Safety Co-ordinator issuing a separate RISSP number.
- OC8B.5.4.3 Once the **Safety Precautions** have been established (in accordance with OC8B.5.2 and OC8B.5.3), the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete parts 1.1 and 1.2 of a RISSP-I form recording the details specified in OC8B.5.1.3, OC8B.5.2.2 and OC8B.5.3.2. Where **Earthing** has not been requested, Part 1.2(b) will be completed with the words "not applicable" or "N/A". He shall then contact the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** to pass on these details.
- OC8B.5.4.4 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete Parts 1.1 and 1.2 of the RISSP-R, making a precise copy of the details received. On completion, the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall read the entries made back to the sender and check that an accurate copy has been made.
- OC8B.5.4.5 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** shall then issue the number of the **RISSP**, taken from the RISSP-R, to the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** who will ensure that the number, including the prefix and suffix (where applicable), is accurately recorded in the designated space on the RISSP-I form.
- OC8B.5.4.6 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall complete and sign Part 1.3 of the RISSP-R and RISSP-I respectively and then enter the time and date. When signed no alteration to the **RISSP** is permitted; the **RISSP** may only be cancelled.
- OC8B.5.4.7 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** is then free to authorise work, but not testing, in accordance with the requirements of the relevant internal safety procedures which apply to the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System**. This is likely to involve the

issue of safety documents or other relevant internal authorisations. Where testing is to be carried out, the procedure set out below in OC8B.6 shall be implemented.

OC8B.5.5 RISSP Cancellation Procedure

- OC8B.5.5.1 When the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** decides that **Safety Precautions** are no longer required, he will contact the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** to effect cancellation of the associated **RISSP**.
- OC8B.5.5.2 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** of the **RISSP** identifying number, including the prefix and suffix (where applicable), and agree it is the **RISSP** to be cancelled.
- OC8B.5.5.3 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then respectively complete Part 2.1 of their respective RISSP-R and RISSP-I forms and shall then exchange details. The details being exchanged shall include their respective names and time and date. On completion of the exchange of details the respective **RISSP** is cancelled. The removal of **Safety Precautions** is as set out in OC8B.5.5.4 and OC8B.5.5.5.
- OC8B.5.5.4 Neither **Safety Co-ordinator** shall instruct the removal of any **Isolation** forming part of the **Safety Precautions** as part of the returning of the **HV Apparatus** to service until it is confirmed to each by each other that every earth on each side of the **Connection Point**, within the points of isolation identified on the **RISSP**, has been removed or disconnected by the provision of additional **Points of Isolation**.
- OC8B.5.5.5 Subject to the provisions in OC8B.5.5.4, the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is then free to arrange the removal of the Safety Precautions, the procedure to achieve that being entirely an internal matter for the party the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator is representing. Where a Key Safe Key has been given to the authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator, the Key Safe Key must be returned to the authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator. The only situation in which any Safety Precautions may be removed without first cancelling the RISSP in accordance with OC8B.5.5 or OC8B.5.6 is when Earthing is removed in the situation envisaged in OC8B.6.2(b).

OC8B.5.6 RISSP Change Control

Nothing in this OC8B prevents Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and UsersScottish Users agreeing to a simultaneous cancellation and issue of a new RISSP, if both agree. It should be noted, however, that the effect of that under the relevant Safety Rules is not a matter with which the Grid Code deals.

OC8B.6 TESTING

OC8B.6.1 The carrying out of the test may affect **Safety Precautions** on **RISSPs** or work being carried out which does not require a **RISSP**. Testing can, for example, include the application of an independent test voltage. Accordingly, where the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** wishes to authorise the carrying out of such a test to which the procedures in OC8B.6 apply he may not do so and the test will not take place unless

and until the steps in (a)-(c) below have been followed and confirmation of completion has been recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**:

- (a) confirmation must be obtained from the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** that:
 - (i) no person is working on, or testing, or has been authorised to work on, or test, any part of its System or another System(s) (other than the System of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator) within the points of Isolation identified on the RISSP form relating to the test which is proposed to be undertaken, and
 - (ii) no person will be so authorised until the proposed test has been completed (or cancelled) and the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator has notified the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator of its completion (or cancellation);
- (b) any other current **RISSPs** which relate to the parts of the **System** in which the testing is to take place must have been cancelled in accordance with procedures set out in OC8B.5.5;
- (c) the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator must agree with the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator to permit the testing on that part of the System between the points of Isolation identified in the RISSP associated with the test and the points of Isolation on the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System.
- OC8B.6.2 (a) The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** as soon as the test has been completed or cancelled and the confirmation shall be recorded in the respective **Safety Logs**.
 - (b) When the test gives rise to the removal of **Earthing** which it is not intended to re-apply, the relevant **RISSP** associated with the test shall be cancelled at the completion or cancellation of the test in accordance with the procedure set out in either OC8B.5.5 or OC8B.5.6. Where the **Earthing** is re-applied following the completion or cancellation of the test, there is no requirement to cancel the relevant **RISSP** associated with the test pursuant to this OC8B.6.2.

OC8B.7 <u>EMERGENCY SITUATIONS</u>

- OC8B.7.1 There may be circumstances where **Safety Precautions** need to be established in relation to an unintended electrical connection or situations where there is an unintended risk of electrical connection between the **GB Transmission System** and a **Usera Scottish User's System**, for example resulting from an incident where one line becomes attached or unacceptably close to another.
- OC8B.7.2 In those circumstances, if both the Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee the User the Scottish User agree, the relevant provisions of OC8B.5 will apply as if the electrical connections or potential connections were, solely for the purposes of this OC8B, a Connection Point.
- OC8B.7.3 (a) The relevant **Safety Co-ordinator** shall be that for the electrically closest existing **Connection Point** to that **User**that **Scottish User**'s **System** or such other local **Connection Point** as may be agreed between the **Relevant**

Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee and the Userthe Scottish User, with discussions taking place between the relevant local Safety Co-ordinators. The Connection Point to be used shall be known in this OC8B.7.3 as the "relevant Connection Point".

- (c) The **Safety Rules** shall be those which apply to the relevant **Connection Point**.
- (c) The prefix for the **RISSP** (where applicable) will be that which applies for the relevant **Connection Point**.

OC8B.8 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS RELATING TO WORKING ON EQUIPMENT NEAR TO THE HV SYSTEM

OC8B.8 applies to the situation where work is to be carried out at a Usera Scottish User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the Userthe Scottish User or a Relevant Transmission Licensee Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee as the case may be, where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System. It does not apply to other situations to which OC8B applies. In this part of OC8B, a Permit for Work for proximity work is to be used, rather then the usual RISSP procedure, given the nature and effect of the work, all as further provided in the OC8B.8.

OC8B.8.1 Agreement of **Safety Precautions**

- OC8B.8.1.1 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator who requires Safety Precautions on another System(s) when work is to be carried out at a Usera Scottish User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment of the Userthe Scottish User or a Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensee, as the case may be, where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System will contact the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator(s) to agree the Location of the Safety Precautions to be established, having as part of this process informed the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator of the equipment and the work to be undertaken. The respective Safety Co-ordinators will ensure that they discuss the request with their authorised site representative and that the respective authorised site representatives discuss the request at the Connection Site. This agreement will be recorded in the respective Safety Logs.
- OC8B.8.1.2 It is the responsibility of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator, working with his authorised site representative as appropriate, to ensure that adequate Safety Precautions are established and maintained, on his and/or another System connected to his System, to enable Safety From The System to be achieved for work to be carried out at a Usera Scottish User's Site or a Transmission Site (as the case may be) on equipment and in relation to work which is to be identified in the relevant part of the Permit for Work for proximity work where the work or equipment is near to HV Apparatus of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System specified by the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator. Reference to another System in this OC8B.8.1.2 shall not include the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's System.

OC8B.8.1.3 In the event of disagreement

In any case where the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** and the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** are unable to agree the **Location** of the **Isolation** and (if requested) **Earthing**, both shall be at the closest available points on the infeeds to the **HV Apparatus** near to which the work is to be carried out as indicated on the **Operation Diagram**.

OC8B.8.2 <u>Implementation of Isolation and Earthing</u>

- OC8B.8.2.1 Following the agreement of the **Safety Precautions** in accordance with OC8B.8.1 the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall then establish the agreed **Isolation** and (if required) **Earthing**.
- OC8B.8.2.2 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall confirm to the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** that the agreed **Isolation** and (if required) **Earthing** has been established.
- OC8B.8.2.3 The Implementing Safety Co-ordinator shall ensure that the established Safety Precautions are maintained until requested to be removed by the relevant Requesting Safety Co-ordinator.

OC8B.8.3 Permit for Work for proximity work Issue Procedure

- OC8B.8.3.1 Where **Safety Precautions** on another **System(s)** are being provided to enable work to be carried out at a <u>Usera Scottish User</u>'s **Site** or **Transmission Site** (as the case may be) on equipment where the work or equipment is in proximity to **HV Apparatus** of the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator**, before any work commences they must be recorded by a **Permit for Work for proximity work** being issued. The **Permit for Work for proximity work** shall identify the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator**'s **HV Apparatus** in proximity to the required work
- OC8B.8.3.2 Once the **Safety Precautions** have been established (in accordance with OC8B.8.2), the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** shall agree to the issue of the **Permit for Work for proximity work** with the appropriately authorised site representative of the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Site**. The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** will inform the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** of the **Permit for Work for proximity work** identifying number.
- OC8B.8.3.3 The appropriately authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Coordinator shall then issue the Permit for Work for proximity work to the appropriately authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator. The Permit for Work for proximity work will in the section dealing with the work to be carried out, be completed to identify that the work is near the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's HV Apparatus. No further details of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's work will be recorded, as that is a matter for the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator in relation to his work.
- OC8B.8.3.4 The **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** is then free to authorise work in accordance with the requirements of the relevant internal safety procedures which apply to the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Site**. This is likely to involve the issue of safety documents or other relevant internal authorisations.

OC8B.8.4 Permit for Work for proximity work Cancellation Procedure

- OC8B.8.4.1 When the **Requesting Safety Co-ordinator** decides that **Safety Precautions** are no longer required, he will contact the relevant **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** to effect cancellation of the associated **Permit for Work for proximity work**.
- OC8B.8.4.2 The Requesting Safety Co-ordinator will inform the relevant Implementing Safety Co-ordinator of the Permit for Work for proximity work identifying number, and agree that the Permit for Work for proximity work can be cancelled. The cancellation is then effected by the appropriately authorised site representative of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator returning the Permit for Work for proximity work to the appropriately authorised site representative of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator.
- OC8B.8.4.3 The **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** is then free to arrange the removal of the **Safety Precautions**, the procedure to achieve that being entirely an internal matter for the party the **Implementing Safety Co-ordinator** is representing.
- OC8B.9 LOSS OF INTEGRITY OF **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**
- OC8B.9.1 In any instance when any **Safety Precautions** may be ineffective for any reason the relevant **Safety Co-ordinator** shall inform the other **Safety Co-ordinator(s)** without delay of that being the case and, if requested, of the reasons why.
- OC8B.10 SAFETY LOG
- OC8B.10.1 Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission Licensees and UsersScottish Users shall maintain Safety Logs which shall be a chronological record of all messages relating to safety co-ordination under OC8 sent and received by the Safety Co-ordinator(s). The Safety Logs must be retained for a period of not less than six years.

RECORD OF INTER-SYSTEM SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (RISSP-R) (Requesting Safety Co-ordinator's Record)

	RISSP NUMBER
Part 1	
1.1	CIRCUIT IDENTIFICATION
	Safety Precautions have been established by the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator to achieve Safety From The System on the following HV Apparatus:
1.2	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ESTABLISHED
	(a) <u>ISOLATION</u>
	State the Locations(s) at which Isolation has been established on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System. For each Location, identify each point of Isolation. For each point of Isolation state, the means by which the Isolation has been achieved, and whether, immobilised and Locked, Caution Notice affixed, other Safety Precautions applied, as appropriate.

(b) EARTHING

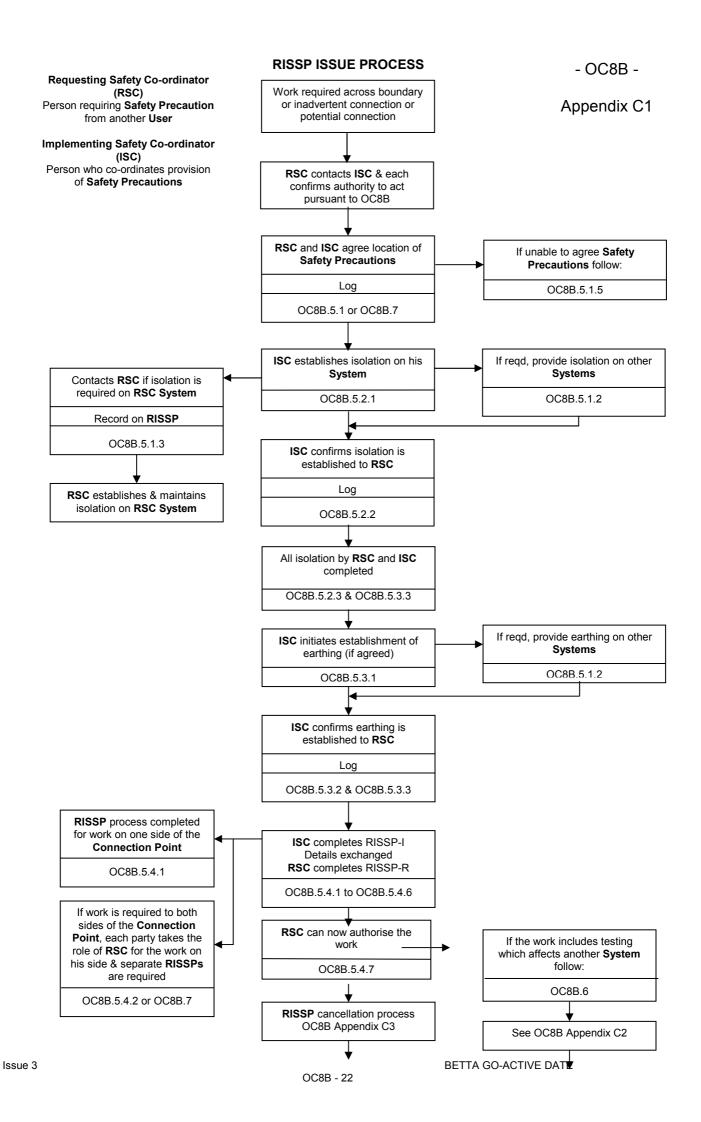
	State the Locations(s) at which Earthing has been established on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System. For each Location, identify each point of Earthing. For each point of Earthing state, the means by which the Earthing has been achieved, and whether, immobilised and Locked, other Safety Precautions applied, as appropriate.
1.3	<u>ISSUE</u>
	I have received confirmation from (name of Implementing Safety Co-ordinator) at (Location) that the Safety Precautions identified in paragraph 1.2 have been established and that instructions will not be issued at his Location for their removal until this RISSP is cancelled.
	Signed (Requesting Safety Co-ordinator)
	at (time) on (date)
PART 2	
2.1	CANCELLATION
	I have confirmed to (name of the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator) at (Location) that the Safety Precautions set out in paragraph 1.2 are no longer required and accordingly the RISSP is cancelled.
	Signed (Requesting Safety Co-ordinator)
	at (time) on (date)

RECORD OF INTER-SYSTEM SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (RISSP-I) (Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's Record)

	RISSP NUMBER
PART 1	
1.1	CIRCUIT IDENTIFICATION
	Safety Precautions have been established by the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator to achieve Safety From The System on the following HV Apparatus:
1.2	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ESTABLISHED
	(a) <u>ISOLATION</u>
	State the Location(s) at which isolation has been established on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System. For each Location, identify each point of Isolation. For each point of Isolation state, the means by which the Isolation has been achieved, and whether, immobilised and Locked, Caution Notice affixed, other Safety Precautions applied, as appropriate.

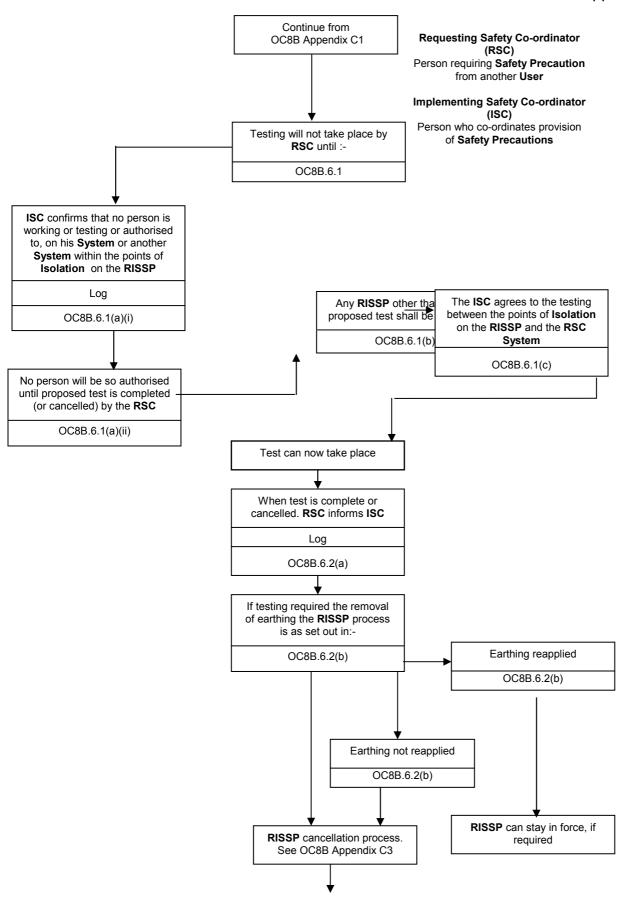
(b) EARTHING

	State the Location(s) at which Earthing has been established on the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator's System. For each Location, identify each point of Earthing. For each point of Earthing state, the means by which the Earthing has been achieved, and whether, immobilised and Locked, other Safety Precautions applied, as appropriate.
4.0	ICCUIT.
1.3	I confirmed to (name of Requesting Safety Co-ordinator) at (Location) that the Safety Precautions identified in paragraph 1.2 have been established and that instructions will not be issued at my Location for their removal until this RISSP is cancelled.
	Signed (Implementing Safety Co-ordinator)
	at (time) on (date)
PART 2	
2.1	CANCELLATION
	I have received confirmation from (name of the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator) at (Location) that the Safety Precautions set out in paragraph 1.2 are no longer required and accordingly the RISSP is cancelled.
	Signed (Implementing Safety Co-ordinator)
	at (time) on (date)
(Note: This	s form to be of a different colour from RISSP-R.)

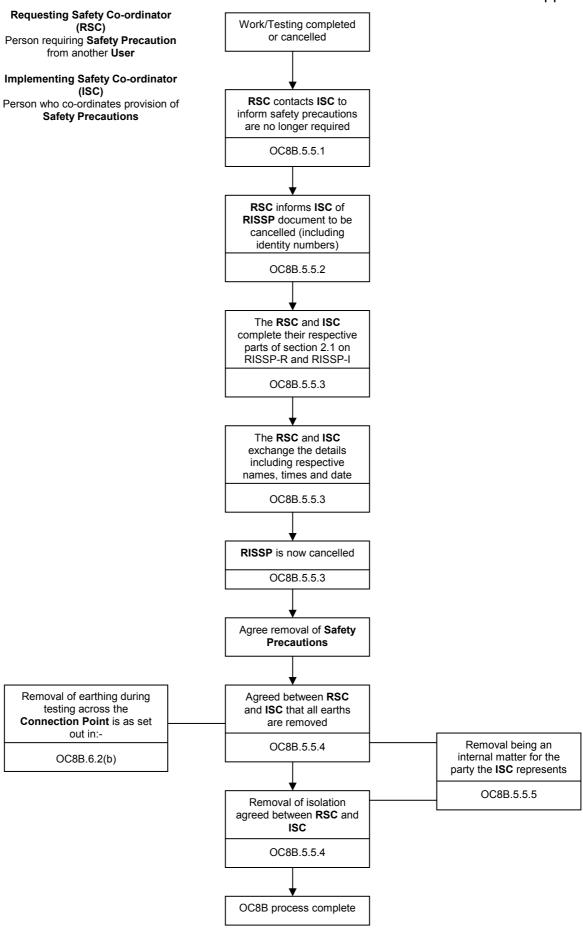


Where testing affects another Safety Co-ordinator's System

Appendix C2



Appendix C3



PROCESS FOR WORKING NEAR

OC8B - Appendix D

Not Used

OC8B APPENDIX E

Scottish & Southern Energy plc

PERMIT-TO-WORK

No.

1.	ISSUE
То	
work (ollowing High Voltage Apparatus has been made safe in accordance with the Operational Safety Rules for the detailed on this Permit-to-Work to proceed:
	TREAT ALL OTHER APPARATUS AS LIVE
	t Main Earths are applied at:
Other	precautions (see Operational Safety Rules 3.2.1(b), 4.6.2(c) and 5.5.3), and any special instructions:
	ollowing work is to be carried out:
	t Indentification Issued: Colour
Name	:: (print):
 2.	RECEIPT
	ept responsibility for carrying out the work on the Apparatus detailed on this Permit-to-Work, applying additional s as necessary. No attempt will be made by me, or by the persons under my charge, to work on any other ratus.
Name	: (print):
Circui	t Indentification Equipment Checked as above (Initials):
3.	CLEARANCE
	rsons under my control have been withdrawn and warned that it is no longer safe to work on the Apparatus ed on this Permit-to Work.
All ge	ar, tools and additional earths have/have not* been removed. The works is/is not* complete.
All cire	cuit identification equipment issued as above has been returned
Name	: (print):
	* Delete where not applicable
4.	CANCELLATION
This F	Permit-to-Work is cancelled.
Nama	(vicint): Signature: Time: Deter

OC8B APPENDIX E

Scottish Power

		PERMIT FOR WORK	No.
		KEY SAFE	No.
1.	(i)	LOCATION	
	(ii)	PLANT/APPARATUS IDENTIFICATION	
	(11)		
	(iii)	WORK TO BE DONE	
2.	(i)	PRECAUTIONS TAKEN TO ACHIEVE SAFETY FROM THE SYSTEM: State Plant/Apparatus has been Isolated and specify position(s) of Earthing Device taken to avoid Danger by draining, venting, purging and containment or dissipated	s applied. State actions
_			
Cau		Notices have been affixed to all points of isolation	/ TO AVOID OVOTEM
	(ii)	FURTHER PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING THE COURSE OF WORK DERIVED HAZARDS	R TO AVOID SYSTEM
that Per	preca	onfirmed with the Control Person(s)*	maintain these until this
This	Peri	mit for Work must only be transferred under the Personal Supervision of a Se	nior Authorised
Per	son*		
Sigr	ned .	being a Senior Authorised Person . Time:	Date:
3.	ISS		-
(i) K	Key S	afe Key (No.)* (ii) Earthing Schedule* (iii) Portable Drain Eartl	hs (No. off)*
(iv)	Selec	cted Person's Report (No.)*(v) Circuit Identification Flags (N	No. off)*
(vi)	Circu	uit Identification Wristlets (No. off)* and Colours/Symbols	
Sigr	ned	being the Senior Authorised Person response	sible
		for the issue of this Permit for Work Time:	Date:

Signed		Name	e (Block Letters)		
		n in the employ of Firm				
	8 2 0 8 3 4 0 8 0	Т	RANSFER RE	CORD		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PART	1	PART 2		PART	- 3	
Person	Time	Senior		eceiving reissued	Senior	Time
surrendering Document	Date	Authorised Person receiving suspended Document *	Signature	Name (Block Letters)	Authorised Person reissuing document	Date
5. CLEARAN warned no been remo	CE: I certif t to work on wed and gu	iving re-issued Docume fy that all persons work h, the Plant/Apparatus ards and access doors	ing under this F in Section 1. <i>A</i> shave been rep	dermit for Work have all gears, tools, Drain laced, except for:	e been withdrawn fro Earths and loose m	naterial have
Signed				ent Person responsi		
ŭ			earing this Pern		Time Date	e
Person(s)* the Plant/Appa	ratus to se	bein	ed of the cance	lation and of any rest	rictions on returning	
*N/A if Not Appl	icable					
		<	End of OC	8B >		
		~	End of O	ିଥ >		

Issue 3 BETTA GO-ACTIVE DATE OC8B - 29

OPERATING CODE NO.9

CONTINGENCY PLANNING

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(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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OPERATING CODE NO.9

CONTINGENCY PLANNING

OC9.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Operating Code No.9 ("OC9") covers the following:

OC9.1.1 Black Starts

The implementation of recovery procedures following a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**.

OC9.1.2 **Re-Synchronisation** of Islands

The Re-Synchronisation of parts of the Total System which have become Out of Synchronism with each other irrespective of whether or not a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown has occurred.

OC9.1.3 **Joint System Incident** Procedure

The establishment of a communication route and arrangements between senior management representatives of **NGET** and **Users** involved in, or who may be involved in, an actual or potential serious or widespread disruption to the **Total System** or a part of the **Total System**, which requires, or may require, urgent managerial response, day or night, but which does not fall within the provisions of OC9.1.4.

- OC9.1.4 It should be noted that under section 96 of the **Act** the **Secretary of State** may give directions to **NGET** and/or any **Generator** and/or any **Supplier**, for the purpose of "mitigating the effects of any civil emergency which may occur" (ie. for the purposes of planning for a civil emergency); a civil emergency is defined in the **Act** as "any natural disaster or other emergency which, in the opinion of the **Secretary of State**, is or may be likely to disrupt electricity supplies". Under the Energy Act 1976, the **Secretary of State** has powers to make orders and give directions controlling the production, supply, acquisition or use of electricity, where an Order in Council under section 3 is in force declaring that there is an actual or imminent emergency affecting electricity supplies. In the event that any such directions are given, or orders made under the **Energy Act 1976**, the provisions of the **Grid Code** will be suspended in so far as they are inconsistent with them.
- OC9.1.5 NGET shall procure that Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees shall comply with OC9.4 and OC9.5 and any relevant Local Joint Restoration Plan or OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure where and to the extent that such matters apply to them.

OC9.2 OBJECTIVE

The overall objectives of **OC9** are:

OC9.2.1 To achieve, as far as possible, restoration of the **Total System** and associated **Demand** in the shortest possible time, taking into account **Power Station** capabilities, including **Embedded Generating Units**, **External Interconnections** and the operational constraints of the **Total System**.

- OC9.2.2 To achieve the **Re-Synchronisation** of parts of the **Total System** which have become **Out of Synchronism** with each other.
- OC9.2.3 To ensure that communication routes and arrangements are available to enable senior management representatives of **NGET** and **Users**, who are authorised to make binding decisions on behalf of **NGET** or the relevant **User**, as the case may be, to communicate with each other in the situation described in OC9.1.3.
- OC9.2.4 To describe the role that in Scotland—respect of Scottish Transmission

 Systems, a Relevant Transmission LicenseeRelevant Scottish Transmission

 Licensees may have in the restoration processes as detailed in the relevant OC9

 De-Synchronised Island Procedures and Local Joint Restoration Plans.
- OC9.2.5 To identify and address as far as possible the events and processes necessary to enable the restoration of the **Total System**, after a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**. This is likely to require the following key processes to be implemented, typically, but not necessarily, in the order given below:
 - i) Selectively implement Local Joint Restoration Plans
 - ii) Expand Power Islands to supply Power Stations
 - iii) Expand and merge Power Islands leading to Total System energisation
 - iv) Selectively reconnect **Demand**
 - v) Facilitate and coordinate returning the **Total System** back to normal operation leading to the resumption of the **Balancing Mechanism**.

OC9.3 <u>SCOPE</u>

- OC9.3.1 OC9 applies to NGET and to Users, which in OC9 means:-
 - (a) **Generators**;
 - (b) **Network Operators**; and
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers.
- OC9.3.2 The procedure for the establishment of emergency support/contingency planning between NGET and Externally Interconnected System Operators is set out in the Interconnection Agreement with each Externally Interconnected System Operator.
- OC9.3.3 In Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems, OC9.4 and OC9.5 also apply to Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees.

OC9.4 BLACK START

Total Shutdown and Partial Shutdown

OC9.4.1 A "Total Shutdown" is the situation existing when all generation has ceased and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections. Therefore, the Total System has shutdown with the result that it is not possible for the Total System to begin to function again without NGET's directions relating to a Black Start.

- OC9.4.2 A "Partial Shutdown" is the same as a Total Shutdown except that all generation has ceased in a separate part of the Total System and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections or other parts of the Total System to that part of the Total System. Therefore, that part of the Total System is shutdown with the result that it is not possible for that part of the Total System to begin to function again without NGET's directions relating to a Black Start.
- OC9.4.3 During a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** and during the subsequent recovery, the **Licence Standards** may not apply and the **Total System** may be operated outside normal voltage and **Frequency** standards.
- OC9.4.4 In a **Total Shutdown** and in a **Partial Shutdown** and during the subsequent recovery, it is likely to be necessary for **NGET** to issue **Emergency Instructions** in accordance with BC2.9.

OC9.4.5 Black Start Stations

- OC9.4.5.1 Certain **Power Stations** ("**Black Start Stations**") are registered, pursuant to the **Bilateral Agreement** with a **User**, as having an ability for at least one of its **Gensets** to **Start-Up** from **Shutdown** and to energise a part of the **Total System**, or be **Synchronised** to the **System**, upon instruction from **NGET** within two hours, without an external electrical power supply ("**Black Start Capability**").
- OC9.4.5.2 For each Black Start Station, a Local Joint Restoration Plan will be produced jointly by NGET, the relevant Generator and Network Operator in accordance with the provisions of OC9.4.7.12. The Local Joint Restoration Plan will detail the agreed method and procedure by which a Genset at a Black Start Station (possibly with other Gensets at that Black Start Station) will energise part of the Total System and meet complementary local Demand so as to form a Power Island.
- OC9.4.5.3 In Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems, a Local Joint Restoration Plan may cover more than one Black Start Station and may be produced with and include obligations on Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensees, Generators responsible for Gensets not at a Black Start Station and other Users.

OC9.4.6 Black Start Situation

In the event of a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**, **NGET** will, as soon as reasonably practical, inform **Users** (or, in the case of a **Partial Shutdown**, **Users** which in **NGET's** opinion need to be informed) and the **BSCCo** that a **Total Shutdown**, or, as the case may be, a **Partial Shutdown**, exists and that **NGET** intends to implement a **Black Start**. Following such notification, in accordance with the provisions of the **BSC**, the **BSSCo** may determine the time with effect from which the **Balancing Mechanism** is suspended.

In <u>Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems</u>, in exceptional circumstances, as specified in the <u>Local Joint Restoration Plan</u>, <u>the Relevant Transmission LicenseeSPT and/or SHETL</u>, may invoke such <u>Local Joint Restoration Plan</u> for its own <u>Transmission System_and Scottish Offshore Transmission Systems</u> connected to it and operate within its provisions.

OC9.4.7 Black Start

- OC9.4.7.1 The procedure necessary for a recovery from a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** is known as a **"Black Start"**. The procedure for a **Partial Shutdown** is the same as that for a **Total Shutdown** except that it applies only to a part of the **Total System**. It should be remembered that a **Partial Shutdown** may affect parts of the **Total System** which are not themselves shutdown.
- OC9.4.7.2 The complexities and uncertainties of recovery from a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** require that **OC9** is sufficiently flexible in order to accommodate the full range of **Genset** and **Total System** characteristics and operational possibilities, and this precludes the setting out in the **Grid Code** itself of concise chronological sequences. The overall strategy will, in general, include the overlapping phases of establishment of **Genset(s)** at an isolated **Power Station**, together with complementary local **Demand**, termed **"Power Islands**", step by step integration of these **Power Islands** into larger sub-systems which includes utilising the procedures in OC9.5 (**Re-Synchronisation** of **De-Synchronised Island**) and eventually re-establishment of the complete **Total System**.

NGET Instructions

OC9.4.7.3 The procedures for a **Black Start** will, therefore, be those specified by **NGET** at the time. These will normally recognise any applicable **Local Joint Restoration Plan. Users** shall abide by **NGET's** instructions during a **Black Start** situation, even if these conflict with the general overall strategy outlined in OC9.4.7.2 or any applicable **Local Joint Restoration Plan**. **NGET's** instructions may (although this list should not be regarded as exhaustive) be to a **Black Start Station** relating to the commencement of generation, to a **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** relating to the restoration of **Demand**, and to a **Power Station** relating to preparation for commencement of generation when an external power supply is made available to it, and in each case may include the requirement to undertake switching.

In <u>Scotland</u> respect of <u>Scottish Transmission Systems</u> the <u>Relevant Transmission LicenseeSPT</u> and <u>SHETL</u> will act on <u>NGET's</u> behalf in accordance with its duties under the relevant <u>Local Joint Restoration Plan</u>. <u>Scottish Users</u> shall abide by the <u>Relevant Transmission Licensee'sSPT's</u> or <u>SHETL's</u> instructions given in accordance with the <u>Local Joint Restoration Plan</u> during a <u>Black Start</u> situation.

OC9.4.7.4 (a) During a **Black Start** situation, instructions in relation to **Black Start Stations** and to **Network Operators** will be deemed to be **Emergency Instructions** in BC2.9, and will recognise any differing **Black Start** operational capabilities (however termed) set out in the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** in preference to the declared operational capability as registered pursuant to **BC1** (or as amended from time to time in accordance with the **BCs**). For the purposes of these instructions the **Black Start** will be an emergency circumstance under BC2.9.

In Scotland, **Gensets** that are not at **Black Start Stations**, but which are part of a **Local Joint Restoration Plan**, may be instructed in accordance with the provisions of that **Local Joint Restoration Plan**.

During a Black Start situation, instructions in relation to Power Stations and to Network Operators which are not part of a Local Joint Restoration Plan, will be deemed to be Emergency Instructions in

- accordance with the BC2.9. For the purposes of these instructions the **Black Start** will be an emergency circumstance under BC2.9.
- If during the **Demand** restoration process any **Genset** cannot, because of (b) the **Demand** being experienced, keep within its safe operating parameters, the Generator shall, unless a Local Joint Restoration Plan is in operation, inform **NGET**. **NGET** will, where possible, either instruct Demand to be altered or will re-configure the GB Transmission System or will instruct a User to re-configure its System in order to alleviate the problem being experienced by the **Generator**. If a **Local Joint** Restoration Plan is in operation, then the arrangements set out therein shall apply. However, NGET accepts that any decision to keep a Genset operating, if outside its safe operating parameters, is one for the Generator concerned alone and accepts that the Generator may change generation on that **Genset** if it believes it is necessary for safety reasons (whether relating to personnel or Plant and/or Apparatus). If such a change is made without prior notice, then the Generator shall inform NGET as soon as reasonably practical (unless a Local Joint Restoration Plan is in operation in which case the arrangements set out therein shall apply).

Embedded Power Stations

OC9.4.7.5 Without prejudice to the provisions of OC9.4.7.8, **Network Operators** with **Embedded Power Stations** will comply with any directions of **NGET** to restore **Demand** to be met by the **Embedded Power Stations**.

Local Joint Restoration Plan operation

- OC9.4.7.6 (a) The following provisions apply in relation to a Local Joint Restoration As set out in OC9.4.7.3, **NGET** may issue instructions which conflict with a Local Joint Restoration Plan. In such cases, these instructions will take precedence over the requirements of the Local Joint Restoration Plan. When issuing such instructions, NGET shall state whether or not it wishes the remainder of the Local Joint Restoration **Plan** to apply. If, not withstanding that **NGET** has stated that it wishes the remainder of the Local Joint Restoration Plan to apply, the Generator or the relevant Network Operator consider that NGET's instructions mean that it is not possible to operate the Local Joint Restoration Plan as modified by those instructions, any of them may give notice to NGET and the other parties to the Local Joint Restoration Plan to this effect and NGET shall immediately consult with all parties to the Local Joint Restoration Plan. Unless all parties to the Local Joint Restoration Plan reach an agreement forthwith as to how the Local Joint Restoration Plan shall operate in those circumstances, operation in accordance with the Local Joint Restoration Plan will terminate.
 - (b) Where NGET, as part of a Black Start, has given an instruction to a Black Start Station to initiate Start-Up, the relevant Genset(s) at the Black Start Station will Start-Up in accordance with the Local Joint Restoration Plan.
 - (c) NGET will advise the relevant Network Operator of the requirement to switch its User System so as to segregate its Demand and to carry out such other actions as set out in the Local Joint Restoration Plan. The

- relevant **Network Operator** will then operate in accordance with the provisions of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan**.
- (d) NGET will ensure that switching carried out on the GB Transmission System and other actions are as set out in the Local Joint Restoration Plan.
- (e) Following notification from the **Generator** that the **Black Start Station** is ready to accept load, **NGET** will instruct the **Black Start Station** to energise part of the **Total System**. The **Black Start Station** and the relevant **Network Operator** will then, in accordance with the requirements of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan**, establish communication and agree the output of the relevant **Genset(s)** and the connection of **Demand** so as to establish a **Power Island**. During this period, the **Generator** will be required to regulate the output of the relevant **Genset(s)** at its **Black Start Station** to the **Demand** prevailing in the **Power Island** in which it is situated, on the basis that it will (where practicable) seek to maintain the **Target Frequency**. The **Genset(s)** at the **Black Start Station** will (where practical) also seek to follow the requirements relating to **Reactive Power** (which may include the requirement to maintain a target voltage) set out in the **Local Joint Restoration Plan**.
- (f) Operation in accordance with the Local Joint Restoration Plan will be terminated by NGET (by notifying the relevant Users) prior to connecting the Power Island to other Power Islands (other than, in Scotland, as allowed for in the Local Joint Restoration Plan), or to the User System of another Network Operator, or to the synchronising of Gensets at other Power Stations (other than, in Scotland, those forming part of the Local Joint Restoration Plan). Operation in accordance with the Local Joint Restoration Plan will also terminate in the circumstances provided for in OC9.4.7.6(a) if an agreement is not reached or if NGET states that it does not wish the remainder of the Local Joint Restoration Plan to apply. Users will then comply with the Bid-Offer Acceptances or Emergency Instructions of NGET.
- (g) In Scotland, **Gensets** included in a **Local Joint Restoration Plan**, but not at a **Black Start Station**, will operate in accordance with the requirements of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan**.

Interconnection of Power Islands

- OC9.4.7.7 NGET will instruct the relevant Users so as to interconnect Power Islands to achieve larger sub-systems, and subsequently the interconnection of these subsystems to form an integrated system. This should eventually achieve the reestablishment of the Total System or that part of the Total System subject to the Partial Shutdown, as the case may be. The interconnection of Power Islands and sub-systems will utilise the provisions of all or part of OC9.5 (ReSynchronisation of De-synchronised Islands) and in such a situation such provisions will be part of the Black Start.
- OC9.4.7.8 As part of the **Black Start** strategy each **Network Operator** with either an **Embedded Black Start Station** which has established a **Power Island** within its **User System** or with any **Embedded Power Stations** within its **User System** which have become islanded, may in liaison with **NGET** sustain and expand these islands in accordance with the relevant provisions of OC9.5 which shall apply to

this OC9.4 as if set out here. They will inform **NGET** of their actions and will not **Re-Synchronise** to the **GB Transmission System** or any **User's System** which is already **Synchronised** to the **GB Transmission System** without **NGET's** agreement.

Return the **Total System** Back to Normal Operation

OC9.4.7.9 **NGET** shall, as soon as reasonably practical, inform **Users** and the **BSSCo** when the **Total System** could return to normal operation. Any such determination by **NGET** does not mean that the provisions of Section G paragraph 3 (Black Start) of the **BSC** shall cease to apply.

In making the determination that the **Total System** could return to normal operation, **NGET**, would consider, amongst other things, the following areas:

- (a) the extent to which the **GB Transmission System** is contiguous and energised;
- (b) the integrity and stability of the **GB Transmission System** and its ability to operate in accordance with the **Licence Standards**;
- (c) the impact that returning to normal may have on transmission constraints and the corresponding ability to maximise the **Demand** connected; and
- (d) the volume of generation or **Demand** not connected to the **GB Transmission System**.
- (e) the functionality of normal communication systems (i.e. EDT, **Control Telephony**, etc).

For the avoidance of doubt, until the Conclusion of the **Black Start** the **Balancing Mechanism** is unlikely to be operational and **NGET** is likely to continue to issue **Emergency Instructions** in accordance with BC2.9.

Conclusion of Black Start

OC9.4.7.10 With effect from the time when the **BSCCo** has confirmed that the provisions of Section G, paragraph 3 are to cease to apply and that the **Balancing Mechanism** is re-established the **Black Start** will conclude and the **Total System** will be deemed to have returned to normal operation. Following such confirmation operation in accordance with the provisions of this OC9 shall cease.

Externally Interconnected System Operators

OC9.4.7.11 During a Black Start, NGET will, pursuant to the Interconnection Agreement with Externally Interconnected System Operators, agree with Externally Interconnected System Operators when their transmission systems can be ReSynchronised to the Total System, if they have become separated.

OC9.4.7.12 Local Joint Restoration Plan establishment

(a) In England and Wales, in relation to each **Black Start Station**, **NGET**, the **Network Operator** and the relevant **Generator** will discuss and agree a **Local Joint Restoration Plan**. Where at the date of the first inclusion of this OC9.4.7.12 into the **Grid Code** a local plan covering the procedures to be covered in a **Local Joint Restoration Plan** is in existence and agreed, **NGET** will discuss this with the **Network Operator** and the relevant **Generator** to agree whether it is consistent with the principles set out in this OC9.4. If it is agreed to be so consistent, then it shall become a **Local Joint Restoration Plan** under this OC9 and the relevant provisions of OC9.4.7.12(b) shall apply. If it is not agreed to be so consistent, then the provisions of OC9.4.7.12(b) shall apply as if there is no **Local Joint Restoration Plan** in place.

In Scotland respect of Scottish Transmission Systems where a requirement for a Local Joint Restoration Plan is identified, NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s), the Network Operator and Black Start Station(s) will discuss and agree a Local Joint Restoration Plan. In addition other Users, including other Generators, may be reasonably required by NGET to discuss and agree a Local Joint Restoration Plan.

- (b) In England and Wales, where the need for a **Local Joint Restoration Plan** arises when there is none in place, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (i) NGET, the Network Operator and the relevant Generator will discuss and agree the detail of the Local Joint Restoration Plan as soon as the requirement for a Local Joint Restoration Plan is identified by NGET. NGET will notify all affected Users, and will initiate these discussions.
 - (ii) Each Local Joint Restoration Plan will be in relation to a specific Black Start Station.
 - (iii) The Local Joint Restoration Plan will record which Users and which User Sites are covered by the Local Joint Restoration Plan and set out what is required from NGET and each User should a Black Start situation arise.
 - (iv) Each **Local Joint Restoration Plan** shall be prepared by **NGET** to reflect the above discussions and agreement.
 - (v) Each page of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan** shall bear a date of issue and the issue number.
 - (vi) When a Local Joint Restoration Plan has been prepared, it shall be sent by NGET to the Users involved for confirmation of its accuracy.
 - (vii) The Local Joint Restoration Plan shall then (if its accuracy has been confirmed) be signed on behalf of NGET and on behalf of each relevant User by way of written confirmation of its accuracy.

- (viii) Once agreed under this OC9.4.7.12, the procedure will become a Local Joint Restoration Plan under the Grid Code and (subject to any change pursuant to this OC9) will apply between NGET and the relevant Users as if it were part of the Grid Code.
- (ix) Once signed, a copy of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan** will be distributed by **NGET** to each **User** which is a party to it accompanied by a note indicating the date of implementation.
- (x) **NGET** and **Users** must make the **Local Joint Restoration Plan** readily available to the relevant operational staff.
- (xi) If NGET, or any User which is a party to a Local Joint Restoration Plan, becomes aware that a change is needed to that Local Joint Restoration Plan, it shall (in the case of NGET) initiate a discussion between NGET and the relevant Users to seek to agree the relevant change. If a User becomes so aware, it shall contact NGET who will then initiate such discussions. The principles applying to establishing a new Local Joint Restoration Plan under this OC9.4.7.12 shall apply to such discussions and to any consequent changes.
- (xii) **NGET**, the **Network Operator** and the relevant **Generator** will conduct regular joint exercises of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan** to which they are parties. The objectives of such exercises include:
 - To test the effectiveness of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To provide for joint training of the parties in respect of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To maintain the parties' awareness and familiarity of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To promote understanding of each parties' roles under a Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To identify any improvement areas which should be incorporated in to the **Local Joint Restoration Plan**.
 - The principles applying to the establishment of a new Local Joint Restoration Plan under this OC9.4.7.12 shall apply to any changes to the Local Joint Restoration Plan.

NGET will propose to the parties of a Local Joint Restoration Plan a date for the exercise to take place, to be agreed with the other parties. All the Local Joint Restoration Plan parties will jointly share the task of planning, preparing, participating in and facilitating the exercises, which will normally be in desktop format or as otherwise agreed. The precise timing of the exercise for each Local Joint Restoration Plan will be agreed by all parties, but will not be less than one every 8 years.

- (c) In Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems, where the need for a Local Joint Restoration Plan arises, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (i) NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s), the Network Operator and the relevant Generator will discuss and agree the detail of the Local Joint Restoration Plan as soon as the requirement for a Local Joint Restoration Plan is identified by

- NGET. In addition other <u>Scottish</u> Users, including other Generators, may be reasonably required by NGET to discuss and agree details of the Local Joint Restoration Plan as soon as the requirement for a Local Joint Restoration Plan is identified by NGET. NGET will notify the Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee(s) and all affected <u>Scottish</u> Users, and will initiate these discussions.
- (ii) Each Local Joint Restoration Plan may be in relation to either a specific Black Start Station or a number of Black Start Stations, and may include Gensets at Power Stations other than a Black Start Station.
- (iii) The Local Joint Restoration Plan will record which <u>Scottish</u> Users and which <u>Scottish</u> User Sites are covered by the Local Joint Restoration Plan and set out what is required from NGET, the Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee(s) and each <u>Scottish</u> User should a Black Start situation arise.
- (iv) Each **Local Joint Restoration Plan** shall be prepared by **NGET** to reflect the above discussions and agreement.
- (v) Each page of the **Local Joint Restoration Plan** shall bear a date of issue and the issue number.
- (vi) When a Local Joint Restoration Plan has been prepared, it shall be sent by NGET to the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s) and Scottish Users involved for confirmation of its accuracy.
- (vii) The Local Joint Restoration Plan shall then (if its accuracy has been confirmed) be signed on behalf of NGET and on behalf of each relevant <u>Scottish</u> User and Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee(s) by way of written confirmation of its accuracy.
- (viii) Once agreed under this OC9.4.7.12, the procedure will become a Local Joint Restoration Plan under the Grid Code and (subject to any change pursuant to this OC9) will apply between NGET, Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee(s) and the relevant <u>Scottish</u> Users as if it were part of the Grid Code.
- (ix) Once signed, a copy of the Local Joint Restoration Plan will be distributed by NGET to the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s) and each Scottish User which is a party to it accompanied by a note indicating the date of implementation.
- (x) NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s) and Scottish Users must make the Local Joint Restoration Plan readily available to the relevant operational staff.
- (xi) If NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s) or any Scottish User which is a party to a Local Joint Restoration Plan, becomes aware that a change is needed to that Local Joint Restoration Plan, it shall (in the case of NGET) initiate a discussion between NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s)

and the relevant <u>Scottish</u> Users to seek to agree the relevant change. If a <u>Scottish</u> User or the <u>a</u> Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee becomes so aware, it shall contact NGET who will then initiate such discussions. The principles applying to establishing a new <u>Local Joint Restoration Plan</u> under this OC9.4.7.12 shall apply to such discussions and to any consequent changes.

- (xii) NGET, the Relevant Scottish Transmission Licensee(s), the Network Operator and the relevant Generator will conduct regular joint exercises of the Local Joint Restoration Plan to which they are parties. The objectives of such exercises include:
 - To test the effectiveness of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To provide for joint training of the parties in respect of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To maintain the parties' awareness and familiarity of the Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To promote understanding of each parties' roles under a Local Joint Restoration Plan;
 - To identify any improvement areas which should be incorporated in to the Local Joint Restoration Plan.
 - The principles applying to the establishment of a new Local Joint Restoration Plan under this OC9.4.7.12 shall apply to any changes to the Local Joint Restoration Plan.

NGET will propose to the parties of a Local Joint Restoration Plan a date for the exercise to take place, to be agreed with the other parties. All the Local Joint Restoration Plan parties will jointly share the task of planning, preparing, participating in and facilitating the exercises, which will normally be in desktop format or as otherwise agreed. The precise timing of the exercise for each Local Joint Restoration Plan will be agreed by all parties, but will not be less than one every 8 years.

OC9.5 RE-SYNCHRONISATION OF DE-SYNCHRONISED ISLANDS

The provisions in this OC9.5 do not apply to the parts of the **Total System** that normally operate **Out of Synchronism** with the rest of the **GB Transmission System**.

Further requirements, including the provision of information, applying to **Resynchronisation** of **De-synchronised Islands** following any **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** are detailed in OC9.5.6.

- OC9.5.1 (a) Where parts of the **Total System** are **Out of Synchronism** with each other (each such part being termed a "**De-Synchronised Island**"), but there is no **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**, **NGET** will instruct **Users** to regulate generation or **Demand**, as the case may be, to enable the **De-Synchronised Islands** to be **Re-Synchronised** and **NGET** will inform those **Users** when **Re-Synchronisation** has taken place.
 - (b) As part of that process, there may be a need to deal specifically with **Embedded** generation in those **De-Synchronised Islands**. This OC9.5 provides for how such **Embedded** generation should be dealt with. In

- Scotland, this OC9.5 also provides for how **Transmission** connected generation in **De-Synchronised Islands** should be dealt with.
- (c) In accordance with the provisions of the BCs, NGET may decide that, to enable Re-Synchronisation, it will issue Emergency Instructions in accordance with BC2.9 and it may be necessary to depart from normal Balancing Mechanism operation in accordance with BC2 in issuing Bid-Offer Acceptances.
- (d) The provisions of this OC9.5 shall also apply during a **Black Start** to the **Re-Synchronising** of parts of the **System** following a **Total** or **Partial Shutdown**, as indicated in OC9.4. In such cases, the provisions of the OC9.5 shall apply following completion and/or termination of the relevant **Local Joint Restoration Plan(s)** process as referred to in OC9.4.7.6(f).

OC9.5.2 Options

Generation in those **De-Synchronised Islands** may be dealt with in three different ways, more than one of which may be utilised in relation to any particular incident:-

OC9.5.2.1 Indirect Data

- (a) NGET, each Generator with Synchronised (or connected and available to generate although not Synchronised) Genset(s) in the De-Synchronised Island and the Network Operator whose User System forms all or part of the De-Synchronised Island shall exchange information as set out in this OC9.5.2.1 to enable NGET to issue a Bid-Offer Acceptance or an Emergency Instruction to that Generator in relation to its Genset(s) in the De-Synchronised Island until Re-Synchronisation takes place, on the basis that it will (where practicable) seek to maintain the Target Frequency.
- (b) The information to **NGET** from the **Generator** will cover its relevant operational parameters as outlined in the **BCs** and from **NGET** to the **Generator** will cover data on **Demand** and changes in **Demand** in the **DeSynchronised Island**.
- (c) The information from the **Network Operator** to **NGET** will comprise data on **Demand** in the **De-Synchronised Island**, including data on any constraints within the **De-Synchronised Island**.
- (d) NGET will keep the Network Operator informed of the Bid-Offer Acceptances or Emergency Instructions it is issuing to Embedded Genset(s) within the Network Operator's User System forming part of the De-Synchronised Island.

OC9.5.2.2 Direct Data

(a) NGET will issue an Emergency Instruction and/or a Bid-Offer Acceptance, to the Generator to "float" local Demand and maintain Frequency at Target Frequency. Under this the Generator will be required to regulate the output of its Genset(s) at the Power Station in question to the Demand prevailing in the De-Synchronised Island in

- which it is situated, until **Re-Synchronisation** takes place, on the basis that it will (where practicable) seek to maintain the **Target Frequency**.
- (b) The **Network Operator** is required to be in contact with the **Generator** at the **Power Station** to supply data on **Demand** changes within the **De-Synchronised Island**.
- (c) If more than one **Genset** is **Synchronised** on the **De-Synchronised** Island, or is connected to the **De-Synchronised** Island and available to generate although not **Synchronised**, the **Network Operator** will need to liaise with **NGET** to agree which **Genset(s)** will be utilised to accommodate changes in **Demand** in the **De-Synchronised Island**. The **Network Operator** will then maintain contact with the relevant **Generator** (or **Generators**) in relation to that **Genset(s)**.
- (d) The Generator at the Power Station must contact the Network Operator if the level of Demand which it has been asked to meet as a result of the Emergency Instruction and/or Bid-Offer Acceptance to "float" and the detail on Demand passed on by the Network Operator, is likely to cause problems for safety reasons (whether relating to personnel or Plant and/or Apparatus) in the operation of its Genset(s), in order that the Network Operator can alter the level of Demand which that Generator needs to meet. Any decision to operate outside any relevant parameters is one entirely for the Generator.

OC9.5.2.3 Control Features

- (a) A system may be established in relation to a part of the GB Transmission System and a Network Operator's User System, if agreed between NGET and the Network Operator and any relevant Generator(s), whereby upon a defined fault(s) occurring, manual or automatic control features will operate to protect the GB Transmission System and relevant Network Operator's User System and Genset(s) and simplify the restoration of Demand in the De-Synchronised Island.
- (b) In agreeing the establishment of such a system of control features NGET will need to consider its impact on the operation of the GB Transmission System.

OC9.5.2.4 Absence of Control Features System

If a system of control features under OC9.5.2.3 has not been agreed as part of an OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure under OC9.5.4 below, NGET may choose to utilise the procedures set out in OC9.5.2.1 or OC9.5.2.2, or may instruct the Genset(s) (or some of them) in the De-Synchronised Island to De-Synchronise.

OC9.5.3 Choice of Option

In relation to each of the methods set out in OC9.5.2, where a **De-Synchronised Island** has come into existence and where an **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** under OC9.5.4 has been agreed, **NGET**, the **Network Operator** and relevant **Generator(s)** will operate in accordance with that **OC9 De-Synchronised Islands Procedure** unless **NGET** considers that the nature of the **De-Synchronised Island** situation is such that either:-

- (i) the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** does not cover the situation; or
- (ii) the provisions of the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** are not appropriate,

in which case **NGET** will instruct the relevant **Users** and the **Users** will comply with **NGET's** instructions (which in the case of **Generators** will relate to generation and in the case of **Network Operators** will relate to **Demand**).

OC9.5.4 <u>Agreeing Procedures</u>

In relation to each relevant part of the **Total System**, **NGET**, the **Network Operator** and the relevant **Generator** will discuss and may agree a local procedure (an **"OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure"**).

- OC9.5.4.1 Where there is no relevant local procedure in place at 12th May 1997, or in the case where the need for an **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** arises for the first time, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) NGET, the Network Operator(s) and the relevant Generator(s) will discuss the need for, and the detail of, the OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure. As soon as the need for an OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure is identified by NGET or a User, and the party which identifies such a need will notify all affected Users (and NGET, if that party is a User), and NGET will initiate these discussions.
 - (b) Each OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure will be in relation to a specific Grid Supply Point, but if there is more than one Grid Supply Point between NGET and the Network Operator then the OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure may cover all relevant Grid Supply Points. In Scotland, the OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure may also cover parts of the GB Transmission System connected to the User's System(s) and Power Stations directly connected to the GB Transmission System which are also likely to form part of the Power Island.
 - (c) The OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure will:-
 - (i) record which **Users** and which **User Sites** are covered by the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure**;
 - (ii) record which of the three methods set out in OC9.5 (or combination of the three) shall apply, with any conditions as to applicability being set out as well:
 - (iii) set out what is required from **NGET** and each **User** should a **De-Synchronised Island** arise;
 - (iv) set out what action should be taken if the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** does not cover a particular set of circumstances and will reflect that in the absence of any specified action, the provisions of OC9.5.3 will apply;

- (v) in <u>Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems</u>, the OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure may be produced with and include obligations on the Relevant <u>Scottish</u> Transmission Licensee(s); and
- (vi) in Scotlandrespect of Scottish Transmission Systems, where the OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure includes the establishment of a De-synchronised Island, describe the route for establishment of the De-Synchronised Island.
- (d) Each **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** shall be prepared by **NGET** to reflect the above discussions.
- (e) Each page of the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** shall bear a date of issue and the issue number.
- (f) When an **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** is prepared, it shall be sent by **NGET** to the **Users** involved for confirmation of its accuracy.
- (g) The OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure shall then be signed on behalf of NGET and on behalf of each relevant User by way of written confirmation of its accuracy.
- (h) Once agreed under this OC9.5.4.1, the procedure will become an OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure under the Grid Code and (subject to any change pursuant to this OC9) will apply between NGET, Relevant Transmission Licensee and the relevant Users as if it were part of the Grid Code.
- (i) Once signed, a copy will be distributed by **NGET** to each **User** which is a party accompanied by a note indicating the issue number and the date of implementation.
- (j) **NGET** and **Users** must make the **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** readily available to the relevant operational staff.
- (k) If a new User connects to the Total System and needs to be included with an existing OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure, NGET will initiate a discussion with that User and the Users which are parties to the relevant OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure. The principles applying to a new OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure under this OC9.5.4.1 shall apply to such discussions and to any consequent changes.
- If NGET, or any User which is a party to an OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure, becomes aware that a change is needed to that OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure, it shall (in the case of NGET) initiate a discussion between NGET and the relevant Users to seek to agree the relevant change. The principles applying to establishing a new OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure under this OC9.5.4.1 shall apply to such discussions and to any consequent changes. If a User becomes so aware, it shall contact NGET who will then initiate such discussions.

- (m) If in relation to any discussions, agreement cannot be reached between NGET and the relevant Users, NGET will operate the System on the basis that it will discuss which of the three methods set out in OC9.5.2.1 to OC9.5.2.3 would be most appropriate at the time, if practicable. The complexities and uncertainties of recovery from a De-Synchronised Island means that NGET will decide, having discussed the situation with the relevant Users and taking into account the fact that the three methods may not cover the situation or be appropriate, the approach which is to be followed. NGET will instruct the relevant Users and the Users will comply with NGET's instructions as provided in OC9.5.3.
- OC9.5.4.2 Where there is a relevant local procedure in place at 12th May 1997, the following provisions shall apply:-
 - (a) **NGET** and the **Network Operator** and the relevant **Generator(s)** will discuss the existing procedure to see whether it is consistent with the principles set out in this OC9.5.
 - (b) If it is, then it shall become an **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** under this OC9, and the relevant provisions of OC9.5.4.1 shall apply.
 - (c) If it is not, then the parties will discuss what changes are needed to ensure that it is consistent, and once agreed the procedure will become an **OC9 De-Synchronised Island Procedure** under this OC9, and the relevant provisions of OC9.5.4.1 shall apply.
 - If agreement cannot be reached between NGET and the relevant Users after a reasonable period of time, the existing procedure will cease to apply and NGET will operate the System on the basis that it will discuss which of the three methods set out in OC9.5.2.1 to OC9.5.2.3 would be most appropriate at the time, if practicable. The complexities and uncertainties of recovery from a De-Synchronised Island means that NGET will decide, having discussed the situation with the relevant Users and taking into account the fact that the three methods may not cover the situation or be appropriate, the approach which is to be followed. NGET will instruct the relevant Users and the Users will comply with NGET's instructions as provided in OC9.5.3.
- OC9.5.5 Where the **GB Transmission System** is **Out of Synchronism** with the transmission system of an **Externally Interconnected System Operator**, **NGET** will, pursuant to the **Interconnection Agreement** with that **Externally Interconnected System Operator**, agree with that **Externally Interconnected System Operator** when its transmission system can be **Re-Synchronised** to the **GB Transmission System**.
- OC9.5.6 <u>Further requirements regarding Re-synchronisation of De-synchronised Islands following any Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown</u>

Following any **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown NGET** expects that it will be necessary to interconnect **Power Islands** utilising the provisions of OC9.5. The complexities and uncertainties of recovery from a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** requires the provisions of OC9.5 to be flexible, however, the strategies which **NGET** will, where practicable, be seeking to follow when **Re-synchronising De-synchronised Islands** following any **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**, include the following:

- a) the provision of supplies to appropriate **Power Stations** to facilitate their synchronisation as soon as practicable;
- b) energisation of a skeletal **GB Transmission System**;
- the strategic restoration of **Demand** in coordination with relevant **Network Operators**.

As highlighted in OC9.4.3, during a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown** and during the subsequent recovery, which includes any period during which the procedures in this OC9.5 apply, the **Licence Standards** may not apply and the **Total System** may be operated outside normal voltage and **Frequency** standards.

- OC9.5.7 To manage effectively and coordinate the restoration strategies of the **Total System** (any **Re-Synchronisation** of **De-Synchronised Islands**) following any **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**, requires **NGET** and relevant **Users** to undertake certain planning activities as set out below:
 - a) **NGET** and **Network Operators** shall review on a regular basis the processes by which each **Power Island** will be interconnected. This is likely to cover an exchange of information regarding the typical size, location and timing requirements for **Demand** to be reconnected and also include details (ability to change/disable) of the low frequency trip relay settings of the **Demand** identified.
 - b) Each **Generator** shall provide to **NGET** information to assist **NGET** in the formulation of the restoration strategies of **Power Island** expansion. This information shall be provided in accordance with PC.A.5.7.

OC9.6 **JOINT SYSTEM INCIDENT PROCEDURE**

OC9.6.1 A "Joint System Incident" is

- (a) an Event, wherever occurring (other than on an Embedded Small Power Station or Embedded Medium Power Station), which, in the opinion of NGET or a User, has or may have a serious and/or widespread effect.
- (b) In the case of an Event on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Small Power Station or Embedded Medium Power Station), the effect must be on the GB Transmission System, and in the case of an Event on the GB Transmission System, the effect must be on a User(s) System(s) (other than on an Embedded Small Power Station or Embedded Medium Power Station).

Where an **Event** on a **User(s) System(s)** has or may have no effect on the **GB Transmission System**, then such an **Event** does not fall within **OC9** and accordingly **OC9** shall not apply to it.

OC9.6.2 (a) (i) Each User (other than Generators which only have Embedded Small Power Stations and/or Embedded Medium Power Stations) will provide in writing to NGET, and

- (ii) NGET will provide in writing to each User (other than Generators which only have Embedded Small Power Stations and/or Embedded Medium Power Stations), a telephone number or numbers at which, or through which, senior management representatives nominated for this purpose and who are fully authorised to make binding decisions on behalf of NGET or the relevant User, as the case may be, can be contacted day or night when there is a Joint System Incident.
- (b) The lists of telephone numbers will be provided in accordance with the timing requirements of the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement with that User, prior to the time that a User connects to the GB Transmission System and must be up-dated (in writing) as often as the information contained in them changes.
- OC9.6.3 Following notification of an **Event** under **OC7**, **NGET** or a **User**, as the case may be, will, if it considers necessary, telephone the **User** or **NGET**, as the case may be, on the telephone number referred to in OC9.6.2, to obtain such additional information as it requires.
- OC9.6.4 Following notification of an **Event** under **OC7**, and/or the receipt of any additional information requested pursuant to OC9.6.3, **NGET** or a **User**, as the case may be, will determine whether or not the **Event** is a **Joint System Incident**, and, if so, **NGET** and/or the **User** may set up an **Incident Centre** in order to avoid overloading the existing **NGET** or that **User's**, as the case may be, operational/control arrangements.
- OC9.6.5 Where **NGET** has determined that an **Event** is a **Joint System Incident**, **NGET** shall, as soon as possible, notify all relevant **Users** that a **Joint System Incident** has occurred and, if appropriate, that it has established an **Incident Centre** and the telephone number(s) of its **Incident Centre** if different from those already supplied pursuant to OC9.6.2.
- OC9.6.6 If a **User** establishes an **Incident Centre** it shall, as soon as possible, notify **NGET** that it has been established and the telephone number(s) of the **Incident Centre** if different from those already supplied pursuant to OC9.6.2.
- OC9.6.7 **NGET's Incident Centre** and/or the **User's Incident Centre** will not assume any responsibility for the operation of the **GB Transmission System** or **User's System**, as the case may be, but will be the focal point in **NGET** or the **User**, as the case may be, for:-
 - (a) the communication and dissemination of information between **NGET** and the senior management representatives of **User(s)**; or
 - (b) between the **User** and the senior management representatives of **NGET**, as the case may be,

relating to the **Joint System Incident**. The term **"Incident Centre"** does not imply a specially built centre for dealing with **Joint System Incidents**, but is a communications focal point. During a **Joint System Incident**, the normal communication channels, for operational/control communication between **NGET** and **Users** will continue to be used.

- OC9.6.8 All communications between the senior management representatives of the relevant parties with regard to **NGET's** role in the **Joint System Incident** shall be made via **NGET's Incident Centre** if it has been established.
- OC9.6.9 All communications between the senior management representatives of **NGET** and a **User** with regard to that **User's** role in the **Joint System Incident** shall be made via that **User's Incident Centre** if it has been established.
- OC9.6.10 **NGET** will decide when conditions no longer justify the need to use its **Incident Centre** and will inform all relevant **Users** of this decision.
- OC9.6.11 Each **User** which has established an **Incident Centre** will decide when conditions no longer justify the need to use that **Incident Centre** and will inform **NGET** of this decision.

<End of OC9>

OPERATING CODE NO.11

NUMBERING AND NOMENCLATURE OF HIGH VOLTAGE APPARATUS AT CERTAIN SITES

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OPERATING CODE NO.11

NUMBERING AND NOMENCLATURE OF HIGH VOLTAGE APPARATUS AT CERTAIN SITES

OC11.1 INTRODUCTION

- OC11.1.1 Operating Code No.11 ("OC11") sets out the requirement that:
 - (a) Transmission HV Apparatus on Users' Sites; and
 - (b) User HV Apparatus on Transmission Sites;

shall have numbering and nomenclature in accordance with the system used from time to time by **NGET**.

- OC11.1.2 The numbering and nomenclature (if required under the system of numbering and nomenclature used from time to time by NGET) of each item of HV Apparatus shall be included in the Operation Diagram prepared for each Transmission Site or User Site, as the case may be. Further provisions on Operation Diagrams are contained in the Connection Conditions and in each Bilateral Agreement.
- OC11.1.3 In **OC11** the term "**HV Apparatus**" includes any **SF**₆ **Gas Zones** associated with any **HV Apparatus**.

OC11.2 OBJECTIVE

OC11.2.1 The overall objective of **OC11** is to ensure, so far as possible, the safe and effective operation of the **Total System** and to reduce the risk of human error faults by requiring, in certain circumstances, that the numbering and nomenclature of **User's HV Apparatus** shall be in accordance with the system used from time to time by **NGET**.

OC11.3 SCOPE

- OC11.3.1 OC11 applies to NGET and to Users, which in OC11 means:-
 - (a) **Generators**;
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers; and
 - (d) **DC Converter Station** owners.

OC11.4 PROCEDURE

- OC11.4.1.1 The term "User Site" means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a User in which there is a Connection Point. For the avoidance of doubt, where a site is owned by NGET (in England and Wales) or a Relevant Transmission Licensee (in Scotland or Offshore) but occupied by a User (as aforesaid), the site is a User Site.
- OC11.4.1.2 The term "Transmission Site" means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by NGET (in England and Wales) or by a Relevant Transmission Licensee (in Scotland or Offshore) in which there is a Connection Point. For the avoidance of doubt, where a site is owned by a User but occupied by NGET (in England and Wales) or a Relevant Transmission Licensee (in Scotland of Offshore) (as aforesaid), the site is an Transmission Site.

OC11.4.2 Transmission HV Apparatus on Users' Sites

- (a) Transmission HV Apparatus on Users' Sites shall have numbering and nomenclature in accordance with the system used from time to time by NGET:
- when NGET (for sites in England and Wales) or the Relevant Transmission Licensee (for sites in Scotland or Offshore) is to install its HV Apparatus on a User's Site, NGET shall (unless it gives rise to a Modification under the CUSC, in which case the provisions of the CUSC as to the timing apply) notify the relevant User of the numbering and nomenclature to be adopted for that HV Apparatus at least eight months prior to proposed installation;
- the notification will be made in writing to the relevant **User** and will consist of both a proposed **Operation Diagram** incorporating the proposed new **Transmission HV Apparatus** to be installed, its proposed numbering and nomenclature, and the date of its proposed installation;
- the relevant **User** will respond in writing to **NGET** within one month of the receipt of the notification, confirming receipt and confirming either that any other **HV Apparatus** of the relevant **User** on such **User Site** does not have numbering and/or nomenclature which could be confused with that proposed by **NGET**, or, to the extent that it does, that the relevant other numbering and/or nomenclature will be changed before installation of the **Transmission HV Apparatus**;
- the relevant **User** will not install, or permit the installation of, any **HV Apparatus** on such **User Site** which has numbering and/or nomenclature which could be confused with **Transmission HV Apparatus** which is either already on that **User Site** or which **NGET** has notified that **User** will be installed on that **User Site**.

OC11.4.3 <u>User HV Apparatus on Transmission Sites</u>

 (a) User HV Apparatus on Transmission Sites shall have numbering and nomenclature in accordance with the system used from time to time by NGET;

- (b) when a User is to install its HV Apparatus on an Transmission Site, or it wishes to replace existing HV Apparatus on an Transmission Site and it wishes to adopt new numbering and nomenclature for such HV Apparatus, the User shall (unless it gives rise to a Modification under the CUSC in which case the provisions of the CUSC as to the timing apply) notify NGET of the details of the HV Apparatus and the proposed numbering and nomenclature to be adopted for that HV Apparatus, at least eight months prior to proposed installation;
- the notification will be made in writing to **NGET** and shall consist of both a proposed **Operation Diagram** incorporating the proposed new **HV Apparatus** of the **User** to be installed, its proposed numbering and nomenclature, and the date of its proposed installation;
- (d) **NGET** will respond in writing to the **User** within one month of the receipt of the notification stating whether or not **NGET** accepts the **User's** proposed numbering and nomenclature and, if they are not acceptable, it shall give details of the numbering and nomenclature which the **User** shall adopt for that **HV Apparatus**.

OC11.4.4 Changes

Where **NGET** in its reasonable opinion has decided that it needs to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of **Transmission HV Apparatus** on a **User's Site** or of **User's HV Apparatus** on an **Transmission Site**:

- (a) the provisions of paragraph OC11.4.2 shall apply to such change of numbering or nomenclature of **Transmission HV Apparatus** with any necessary amendments to those provisions to reflect that only a change is being made; and
- (b) in the case of a change in the numbering or nomenclature of User's HV Apparatus on an Transmission Site, NGET will (unless it gives rise to a Modification under the CUSC, in which case the provisions of the CUSC as to the timing apply) notify the User of the numbering and/or nomenclature the User shall adopt for that HV Apparatus (the notification to be in a form similar to that envisaged under OC11.4.2) at least eight months prior to the change being needed and the User will respond in writing to NGET within one month of the receipt of the notification, confirming receipt.

In either case the notification shall indicate the reason for the proposed change.

- OC11.4.5 **Users** will be provided upon request with details of **NGET's** then current numbering and nomenclature system in order to assist them in planning the numbering and nomenclature for their **HV Apparatus** on **Transmission Sites**.
- OC11.4.6 When a **User** installs **HV Apparatus** which is the subject of **OC11**, the **User** shall be responsible for the provision and erection of clear and unambiguous labelling showing the numbering and nomenclature. Where a **User** is required by **OC11** to change the numbering and/or nomenclature of **HV Apparatus** which is the subject of **OC11**, the **User** will be responsible for the provision and erection of clear and unambiguous labelling by the required date.

When either NGET (for sites in England and Wales), or a Relevant Transmission Licensee (for sites in Scotland or Offshore) installs HV Apparatus which is the subject of OC11, NGET shall be responsible for the provision and erection of a clear and unambiguous labelling showing the numbering and nomenclature. Where NGET changes the numbering and /or nomenclature of HV Apparatus which is the subject of OC11, NGET will be responsible for the provision and erection of clear and unambiguous labelling showing the numbering and nomenclature by the required date.

OC11.4.7

For sites in England and Wales, **NGET** will not change its system of numbering and nomenclature in use immediately prior to the **Transfer Date** (which is embodied in OM5 (Operation Memorandum No.5 - Numbering and Nomenclature of HV Apparatus on the CEGB Grid System Issue 3 June 1987)), other than to reflect new or newly adopted technology or **HV Apparatus**. For the avoidance of doubt, this OC11.4.7 refers to the system of numbering and nomenclature, and does not preclude changes to the numbering and/or nomenclature of **HV Apparatus** which are necessary to reflect newly installed **HV Apparatus**, or reconfiguration of **HV Apparatus** installed, and similar changes being made in accordance with that system of numbering and nomenclature.

< End of OC11 >

BALANCING CODE No 1

PRE GATE CLOSURE PROCESS

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BALANCING CODE No 1

PRE GATE CLOSURE PROCESS

BC1.1 INTRODUCTION

Balancing Code No1 (BC1) sets out the procedure for:

- the submission of **BM Unit Data** and/or **Generating Unit Data** by each **BM Participant**;
- (b) the submission of certain **System** data by each **Network Operator**; and
- (c) the provision of data by **NGET**,

in the period leading up to Gate Closure.

BC1.2 OBJECTIVE

The procedure for the submission of **BM Unit Data** and/or **Generating Unit Data** is intended to enable **NGET** to assess which **BM Units** and **Generating Units** are expected to be operating in order that **NGET** can ensure (so far as possible) the integrity of the **GB Transmission System**, and the security and quality of supply.

Where reference is made in this **BC1** to **Generating Units** (unless otherwise stated) it only applies:

- (a) to each **Generating Unit** which forms part of the **BM Unit** of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme**; and
- (b) at an **Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station** where the relevant **Bilateral Agreement** specifies that compliance with **BC1** is required:
 - i) to each **Generating Unit**, or
 - to each **Power Park Module** where the **Power Station** comprises **Power Park Modules**.

BC1.3 SCOPE

BC1 applies to NGET and to Users, which in this BC1 means:-

- (a) **BM Participants**;
- (b) Externally Interconnected System Operators; and
- (c) **Network Operators**.

BC1.4 SUBMISSION OF DATA

In the case of **BM Units** or **Generating Units Embedded** in a **User System**, any data submitted by **Users** under this **BC1** must represent the value of the data at the relevant **Grid Supply Point**.

BC1.4.1 Communication with **Users**

- (a) Submission of **BM Unit Data** and **Generating Unit Data** by **Users** to **NGET** specified in BC1.4.2 to BC1.4.4 (with the exception of BC1.4.2(f)) is to be by use of electronic data communications facilities, as provided for in CC.6.5.8. However, data specified in BC1.4.2(c) and BC1.4.2(e) only, may be revised by telephone following its initial submission by electronic data communication facilities.
- (b) In the event of a failure of the electronic data communication facilities, the data to apply in relation to a pre-Gate Closure period will be determined in accordance with the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules, based on the most recent data received and acknowledged by NGET.
- (c) **Planned Maintenance Outages** will normally be arranged to take place during periods of low data transfer activity.
- (d) Upon any **Planned Maintenance Outage**, or following an unplanned outage described in BC1.4.1(b) (where it is termed a "failure") in relation to a pre-**Gate Closure** period:-
 - (i) **BM Participants** should continue to act in relation to any period of time in accordance with the **Physical Notifications** current at the time of the start of the **Planned Maintenance Outage** or the computer system failure in relation to each such period of time subject to the provisions of BC2.5.1. Depending on when in relation to **Gate Closure** the planned or unplanned maintenance outage arises such operation will either be operation in preparation for the relevant output in real time, or will be operation in real time. No further submissions of **BM Unit Data** and/or **Generating Unit Data** (other than data specified in BC1.4.2(c) and BC1.4.2(e)) should be attempted. Plant failure or similar problems causing significant deviation from **Physical Notification** should be notified to **NGET** by the submission of a revision to **Export and Import Limits** in relation to the **BM Unit** and /or **Generating Unit** so affected;
 - (ii) during the outage, revisions to the data specified in BC1.4.2(c) and BC1.4.2(e) may be submitted. Communication between **Users' Control Points** and **NGET** during the outage will be conducted by telephone; and
 - (iii) no data will be transferred from **NGET** to the **BMRA** until the communication facilities are re-established.

BC1.4.2 Day Ahead Submissions

Data for any **Operational Day** may be submitted to **NGET** up to several days in advance of the day to which it applies, as provided in the **Data Validation**, **Consistency and Defaulting Rules**. However, **Interconnector Users** must submit **Physical Notifications**, and any associated data as necessary, each day by 11:00 hours in respect of the next following **Operational Day** in order that the information used in relation to the capability of the respective **External Interconnection** is

expressly provided. **NGET** shall not by the inclusion of this provision be prevented from utilising the provisions of BC1.4.5 if necessary.

The data may be modified by further data submissions at any time prior to **Gate Closure**, in accordance with the other provisions of **BC1**. The data to be used by **NGET** for operational planning will be determined from the most recent data that has been received by **NGET** by 11:00 hours on the day before the **Operational Day** to which the data applies, or from the data that has been defaulted at 11:00 hours on that day in accordance with BC1.4.5. Any subsequent revisions received by **NGET** under the **Grid Code** will also be utilised by **NGET**. In the case of all data items listed below, with the exception of item (e), **Dynamic Parameters** (Day Ahead), the latest submitted or defaulted data, as modified by any subsequent revisions, will be carried forward into operational timescales. The individual data items are listed below:-

(a) **Physical Notifications**

Physical Notifications, being the data listed in **BC1** Appendix 1 under that heading, are required by **NGET** at 11:00 hours each day for each **Settlement Period** of the next following **Operational Day**, in respect of:

- (1) BM Units:-
- (i) with a **Demand Capacity** with a magnitude of 50MW or more in **NGET's Transmission Area** or 10MW or more in **SHETL's Transmission** Area or 30MW or more in **SPT's Transmission Area**; or
- (ii) comprising **Generating Units** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) and/or **CCGT Modules** and/or **Power Park Modules** in each case at **Large Power Stations**—and—, Medium Power Stations and Small Power Stations where such Small Power Stations are directly connected to an **Offshore Transmission System**; or
- (iii) where the **BM Participant** chooses to submit **Bid-Offer Data** in accordance with BC1.4.2(d) for **BM Units** not falling within (i) or (ii) above,

and

(2) each **Generating Unit** where applicable under BC1.2.

Physical Notifications may be submitted to NGET by BM Participants, for the BM Units, and Generating Units, specified in this BC1.4.2(a) at an earlier time, or BM Participants may rely upon the provisions of BC1.4.5 to create the Physical Notifications by data defaulting pursuant to the Grid Code utilising the rules referred to in that paragraph at 11:00 hours in any day.

Physical Notifications (which must comply with the limits on maximum rates of change listed in BC1 Appendix 1) must, subject to the following operating limits, represent the User's best estimate of expected input or output of Active Power and shall be prepared in accordance with Good Industry Practice. Physical Notifications for any BM Unit, and any Generating Units, should normally be consistent with the Dynamic Parameters and Export and Import Limits and must not reflect any BM Unit or any Generating Units, proposing to operate outside the limits of its Demand Capacity and (and in the case of BM Units) Generation Capacity and, in the case of a BM Unit comprising a Generating Unit (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or CCGT Module or Power Park Module, its Registered Capacity.

These **Physical Notifications** provide, amongst other things, indicative **Synchronising** and **De-Synchronising** times to **NGET** in respect of any **BM Unit** comprising a **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module**, and for any **Generating Units**, and provide an indication of significant **Demand** changes in respect of other **BM Units**.

(b) **Quiescent Physical Notifications**

Each BM Participant may, in respect of each of its BM Units, submit to NGET for each Settlement Period of the next following Operational Day the data listed in BC1 Appendix 1 under the heading of "Quiescent Physical Notifications" to amend the data already held by NGET in relation to Quiescent Physical Notifications, which would otherwise apply for those Settlement Periods.

(c) Export and Import Limits

Each BM Participant may, in respect of each of its BM Units and its Generating Units submit to NGET for any part or for the whole of the next following Operational Day the data listed in BC1 Appendix 1 under the heading of "Export and Import Limits" to amend the data already held by NGET in relation to Export and Import Limits, which would otherwise apply for those Settlement Periods.

Export and Import Limits respectively represent the maximum export to or import from the **GB Transmission System** for a **BM Unit** and a **Generating Unit** and are the maximum levels that the **BM Participant** wishes to make available and must be prepared in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**.

(d) Bid-Offer Data

Each BM Participant may, in respect of each of its BM Units, but must not in respect of its Generating Units submit to NGET for any Settlement Period of the next following Operational Day the data listed in BC1 Appendix 1 under the heading of "Bid-Offer Data" to amend the data already held by NGET in relation to Bid-Offer Data, which would otherwise apply to those Settlement Periods. The submitted Bid-Offer Data will be utilised by NGET in the preparation and analysis of its operational plans for the next following Operational Day. Bid-Offer Data may not be submitted unless an automatic logging device has been installed at the Control Point for the BM Unit in accordance with CC.6.5.8(b).

(e) **Dynamic Parameters** (Day Ahead)

Each **BM Participant** may, in respect of each of its **BM Units**, but must not in respect of its **Generating Units** submit to **NGET** for the next following **Operational Day** the data listed in **BC1** Appendix 1 under the heading of "**Dynamic Parameters**" to amend that data already held by **NGET**.

These **Dynamic Parameters** shall reasonably reflect the expected true operating characteristics of the **BM Unit** and shall be prepared in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**. In any case where non-zero **QPN** data has been provided in accordance with BC1.4.2(b), the **Dynamic Parameters** will apply to the element being offered for control only, i.e. to the component of the **Physical Notification** between the **QPN** and the full level of the **Physical Notification**.

The **Dynamic Parameters** applicable to the next following **Operational Day** will be utilised by **NGET** in the preparation and analysis of its operational plans for the next following **Operational Day** and may be used to instruct certain **Ancillary Services**. For the avoidance of doubt, the **Dynamic Parameters** to be used in the current **Operational Day** will be those submitted in accordance with BC2.5.3.1.

(f) Other Relevant Data

By 11:00 hours each day each **BM Participant**, in respect of each of its **BM Units** and **Generating Units** for which **Physical Notifications** are being submitted, shall, if it has not already done so, submit to **NGET** (save in respect of item (vi) where the item shall be submitted only when reasonably required by **NGET**), in respect of the next following **Operational Day** the following:

- (i) in the case of a **CCGT Module**, a **CCGT Module Matrix** as described in **BC1** Appendix 1;
- (ii) details of any special factors which in the reasonable opinion of the BM Participant may have a material effect or present an enhanced risk of a material effect on the likely output (or consumption) of such BM Unit(s). Such factors may include risks, or potential interruptions, to BM Unit fuel supplies, or developing plant problems, details of tripping tests, etc. This information will normally only be used to assist in determining the appropriate level of Operating Margin that is required under OC2.4.6;
- (iii) in the case of **Generators**, any temporary changes, and their possible duration, to the **Registered Data** of such **BM Unit**;
- (iv) in the case of **Suppliers**, details of **Customer Demand Management** taken into account in the preparation of its **BM Unit Data**;
- (v) details of any other factors which **NGET** may take account of when issuing **Bid-Offer Acceptances** for a **BM Unit** (e.g., **Synchronising** or **De-Synchronising** Intervals, the minimum notice required to cancel a **Synchronisation**, etc); and
- (vi) in the case of a Cascade Hydro Scheme, the Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix as described in BC1 Appendix 1.
- (vii) in the case of a **Power Park Module**, a **Power Park Module Availability Matrix** as described in **BC1** Appendix 1.

(g) Joint BM Unit Data

BM Participants may submit **Joint BM Unit Data** in accordance with the provisions of the **BSC**. For the purposes of the **Grid Code**, such data shall be treated as data submitted under **BC1**.

BC1.4.3 Data Revisions

The BM Unit Data, and Generating Unit Data, derived at 1100 hours each day under BC1.4.2 above may need to be revised by the BM Participant for a number of reasons, including for example, changes to expected output or input arising from revised contractual positions. plant breakdowns, changes to expected Synchronising or De-Synchronising times, etc, occurring before Gate Closure. BM Participants should use reasonable endeavours to ensure that the data held by NGET in relation to its BM Units and Generating Units, is accurate at all times. Revisions to BM Unit Data, and Generating Unit Data for any period of time up to Gate Closure should be submitted to NGET as soon as reasonably practicable after a change becomes apparent to the BM Participant. NGET will use reasonable endeavours to utilise the most recent data received from Users, subject to the application of the provisions of BC1.4.5, for its preparation and analysis of operational plans.

BC1.4.4 Receipt of **BM Unit Data** prior to **Gate Closure**

BM Participants submitting Bid-Offer Data, in respect of any BM Unit for use in the Balancing Mechanism for any particular Settlement Period in accordance with the BSC, must ensure that Physical Notifications and Bid-Offer Data for such BM Units are received in their entirety and logged into NGET's computer systems by the time of Gate Closure for that Settlement Period. In all cases the data received will be subject to the application under the Grid Code of the provisions of BC1.4.5.

For the avoidance of doubt, no changes to the **Physical Notification**, **QPN** data or **Bid-Offer Data** for any **Settlement Period** may be submitted to **NGET** after **Gate Closure** for that **Settlement Period**.

BC1.4.5 BM Unit Data Defaulting, Validity and Consistency Checking

In the event that no submission of any or all of the BM Unit Data and Generating Unit Data in accordance with BC1.4.2 in respect of an Operational Day, is received by NGET by 11:00 hours on the day before that Operational Day, NGET will apply the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules, with the default rules applicable to Physical Notifications, Quiescent Physical Notifications and Export and Import Limits data selected as follows:

- (a) for an **Interconnector User's BM Unit**, the defaulting rules will set some or all of the data for that **Operational Day** to zero, unless the relevant Interconnector arrangements, as agreed with **NGET**, state otherwise (in which case (b) applies); and
- (b) for all other **BM Units** or **Generating Units**, the defaulting rules will set some or all of the data for that **Operational Day** to the values prevailing in the current **Operational Day**.

A subsequent submission by a **User** of a data item which has been so defaulted under the **Grid Code** will operate as an amendment to that defaulted data and thereby replace it. Any such subsequent submission is itself subject to the application under the **Grid Code** of the **Data Validation**, **Consistency and Defaulting Rules**.

BM Unit Data and Generating Unit Data submitted in accordance with the provisions of BC1.4.2 to BC1.4.4 will be checked under the Grid Code for validity and consistency in accordance with the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules. If any BM Unit Data and Generating Unit Data so submitted fails the data validity and consistency checking, this will result in the rejection of all data submitted for that BM Unit or Generating Unit included in the electronic data file containing that data item and that BM Unit's or Generating Unit's data items will be defaulted under the Grid Code in accordance with the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules. Data for other BM Units and Generating Units included in the same electronic data file will not be affected by such rejection and will continue to be validated and checked for consistency prior to acceptance. In the event that rejection of any BM Unit Data and Generating Unit Data occurs, details will be made available to the relevant BM Participant via the electronic data communication facilities. In the event of a difference between the BM Unit Data for the Cascade Hydro Scheme and sum of the data submitted for the Generating Units forming part of such Cascade Hydro Scheme, the BM Unit Data shall take precedence.

BC1.4.6 Special Provisions relating to **Interconnector Users**

(a) The total of the relevant **Physical Notifications** submitted by **Interconnector Users** in respect of any period of time should not exceed the capability (in MW) of the respective **External Interconnection** for that period of time. In

the event that it does, then **NGET** shall advise the **Externally Interconnected System Operator** accordingly. In the period between such advice and **Gate Closure**, one or more of the relevant **Interconnector Users** would be expected to submit revised **Physical Notifications** to **NGET** to eliminate any such over-provision.

(b) In any case where, as a result of a reduction in the capability (in MW) of the External Interconnection in any period during an Operational Day which is agreed between NGET and an Externally Interconnected System Operator after 0900 hours on the day before the beginning of such Operational Day, the total of the Physical Notifications in the relevant period using that External Interconnection, as stated in the BM Unit Data exceeds the reduced capability (in MW) of the respective External Interconnection in that period then NGET shall notify the Externally Interconnected System Operator accordingly.

BC1.5 INFORMATION PROVIDED BY **NGET**

NGET shall provide data to the Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent or BSCCo each day in accordance with the requirements of the BSC in order that the data may be made available to Users via the Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service (or by such other means) in each case as provided in the BSC. Where NGET provides such information associated with the secure operation of the System to the Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent, the provision of that information is additionally provided for in the following sections of this BC1.5. NGET shall be taken to have fulfilled its obligations to provide data under BC1.5.1, BC1.5.2, and BC1.5.3 by so providing such data to the Balancing Mechanism Reporting Agent.

BC1.5.1 **Demand** Estimates

Normally by 0900 hours each day, **NGET** will make available to **Users** a forecast of **GB National Demand** and the **Demand** for a number of pre-determined constraint groups (which may be updated from time to time, as agreed between **NGET** and **BSCCo**) for each **Settlement Period** of the next following **Operational Day**. Normally by 1200 hours each day, **NGET** will make available to **Users** a forecast of **GB Transmission System Demand** for each **Settlement Period** of the next **Operational Day**. Further details are provided in Appendix 2.

BC1.5.2 <u>Indicated Margin and Indicated Imbalance</u>

Normally by 1200 hours each day, **NGET** will make available to **Users** an **Indicated Margin** and an **Indicated Imbalance** for each **Settlement Period** of the next following **Operational Day**. **NGET** will use reasonable endeavours to utilise the most recent data received from **Users** in preparing for this release of data. Further details are provided in Appendix 2.

BC1.5.3 Provision of Updated Information

NGET will provide updated information on **Demand** and other information at various times throughout each day, as detailed in Appendix 2. **NGET** will use reasonable endeavours to utilise the most recent data received from **Users** in preparing for this release of data.

BC1.5.4 Reserve and Inadequate **System Margin**

Contingency Reserve

(a) The amount of **Contingency Reserve** required at the day ahead stage and in subsequent timescales will be decided by **NGET** on the basis of historical

trends in the reduction in availability of Large Power Stations and increases in forecast Demand up to real time operation. Where Contingency Reserve is to be allocated to thermal Gensets, NGET will instruct through a combination of Ancillary Services instructions and Bid-Offer Acceptances, the time at which such Gensets are required to synchronise, such instructions to be consistent with Dynamic Parameters and other contractual arrangements.

Operating Reserve

(b) The amount of **Operating Reserve** required at any time will be determined by **NGET** having regard to the **Demand** levels, **Large Power Station** availability shortfalls and the greater of the largest secured loss of generation (ie, the loss of generation against which, as a requirement of the **Licence Standards**, the **GB Transmission System** must be secured) or loss of import from or sudden export to **External Interconnections**. **NGET** will allocate **Operating Reserve** to the appropriate **BM Units** and **Generating Units** so as to fulfil its requirements according to the **Ancillary Services** available to it and as provided in the **BCs**.

Inadequate System Margin

- (c) In the period following 1200 hours each day and in relation to the following Operational Day, NGET will monitor the total of the Maximum Export Limit component of the Export and Import Limits received against forecast GB Transmission System Demand and the Operating Margin and will take account of Dynamic Parameters to see whether the anticipated level of the System Margin for any period is insufficient.
- (d) Where the level of the **System Margin** for any period is, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, anticipated to be insufficient, **NGET** will send (by such data transmission facilities as have been agreed) a **GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin** in accordance with OC7.4.8 to each **Generator**, **Supplier**, **Externally Interconnected System Operator**, **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customer**.
- (e) Where, in NGET's judgement the System Margin at any time during the current Operational Day is such that there is a high risk of Demand reduction being instructed, a GB Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction will be issued, in accordance with OC7.4.8.
- (f) The monitoring will be conducted on a regular basis and a revised GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin or High Risk of Demand Reduction may be sent out from time to time, including within the post Gate Closure phase. This will reflect any changes in Physical Notifications and Export and Import Limits which have been notified to NGET, and will reflect any Demand Control which has also been so notified. This will also reflect generally any changes in the forecast Demand and the relevant Operating Margin.
- (g) To reflect changing conditions, a **GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin** may be superseded by a **GB Transmission System Warning High Risk of Demand Reduction** and vice-versa.
- (h) If the continuing monitoring identifies that the System Margin is anticipated, in NGET's reasonable opinion, to be sufficient for the period for which previously a GB Transmission System Warning had been issued, NGET

will send (by such data transmission facilities as have been agreed) a Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning to each User who had received a GB Transmission System Warning - Inadequate System Margin or High Risk of Demand Reduction for that period. The issue of a Cancellation of GB Transmission System Warning is not an assurance by NGET that in the event the System Margin will be adequate, but reflects NGET's reasonable opinion that the insufficiency is no longer anticipated.

- (i) If continued monitoring indicates the **System Margin** becoming inadequate **NGET** may issue further **GB Transmission System Warnings Inadequate System Margin** or **High Risk of Demand Reduction**.
- (j) NGET may issue a GB Transmission System Warning Inadequate System Margin or High Risk of Demand Reduction for any period, not necessarily relating to the following Operational Day, where it has reason to believe there will be inadequate System Margin over a period (for example in periods of protracted Plant shortage, the provisions of OC7.4.8.6 apply).

BC1.5.5 System and Localised NRAPM (Negative Reserve Active Power Margin)

(a) (i) System Negative Reserve Active Power Margin

Synchronised Gensets must at all times be capable of reducing output such that the total reduction in output of all **Synchronised Gensets** is sufficient to offset the loss of the largest secured demand on the **System** and must be capable of sustaining this response;

(ii) Localised Negative Reserve Active Power Margin

Synchronised Gensets must at all times be capable of reducing output to allow transfers to and from the **System Constraint Group** (as the case may be) to be contained within such reasonable limit as **NGET** may determine and must be capable of sustaining this response.

- (b) NGET will monitor the total of Physical Notifications of exporting BM Units and Generating Units (where appropriate) received against forecast Demand and, where relevant, the appropriate limit on transfers to and from a System Constraint Group and will take account of Dynamic Parameters and Export and Import Limits received to see whether the level of System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM for any period is likely to be insufficient. In addition, NGET may increase the required margin of System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM to allow for variations in forecast Demand. In the case of System NRAPM, this may be by an amount (in NGET's reasonable discretion) not exceeding five per cent of forecast Demand for the period in question. In the case of Localised NRAPM, this may be by an amount (in NGET's reasonable discretion) not exceeding ten per cent of the forecast Demand for the period in question;
- (c) Where the level of System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM for any period is, in NGET 's reasonable opinion, likely to be insufficient NGET may contact all Generators in the case of low System NRAPM and may contact Generators in relation to relevant Gensets in the case of low Localised NRAPM. NGET will raise with each Generator the problems it is anticipating due to low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM and will discuss whether, in advance of Gate Closure:-

- (i) any change is possible in the **Physical Notification** of a **BM Unit** which has been notified to **NGET**; or
- (ii) any change is possible to the Physical Notification of a BM Unit within an Existing AGR Plant within the Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit;

in relation to periods of low System NRAPM or (as the case may be) low Localised NRAPM. NGET will also notify each Externally Interconnected System Operator of the anticipated low System NRAPM or Localised NRAPM and request assistance in obtaining changes to Physical Notifications from BM Units in that External System.

(d) Following **Gate Closure**, the procedure of BC2.9.4 will apply.

BC1.6 Special Provisions relating to **Network Operators**

BC1.6.1 User System Data from Network Operators

- (a) By 1000 hours each day each **Network Operator** will submit to **NGET** in writing, confirmation or notification of the following in respect of the next **Operational Day**:
 - (i) constraints on its **User System** which **NGET** may need to take into account in operating the **GB Transmission System**. In this BC1.6.1 the term "constraints" shall include restrictions on the operation of **Embedded CCGT Units**, and/or **Embedded Power Park Modules** as a result of the **User System** to which the **CCGT Unit** and/or **Power Park Module** is connected at the **User System Entry Point** being operated or switched in a particular way, for example, splitting the relevant busbar. It is a matter for the **Network Operator** and the **Generator** to arrange the operation or switching, and to deal with any resulting consequences. The **Generator**, after consultation with the **Network Operator**, is responsible for ensuring that no **BM Unit Data** submitted to **NGET** can result in the violation of any such constraint on the **User System**.
 - (ii) the requirements of voltage control and Mvar reserves which **NGET** may need to take into account for **System** security reasons.
 - (iii) where applicable, updated best estimates of Maximum Export

 Capacity and Maximum Import Capacity and Interface Point

 Target Voltage/Power Factor for any Interface Point connected to
 its User System including any requirement for post-fault actions to be
 implemented on the relevant Offshore Transmission System by
 NGET.

- (b) The form of the submission will be:
 - that of a **BM Unit** output or consumption (for MW and for Mvar, in each case a fixed value or an operating range, on the **User System** at the **User System Entry Point**, namely in the case of a **BM Unit** comprising a **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) on the higher voltage side of the generator step-up transformer, or in the case of a **Power Park Module**, at the point of connection) required for particular **BM Units** (identified in the submission) connected to that **User System** for each **Settlement Period** of the next **Operational Day**;
 - (ii) adjusted in each case for MW by the conversion factors applicable for those **BM Units** to provide output or consumption at the relevant **Grid Supply Points**.
- (c) At any time and from time to time, between 1000 hours each day and the expiry of the next **Operational Day**, each **Network Operator** must submit to **NGET** in writing any revisions to the information submitted under this BC1.6.1.

BC1.6.2 <u>Notification of Times to **Network Operators**</u>

NGET will make available indicative Synchronising and De-Synchronising times to each Network Operator, but only relating to BM Units comprising a Generating Unit (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or a Power Park Module or a CCGT Module Embedded within that Network Operator's User System and those Gensets directly connected to the GB Transmission System which NGET has identified under OC2 as being those which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET, affect the integrity of that User System. If in preparing for the operation of the Balancing Mechanism, NGET becomes aware that a BM Unit directly connected to the GB Transmission System may, in its reasonable opinion, affect the integrity of that other User System which, in the case of a BM Unit comprising a Generating Unit (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or a CCGT Module or a Power Park Module, it had not so identified under OC2, then NGET may make available details of its indicative Synchronising and De-Synchronising times to that other User and shall inform the relevant BM Participant that it has done so, identifying the BM Unit concerned.

BC1.7 Special Actions

- BC1.7.1 **NGET** may need to identify special actions (either pre- or post-fault) that need to be taken by specific **Users** in order to maintain the integrity of the **GB Transmission System** in accordance with the **Licence Standards** and **NGET Operational Strategy**.
 - (a) For a **Generator** special actions will generally involve a **Load** change or a change of required Notice to Deviate from Zero NDZ, in a specific timescale on individual or groups of **Gensets**.
 - (b) For **Network Operators** these special actions will generally involve **Load** transfers between **Grid Supply Points** or arrangements for **Demand** reduction by manual or automatic means.
 - (c) For Externally Interconnected System Operators (in their co-ordinating role for Interconnector Users using their External System) these special

actions will generally involve an increase or decrease of net power flows across an **External Interconnection** by either manual or automatic means.

- BC1.7.2 These special actions will be discussed and agreed with the relevant **User** as appropriate. The actual implementation of these special actions may be part of an "emergency circumstances" procedure described under **BC2**. If not agreed, generation or **Demand** may be restricted or may be at risk.
- BC1.7.3 **NGET** will normally issue the list of special actions to the relevant **Users** by 1700 hours on the day prior to the day to which they are to apply.

APPENDIX 1

BM UNIT DATA

More detail about valid values required under the **Grid Code** for **BM Unit Data** and **Generating Unit Data** may be identified by referring to the **Data Validation**, **Consistency and Defaulting Rules**. In the case of **Embedded BM Units** and **Generating Units** the **BM Unit Data** and the **Generating Unit Data** shall represent the value at the relevant **Grid Supply Point**. Where data is submitted on a **Generating Unit** basis, the provisions of this Appendix 1 shall in respect of such data submission apply as if references to **BM Unit** were replaced with **Generating Unit**. Where **NGET** and the relevant **User** agree, submission on a **Generating Unit** basis (in whole or in part) may be otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the Appendix 1.

BC1.A.1.1 Physical Notifications

For each **BM** Unit, the **Physical Notification** is a series of MW figures and associated times, making up a profile of intended input or output of **Active Power** at the **Grid Entry Point** or **Grid Supply Point**, as appropriate. For each **Settlement Period**, the first "from time" should be at the start of the **Settlement Period** and the last "to time" should be at the end of the **Settlement Period**.

The input or output reflected in the **Physical Notification** for a single **BM Unit** (or the aggregate **Physical Notifications** for a collection of **BM Units** at a **Grid Entry Point** or **Grid Supply Point** or to be transferred across an **External Interconnection**, owned or controlled by a single **BM Participant**) must comply with the following limits regarding maximum rates of change, either for a single change or a series of related changes:

• for a change of up to 300MW no limit;

 for a change greater than 300MW and less than 1000MW

50MW per minute;

• for a change of 1000MW or more 40MW per minute,

unless prior arrangements have been discussed and agreed with **NGET**. This limitation is not intended to limit the Run-Up or Run-Down Rates provided as **Dynamic Parameters**.

An example of the format of **Physical Notification** is shown below. The convention to be applied is that where it is proposed that the **BM Unit** will be importing, the **Physical Notification** is negative.

			From		To
Data Name	BMU name	Time From	level	Time To	Level
			(MW)		MW)
PN , TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	,2001-11-03 06	:30 ,77	,2001-11-03 07:00	, 100
PN , TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	,2001-11-03 07	:00 , 100	,2001-11-03 07:12	, 150
PN TAGENT	BMUNIT01	2001-11-03 07	12 150	2001-11-03 07:30	175

A linear interpolation will be assumed between the **Physical Notification** From and To levels specified for the **BM Unit** by the **BM Participant**.

BC1.A.1. 2 Quiescent Physical Notifications (QPN)

For each **BM Unit** (optional)

A series of MW figures and associated times, which describe the MW levels to be deducted from the **Physical Notification** of a **BM Unit** to determine a resultant operating level to which the **Dynamic Parameters** associated with that **BM Unit** apply.

An example of the format of data is shown below.

			From		To
Data Name	BMU name	Time From	level	Time To	level
			(MW)		(MW)
QPN , TAGENT	, BMUNIT04	, 2001-11-03	, -200	, 2001-11-03 07:00	, -220
		06:30			
QPN , TAGENT	, BMUNIT04	, 2001-11-03	, -220	,2001-11-03 07:18	, -245
		07:00			
QPN , TAGENT	, BMUNIT04	, 2001-11-03	, -245	,2001-11-03 07:30	, -300
		07:18			

A linear interpolation will be assumed between the **QPN** From and To levels specified for the **BM Unit** by the **BM Participant**.

BC1.A.1.3 Export and Import Limits

BC1.A.1.3.1 Maximum Export Limit (MEL)

A series of MW figures and associated times, making up a profile of the maximum level at which the **BM Unit** may be exporting (in MW) to the **GB Transmission System** at the **Grid Entry Point** or **Grid Supply Point**, as appropriate.

BC1.A.1.3.2 Maximum Import Limit (MIL)

A series of MW figures and associated times, making up a profile of the maximum level at which the **BM Unit** may be importing (in MW) from the **GB Transmission System** at the **Grid Entry Point** or **Grid Supply Point**, as appropriate.

An example format of data is shown below. MEL must be positive or zero, and MIL must be negative or zero.

			From level		To level
Data Name	BMU name	Time From	(MW)	Time To	(MW)
•	•	, 2001-11-03 05:00 , 2001-11-03 09:35	-	,2001-11-03 09:35 ,2001-11-03 12:45	,
MIL , TAGENT	,BMUNIT04	,2001-11-03 06:30	, -200	, 2001-11-03 07:00	, -220

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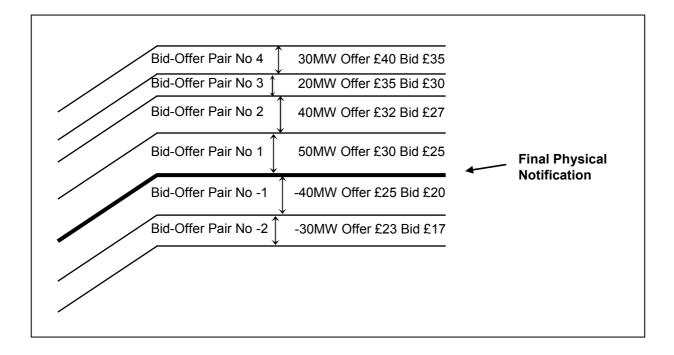
BC1.A.1.4 Bid-Offer Data

For each **BM Unit** for Up to 10 Bid-Offer Pairs as defined in the **BSC**. each **Settlement Period**:

An example of the format of data is shown below.

Data Name	BMU name	Time from	Time to	Pair ID		Level	`	Bid (£/ MWhr)
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0, 4	, 30	, 30	, 40	, 35
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0,3	, 20	, 20	, 35	, 30
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0, 2	, 40	, 40	, 32	, 27
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0, 1	, 50	, 50	, 30	, 25
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0 , -1	, -40	, -40	, 25	, 20
BOD, TAGENT	, BMUNIT01	, 2000-10-28	12:00 , 2000-10-28 13:3	0, -2	, -30	, -30	, 23	, 17

This example of Bid-Offer data is illustrated graphically below:-



BC1.A.1.5 Dynamic Parameters

The **Dynamic Parameters** comprise:

- Up to three Run-Up Rate(s) and up to three Run-Down Rate(s), expressed in MW/minute and associated Run-Up Elbow(s) and Run-Down Elbow(s), expressed in MW for output and the same for input. It should be noted that Run-Up Rate(s) are applicable to a MW figure becoming more positive;
- Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ) output or input, being the notification time required for a BM Unit to start importing or exporting energy, from a zero Physical Notification level as a result of a Bid-Offer Acceptance, expressed in minutes:
- Notice to Deliver Offers (NTO) and Notice to Deliver Bids (NTB), expressed in minutes, indicating the notification time required for a BM Unit to start delivering Offers and Bids respectively from the time that the Bid-Offer Acceptance is issued. In the case of a BM Unit comprising a Genset, NTO and NTB will be set to a maximum period of two minutes:
- Minimum Zero Time (MZT), being either the minimum time that a BM Unit which has been exporting must operate at zero or be importing, before returning to exporting or the minimum time that a BM Unit which has been importing must operate at zero or be exporting before returning to importing, as a result of a Bid-Offer Acceptance, expressed in minutes;
- Minimum Non-Zero Time (MNZT), expressed in minutes, being the minimum time that a BM Unit can operate at a non-zero level as a result of a Bid-Offer Acceptance;
- Stable Export Limit (SEL) expressed in MW at the Grid Entry Point or Grid Supply Point, as appropriate, being the minimum value at which the BM Unit can, under stable conditions, export to the GB Transmission System;
- Stable Import Limit (SIL) expressed in MW at the Grid Entry Point or Grid Supply Point, as appropriate, being the minimum value at which the BM Unit can, under stable conditions, import from the GB Transmission System;
- Maximum Delivery Volume (MDV), expressed in MWh, being the maximum number of MWhr of Offer (or Bid if MDV is negative) that a particular **BM Unit** may deliver within the associated Maximum Delivery Period (MDP), expressed in minutes, being the maximum period over which the MDV applies.

BC1.A.1.6 **CCGT Module Matrix**

- BC1.A.1.6.1 **CCGT Module Matrix** showing the combination of **CCGT Units** running in relation to any given MW output, in the form of the diagram illustrated below. The **CCGT Module Matrix** is designed to achieve certainty in knowing the number of **CCGT Units** synchronised to meet the **Physical Notification** and to achieve a **Bid-Offer Acceptance**.
- BC1.A.1.6.2 In the case of a **Range CCGT Module**, and if the **Generator** so wishes, a request for the single **Grid Entry Point** at which power is provided from the **Range CCGT Module** to be changed in accordance with the provisions of BC1.A.1.6.4 below:-

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CCGT Module Matrix example form

CCGT MODULE	CCGT GENERATING UNITS* AVAILABLE								
ACTIVE POWER	1st GT	2 nd GT	3 rd GT	4th GT	5th GT	6th GT	1st ST	2nd ST	3rd ST
MW	ACT	VE PC	WER	OUTP	UT				
	150	150	150				100		
0MW to 150MW	1								
151MW to 250MW	1						1		
251MW to 300MW	/	1							
301MW to 400MW	1	1					1		
401MW to 450MW	/	1	1						
451MW to 550MW	/	1	1				1		

^{*} as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2

- BC1.A.1.6.3 In the absence of the correct submission of a **CCGT Module Matrix** the last submitted (or deemed submitted) **CCGT Module Matrix** shall be taken to be the **CCGT Module Matrix** submitted hereunder.
- BC1.A.1.6.4 The data may also include in the case of a Range CCGT Module, a request for the Grid Entry Point at which the power is provided from the Range CCGT Module to be changed with effect from the beginning of the following Operational Day to another specified single Grid Entry Point (there can be only one) to that being used for the current Operational Day. NGET will respond to this request by 1600 hours on the day of receipt of the request. If NGET agrees to the request (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld), the Generator will operate the Range CCGT Module in accordance with the request. If NGET does not agree, the Generator will, if it produces power from that Range CCGT Module, continue to provide power from the Range CCGT Module to the Grid Entry Point being used at the time of the request. The request can only be made up to 1100 hours in respect of the following Operational Day. No subsequent request to change can be made after 1100 hours in respect of the following Operational Day. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the busbar at the Grid Entry Point being operated in separate sections.
- BC1.A.1.6.5 The principles set out in PC.A.3.2.3 apply to the submission of a **CCGT Module**Matrix and accordingly the **CCGT Module Matrix** can only be amended as follows:-

(a) Normal CCGT Module

if the CCGT Module is a Normal CCGT Module, the CCGT Units within that CCGT Module can only be amended such that the CCGT Module comprises different CCGT Units if NGET gives its prior consent in writing. Notice of the wish to amend the CCGT Units within such a CCGT Module must be given at least 6 months before it is wished for the amendment to take effect:

(b) Range CCGT Module

if the CCGT Module is a Range CCGT Module, the CCGT Units within that CCGT Module can only be amended such that the CCGT Module comprises different CCGT Units for a particular Operational Day if the relevant notification is given by 1100 hours on the day prior to the Operational Day in which the amendment is to take effect. No subsequent amendment may be made to the CCGT Units comprising the CCGT Module in respect of that particular Operational Day.

- BC1.A.1.6.6 In the case of a CCGT Module Matrix submitted (or deemed to be submitted) as part of the other data for CCGT Modules, the output of the CCGT Module at any given instructed MW output must reflect the details given in the CCGT Module Matrix. It is accepted that in cases of change in MW in response to instructions issued by NGET there may be a transitional variance to the conditions reflected in the CCGT Module Matrix. In achieving an instruction the range of number of CCGT Units envisaged in moving from one MW output level to the other must not be departed from. Each Generator shall notify NGET as soon as practicable after the event of any such variance. It should be noted that there is a provision above for the Generator to revise the CCGT Module Matrix, subject always to the other provisions of this BC1;
- BC1.A.1.6.7 Subject as provided above, **NGET** will rely on the **CCGT Units** specified in such **CCGT Module Matrix** running as indicated in the **CCGT Module Matrix** when it issues an instruction in respect of the **CCGT Module**;
- BC1.A.1.6.8 Subject as provided in BC1.A.1.6.5 above, any changes to the **CCGT Module Matrix** must be notified immediately to **NGET** in accordance with the relevant provisions of **BC1**.

BC1.A.1.7 Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix

BC1.A.1.7.1 A Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix showing the performance of individual Generating Units forming part of a Cascade Hydro Scheme in response to Bid-Offer Acceptance. An example table is shown below:

Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix example form

Plant	Synchronises when offer is greater than
Generating Unit 1	MW
Generating Unit 2	MW
Generating Unit 3	MW
Generating Unit 4	MW
Generating Unit 5	MW

BC1.A.1.8 **Power Park Module Availability Matrix**

Power Park Module Availability Matrix showing the number of each type of Power Park Units expected to be available is illustrated in the example form below. The Power Park Module Availability Matrix is designed to achieve certainty in knowing the number of Power Park Units Synchronised to meet the Physical Notification and to achieve a Bid-Offer Acceptance. The Power Park Module Availability Matrix may have as many columns as are required to provide information on the different make and model for each type of Power Park Unit in a Power Park

Module. The description is required to assist identification of the **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module** and correlation with data provided under the **Planning Code**.

Power Park Module Availability Matrix example form

POWER PARK	POWER PAR	K UNITS		
UNIT AVAILABILITY	Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D
Description				
(Make/Model)				
Number of units				

- BC1.A.1.8.2 In the absence of the correct submission of a **Power Park Module Availability**Matrix the last submitted (or deemed submitted) **Power Park Module Availability**Matrix shall be taken to be the **Power Park Module Availability Matrix** submitted hereunder.
- BC1.A.1.8.3 **NGET** will rely on the **Power Park Units** specified in such **Power Park Module Availability Matrix** running as indicated in the **Power Park Module Availability Matrix** when it issues an instruction in respect of the **Power Park Module**;
- BC1.A.1.8.4 Subject as provided in PC.A.3.2.4 any changes to the **Power Park Module Availability Matrix** must be notified immediately to **NGET** in accordance with the relevant provisions of **BC1**.

APPENDIX 2

DATA TO BE MADE AVAILABLE BY NGET

BC1.A.2.1 Initial Day Ahead Demand Forecast

Normally by 09:00 hours each day, values (in MW) for each **Settlement Period** of the next following **Operational Day** of the following data items:-

- i) Initial forecast of GB National Demand;
- ii) Initial forecast of **Demand** for a number of predetermined constraint groups.

BC1.A.2.2 Initial Day Ahead Market Information

Normally by 12:00 hours each day, values (in MW) for each **Settlement Period** of the next following **Operational Day** of the following data items:-

i) Initial National Indicated Margin

This is the difference between the sum of **BM Unit** MELs and the forecast of **GB Transmission System Demand**.

ii) Initial National Indicated Imbalance

This is the difference between the sum of **Physical Notifications** for **BM Units** comprising **Generating Units** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** and the forecast of **GB Transmission System Demand**.

iii) Forecast of GB Transmission System Demand.

BC1.A.2.3 Current Day and Day Ahead Updated Market Information

Data will normally be made available by the times shown below for the associated periods of time:

Target Data Release Time	Period Start Time	Period End Time
02:00	02:00 D0	05:00 D+1
10:00	10:00 D0	05:00 D+1
16:00	05:00 D+1	05:00 D+2
16:30	16:30 D0	05:00 D+1
22:00	22:00 D0	05:00 D+2

In this table, D0 refers to the current day, D+1 refers to the next day and D+2 refers to the day following D+1.

In all cases, data will be $\frac{1}{2}$ hourly average MW values calculated by **NGET**. Information to be released includes:-

National Information

i) National Indicated Margin;

- ii) National Indicated Imbalance;
- iii) Updated forecast of GB Transmission System Demand.

Constraint Boundary Information (for each Constraint Boundary)

i) Indicated Constraint Boundary Margin;

This is the difference between the Constraint Boundary Transfer limit and the difference between the sum of **BM Unit** MELs and the forecast of local **Demand** within the constraint boundary.

ii) Local Indicated Imbalance;

This is the difference between the sum of **Physical Notifications** for **BM Units** comprising **Generating Units** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC1.2) or **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** and the forecast of local **Demand** within the constraint boundary.

iii) Updated forecast of the local **Demand** within the constraint boundary.

< End of BC1 >

BALANCING CODE No 2

POST GATE CLOSURE PROCESS

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BALANCING CODE No 2

POST GATE CLOSURE PROCESS

BC2.1 INTRODUCTION

Balancing Code No 2 (BC2) sets out the procedure for:

- a) the physical operation of **BM Units** and **Generating Units** in the absence of any instructions from **NGET**;
- b) the acceptance by **NGET** of **Balancing Mechanism** Bids and Offers,
- c) the calling off by **NGET** of **Ancillary Services**;
- d) the issuing and implementation of **Emergency Instructions**; and
- e) the issuing by **NGET** of other operational instructions and notifications.

In addition, BC2 deals with any information exchange between NGET and BM Participants or specific Users that takes place after Gate Closure.

In this **BC2**, "consistent" shall be construed as meaning to the nearest integer MW level.

In this BC2, references to "a BM Unit returning to its Physical Notification" shall take account of any Bid-Offer Acceptances already issued to the BM Unit in accordance with BC2.7 and any Emergency Instructions already issued to the BM Unit or Generating Unit in accordance with BC2.9.

BC2.2 OBJECTIVE

The procedure covering the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism** and the issuing of instructions to **Users** is intended to enable **NGET** as far as possible to maintain the integrity of the **GB Transmission System** together with the security and quality of supply.

Where reference is made in this **BC2** to **Generating Units** (unless otherwise stated) it only applies:

- to each **Generating Unit** which forms part of the **BM Unit** of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme**; and
- (b) at an **Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station** where the relevant **Bilateral Agreement** specifies that compliance with **BC2** is required:
 - i) to each **Generating Unit**, or
 - to each **Power Park Module** where the **Power Station** comprises **Power Park Modules**.

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BC2.3 SCOPE

BC2 applies to NGET and to Users, which in this BC2 means:-

- (a) **BM Participants**;
- (b) Externally Interconnected System Operators, and
- (c) **Network Operators.**

BC2.4 INFORMATION USED

- BC2.4.1 The information which **NGET** shall use, together with the other information available to it, in assessing:-
 - (a) which bids and offers to accept;
 - (b) which **BM** Units and/or Generating Units to instruct to provide Ancillary Services;
 - (c) the need for and formulation of **Emergency Instructions**; and
 - (d) other operational instructions and notifications which **NGET** may need to issue will be:
 - (a) the Physical Notification and Bid-Offer Data submitted under BC1;
 - (b) Export and Import Limits, QPNs, and Joint BM Unit Data in respect of that BM Unit and/or Generating Unit supplied under BC1 (and any revisions under BC1 and BC2 to the data); and
 - (c) **Dynamic Parameters** submitted or revised under this **BC2**.
- As provided for in BC1.5.4, **NGET** will monitor the total of the Maximum Export Limit component of the **Export and Import Limits** against forecast **Demand** and the **Operating Margin** and will take account of **Dynamic Parameters** to see whether the anticipated level of **System Margin** is insufficient. This will reflect any changes in **Export and Import Limits** which have been notified to **NGET**, and will reflect any **Demand Control** which has also been so notified. **NGET** may issue new or revised **GB Transmission System Warnings Inadequate System Margin** or **High Risk of Demand Reduction** in accordance with BC1.5.4.

BC2.5 PHYSICAL OPERATION OF **BM UNITS**

BC2.5.1 Accuracy of **Physical Notifications**

As described in BC1.4.2(a), **Physical Notifications** must represent the **BM Participant's** best estimate of expected input or output of **Active Power** and shall be prepared in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**. Each **BM Participant** must, applying **Good Industry Practice**, ensure that each of its **BM Units** follows the **Physical Notification** in respect of that **BM Unit** (and each of its **Generating Units** follows the **Physical Notification** in the case of **Physical Notifications** supplied under BC1.4.2(a)(2)) prevailing at **Gate Closure** (the data in which will be utilised in producing the **Final Physical Notification Data** in accordance with the **BSC**) subject to:

- (a) variations arising from the issue of Bid-Offer Acceptances which have been confirmed by the BM Participant; instructions by NGET in relation to that BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) which require, or compliance with which would result in, a variation in output or input of that BM Unit (or a Generating Unit); or
- (b) any variations arising from compliance with provisions of **BC1**, **BC2** or **BC3** which provide to the contrary,

(which in each case gives rise to an obligation (applying **Good Industry Practice**) to follow such **Physical Notification** as amended by such variations and/or instructions), unless in relation to any such obligation it is prevented from so doing as a result of an unavoidable event (existing or anticipated) in relation to that **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**) which requires a variation in output or input of that **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**). Examples (on a non-exhaustive basis) of such an unavoidable event are plant breakdowns, events requiring a variation of input or output on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant), events requiring a variation of input or output to maintain compliance with the relevant Statutory Water Management obligations and uncontrollable variations of input of **Active Power**.

Any anticipated variation in input or output from the **Physical Notification** in respect of that **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**) prevailing at **Gate Closure** (except for variations arising from the issue of **Bid-Offer Acceptances** or instructions by **NGET** as outlined above) for any **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**) post **Gate Closure** must be notified to **NGET** without delay by the relevant **BM Participant** (or the relevant person on its behalf). Implementation of this notification should normally be achieved by the submission of revisions to the **Export and Import Limits** in accordance with BC2.5.3 below.

BC2.5.2 **Synchronising** and **De-Synchronising** times

BC2.5.2.1 The Final Physical Notification Data provides indicative Synchronising and De-Synchronising times to NGET in respect of any BM Unit which is De-Synchronising or is anticipated to be Synchronising post Gate Closure.

Any delay of greater than five minutes to the **Synchronising** or any advancement of greater than five minutes to the **De-Synchronising** of a **BM Unit** must be notified to **NGET** without delay by the submission of a revision of the **Export and Import Limits**.

- BC2.5.2.2 Except in the circumstances provided for in BC2.5.2.3, BC2.5.2.4, BC2.5.5.1 or BC2.9, no **BM Unit** (nor a **Generating Unit**) is to be **Synchronised** or **DeSynchronised** unless:-
 - (a) a **Physical Notification** had been submitted to **NGET** prior to **Gate Closure** indicating that a **Synchronisation** or **De-Synchronisation** is to occur; or
 - (b) **NGET** has issued a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** requiring **Synchronisation** or **De-Synchronisation** of that **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**).
- BC2.5.2.3 BM Participants must only Synchronise or De-Synchronise BM Units (or a Generating Unit);
 - (a) at the times indicated to **NGET**, or

(b) at times consistent with variations in output or input arising from provisions described in BC2.5.1.

(within a tolerance of +/- 5 minutes) or unless that occurs automatically as a result of **Operational Intertripping** or **Low Frequency Relay** operations or an **Ancillary Service** pursuant to an **Ancillary Services Agreement**

BC2.5.2.4 **De-Synchronisation** may also take place without prior notification to **NGET** as a result of plant breakdowns or if it is done purely on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant). If that happens **NGET** must be informed immediately that it has taken place and a revision to **Export and Import Limits** must be submitted in accordance with BC2.5.3.3. Following any **De-Synchronisation** occurring as a result of plant failure, no **Synchronisation** of that **BM Unit** (or a **Generating Unit**) is to take place without **NGET's** agreement, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld.

In the case of **Synchronisation** following an unplanned **De-Synchronisation** within the preceding 15 minutes, a minimum of 5 minutes notice of its intention to **Synchronise** should normally be given to **NGET** (via a revision to **Export and Import Limits**). In the case of any other unplanned **De-Synchronisation** where the **User** plans to **Synchronise** before the expiry of the current **Balancing Mechanism** period, a minimum of 15 minutes notice of **Synchronisation** should normally be given to **NGET** (via a revision to **Export and Import Limits**). In addition, the rate at which the **BM Unit** is returned to its **Physical Notification** is not to exceed the limits specified in **BC1**, Appendix 1 without **NGET's** agreement.

NGET will either agree to the **Synchronisation** or issue a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** in accordance with BC2.7 to delay the **Synchronisation**. **NGET** may agree to an earlier **Synchronisation** if **System** conditions allow.

BC2.5.2.5 Notification of Times to **Network Operators**

NGET will make changes to the Synchronising and De-Synchronising times available to each Network Operator, but only relating to BM Units Embedded within its User System and those BM Units directly connected to the GB Transmission System which NGET has identified under OC2 and/or BC1 as being those which may, in the reasonable opinion of NGET, affect the integrity of that User System and shall inform the relevant BM Participant that it has done so, identifying the BM Unit concerned.

Each **Network Operator** must notify **NGET** of any changes to its **User System** Data as soon as practicable in accordance with BC1.6.1(c).

BC2.5.3 Revisions to **BM Unit Data**

Following Gate Closure for any Settlement Period, no changes to the Physical Notification, to the QPN data or to Bid-Offer Data for that Settlement Period may be submitted to NGET.

At any time, any **BM Participant** (or the relevant person on its behalf) may, in respect of any of its **BM Units**, submit to **NGET** the data listed in **BC1**, Appendix 1 under the heading of **Dynamic Parameters** from the **Control Point** of its **BM Unit** to amend the data already held by **NGET** (including that previously submitted under this BC2.5.3.1) for use in preparing for and operating the **Balancing Mechanism**. The change will take effect from the time that it is received by **NGET**. For the avoidance of doubt, the **Dynamic Parameters** submitted to **NGET** under BC1.4.2(e) are not used within the current **Operational Day**. The **Dynamic Parameters** submitted

under this BC2.5.3.1 shall reasonably reflect the true current operating characteristics of the **BM Unit** and shall be prepared in accordance with **Good Industry Practice**.

Following the Operational Intertripping of a System to Generating Unit or a System to CCGT Module, the BM Participant shall as soon as reasonably practicable re-declare its MEL to reflect more accurately its output capability.

- Revisions to Export and Import Limits or Other Relevant Data supplied (or revised) under BC1 must be notified to NGET without delay as soon as any change becomes apparent to the BM Participant (or the relevant person on its behalf) via the Control Point for the BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) to ensure that an accurate assessment of BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) capability is available to NGET at all times. These revisions should be prepared in accordance with Good Industry Practice and may be submitted by use of electronic data communication facilities or by telephone.
- Revisions to Export and Import Limits must be made by a BM Participant (or the relevant person on its behalf) via the Control Point in the event of any De-Synchronisation of a BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) in the circumstances described in BC2.5.2.4 if the BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) is no longer available for any period of time. Revisions must also be submitted in the event of plant failures causing a reduction in input or output of a BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) even if that does not lead to De-Synchronisation. Following the correction of a plant failure, the BM Participant (or the relevant person on its behalf) must notify NGET via the Control Point of a revision to the Export and Import Limits, if appropriate, of the BM Unit (or a Generating Unit), using reasonable endeavours to give a minimum of 5 minutes notice of its intention to return to its Physical Notification. The rate at which the BM Unit (or a Generating Unit) is returned to its Physical Notification is not to exceed the limits specified in BC1, Appendix 1 without NGET's agreement.

BC2.5.4 Operation in the absence of instructions from **NGET**

In the absence of any **Bid-Offer Acceptances**, **Ancillary Service** instructions issued pursuant to BC2.8 or **Emergency Instructions** issued pursuant to BC2.9:

- (a) as provided for in BC3, each Synchronised Genset producing Active Power must operate at all times in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode (unless instructed in accordance with BC3.5.4 to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode);
- (b) (i) in the absence of any Mvar Ancillary Service instructions, the Mvar output of each Synchronised Genset located Onshore should be 0 Mvar upon Synchronisation at the circuit-breaker where the Genset is Synchronised. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a Genset located Onshore comprising of Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Power Park Modules or DC Converters the steady state tolerance allowed in CC.6.3.2(b) may be applied
 - (ii) In the absence of any Mvar Ancillary Service instructions, the Mvar output of each Synchronised Genset comprising Synchronous Generating Units located Offshore should be 0MVAr at the Grid Entry Point upon Synchronisation. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a Genset located Offshore comprising of Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Power Park Modules or DC Converters the steady state tolerance allowed in CC.6.3.2(e) may be applied;

- subject to the provisions of 2.5.4(c) (ii) and 2.5.4 (c) (iii) (b)(c) (i) below, the excitation system or the voltage control system of a Genset located Offshore which has agreed an alternative Reactive Power capability range under CC.6.3.2 (e) (iii) or a Genset located Onshore, unless otherwise agreed with NGET, must be operated only in its constant terminal voltage mode of operation with VAR limiters in service, with any constant Reactive Power output control mode or constant Power Factor output control mode always disabled, unless agreed otherwise with NGET. In the event of any change in System voltage, a Generator must not take any action to override automatic Mvar response which is produced as a result of constant terminal voltage mode of operation of the automatic excitation control system unless instructed otherwise by NGET or unless immediate action is necessary to comply with Stability Limits or unless constrained by plant operational limits or safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant);
 - In the case of all Gensets comprising Non-Synchronous Generating Units, DC Converters and Power Park Modules that are located Offshore and which have agreed an alternative Reactive Power capability range under CC.6.3.2 (e) (iii), or that are located Onshore only when operating below 20 % of the Rated MW output, the voltage control system shall maintain the reactive power transfer at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded) to 0 MVAr. For the avoidance of doubt the relevant steady state tolerance allowed in CC.6.3.2(b) or CC.6.3.2 (e) may be applied. In the case of any such Gensets comprising current source DC Converter technology or comprising Power Park Modules connected to the Total System by a current source **DC Converter** when operating at any power output the voltage control system shall maintain the reactive power transfer at the Grid Entry Point (or User System Entry Point if Embedded) to 0 For the avoidance of doubt the relevant steady state tolerance allowed in CC.6.3.2(b) or CC.6.3.2 (c) (i) may be applied.
 - (ii)(iii) In the case of all **Gensets** located **Offshore** which are not subject to the requirements of BC2.5.4 (c) (i) or BC2.5.4 (c) (ii) the control system shall maintain the **Reactive Power** transfer at the **Offshore**Grid Entry Point at 0MVAr. For the avoidance of doubt the steady state tolerance allowed by CC.6.3.2 (e) may be applied.
- (c)(d) In the absence of any Mvar **Ancillary Service** instructions,
 - the Mvar output of each **Genset** <u>located **Onshore**</u> should be 0 Mvar immediately prior to **De-Synchronisation** at the circuit-breaker where the **Genset** is **Synchronised**, other than in the case of a rapid unplanned **De-Synchronisation** or in the case of a **Genset** comprising of **Non-Synchronous Generating Units**, **Power Park Modules** or **DC Converters** which is operating at less than 20% of its **Rated MW** output where the requirements of BC2.5.4 (bc) part (ii) apply, or;

- the MVAr output of each Genset located Offshore should be OMVAr immediately prior to De-Synchronisation at the Offshore Grid Entry Point, other than in the case of a rapid unplanned De-Synchronisation or in the case of a Genset comprising of Non-Synchronous Generating Units, Power Park Modules or DC Converters which is operating at less than 20% of its Rated MW output and which has agreed an alternative Reactive Power capability range under CC.6.3.2 (e) (iii) where the requirements of BC2.5.4 (c) (ii) apply.
- (d)(e) ____a Generator should at all times operate its CCGT Units in accordance with the applicable CCGT Module Matrix;
- (e)(f) in the case of a Range CCGT Module, a Generator must operate that CCGT Module so that power is provided at the single Grid Entry Point identified in the data given pursuant to PC.A.3.2.1 or at the single Grid Entry Point to which NGET has agreed pursuant to BC1.4.2(f);
- (f)(g) in the event of the **System Frequency** being above 50.3Hz or below 49.7Hz, **BM Participants** must not commence any reasonably avoidable action to regulate the input or output of any **BM Unit** in a manner that could

cause the **System Frequency** to deviate further from 50Hz without first using reasonable endeavours to discuss the proposed actions with **NGET**. **NGET** shall either agree to these changes in input or output or issue a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** in accordance with BC2.7 to delay the change.

(g)(h) a Generator should at all times operate its Power Park Units in accordance with the applicable Power Park Module Availability Matrix.

BC2.5.5 Commencement or Termination of Participation in the **Balancing Mechanism**

- BC2.5.5.1 In the event that a **BM Participant** in respect of a **BM Unit** with a **Demand Capacity** with a magnitude of less than 50MW in **NGET's Transmission Area** or less than 10MW in **SHETL's Transmission Area** or less than 30MW in **SPT's Transmission Area** or comprising **Generating Units** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) and/or **CCGT Modules** and/or **Power Park Modules** at a **Small Power Station** notifies **NGET** at least 30 days in advance that from a specified **Operational Day** it will:
 - (a) no longer submit Bid-Offer Data under BC1.4.2(d), then with effect from that Operational Day that BM Participant no longer has to meet the requirements of BC2.5.1 nor the requirements of CC6.5.8(b) in relation to that BM Unit. Also, with effect from that Operational Day, any defaulted Physical Notification and defaulted Bid-Offer Data in relation to that BM Unit arising from the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules will be disregarded and the provisions of BC2.5.2 will not apply;
 - (b) submit **Bid-Offer Data** under BC1.4.2(d), then with effect from that **Operational Day** that **BM Participant** will need to meet the requirements of BC2.5.1 and the requirements of CC6.5.8(b) in relation to that **BM Unit**.
- BC2.5.5.2 In the event that a **BM Participant** in respect of a **BM Unit** with a **Demand Capacity** with a magnitude of 50MW or more in **NGET's Transmission Area** or 10MW or more in **SHETL's Transmission Area** or 30MW or more in **SPT's Transmission Area** or comprising **Generating Units** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) and/or **CCGT Modules** and/or **Power Park Modules** at a **Medium Power Station** or **Large Power Station** notifies **NGET** at least 30 days in advance that from a specified **Operational Day** it will:
 - (a) no longer submit Bid-Offer Data under BC1.4.2(d), then with effect from that Operational Day that BM Participant no longer has to meet the requirements of CC6.5.8(b) in relation to that BM Unit; Also, with effect from that Operational Day, any defaulted Bid-Offer Data in relation to that BM Unit arising from the Data Validation, Consistency and Defaulting Rules will be disregarded;
 - (b) submit **Bid-Offer Data** under BC1.4.2(d), then with effect from that **Operational Day** that **BM Participant** will need to meet the requirements of CC6.5.8(b) in relation to that **BM Unit**.

BC2.6 COMMUNICATIONS

Electronic communications are always conducted in GMT. However, the input of data and display of information to **Users** and **NGET** and all other communications are conducted in London time.

BC2.6.1 Normal Communication with **Control Points**

- (a) With the exception of BC2.6.1(c) below, Bid-Offer Acceptances and Ancillary Service instructions shall be given by automatic logging device and will be given to the Control Point for the BM Unit. For all Planned Maintenance Outages the provisions of BC2.6.5 will apply. For Generating Units communications under BC2 shall be by telephone unless otherwise agreed by NGET and the User.
- (b) Bid-Offer Acceptances and Ancillary Service instructions must be formally acknowledged immediately by the BM Participant (or the relevant person on its behalf) via the Control Point for the BM Unit or Generating Unit in respect of that BM Unit or that Generating Unit. The acknowledgement and subsequent confirmation or rejection, within two minutes of receipt, is normally given electronically by automatic logging device. If no confirmation or rejection is received by NGET within two minutes of the issue of the Bid-Offer Acceptance, then NGET will contact the Control Point for the BM Unit by telephone to determine the reason for the lack of confirmation or rejection. Any rejection must be given in accordance with BC2.7.3 or BC2.8.3.
- (c) In the event of a failure of the logging device or a NGET computer system outage, Bid-Offer Acceptances and instructions will be given, acknowledged, and confirmed or rejected by telephone. The provisions of BC2.9.7 are also applicable.
- (d) In the event that in carrying out the Bid-Offer Acceptances or providing the Ancillary Services, or when operating at the level of the Final Physical Notification Data as provided in BC2.5.1, an unforeseen problem arises, caused on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant), NGET must be notified without delay by telephone.
- (e) The provisions of BC2.5.3 are also relevant.
- (f) Submissions of revised Mvar capability may be made by facsimile transmission, using the format given in Appendix 3 to **BC2**.
- (g) Communication will normally be by telephone for any purpose other than Bid-Offer Acceptances, in relation to Ancillary Services or for revisions of Mvar Data.
- (h) Submissions of revised availability of **Frequency Sensitive Mode** may be made by facsimile transmission, using the format given in Appendix 4 to **BC2**. This process should only be used for technical restrictions to the availability of **Frequency Sensitive Mode**.

BC2.6.2 Communication with **Control Points** in Emergency Circumstances

NGET will issue Emergency Instructions direct to the Control Point for each BM Unit [or Generating Unit] in Great Britain. Emergency Instructions to a Control Point will normally be given by telephone (and will include an exchange of operator names).

BC2.6.3 Communication with **Network Operators** in Emergency Circumstances

NGET will issue Emergency Instructions direct to the Network Operator at each Control Centre in relation to special actions and Demand Control. Emergency Instructions to a Network Operator will normally be given by telephone (and will

include an exchange of operator names). **OC6** contains further provisions relating to **Demand Control** instructions.

BC2.6.4 <u>Communication with Externally Interconnected System Operators in Emergency Circumstances</u>

NGET will issue Emergency Instructions directly to the Externally Interconnected System Operator at each Control Centre. Emergency Instructions to an Externally Interconnected System Operator will normally be given by telephone (and will include an exchange of operator names).

BC2.6.5 <u>Communications during planned outages of electronic data communication facilities</u>

Planned Maintenance Outages will normally be arranged to take place during periods of low data transfer activity. Upon any such Planned Maintenance Outage in relation to a post Gate Closure period:-

- (a) **BM Participants** should operate in relation to any period of time in accordance with the **Physical Notification** prevailing at **Gate Closure** current at the time of the start of the **Planned Maintenance Outage** in relation to each such period of time. Such operation shall be subject to the provisions of BC2.5.1, which will apply as if set out in this BC2.6.5. No further submissions of **BM Unit Data** (other than data specified in BC1.4.2(c) and BC1.4.2(e)) should be attempted or **Generating Unit Data**. Plant failure or similar problems causing significant deviation from **Physical Notification** should be notified to **NGET** by the submission of a revision to **Export and Import Limits** in relation to the **BM Unit** or **Generating Unit** so affected;
- (b) during the outage, revisions to the data specified in BC1.4.2(c) and BC1.4.2(e) may be submitted. Communication between **Users' Control Points** and **NGET** during the outage will be conducted by telephone;
- (c) **NGET** will issue **Bid-Offer Acceptances** by telephone; and
- (d) no data will be transferred from **NGET** to the **BMRA** until the communication facilities are re-established.
- (e) The provisions of BC2.9.7 may also be relevant.

BC2.7 BID-OFFER ACCEPTANCES

BC2.7.1 Acceptance of bids and offers by **NGET**

Bid-Offer Acceptances may be issued to the Control Point at any time following Gate Closure. Any Bid-Offer Acceptance will be consistent with the Dynamic Parameters, QPNs, Export and Import Limits, and Joint BM Unit Data of the BM Unit in so far as the Balancing Mechanism timescales will allow (see BC2.7.2).

- (a) **NGET** is entitled to assume that each **BM Unit** is available in accordance with the **BM Unit Data** submitted unless and until it is informed of any changes.
- (b) **Bid-Offer Acceptances** sent to the **Control Point** will specify the data necessary to define a MW profile to be provided (ramp rate break-points are not normally explicitly sent to the **Control Point**) and to be achieved consistent with the respective **BM Unit's Export and Import Limits, QPNs** and **Joint BM Unit Data** provided or modified under **BC1** or **BC2**, and

Dynamic Parameters given under BC2.5.3 or, if agreed with the relevant **User**, such rate within those **Dynamic Parameters** as is specified by **NGET** in the **Bid-Offer Acceptances**.

- (c) All **Bid-Offer Acceptances** will be deemed to be at the current **"Target Frequency"**, namely where a **Genset** is in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** they refer to target output at **Target Frequency**.
- (d) The form of and terms to be used by **NGET** in issuing **Bid-Offer Acceptances** together with their meanings are set out in Appendix 1 in the form of a non-exhaustive list of examples.

BC2.7.2 <u>Consistency with Export and Import Limits, QPNs and Dynamic Parameters</u>

- (a) Bid-Offer Acceptances will be consistent with the Export and Import Limits, QPNs, and Joint BM Unit Data provided or modified under BC1 or BC2 and the Dynamic Parameters provided or modified under BC2. Bid-Offer Acceptances may also recognise Other Relevant Data provided or modified under BC1 or BC2
- (b) In the case of consistency with **Dynamic Parameters** this will be limited to the time until the end of the Settlement Period for which Gate Closure has most recently occurred. If NGET intends to issue a Bid-Offer Acceptance covering a period after the end of the Settlement Period for which Gate Closure has most recently occurred, based upon the then submitted **Dynamic Parameters**, QPN's, Export and Import Limits, Bid-Offer Data and Joint BM Unit Data applicable to that period, NGET will indicate this to the BM Participant at the Control Point for the BM Unit. The intention will then be reflected in the issue of a Bid-Offer Acceptance to return the BM Unit to its previously notified Physical Notification after the relevant Gate Closure provided the submitted data used to formulate this intention has not changed and subject to System Subject to that, assumptions conditions which may affect that intention. regarding Bid-Offer Acceptances may be made by BM Participants for Settlement Periods for which Gate Closure has not yet occurred when assessing consistency with Dynamic Parameters in Settlement Periods for which Gate Closure has occurred. If no such subsequent Bid-Offer Acceptance is issued, the original Bid-Offer Acceptance will include an instantaneous return to Physical Notification at the end of the Balancing Mechanism period.

BC2.7.3 Confirmation and Rejection of Acceptances

Bid-Offer Acceptances may only be rejected by a BM Participant :-

- (a) on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant) as soon as reasonably possible and in any event within five minutes; or
- (b) because they are not consistent with the Export and Import Limits, QPNs, Dynamic Parameters or Joint BM Unit Data applicable at the time of issue of the Bid-Offer Acceptance.

A reason must always be given for rejection by telephone.

Where a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** is not confirmed within two minutes or is rejected, **NGET** will seek to contact the **Control Point** for the **BM Unit**. **NGET** must then, within 15 minutes of issuing the **Bid-Offer Acceptance**, withdraw the **Bid-Offer Acceptance** or log the **Bid-Offer Acceptance** as confirmed. **NGET** will only log a rejected **Bid-Offer Acceptance** as confirmed following discussion and if the reason given is, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, not acceptable and **NGET** will inform the **BM Participant** accordingly.

BC2.7.4 Action Required from **BM Participants**

- (a) Each **BM Participant** in respect of its **BM Units** will comply in accordance with BC2.7.1 with all **Bid-Offer Acceptances** given by **NGET** with no more than the delay allowed for by the **Dynamic Parameters** unless the **BM Unit** has given notice to **NGET** under the provisions of BC2.7.3 regarding non-acceptance of a **Bid-Offer Acceptance**.
- (b) Where a **BM Unit's** input or output changes in accordance with a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** issued under BC2.7.1, such variation does not need to be notified to **NGET** in accordance with BC2.5.1.
- (c) In the event that while carrying out the Bid-Offer Acceptance an unforeseen problem arises caused by safety reasons (relating to personnel or plant), NGET must be notified immediately by telephone and this may lead to revision of BM Unit Data in accordance with BC2.5.3

BC2.7.5 Additional Action Required from **Generators**

- (a) When complying with **Bid-Offer Acceptances** for a **CCGT Module** a **Generator** will operate its **CCGT Units** in accordance with the applicable **CCGT Module Matrix**.
- (b) When complying with **Bid-Offer Acceptances** for a **CCGT Module** which is a **Range CCGT Module**, a **Generator** must operate that **CCGT Module** so that power is provided at the single **Grid Entry Point** identified in the data given pursuant to PC.A.3.2.1 or at the single **Grid Entry Point** to which **NGET** has agreed pursuant to BC1.4.2 (f).
- (c) On receiving a new MW **Bid-Offer Acceptance**, no tap changing shall be carried out to change the Mvar output unless there is a new Mvar **Ancillary Service** instruction issued pursuant to BC2.8.
- (d) When complying with **Bid-Offer Acceptances** for a **Power Park Module** a **Generator** will operate its **Power Park Units** in accordance with the applicable **Power Park Module Availability Matrix**.

BC2.8 ANCILLARY SERVICES

This section primarily covers the call-off of **System Ancillary Services**. The provisions relating to **Commercial Ancillary Services** will normally be covered in the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement**.

BC2.8.1 Call-off of **Ancillary Services** by **NGET**

(a) **Ancillary Service** instructions may be issued at any time.

- (b) **NGET** is entitled to assume that each **BM Unit** (or **Generating Unit**) is available in accordance with the **BM Unit Data** (or the **Generating Unit Data**) and data contained in the **Ancillary Services Agreement** unless and until it is informed of any changes.
- (c) **Frequency** control instructions may be issued in conjunction with, or separate from, a **Bid-Offer Acceptance**.
- (d) The form of and terms to be used by **NGET** in issuing **Ancillary Service** instructions together with their meanings are set out in Appendix 2 in the form of a non-exhaustive list of examples including **Reactive Power** and associated instructions.
- (e) In the case of **Generating Units** that do not form part of a **BM Unit** any change in **Active Power** as a result of, or required to enable, the provision of an **Ancillary Service** will be dealt with as part of that **Ancillary Service Agreement** and/or provisions under the **CUSC**.
- (f) A **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** will be armed in accordance with BC2.10.2(a)

BC2.8.2 <u>Consistency with Export and Import Limits, QPNs and Dynamic Parameters</u>

Ancillary Service instructions will be consistent with the Export and Import Limits, QPNs, and Joint BM Unit Data provided or modified under BC1 or BC2 and the Dynamic Parameters provided or modified under BC2. Ancillary Service instructions may also recognise Other Relevant Data provided or modified under BC1 or BC2

BC2.8.3 Rejection of **Ancillary Service** instructions

- (a) Ancillary Service instructions may only be rejected, by automatic logging device or by telephone, on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant) or because they are not consistent with the applicable Export and Import Limits, QPNs, Dynamic Parameters, Joint BM Unit Data, Other Relevant Data or data contained in the Ancillary Services Agreement and a reason must be given immediately for non-acceptance.
- (b) The issue of Ancillary Service instructions for Reactive Power will be made with due regard to any resulting change in Active Power output. The instruction may be rejected if it conflicts with any Bid-Offer Acceptance issued in accordance with BC2.7 or with the Physical Notification.
- (c) Where Ancillary Service instructions relating to Active Power and Reactive Power are given together, and to achieve the Reactive Power output would cause the BM Unit to operate outside Dynamic Parameters as a result of the Active Power instruction being met at the same time, then the timescale of implementation of the Reactive Power instruction may be extended to be no longer than the timescale for implementing the Active Power instruction but in any case to achieve the Mvar Ancillary Service instruction as soon as possible.

BC2.8.4 Action Required from **BM Units**

- (a) Each BM Unit (or Generating Unit) will comply in accordance with BC2.8.1 with all Ancillary Service instructions relating to Reactive Power properly given by NGET within 2 minutes or such longer period as NGET may instruct, and all other Ancillary Service instructions without delay, unless the BM Unit or Generating Unit has given notice to NGET under the provisions of BC2.8.3 regarding non-acceptance of Ancillary Service instructions.
- (b) Each BM Unit may deviate from the profile of its Final Physical Notification Data, as modified by any Bid-Offer Acceptances issued in accordance with BC2.7.1, only as a result of responding to Frequency deviations when operating in Frequency Sensitive Mode in accordance with the Ancillary Services Agreement.
- (c) Each **Generating Unit** that does not form part of a **BM Unit** may deviate from the profile of its **Final Physical Notification Data** where agreed by **NGET** and the **User**, including but not limited to, as a result of providing **an Ancillary Service** in accordance with the **Ancillary Service Agreement**.
- (d) In the event that while carrying out the Ancillary Service instructions an unforeseen problem arises caused by safety reasons (relating to personnel or plant), NGET must be notified immediately by telephone and this may lead to revision of BM Unit Data or Generating Unit Data in accordance with BC2.5.3.

BC2.9 EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES

BC2.9.1 <u>Emergency Actions</u>

- BC2.9.1.1 In certain circumstances (as determined by NGET in its reasonable opinion) it will be necessary, in order to preserve the integrity of the GB Transmission System and any synchronously connected External System, for NGET to issue Emergency Instructions. In such circumstances, it may be necessary to depart from normal Balancing Mechanism operation in accordance with BC2.7 in issuing Bid-Offer Acceptances. BM Participants must also comply with the requirements of BC3.
- BC2.9.1.2 Examples of circumstances that may require the issue of **Emergency Instructions** include:-
 - (a) Events on the GB Transmission System or the System of another User; or
 - (b) the need to maintain adequate **System** and **Localised NRAPM** in accordance with BC2.9.4 below; or
 - (c) the need to maintain adequate frequency sensitive **Gensets** in accordance with BC2.9.5 below; or
 - (d) the need to implement **Demand Control** in accordance with OC6; or
 - (e) (i) the need to invoke the **Black Start** process or the **Re-Synchronisation of De-Synchronised Island** process in accordance with OC9; or
 - (ii) the need to request provision of a **Maximum Generation Service**; or
 - (iii) the need to issue an **Emergency Deenergisation Instruction** in circumstances where the condition or manner of operation of any

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Transmission Plant and/or **Apparatus** is such that it may cause damage or injury to any person or to the **GB Transmission System**.

- In the case of BM Units and Generating Units in Great Britain, Emergency Instructions will be issued by NGET direct to the User at the Control Point for the BM Unit or Generating Unit and may require an action or response which is outside its Other Relevant Data, QPNs, or Export and Import Limits submitted under BC1, or revised under BC1 or BC2, or Dynamic Parameters submitted or revised under BC2.
- BC2.9.1.4 In the case of a **Network Operator** or an **Externally Interconnected System Operator**, **Emergency Instructions** will be issued to its **Control Centre**.
- BC2.9.2 Implementation of **Emergency Instructions**
- BC2.9.2.1 **Users** will respond to **Emergency Instructions** issued by **NGET** without delay and using all reasonable endeavours to so respond. **Emergency Instructions** may only be rejected by an **User** on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant) and this must be notified to **NGET** immediately by telephone.
- BC2.9.2.2 **Emergency Instructions** will always be prefixed with the words "This is an **Emergency Instruction**" except in the case of:
 - (i) **Maximum Generation Service** instructed by electronic data communication facilities where the instruction will be issued in accordance with the provisions of the **Maximum Generation Service Agreement**; and
 - (ii) An Emergency Deenergisation Instruction, where the Emergency Deenergisation Instruction will be pre-fixed with the words 'This is an Emergency Deenergisation Instruction'; and
 - (iii) during a **Black Start** any instruction given by **NGET** will (unless **NGET** specifies otherwise) be deemed to be an **Emergency Instruction** need not be pre-fixed with the words 'This is an **Emergency Instruction**'.
- BC2.9.2.3 In all cases under this BC2.9 except BC2.9.1.2 (e) where NGET issues an Emergency Instruction to a BM Participant which is not rejected under BC2.9.2.1, the Emergency Instruction shall be treated as a Bid-Offer Acceptance. For the avoidance of doubt, any Emergency Instruction issued to a Network Operator or to an Externally Interconnected System Operator or in respect of a Generating Unit that does not form part of a BM Unit, will not be treated as a Bid-Offer Acceptance.
- BC2.9.2.4 In the case of BC2.9.1.2 (e) (ii) where **NGET** issues an **Emergency Instruction** pursuant to a **Maximum Generation Service Agreement** payment will be dealt with in accordance with the **CUSC** and the **Maximum Generation Service Agreement**.
- BC2.9.2.5 In the case of BC2.9.1.2 (e) (iii) where **NGET** issues an **Emergency Deenergisation Instruction** payment will be dealt with in accordance with the **CUSC**, Section 5.
- BC2.9.2.6 In the of BC2.9.1.2 (e) (i) upon receipt of an **Emergency Instruction** by a **Generator** during a **Black Start** the provisions of Section G of the **BSC** relating to compensation shall apply.

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BC2.9.3 <u>Examples of Emergency Instructions</u>

- BC2.9.3.1 In the case of a **BM Unit** or a **Generating Unit**, **Emergency Instructions** may include an instruction for the **BM Unit** or the **Generating Unit** to operate in a way that is not consistent with the **Dynamic Parameters**, **QPNs** and/or **Export and Import Limits**.
- BC2.9.3.2 In the case of a **Generator**, **Emergency Instructions** may include:
 - (a) an instruction to trip one or more **Gensets** (excluding **Operational Intertripping**); or
 - (b) an instruction to trip **Mills** or to **Part Load** a **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2); or
 - (c) an instruction to Part Load a CCGT Module or Power Park Module; or
 - (d) an instruction for the operation of **CCGT Units** within a **CCGT Module** (on the basis of the information contained within the **CCGT Module Matrix**) when emergency circumstances prevail (as determined by **NGET** in **NGET's** reasonable opinion); or
 - (e) an instruction to generate outside normal parameters, as allowed for in 4.2 of the **CUSC**; or
 - (f) an instruction for the operation of **Generating Units** within a **Cascade Hydro Scheme** (on the basis of the additional information supplied in relation to individual **Generating Units**) when emergency circumstances prevail (as determined by **NGET** in **NGET's** reasonable opinion); or
 - (g) an instruction for the operation of a Power Park Module (on the basis of the information contained within the Power Park Module Availability Matrix) when emergency circumstances prevail (as determined by NGET in NGET's reasonable opinion).
- BC2.9.3.3 Instructions to **Network Operators** relating to the **Operational Day** may include:
 - (a) a requirement for **Demand** reduction and disconnection or restoration pursuant to **OC6**:
 - (b) an instruction to effect a load transfer between **Grid Supply Points**;
 - (c) an instruction to switch in a **System to Demand Intertrip Scheme**;
 - (d) an instruction to split a network;
 - (e) an instruction to disconnect an item of **Plant** or **Apparatus** from the **System**.
- BC2.9.4 <u>Maintaining adequate System and Localised NRAPM (Negative Reserve Active Power Margin)</u>
- BC2.9.4.1 Where **NGET** is unable to satisfy the required **System NRAPM** or **Localised NRAPM** by following the process described in BC1.5.5, **NGET** will issue an

Emergency Instruction to exporting **BM Units** for **De-Synchronising** on the basis of **Bid-Offer Data** submitted to **NGET** in accordance with BC1.4.2(d).

- BC2.9.4.2 In the event that **NGET** is unable to differentiate between exporting **BM Units** according to **Bid-Offer Data**, **NGET** will instruct a **BM Participant** to **Shutdown** a specified exporting **BM Unit** for such period based upon the following factors:
 - (a) effect on power flows (resulting in the minimisation of transmission losses);
 - (b) reserve capability;
 - (c) Reactive Power worth;
 - (d) **Dynamic Parameters**;
 - (e) in the case of **Localised NRAPM**, effectiveness of output reduction in the management of the **System Constraint**.
- BC2.9.4.3 Where **NGET** is still unable to differentiate between exporting **BM Units**, having considered all the foregoing, **NGET** will decide which exporting **BM Unit** to **Shutdown** by the application of a quota for each **BM Participant** in the ratio of each **BM Participant**'s **Physical Notifications**.
- BC2.9.4.4 Other than as provided in BC2.9.4.5 and BC2.9.4.6 below, in determining which exporting **BM Units** to **De-Synchronise** under this BC2.9.4, **NGET** shall not consider in such determination (and accordingly shall not instruct to **De-Synchronise**) any **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) within an **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant**.
- BC2.9.4.5 NGET shall be permitted to instruct a Generating Unit (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) within an Existing AGR Plant to De-Synchronise if the relevant Generating Unit within the Existing AGR Plant has failed to offer to be flexible for the relevant instance at the request of NGET within the Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of BC2.9.4.5 above, if the level of **System NRAPM** (taken together with **System** constraints) or **Localised NRAPM** is such that it is not possible to avoid instructing a **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) within an **Existing Magnox Reactor Plant** and/or an **Existing AGR Plant** whether or not it has met requests within the **Existing AGR Flexibility Limit** to **De-Synchronise NGET** may, provided the power flow across each **External Interconnection** is either at zero or results in an export of power from the **Total System**, so instruct a **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) within an **Existing Magnox Reactor Plant** and/or an **Existing AGR Plant** to **De-Synchronise** in the case of **System NRAPM**, in all cases and in the case of **Localised NRAPM**, when the power flow would have a relevant effect.
- When instructing exporting **BM Units** which form part of an **On-Site Generator Site** to reduce generation under this BC2.9.4, **NGET** will not issue an instruction which would reduce generation below the reasonably anticipated **Demand** of the **On-Site Generator Site**. For the avoidance of doubt, it should be noted that the term "**On-Site Generator Site**" only relates to Trading Units which have fulfilled the Class 1 or Class 2 requirements.

BC2.9.5 <u>Maintaining adequate Frequency Sensitive Generation</u>

- BC2.9.5.1 If, post **Gate Closure, NGET** determines, in its reasonable opinion, from the information then available to it (including information relating to **Generating Unit** (as defined in the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) breakdown) that the number of and level of **Primary, Secondary** and **High Frequency Response** available from **Gensets** (other than those units within **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant**, which are permitted to operate in **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** at all times under BC3.5.3) available to operate in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** is such that it is not possible to avoid **De-Synchronising Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** then provided that:
 - (a) there are (or, as the case may be, that NGET anticipates, in its reasonable opinion, that at the time that the instruction is to take effect there will be) no other Gensets generating and exporting on to the Total System which are not operating in Frequency Sensitive Mode (or which are operating with only a nominal amount in terms of level and duration) (unless, in NGET's reasonable opinion, necessary to assist the relief of System constraints or necessary as a result of other System conditions); and
 - (b) the power flow across each **External Interconnection** is (or, as the case may be, is anticipated to be at the time that the instruction is to take effect) either at zero or result in an export of power from the **Total System**,

then **NGET** may instruct such of the **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** to **De-Synchronise** as it is, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, necessary to **De-Synchronise** and for the period for which the **De-Synchronising** is, in **NGET's** reasonable opinion, necessary.

BC2.9.5.2 If in **NGET's** reasonable opinion it is necessary for both the procedure in BC2.9.4 and that set out in BC2.9.5.1 to be followed in any given situation, the procedure in BC2.9.4 will be followed first, and then the procedure set out in BC2.9.5.1. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this sub-paragraph shall prevent either procedure from being followed separately and independently of the other.

BC2.9.6 <u>Emergency Assistance to and from **External Systems**</u>

- (a) An Externally Interconnected System Operator (in its role as operator of the External System) may request that NGET takes any available action to increase the Active Energy transferred into its External System, or reduce the Active Energy transferred into the GB Transmission System by way of emergency assistance if the alternative is to instruct a demand reduction on all or part of its External System (or on the system of an Interconnector User using its External System). Such request must be met by NGET providing this does not require a reduction of Demand on the GB Transmission System, or lead to a reduction in security on the GB Transmission System.
- (b) NGET may request that an Externally Interconnected System Operator takes any available action to increase the Active Energy transferred into the GB Transmission System, or reduce the Active Energy transferred into its External System by way of emergency assistance if the alternative is to instruct a Demand reduction on all or part of the GB Transmission System. Such request must be met by the Externally Interconnected System Operator providing this does not require a reduction of Demand on its External System (or on the system of Interconnector Users using its

External System), or lead to a reduction in security on such **External System** or system.

- BC2.9.7 <u>Unplanned outages of electronic communication and computing facilities</u>
- BC2.9.7.1 In the event of an unplanned outage of the electronic data communication facilities or of NGET's associated computing facilities or in the event of a Planned Maintenance Outage lasting longer than the planned duration, in relation to a post-Gate Closure period NGET will, as soon as it is reasonably able to do so, issue a NGET Computing System Failure notification by telephone or such other means agreed between Users and NGET indicating the likely duration of the outage.
- BC2.9.7.2 During the period of any such outage, the following provisions will apply:
 - (a) **NGET** will issue further **NGET** Computing System Failure notifications by telephone or such other means agreed between **Users** and **NGET** to all **BM Participants** to provide updates on the likely duration of the outage;
 - (b) **BM Participants** should operate in relation to any period of time in accordance with the **Physical Notification** prevailing at **Gate Closure** current at the time of the computer system failure in relation to each such period of time. Such operation shall be subject to the provisions of BC2.5.1, which will apply as if set out in this BC2.9.7.2. No further submissions of **BM Unit Data** or **Generating Unit Data** (other than data specified in BC1.4.2(c) (**Export and Import Limits**) and BC1.4.2(e) (**Dynamic Parameters**) should be attempted. Plant failure or similar problems causing significant deviation from **Physical Notification** should be notified to **NGET** by telephone by the submission of a revision to **Export and Import Limits** in relation to the **BM Unit** or **Generating Unit Data** so affected;
 - (c) Revisions to **Export and Import Limits** and to **Dynamic Parameters** should be notified to **NGET** by telephone and will be recorded for subsequent use;
 - (d) **NGET** will issue **Bid-Offer Acceptances** by telephone which will be recorded for subsequent use;
 - (e) No data will be transferred from **NGET** to the **BMRA** until the communication facilities are re-established.
- BC2.9.7.3 **NGET** will advise **BM Participants** of the withdrawal of the **NGET** Computing System Failure notification following the re-establishment of the communication facilities.

BC2.10 OTHER OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS

- BC2.10.1 **NGET** may, from time to time, need to issue other instructions or notifications associated with the operation of the **GB Transmission System**.
- BC2.10.2 Such instructions or notifications may include:

Intertrips

(a) an instruction to arm or disarm an **Operational Intertripping** scheme;

Tap Positions

(b) a request for a **Genset** step-up transformer tap position (for security assessment);

Tests

(c) an instruction to carry out tests as required under OC5, which may include the issue of an instruction regarding the operation of CCGT Units within a CCGT Module at a Large Power Station;

Future **BM Unit** Requirements

- (d) a reference to any implications for future **BM Unit** requirements and the security of the **GB Transmission System**, including arrangements for change in output to meet post fault security requirements;
- (e) Changes to Target Frequency
 a notification of a change in Target Frequency, which will normally only be
 49.95, 50.00, or 50.05Hz but in exceptional circumstances as determined by
 NGET in its reasonable opinion, may be 49.90 or 50.10Hz.
- BC2.10.3 Where an instruction or notification under BC2.10.2 (c) or (d) results in a change to the input or output level of the **BM Unit** then **NGET** shall issue a **Bid-Offer Acceptance** or **Emergency Instruction** as appropriate.

BC2.11 <u>LIAISON WITH **GENERATORS** FOR RISK OF TRIP AND **AVR** <u>TESTING</u></u>

- A Generator at the Control Point for any of its Large Power Stations may request NGET's agreement for one of the Gensets at that Power Station to be operated under a risk of trip. NGET's agreement will be dependent on the risk to the GB Transmission System that a trip of the Genset would constitute.
- BC2.11.2 (a) Each **Generator** at the **Control Point** for any of its **Large Power Stations** will operate its **Synchronised Gensets** (excluding **Power Park Modules**) with:
 - (i) AVRs in constant terminal voltage mode with VAR limiters in service at all times. AVR constant Reactive Power or Power Factor mode should, if installed, be disabled; and
 - (ii) its generator step-up transformer tap changer selected to manual mode,
 - unless released from this obligation in respect of a particular **Genset** by **NGET**.
 - (b) Each **Generator** at the **Control Point** for any of its **Large Power Stations** will operate its **Power Park Modules** with a **Completion Date** before 1st January 2006 at unity power factor at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**).
 - (c) Each **Generator** at the **Control Point** for any of its **Large Power Stations** will operate its **Power Park Modules** with a **Completion Date** on or after 1st
 January 2006 in voltage control mode at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**). Constant **Reactive Power** or **Power Factor** mode should, if installed, be disabled.

- (d) Where a Power System Stabiliser is fitted as part of the excitation system or voltage control system of a Genset, it requires on-load commissioning which must be witnessed by NGET. Only when the performance of the Power System Stabiliser has been approved by NGET shall it be switched into service by a Generator and then it will be kept in service at all times unless otherwise agreed with NGET. Further reference is made to this in CC.6.3.8.
- A Generator at the Control Point for any of its Power Stations may request NGET's agreement for one of its Gensets at that Power Station to be operated with the AVR in manual mode, or Power System Stabiliser switched out, or VAR limiter switched out. NGET's agreement will be dependent on the risk that would be imposed on the GB Transmission System and any User System. Provided that in any event a Generator may take such action as is reasonably necessary on safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant).

BC2.12 <u>LIAISON WITH EXTERNALLY INTERCONNECTED SYSTEM</u> OPERATORS

BC2.12.1 <u>Co-ordination role of Externally Interconnected System Operators</u>

- (a) The Externally Interconnected System Operator will act as the Control Point for Bid-Offer Acceptances on behalf of Interconnector Users and will co-ordinate instructions relating to Ancillary Services and Emergency Instructions on behalf of Interconnector Users using its External System in respect of each Interconnector User's BM Units.
- (b) NGET will issue Bid-Offer Acceptances and instructions for Ancillary Services relating to Interconnector Users' BM Units to each Externally Interconnected System Operator in respect of each Interconnector User using its External System.
- (c) If, as a result of a reduction in the capability (in MW) of the External Interconnection, the total of the Physical Notifications and Bid-Offer Acceptances issued for the relevant period using that External Interconnection, as stated in the BM Unit Data exceeds the reduced capability (in MW) of the respective External Interconnection in that period then NGET shall notify the Externally Interconnected System Operator accordingly. The Externally Interconnected System Operator should seek a revision of Export and Import Limits from one or more of its Interconnector Users for the remainder of the Balancing Mechanism period during which Physical Notifications cannot be revised.

Appendix 1 – Form of **Bid-Offer Acceptances**

- BC2.A.1.1 This Appendix describes the forms of **Bid-Offer Acceptances**. As described in BC2.6.1 **Bid-Offer Acceptances** are normally given by an automatic logging device, but in the event of failure of the logging device, **Bid-Offer Acceptances** will be given by telephone.
- BC2.A.1.2 For each **BM Unit** the **Bid-Offer Acceptance** will consist of a series of MW figures and associated times.
- BC2.A.1.3 The Bid-Offer Acceptances relating to CCGT Modules will assume that the CCGT Units within the CCGT Module will operate in accordance with the CCGT Module Matrix, as required by BC1. The Bid-Offer Acceptances relating to Cascade Hydro Schemes will assume that the Generating Unit forming part of the Cascade Hydro Scheme will operate, where submitted, in accordance with the Cascade Hydro Scheme Matrix submitted under BC1.

BC2.A.1.4 BID-OFFER ACCEPTANCES GIVEN BY AUTOMATIC LOGGING DEVICE.

- (a) The complete form of the **Bid-Offer Acceptance** is given in the EDL Message Interface Specification which can be made available to **Users** on request.
- (b) **Bid-Offer Acceptances** will normally follow the form:
 - (i) **BM Unit** Name
 - (ii) Instruction Reference Number
 - (iii) Time of instruction
 - (iv) Type of instruction
 - (v) BM Unit Bid-Offer Acceptance number
 - (vi) Number of MW/Time points making up instruction (minimum 2, maximum 5)
 - (vii) MW value and Time value for each point identified in (vi)

The times required in the instruction are input and displayed in London time, but communicated electronically in GMT.

BC2.A.1.5 BID-OFFER ACCEPTANCES GIVEN BY TELEPHONE

- (a) All run-up/run-down rates will be assumed to be constant and consistent with **Dynamic Parameters**. Each **Bid-Offer Acceptance** will, wherever possible, be kept simple, drawing as necessary from the following forms and BC2.7
- (b) **Bid-Offer Acceptances** given by telephone will normally follow the form:
 - (i) an exchange of operator names;
 - (ii) **BM Unit** Name;
 - (iii) Time of instruction;
 - (iv) Type of instruction;
 - (v) Number of MW/Time points making up instruction (minimum 2, maximum 5)
 - (vi) MW value and Time value for each point identified in (v)

The times required in the instruction are expressed in London time.

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For example, for a BM Unit ABCD-1 acceptance logged with a start time at 1400 hours and with a FPN at 300MW:

"BM Unit ABCD-1 Bid-Offer Acceptance timed at 1400 hours. Acceptance consists of 4 MW/Time points as follows:

300MW at 1400 hours 400MW at 1415 hours 400MW at 1450 hours 300MW at 1500 hours"

BC2.A.1.6 SUBMISSION OF BID-OFFER ACCEPTANCE DATA TO THE BMRA

The relevant information contained in **Bid-Offer Acceptances** issued by **NGET** will be converted into "from" and "to" MW levels and times before they are submitted to the **BMRA** by **NGET**.

Appendix 2 - Type and Form of Ancillary Service Instructions

BC2.A.2.1 This part of the Appendix consists of a non-exhaustive list of the forms and types of instruction for a **Genset** to provide **System Ancillary Services**. There may be other types of **Commercial Ancillary Services** and these will be covered in the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement**. In respect of the provision of **Ancillary Services** by **Generating Units** the forms and types of instruction will be in the form of this Appendix 2 unless amended in the **Ancillary Services Agreement**.

As described in CC.8, **System Ancillary Services** consist of Part 1 and Part 2 **System Ancillary Services**.

Part 1 System Ancillary Services comprise:

- (a) Reactive Power supplied other than by means of synchronous or static compensators. This is required to ensure that a satisfactory System voltage profile is maintained and that sufficient Reactive Power reserves are maintained under normal and fault conditions. Ancillary Service instructions in relation to Reactive Power may include:
 - (i) Mvar Output
 - (ii) Target Voltage Levels
 - (iii) Tap Changes
 - (iv) Maximum Mvar Output ('maximum excitation')
 - (v) Maximum Mvar Absorption ('minimum excitation')
- (b) Frequency Control by means of Frequency sensitive generation. Gensets may be required to move to or from Frequency Sensitive Mode in the combinations agreed in the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement. They will be specifically requested to operate so as to provide Primary Response and/or Secondary Response and/or High Frequency Response.

Part 2 System Ancillary Services comprise:

- (c) Frequency Control by means of Fast Start.
- (d) Black Start Capability
- (e) System to Generator Operational Intertripping
- BC2.A.2.2 As **Ancillary Service** instructions are not part of **Bid-Offer Acceptances** they do not need to be closed instructions and can cover any period of time, not just limited to the period of the **Balancing Mechanism**.
- BC2.A.2.3 As described in BC2.6.1 **Ancillary Service** instructions are normally given by automatic logging device, but in the absence of, or in the event of failure of the logging device, instructions will be given by telephone.
- BC2.A.2.4 <u>INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN BY AUTOMATIC LOGGING DEVICE.</u>
 - (a) The complete form of the **Ancillary Service** instruction is given in the EDL Message Interface Specification which is available to **Users** on request from **NGET**.

- (b) **Ancillary Service** instructions for **Frequency** Control will normally follow the form:
 - (i) **BM Unit** Name
 - (ii) Instruction Reference Number
 - (iii) Time of instruction
 - (iv) Type of instruction (REAS)
 - (v) Reason Code
 - (vi) Start Time
- (c) **Ancillary Service** instructions for **Reactive Power** will normally follow the form:
 - (i) **BM Unit** Name
 - (ii) Instruction Reference Number
 - (iii) Time of instruction
 - (iv) Type of instruction (MVAR, VOLT or TAPP)
 - (v) Target Value
 - (vi) Target Time

The times required in the instruction are input and displayed in London time, but communicated electronically in GMT.

BC2.A.2.5 <u>INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN BY TELEPHONE</u>

- (a) **Ancillary Service** instructions for **Frequency** Control will normally follow the form:
 - (i) an exchange of operator names;
 - (ii) **BM Unit** Name;
 - (iii) Time of instruction;
 - (iv) Type of instruction;
 - (v) Start Time.

The times required in the instruction are expressed in London time.

For example, for **BM Unit** ABCD-1 instructed at 1400 hours to provide Primary and **High Frequency** response starting at 1415 hours:

"BM Unit ABCD-1 message timed at 1400 hours. Unit to **Primary and High Frequency Response** at 1415 hours"

- (b) **Ancillary Service** instructions for **Reactive Power** will normally follow the form:
 - (i) an exchange of operator names;
 - (ii) **BM Unit** Name;
 - (iii) Time of instruction;
 - (iv) Type of instruction (MVAR, VOLT, SETPOINT, **SLOPE** or TAPP)
 - (v) Target Value
 - (vi) Target Time.

The times required in the instruction are expressed as London time.

For example, for **BM Unit** ABCD-1 instructed at 1400 hours to provide 100Mvar by 1415

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"BM Unit ABCD-1 message timed at 1400 hours. MVAR instruction. Unit to plus 100 Mvar target time 1415 hours."

BC2.A.2.6 Reactive Power

As described in BC2.A.2.4 and BC2.A.2.5 instructions for **Ancillary Services** relating to **Reactive Power** may consist of any of several specific types of instruction. The following table describes these instructions in more detail:

Instruction Name	Description	Type of Instruction
Mvar Output	The individual Mvar output from the Genset onto the GB Transmission System at the Grid Entry Point (or onto the User System at the User System Entry Point in the case of Embedded Power Stations), namely on the higher voltage side of the generator step-up transformer. In relation to each Genset, where there is no HV indication, NGET and the Generator will discuss and agree equivalent Mvar levels for the corresponding LV indication.	MVAR
	Where a Genset is instructed to a specific Mvar output, the Generator must achieve that output within a tolerance of +/-25 Mvar (for Gensets in England and Wales) or the lesser of +/-5% of rated output or 25Mvar (for Gensets in Scotland) (or such other figure as may be agreed with NGET) by tap changing on the generator step-up transformer, unless agreed otherwise. Once this has been achieved, the Generator will not tap again without prior consultation with and the agreement of NGET , on the basis that Mvar output will be allowed to vary with System conditions.	
Target Voltage Levels	Target voltage levels to be achieved by the Genset on the GB Transmission System at the Grid Entry Point (or on the User System at the User System Entry Point in the case of Embedded Power Stations , namely on the higher voltage side of the generator step-up transformer. Where a Genset is instructed to a specific target voltage, the Generator must achieve that target within a tolerance of ±1 kV (or such other figure as may be agreed with NGET) by tap changing on the generator step-up transformer, unless agreed otherwise with NGET . In relation to each Genset , where there is no HV indication, NGET and the Generator will discuss and agree equivalent voltage levels for the corresponding LV indication.	VOLT
	Under normal operating conditions, once this target voltage level has been achieved the Generator will not tap again without prior consultation with, and with the agreement of, NGET .	
	However, under certain circumstances the Generator may be instructed to maintain a target voltage until otherwise instructed and this will be achieved by tap changing on the generator step-up transformer without reference to NGET .	

Instruction Name	Description	Type of
Setpoint Voltage	Where a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module is instructed to a specific Setpoint Voltage, the Generator must achieve that Setpoint Voltage within a tolerance of ±0.25% (or such other figure as may be agreed with NGET). The Generator must maintain the specified Setpoint Voltage target until an alternative target is received from NGET.	Instruction SETPOINT
Slope	Where a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, DC Converter or Power Park Module is instructed to a specific Slope, the Generator must achieve that Slope within a tolerance of ±0.5% (or such other figure as may be agreed with NGET). The Generator must maintain the specified Slope target until an alternative target is received from NGET. The Generator will not be required to implement a new Slope setting in a time of less than 1 week from the time of the instruction.	SLOPE
Tap Changes	Details of the required generator step-up transformer tap changes in relation to a Genset . The instruction for tap changes may be a Simultaneous Tap Change instruction, whereby the tap change must be effected by the Generator in response to an instruction from NGET issued simultaneously to relevant Power Stations . The instruction, which is normally preceded by advance notice, must be effected as soon as possible, and in any event within one minute of receipt from NGET of the instruction. For a Simultaneous Tap Change , change Genset generator step-up transformer tap position by one [two] taps to raise or lower (as relevant) System voltage, to be executed at time of	TAPP
Maximum Mvar Output ("maximum excitation")	instruction. Under certain conditions, such as low System voltage, an instruction to maximum Mvar output at instructed MW output ("maximum excitation") may be given, and a Generator should take appropriate actions to maximise Mvar output unless constrained by plant operational limits or safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant).	
Maximum Mvar Absorption ("minimum excitation")	Under certain conditions, such as high System voltage, an instruction to maximum Mvar absorption at instructed MW output ("minimum excitation") may be given, and a Generator should take appropriate actions to maximise Mvar absorption unless constrained by plant operational limits or safety grounds (relating to personnel or plant).	

BC2.A.2.7 In addition, the following provisions will apply to **Reactive Power** instructions:

(a) In circumstances where **NGET** issues new instructions in relation to more than one **BM Unit** at the same **Power Station** at the same time tapping will be carried out by the **Generator** one tap at a time either alternately between (or in sequential order, if more than two), or at the same time on, each **BM Unit**.

- (b) Where the instructions require more than two taps per **BM Unit** and that means that the instructions cannot be achieved within 2 minutes of the instruction time (or such longer period at **NGET** may have instructed), the instructions must each be achieved with the minimum of delay after the expiry of that period.
- (c) It should be noted that should **System** conditions require, **NGET** may need to instruct maximum Mvar output to be achieved as soon as possible, but (subject to the provisions of paragraph (BC2.A.2.7(b) above) in any event no later than 2 minutes after the instruction is issued.
- (d) An Ancillary Service instruction relating to Reactive Power may be given in respect of CCGT Units within a CCGT Module at a Power Station where running arrangements and/or System conditions require, in both cases where exceptional circumstances apply and connection arrangements permit.
- (e) In relation to Mvar matters, Mvar generation/output is an export onto the **System** and is referred to as "lagging Mvar", and Mvar absorption is an import from the **System** and is referred to as "leading Mvar".
- (f) It should be noted that the excitation control system constant Reactive Power output control mode or constant power factor output control mode will always be disabled, unless agreed otherwise with NGET.

Appendix 3 – Submission of Revised Mvar Capability

BC2.A.3.1 For the purpose of submitting revised Mvar data the following terms shall apply:

Full Output In the case of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** (as defined in

the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) is the MW output measured at the generator stator terminals representing the LV equivalent of the Registered Capacity at the Grid Entry Point, and in the case of a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding Power Park Units), DC Converter or Power Park Module is the Registered

Capacity at the **Grid Entry Point**

Minimum Output In the case of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** (as defined in

the Glossary and Definitions and not limited by BC2.2) is the MW output measured at the generator stator terminals representing the LV equivalent of the Minimum Generation at the Grid Entry Point, and in the case of a Non-Synchronous Generating Unit (excluding Power Park Units), DC Converter or Power Park Module is the Minimum

Generation at the **Grid Entry Point**

BC2.A.3.2 The following provisions apply to faxed submission of revised Mvar data:

- (a) The fax must be transmitted to **NGET** (to the relevant location in accordance with GC6) and must contain all the sections from the relevant part of Annexures 1 and 2 but with only the data changes set out. The "notification time" must be completed to refer to the time of transmission, where the time is expressed as London time.
- (b) Upon receipt of the fax, NGET will acknowledge receipt by sending a fax back to the User. The acknowledgement will either state that the fax has been received and is legible or will state that it (or part of it) is not legible and will request retransmission of the whole (or part) of the fax.
- (c) Upon receipt of the acknowledging fax the **User** will, if requested, re-transmit the whole or the relevant part of the fax.
- (d) The provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) then apply to that re-transmitted fax.

APPENDIX 3 - ANNEXURE 1

Optional Logo

Company name REVISED Mvar DATA

TO:	NGET Transmission Control Cel	ntre	Fax telepho	one No.
Num	nber of pages inc. header:			
Sent	By :			
Retur	n Acknowledgement Fax to			
For R	etransmission or Clarification ring.			
Ackno	owledged by NGET : (Signature)			
Ackno	owledgement time and date			
Legib	ility of FAX :	Acceptable		
	cceptable pages if appropriate)			(Resend FAX)

APPENDIX 3 - ANNEXURE 2

To: NGET Transmission	Control Centre			
From: [Company	Name & Location]			
REVISED Mvar DATA				
	NOTIFICATION		HRS MINS DD MM YY . / /	
GENERATING UNIT* /POWER PARK MODULE DC CONVERTER				
Start Time/Date (if not effective	e immediately)			
REACTIVE POWER CAPABI (at rated terminal volts) OR CONVERTERS				
	MW	LEAD (Mvar)	LAG (Mvar)	
AT RATED I	иW			
AT FULL OUTPUT (MW)				
AT MINIMUM OUTPUT (MW)				
GENERATING UNIT STEP-U	P TRANSFORMER	R DATA, WHERE A	PPLICABLE	
TAP CHANGE (+%,-%	_	TAP NU	MBER RANGE	
OPTIONAL INFORMATION (in REACTIVE POWER CAPAB) nominal system volts)			RY (at rated stator terminal	l and
		LEAD (Mvar)	LAG (Mvar)	
AT RATED	MW			
Predicted End Time/Date (to b	e confirmed by red	eclaration)		
Redeclaration made by (Sign	ature)			
Generating Unit has the mea				22.2.

*For a CCGT, the redeclaration is for an individual CCGT unit and not the entire module.

Appendix 4 – Submission of availability of **Frequency Sensitive Mode**

- BC2.A.4.1. For the purpose of submitting availability of **Frequency Sensitive Mode**, this process only relates to the provision of response under the **Frequency Sensitive Mode** and does not cover the provision of response under the **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode**.
- BC2.A.4.2. The following provisions apply to the faxed submission of the **Frequency Sensitive Mode availability**;
 - (a) The fax must be transmitted to **NGET** (to the relevant location in accordance with GC6) and must contain all the sections relevant to Appendix 4 Annexure1 but with only the data changes set out. The "notification time" must be completed to refer to the time and date of transmission, where the time is expressed in London time.
 - (b) Upon receipt of the fax, NGET will acknowledge receipt by sending a fax back to the User. This acknowledging fax should be in the format of Appendix 4 – Annexure 1. The acknowledgement will either state that the fax has been received and is legible or will state that it (or part of it) is not legible and will request re-transmission of the whole (or part) of the fax.
 - (c) Upon receipt of the acknowledging fax the **User** will, if requested re-transmit the whole or the relevant part of the fax.
 - (d) The provisions of paragraph (b) and (c) then apply to the re-transmitted fax.
- BC2.A.4.3 The **User** shall ensure the availability of operating in the **Frequency Sensitive Mode** is restored as soon as reasonably practicable and will notify **NGET** using the format of Appendix 4 Annexure 1. In the event of a sustained unavailability of **Frequency Sensitive Mode NGET** may seek to confirm compliance with the relevant requirements in the **CCs** through the process in **OC5**.

Appendix 4 – Annexure 1

To: **NGET** Transmission Control Centre From: [Company Name and Location]

Submission of availability of Frequency Sensitive Mode

	Ne	otification Time	HRS:MIN	DD/MM/YY	
GENERATING UNIT *					
Start Time / Date (if not effect	tive immediate	ely)			
The above unit is unavailable	, / available to	operate in Frequ	ency Sensit	ive Mode.	
Limited Frequency Sensitiv	/e Mode must	be maintained in	accordance v	with BC3.7.2.	
Please provided brief descr technical problem)	ption of reaso	on for unavailabili	ty of Freque	ency Sensitive	• Mode (e.g. Testing
If declaring Unavai l Predicted End Time		onfirmed by re-de	claration):		
Re-declaration made by (sign	nature)				
• For a CCGT the re-d	eclaration is	s for an individu	ıal CCGT l	Jnit and not	the entire module
Receipt Acknowledgeme	ent from NG	ET			
Legible (tick box)		Illegible (tick b	ox)		
Explanation:					
Time:					

< End of BC2 >

Date: Signature:

BALANCING CODE NO.3

FREQUENCY CONTROL PROCESS

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BALANCING CODE NO.3

FREQUENCY CONTROL PROCESS

BC3.1 INTRODUCTION

BC3.1.1 BC3 sets out the procedure for NGET to use in relation to Users to undertake System Frequency control. System Frequency will be controlled by response from Gensets (and DC Converters at DC Converter Stations) operating in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode or Frequency Sensitive Mode, by the issuing of instructions to Gensets (and DC Converters at DC Converter Stations) and by control of Demand. The requirements for Frequency control are determined by the consequences and effectiveness of the Balancing Mechanism, and accordingly, BC3 is complementary to BC1 and BC2.

BC3.1.2 Inter-relationship with **Ancillary Services**

The provision of response (other than by operation in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode or in accordance with BC3.7.1(c)) in order to contribute towards Frequency control, as described in BC3, by Generators or DC Converter Station owners will be an Ancillary Service. Ancillary Services are divided into three categories, System Ancillary Services Parts 1 and 2 and Commercial Ancillary Services. System Ancillary Services, Parts 1 and 2, are those Ancillary Services listed in CC.8.1; those in Part 1 of CC.8.1 are those for which the Connection Conditions require the capability as a condition of connection and those in Part 2 are those which may be agreed to be provided by Users and which can only be utilised by NGET if so agreed. Commercial Ancillary Services like those System Ancillary Services set out in Part 2 of CC.8.1, may be agreed to be provided by Users and which can only be utilised by NGET if so agreed.

- BC3.1.3 The provision of Frequency control services, if any, from an External System via a DC Converter Station will be provided for in the Ancillary Services Agreement and/or Bilateral Agreement with the DC Converter Station owner and/or any other relevant agreements with the relevant EISO.
- BC3.1.4 The provision of Frequency control services, if any, from an Offshore Power

 Station connected to an Offshore Transmission System that includes a DC

 Converter will be facilitated (where necessary) through appropriate data signals provided to the Offshore Power Station by the Relevant Transmission

 Licensee in accordance with the STC.

BC3.2 OBJECTIVE

The procedure for **NGET** to direct **System Frequency** control is intended to enable (as far as possible) **NGET** to meet the statutory requirements of **System Frequency** control.

BC3.3 SCOPE

BC3 applies to NGET and to Users, which in this BC3 means:-

- (a) Generators with regard to their Large Power Stations (except those Large Power Stations with a Registered Capacity less than 50MW comprising of Power Park Modules),
- (b) Network Operators,
- (c) **DC Converter Station** owners,

- (d) other providers of **Ancillary Services**, and
- (e) Externally Interconnected System Operators.

BC3.4 MANAGING SYSTEM FREQUENCY

BC3.4.1 Statutory Requirements

When NGET determines it is necessary (by having monitored the System Frequency), it will, as part of the procedure set out in BC2, issue instructions (including instructions for Commercial Ancillary Services) in order to seek to regulate System Frequency to meet the statutory requirements of Frequency control. Gensets (except those comprising of a Power Park Module in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity less than 50MW and those comprising of a Power Park Module in Scotland with a Completion Date before 1 July 2004) and DC Converters at DC Converter Stations when transferring Active Power to the Total System, operating in Frequency Sensitive Mode will be instructed by NGET to operate taking due account of the Target Frequency notified by NGET.

BC3.4.2 Target Frequency

NGET will give 15 minutes notice of variation in **Target Frequency**.

BC3.4.3 Electric Time

NGET will endeavour (in so far as it is able) to control electric clock time to within plus or minus 10 seconds by specifying changes to **Target Frequency**, by accepting bids and offers in the **Balancing Mechanism**. Errors greater than plus or minus 10 seconds may be temporarily accepted at **NGET's** reasonable discretion.

BC3.5 RESPONSE FROM GENSETS (AND DC CONVERTERS AT DC CONVERTER STATIONS WHEN TRANSFERRING ACTIVE POWER TO THE TOTAL SYSTEM)

BC3.5.1 Capability

Each Genset (except those comprising of Power Park Modules in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity less than 50MW and those comprising of Power Park Modules in Scotland with a Completion Date before 1 July 2004) and each DC Converter at a DC Converter Station must at all times have the capability to operate automatically so as to provide response to changes in Frequency in accordance with the requirements of CC.6.3.7 in order to contribute to containing and correcting the System Frequency within the statutory requirements of Frequency control. For DC Converters at DC Converter Stations, BC.3.1.3 also applies. In addition each Genset (and each DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) must at all times have the capability to operate in a Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode by operating so as to provide Limited High Frequency Response.

BC3.5.2 **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode**

Each Synchronised Genset producing Active Power (and each DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) must operate at all times in a Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode (unless instructed in accordance with BC3.5.4 below to operate in Frequency Sensitive Mode). Operation in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode must achieve the capability requirement described in CC.6.3.3 for System Frequencies up to 50.4Hz and shall be deemed not to be in contravention of CC.6.3.7.

BC3.5.3 (a) Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant NGFT will permit Existing Gas Cooled Reactor

NGET will permit Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant other than Frequency Sensitive AGR Units to operate in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode at all times.

(b) Power Park Modules in operation before 1 January 2006

NGET will permit Power Park Modules in operation before 1 January 2006 to operate in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode at all times. For the avoidance of doubt Power Park Modules in England and Wales with a Completion Date on or after 1 January 2006 and Power Park Modules in operation in Scotland after 1 January 2006 with a completion date after 1 July 2004 and in a Power Station with a Registered Capacity of 50MW or

more will be required to operate in both **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** and **Frequency Sensitive Mode** of operation depending on **System** conditions.

BC3.5.4 Frequency Sensitive Mode

- (a) NGET may issue an instruction to a Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station if agreed as described in BC.3.1.3) to operate so as to provide Primary Response and/or Secondary Response and/or High Frequency Response (in the combinations agreed in the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement). When so instructed, the Genset or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station must operate in accordance with the instruction and will no longer be operating in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode, but by being so instructed will be operating in Frequency Sensitive Mode.
- (b) Frequency Sensitive Mode is the generic description for a Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) operating in accordance with an instruction to operate so as to provide Primary Response and/or Secondary Response and/or High Frequency Response (in the combinations agreed in the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement).
- (c) The magnitude of the response in each of those categories instructed will be in accordance with the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** with the **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner.
- (d) Such instruction will continue until countermanded by **NGET** or until;
 - (i) the **Genset** is **De-Synchronised**;, or
 - (ii) the **DC Converter** ceases to transfer **Active Power** to or from the **Total System** subject to the conditions of any relevant agreement relating to the operation of the **DC Converter Station**,

whichever is the first to occur.

- (e) NGET will not so instruct Generators in respect of Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant other than Frequency Sensitive AGR Units.
- (f) **NGET** will not so instruct **Generators** in respect of **Power Park Modules**:
 - (i) in Scotland in a **Power Station** with a **Completion Date** before 1 July 2004; or,

- (ii) in a **Power Station** with a **Registered Capacity** of less than 50MW.
- (iii) in England and Wales with a **Completion Date** before 1 January 2006.

BC3.5.5 **System Frequency** Induced Change

A System Frequency induced change in the Active Power output of a Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station)_which assists recovery to Target Frequency must not be countermanded by a Generator or DC Converter Station owner except where it is done purely on safety grounds (relating to either personnel or plant) or, where necessary, to ensure the integrity of the Power Station or DC Converter Station.

BC3.6 RESPONSE TO LOW FREQUENCY

BC3.6.1 Low Frequency Relay Initiated Response from Gensets and DC Converters at DC Converter Stations

- (a) **NGET** may utilise **Gensets** (and **DC Converters** at **DC Converter Stations**) with the capability of **Low Frequency Relay** initiated response as:
 - (i) synchronisation and generation from standstill;
 - (ii) generation from zero generated output;
 - (iv) increase in generated output;
 - (iv) increase in **DC Converter** output to the **Total System** (if so agreed as described in BC3.1.3);
 - (v) decrease in **DC Converter** input from the **Total System** (if so agreed as described in BC3.1.3);

in establishing its requirements for **Operating Reserve**.

- (b) (i) NGET will specify within the range agreed with Generators and/or EISOs and/or DC Converter Station owners (if so agreed as described in BC3.1.3), Low Frequency Relay settings to be applied to Gensets or DC Converters at DC Converter Stations pursuant to BC3.6.1 (a) and instruct the Low Frequency Relay initiated response placed in and out of service.
 - (ii) Generators and/or EISOs and/or DC Converter Station owners (if so agreed as described in BC3.1.3) will comply with NGET instructions for Low Frequency Relay settings and Low Frequency Relay initiated response to be placed in or out of service. Generators or DC Converter Station owners or EISOs may not alter such Low Frequency Relay settings or take Low Frequency Relay initiated response out of service without NGET's agreement (such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), except for safety reasons.

- BC3.6.2 Low Frequency Relay Initiated Response from Demand and other Demand modification arrangements (which may include a DC Converter Station when importing Active Power from the Total System)
 - (a) NGET may, pursuant to an Ancillary Services Agreement, utilise Demand with the capability of Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction in establishing its requirements for Frequency Control.
 - (b) (i) NGET will specify within the range agreed the Low Frequency Relay settings to be applied pursuant to BC3.6.2 (a), the amount of Demand reduction to be available and will instruct the Low Frequency Relay initiated response to be placed in or out of service.
 - (ii) Users will comply with NGET instructions for Low Frequency Relay settings and Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction to be placed in or out of service. Users may not alter such Low Frequency Relay settings or take Low Frequency Relay initiated response out of service without NGET's agreement, except for safety reasons.
 - (iii) In the case of any such **Demand** which is **Embedded**, **NGET** will notify the relevant **Network Operator** of the location of the **Demand**, the amount of **Demand** reduction to be available, and the **Low Frequency Relay** settings.
 - (c) **NGET** may also utilise other **Demand** modification arrangements pursuant to an agreement for **Ancillary Services**, in order to contribute towards **Operating Reserve**.
- BC3.7 RESPONSE TO HIGH FREQUENCY REQUIRED FROM SYNCHRONISED GENSETS (AND DC CONVERTERS AT DC CONVERTER STATIONS WHEN TRANSFERRING ACTIVE POWER TO THE TOTAL SYSTEM)
- BC3.7.1 Plant in Frequency Sensitive Mode instructed to provide High Frequency Response
 - (a) Each Synchronised Genset (or each DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) in respect of which the Generator or DC Converter Station owner and/or EISO has been instructed to operate so as to provide High Frequency Response, which is producing Active Power and which is operating above the Designed Minimum Operating Level, is required to reduce Active Power output in response to an increase in System Frequency above the Target Frequency (or such other level of Frequency as may have been agreed in an Ancillary Services Agreement). The Target Frequency is normally 50.00 Hz except where modified as specified under BC3.4.2.
 - (b) (i) The rate of change of Active Power output with respect to Frequency up to 50.5 Hz shall be in accordance with the provisions of the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement with each Generator or DC Converter Station owner. If more than one rate is provided for in the Ancillary Services Agreement NGET will instruct the rate when the instruction to operate to provide High Frequency Response is given.

- (ii) The reduction in Active Power output by the amount provided for in the relevant Ancillary Services Agreement must be fully achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the Frequency increase and must be sustained at no lesser reduction thereafter.
- (iii) It is accepted that the reduction in **Active Power** output may not be to below the **Designed Minimum Operating Level**.
- (c) In addition to the **High Frequency Response** provided, the **Genset** (or **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station**) must continue to reduce **Active Power** output in response to an increase in **System Frequency** to 50.5 Hz or above at a minimum rate of 2 per cent of output per 0.1 Hz deviation of **System Frequency** above that level, such reduction to be achieved within five minutes of the rise to or above 50.5 Hz. For the avoidance of doubt, the provision of this reduction in **Active Power** output is not an **Ancillary Service**.

BC3.7.2 Plant in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode

- (a) Each Synchronised Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station)_operating in a Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode which is producing Active Power is also required to reduce Active Power output in response to System Frequency when this rises above 50.4 Hz. In the case of DC Converters at DC Converter Stations, the provisions of BC.3.7.7 are also applicable. For the avoidance of doubt, the provision of this reduction in Active Power output is not an Ancillary Service. Such provision is known as "Limited High Frequency Response".
- (b) (i) The rate of change of **Active Power** output must be at a minimum rate of 2 per cent of output per 0.1 Hz deviation of **System Frequency** above 50.4 Hz.
 - (ii) The reduction in **Active Power** output must be continuously and linearly proportional, as far as is practicable, to the excess of **Frequency** above 50.4 Hz and must be provided increasingly with time over the period specified in (iii) below.
 - (iii) As much as possible of the proportional reduction in Active Power output must result from the frequency control device (or speed governor) action and must be achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the Frequency increase above 50.4 Hz.
 - (iv) The residue of the proportional reduction in Active Power output which results from automatic action of the Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) output control devices other than the frequency control devices (or speed governors) must be achieved within 3 minutes from the time of the Frequency increase above 50.4 Hz.
 - (v) Any further residue of the proportional reduction which results from non-automatic action initiated by the **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner shall be initiated within 2 minutes, and achieved within 5 minutes, of the time of the **Frequency** increase above 50.4 Hz.

(c) Each **Genset** (or **DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station**) which is providing **Limited High Frequency Response** in accordance with this BC3.7.2 must continue to provide it until the **Frequency** has returned to or below 50.4 Hz or until otherwise instructed by **NGET**.

BC3.7.3 Plant operation to below **Minimum Generation**

- (a) As stated in CC.A.3.2, steady state operation below Minimum Generation is not expected but if System operating conditions cause operation below Minimum Generation which give rise to operational difficulties for the Genset (or DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) then NGET should not, upon request, unreasonably withhold issuing a Bid-Offer Acceptance to return the Generating Unit or CCGT Module or Power Park Module or DC Converter to an output not less than Minimum Generation. In the case of a DC Converter not participating in the Balancing Mechanism, then NGET will, upon request, attempt to return the DC Converter to an output not less than Minimum Generation or to zero transfer or to reverse the transfer of Active Power.
- (b) It is possible that a Synchronised Genset (or a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) which responded as required under BC3.7.1 or BC3.7.2 to an excess of System Frequency, as therein described, will (if the output reduction is large or if the Genset (or a DC Converter at a DC Converter Station) output has reduced to below the Designed Minimum Operating Level) trip after a time.
- (c) All reasonable efforts should in the event be made by the **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner to avoid such tripping, provided that the **System Frequency** is below 52Hz.
- (d) If the System Frequency is at or above 52Hz, the requirement to make all reasonable efforts to avoid tripping does not apply and the Generator Generator or DC Converter Station owner is required to take action to protect the Generating Units, Power Park Modules or DC Converters as specified in CC.6.3.13.
- (e) In the event of the System Frequency becoming stable above 50.5Hz, after all Genset and DC Converter action as specified in BC3.7.1 and BC3.7.2 has taken place, NGET will issue appropriate Bid-Offer Acceptances and/or Ancillary Service instructions, which may include Emergency Instructions under BC2 to trip Gensets (or, in the case of DC Converters at DC Converter Stations, to stop or reverse the transfer of Active Power) so that the Frequency returns to below 50.5Hz and ultimately to Target Frequency.
- (f) If the System Frequency has become stable above 52 Hz, after all Genset and DC Converter action as specified in BC3.7.1 and BC3.7.2 has taken place, NGET will issue Emergency Instructions under BC2 to trip appropriate Gensets (or in the case of DC Converters at DC Converter Stations to stop or reverse the transfer of Active Power) to bring the System Frequency to below 52Hz and follow this with appropriate Bid-Offer Acceptances or Ancillary Service instructions or further Emergency Instructions under BC2 to return the System Frequency to below 50.5 Hz and ultimately to Target Frequency.

- BC3.7.4 The **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner will not be in breach of any of the provisions of BC2 by following the provisions of BC3.7.1, BC3.7.2 or BC3.7.3.
- BC3.7.5 <u>Information update to **NGET**</u>

In order that **NGET** can deal with the emergency conditions effectively, it needs as much up to date information as possible and accordingly **NGET** must be informed of the action taken in accordance with BC3.7.1(c) and BC3.7.2 as soon as possible and in any event within 7 minutes of the rise in **System Frequency**, directly by telephone from the **Control Point** for the **Power Station** or **DC Converter Station**.

BC3.7.6 (a) Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant

For the avoidance of doubt, **Generating Units** within **Existing Gas Cooled Reactor Plant** are required to comply with the applicable provisions of this BC3.7 (which, for the avoidance of doubt, other than for **Frequency Sensitive AGR Units**, do not include BC3.7.1).

(b) Power Park Modules in operation before 1 January 2006.

For the avoidance of doubt, **Power Park Modules** in operation (irrespective of their **Completion Dates**) before 1 January 2006 are required to comply with the applicable provisions of this BC3.7 (which, for the avoidance of doubt do not include BC3.7.1).

BC3.7.7 Externally Interconnected System Operators

NGET will use reasonable endeavours to ensure that, if System Frequency rises above 50.4Hz, and an Externally Interconnected System Operator (in its role as operator of the External System) is transferring power into the GB Transmission System from its External System, the amount of power transferred in to the GB Transmission System from the System of that Externally Interconnected System Operator is reduced at a rate equivalent to (or greater than) that which applies for Synchronised Gensets operating in Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode which are producing Active Power. This will be done either by utilising existing arrangements which are designed to achieve this, or by issuing Emergency Instructions under BC2.

< End of BC3 >

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

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(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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DATA REGISTRATION CODE

DRC.1 INTRODUCTION

- The **Data Registration Code** ("**DRC**") presents a unified listing of all data required by **NGET** from **Users** and by **Users** from **NGET**, from time to time under the **Grid Code**. The data which is specified in each section of the **Grid Code** is collated here in the **DRC**. Where there is any inconsistency in the data requirements under any particular section of the **Grid Code** and the **Data Registration Code** the provisions of the particular section of the **Grid Code** shall prevail.
- DRC.1.2 The **DRC** identifies the section of the **Grid Code** under which each item of data is required.
- DRC.1.3 The Code under which any item of data is required specifies procedures and timings for the supply of that data, for routine updating and for recording temporary or permanent changes to that data. All timetables for the provision of data are repeated in the **DRC**.
- Various sections of the **Grid Code** also specify information which the **Users** will receive from **NGET**. This information is summarised in a single schedule in the **DRC** (Schedule 9).

DRC.2 <u>OBJECTIVE</u>

The objective of the **DRC** is to:

- DRC.2.1 List and collate all the data to be provided by each category of **User** to **NGET** under the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.2.2 List all the data to be provided by **NGET** to each category of **User** under the **Grid Code**.

DRC.3 SCOPE

- DRC.3.1 The **DRC** applies to **NGET** and to **Users**, which in this **DRC** means:-
 - (a) **Generators**;
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) **DC Converter Station** owners
 - (d) **Suppliers**;
 - (e) **Non-Embedded Customers** (including, for the avoidance of doubt, a **Pumped Storage Generator** in that capacity);
 - (f) Externally Interconnected System Operators;

- (g) Interconnector Users; and
- (h) **BM Participants**.

DRC.4 <u>DATA CATEGORIES AND STAGES IN REGISTRATION</u>

- DRC.4.1.1 Within the **DRC** each data item is allocated to one of the following three categories:
 - (a) Standard Planning Data (SPD)
 - (b) **Detailed Planning Data (DPD)**
 - (c) Operational Data

DRC.4.2 <u>Standard Planning Data (SPD)</u>

- DRC.4.2.1 The **Standard Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is that data listed in Part 1 of the Appendix to the PC.
- DRC.4.2.2 **Standard Planning Data** will be provided to **NGET** in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.3 <u>Detailed Planning Data (DPD)</u>
- DRC.4.3.1 The **Detailed Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is that data listed in Part 2 of the Appendix to the **PC**.
- DRC.4.3.2 **Detailed Planning Data** will be provided to **NGET** in accordance with PC.4.4, PC.4.5 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.4 **Operational Data**
- DRC.4.4.1 Operational Data is data which is required by the Operating Codes and the Balancing Codes. Within the DRC, Operational Data is sub-categorised according to the Code under which it is required, namely OC1, OC2, BC1 or BC2.
- DRC.4.4.2 **Operational Data** is to be supplied in accordance with timetables set down in the relevant **Operating Codes** and **Balancing Codes** and repeated in tabular form in the schedules to the **DRC**.

DRC.5 **PROCEDURES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

DRC.5.1 Responsibility for Submission and Updating of Data

In accordance with the provisions of the various sections of the **Grid Code**, each **User** must submit data as summarised in DRC.6 and listed and collated in the attached schedules.

DRC.5.2 <u>Methods of Submitting Data</u>

- DRC.5.2.1 Wherever possible the data schedules to the **DRC** are structured to serve as standard formats for data submission and such format must be used for the written submission of data to **NGET**.
- DRC.5.2.2 Data must be submitted to the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **NGET** or to such other department or address as **NGET** may from time to time advise. The name of the person at the **User** who is submitting each schedule of data must be included.
- DRC.5.2.3 Where a computer data link exists between a **User** and **NGET**, data may be submitted via this link. **NGET** will, in this situation, provide computer files for completion by the **User** containing all the data in the corresponding **DRC** schedule.

Data submitted under Schedule 5, with the exception of the single line diagram, shall be submitted on floppy disk using a proforma to be supplied by **NGET**, or by any other means or format as may be agreed between the **User** and **NGET**. This proforma is to be supplied by **NGET** no later than calendar week 19 in each year.

- DRC.5.2.4 Other modes of data transfer, such as magnetic tape, may be utilised if **NGET** gives its prior written consent.
- DRC.5.3 Changes to **Users' Data**
- DRC.5.3.1 Whenever a **User** becomes aware of a change to an item of data which is registered with **NGET** the **User** must notify **NGET** in accordance with each section of the **Grid Code**. The method and timing of the notification to **NGET** is set out in each section of the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.5.4 Data not Supplied
- Users and NGET are obliged to supply data as set out in the individual sections of the Grid Code and repeated in the DRC. If a User fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, NGET will estimate such data if and when, in the NGET's view, it is necessary to do so. If NGET fails to supply data when required by any section of the Grid Code, the User to whom that data ought to have been supplied, will estimate such data if and when, in that User's view, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same Plant or Apparatus or upon corresponding data for similar Plant or Apparatus or upon such other information as NGET or that User, as the case may be, deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.4.2 **NGET** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.4.3 A **User** will advise **NGET** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 in the event of data not being supplied.

DRC.6 **DATA TO BE REGISTERED**

DRC.6.1 Schedules 1 to 15 attached cover the following data areas.

DRC.6.1.1 SCHEDULE 1 - **GENERATING UNIT** (OR **CCGT Module**), **POWER PARK MODULE** and **DC CONVERTER** TECHNICAL DATA.

Comprising Generating Unit (and CCGT Module), Power Park Module and DC Converter fixed electrical parameters.

DRC.6.1.2 SCHEDULE 2 - **GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS**

Comprising the **Genset** parameters required for **Operational Planning** studies.

SCHEDULE 3 - **LARGE POWER STATION** OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION.

Comprising generation outage planning, **Output Usable** and inflexibility information at timescales down to the daily **BM Unit Data** submission.

DRC.6.1.4 SCHEDULE 4 - LARGE POWER STATION DROOP AND RESPONSE DATA.

Comprising data on governor **Droop** settings and **Primary**, **Secondary** and **High Frequency Response** data for **Large Power Stations**.

DRC.6.1.5 SCHEDULE 5 - USER'S SYSTEM DATA.

Comprising electrical parameters relating to **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **GB Transmission System**.

DRC.6.1.6 SCHEDULE 6 - **USERS** OUTAGE INFORMATION.

Comprising the information required by **NGET** for outages on the **Users System**, including outages at **Power Stations** other than outages of **Gensets**

DRC.6.1.7 SCHEDULE 7 - LOAD CHARACTERISTICS.

Comprising the estimated parameters of load groups in respect of, for example, harmonic content and response to frequency.

- DRC.6.1.8 SCHEDULE 8 **BM UNIT** DATA.
- DRC.6.1.9 SCHEDULE 9 DATA SUPPLIED BY **NGET** TO **USERS**.
- DRC.6.1.10 SCHEDULE 10 **DEMAND** PROFILES AND **ACTIVE ENERGY** DATA

Comprising information relating to the **Network Operators**' and **Non-Embedded Customers**' total **Demand** and **Active Energy** taken from the **GB Transmission System**

DRC.6.1.11 SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA

Comprising information relating to **Demand**, demand transfer capability and a summary of the **Small Power Station**, **Medium Power Station** and **Customer** generation connected to the **Connection Point**

DRC.6.1.12 SCHEDULE 12 - **DEMAND CONTROL** DATA

Comprising information related to **Demand Control**

DRC.6.1.13 SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA

Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the GB Transmission System from Users other than Generators and DC Converter Station owners.

DRC.6.1.14 SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA

Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the **GB Transmission System** from **Generators** and **DC Converter Station** owners.

DRC.6.1.15 SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA

Comprising information relating to estimated return to service times for Mothballed Generating Units, Mothballed Power Park Modules and Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter Station and the capability of gas-fired Generating Units to operate using alternative fuels.

DRC.6.1.16 SCHEDULE 16 – **BLACK START** INFORMATION

Comprising information relating to **Black Start**.

DRC.6.2 The **Schedules** applicable to each class of **User** are as follows:

JRC.0.2	The Schedules applicable to each class of USE	are as follows.
	Generators with Large Power Stations	Sched 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14, 15, 16
	Generators with Medium Power Stations (See notes 2, 3, 4)	Sched 1, 2 (part), 9, 14, 15
	Generators with Small Power Stations directly connected to the GB Transmission System	Sched 1, 6, 14, 15
	All Users connected directly to	Sched 5 6 0

All **Users** connected directly to Sched 5, 6, 9 **GB Transmission System**

All **Users** connected directly to the **GB Transmission System** other

than **Generators** Sched 10,11,13

Sched 7, 9

All **Users** connected directly to **GB Transmission System** with

Demand

A Pumped Storage Generator, Sched12
Externally Interconnected (as marked)

System Operator and Interconnector Users

All **Suppliers** Sched 12

All **Network Operators** Sched 12

All **BM Participants** Sched 8

All **DC Converter Station** owners Sched 1, 4, 9, 14, 15

Notes:

1. **Network Operators** must provide data relating to **Small Power Stations** and/or **Customer Generating Plant Embedded** in their **Systems** when such data is requested by **NGET** pursuant to PC.A.3.1.4 or PC.A.5.1.4.

- The data in schedules 1, 14 and 15 need not be supplied in relation to Medium Power Stations connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the Subtransmission System except in connection with a CUSC Contract or unless specifically requested by NGET.
- 3. Each Network Operator within whose System an Embedded Medium Power Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Station not subject to a Bilateral Agreement is situated shall provide the data to NGET in respect of each such Embedded Medium Power Station or Embedded DC Converter Station.
- 4. In the case of Schedule 2, Generators, DC Converter Station owners or Network Operators in the case of Embedded Medium Power Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement or Embedded DC Converter Stations not subject to a Bilateral Agreement, would only be expected to submit data in relation to Standard Planning Data as required by the Planning Code.

SCHEDULE 1 Page 1 of 15

GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE) TECHNICAL DATA

POWER STATION NAME:	DATE:	

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
			FYr 0	FYr 1	FYr 2	FYr 3	FYr 4	FYr 5	FYr 6
GENERATING STATION DEMANDS:									
Demand associated with the Power Station supplied through the GB Transmission System or the Generator's User System									
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD							
- Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of GB Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD							
- Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of GB Transmission System Demand.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD							
(Additional Demand supplied through the unit transformers to be provided below)									
INDIVIDUAL GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, CCGT MODULE) DATA			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Point of connection to the GB Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or the CCGT Module, as the case may be in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text	SPD							
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or CCGT Module , as the case may be is connected	Section Number	SPD							
Type of Unit (steam, Gas Turbine Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit, tidal, wind, etc.)									
A list of the CCGT Units within a CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted.		SPD							

ABBREVIATIONS:

	= Standard Planning Data = % on Rated MVA	DPD RC	= Detailed Planning Data = Registered Capacity
% on 100	= % on 100 MVA	OC1, BC1, etc	= Grid Code for which
			data is required

Note:

All parameters, where applicable, are to be measured at nominal System Frequency

- + these **SPD** items should only be given in the data supplied with the application for a **CUSC Contract**.
- * Asterisk items are not required for Small Power Stations and Medium Power Stations

Information is to be given on a **Unit** basis, unless otherwise stated. Where references to **CCGT Modules** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE)								
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	CAT.	G1	G2	G3	G4	JASE G5	G6	STN		
			Gi	G2	GS	04	03	Gu	SIN		
Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+									
Rated MW	MW	SPD+									
Rated terminal voltage	kV	DPD									
*Performance Chart at Onshore Synchronous		SPD	(see	OC2 f	or spe	ı cifica	tion)		ļ		
Generating Unit stator terminals											
*Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous											
Generating Unit at the Offshore Grid Entry Point											
*Output Usable (on a monthly basis)	MW	SPD	(exce	ept in r	elatio	n to C	CGT	Mod	ules		
									der the		
				Code lied ur)		
Turbo-Generator inertia constant (for synchronous	MW secs	SPD+	Supp	 			 				
machines)	/MVA										
Short circuit ratio (synchronous machines)		SPD+									
Normal auxiliary load supplied by the Generating	MW	DPD									
Unit at rated MW output Rated field current at rated MW and Mvar output	Mvar A	DPD DPD									
and at rated terminal voltage		Drb									
-											
Field current open circuit saturation curve (as											
derived from appropriate manufacturers' test certificates):											
120% rated terminal volts	Α	DPD									
110% rated terminal volts	Α	DPD									
100% rated terminal volts	A	DPD									
90% rated terminal volts 80% rated terminal volts	A A	DPD									
70% rated terminal volts	Ä	DPD DPD									
60% rated terminal volts	Α	DPD									
50% rated terminal volts	Α	DPD									
IMPEDANCES:											
(Unsaturated)											
Direct axis synchronous reactance	% on MVA	DPD									
Direct axis transient reactance	% on MVA	SPD+									
Direct axis sub-transient reactance	% on MVA	DPD									
Quad axis synch reactance	% on MVA	DPD									
Quad axis sub-transient reactance	% on MVA % on MVA	DPD DPD									
Stator leakage reactance Armature winding direct current	76 OH WVA	טרט									
resistance.	% on MVA	DPD									
In Scotland, negative sequence resistance	% on MVA	DPD									
Note: the above data item relating to armeture win	 dina direct c::	ront roc	 istono	 	l only '	he rr) 	d by			
Note:- the above data item relating to armature wir Generators in relation to Generating Units									. for		
whatever reason, the Generator is aware or						00		,			
									<u> </u>		

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GEN	NERAT	TING U	NIT C	R ST	ATION	N DATA
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
TIME CONSTANTS									
TIME CONSTANTS (Short-circuit and Unsaturated)									
(Short-circuit and Orisaturated)									
Direct axis transient time constant	S	DPD							
Direct axis sub-transient time	S	SPD							
constant		0. 2							
Quadrature axis sub-transient time	S	DPD							
constant									
Stator time constant	S	DPD							
GENERATING UNIT STEP-UP TRANSFORMER									
Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+							
Voltage Ratio	-	DPD							
Positive sequence reactance:									
Max tap	% on MVA	SPD+							
Min tap	% on MVA	SPD+							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	SPD+							
Positive sequence resistance:									
Max tap	% on MVA	DPD							
Min tap	% on MVA	DPD							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	DPD							
Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA	DPD							
Tap change range	+% / -%	DPD							
Tap change step size	%	DPD							
Tap changer type, on-load or									
off-circuit	On/Off	DPD							
EXCITATION:									
Note: The data items requested under Option 1									

The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided by **Generators** in relation to **Generating Units** on the **System** at 9 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or they may provide the new data items set out under Option 2. **Generators** must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for **Generating Unit** excitation control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those **Generating Unit** excitation control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and **Generating Unit** excitation control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the **Generator** is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that **Generating Unit**.

<u> </u>	Ì	I	1 1			I	l	1 1	l
Option 1									
DC gain of Excitation Loop Max field voltage	V	DPD DPD							
Min field voltage	v	DPD							
Rated field voltage	V	DPD							
Max rate of change of field volts:									
Rising	V/Sec	DPD							
Falling	V/Sec	DPD							
Details of Excitation Loop Described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements	Diagram	DPD	(pleas	se atta	ach)				
Dynamic characteristics of over- excitation limiter		DPD							
Dynamic characteristics of under- excitation limiter		DPD							

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	G	ENER	ATING	JUNI DAT	T OR STATION A			
				G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Option 2										
Exciter category, e.g. Rotating		Text	SPD							
Exciter, or Static Exciter etc										
Excitation System Nominal										
Response	V_{E}	sec ⁻¹	DPD							
Rated Field Voltage	U_fN	V	DPD							
No-load Field Voltage	U_{fO}	V	DPD							
Excitation System On-Load										
Positive Ceiling Voltage	U_{pL^+}	V	DPD							
Excitation System No-Load										
Positive Ceiling Voltage	U_{pO^+}	V	DPD							
Excitation System No-Load										
Negative Ceiling Voltage	$U_{pO ext{-}}$	V	DPD							
Power System Stabiliser (PSS)										
fitted		Yes/No	SPD							
Details of Excitation System										
(including PSS if fitted) described	l in block									
diagram form showing transfer fu										
individual elements.		Diagram	DPD							
Details of Over-excitation Limiter										
described in block diagram form										
transfer functions of individual ele	ements.	Diagram	DPD							
Details of Under-excitation Limiter										
described in block diagram form										
transfer functions of individual ele	ements.	Diagram	DPD							

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENE	RATI	NG U	NIT C	OR STA	ATION	DATA
DATA DESCRIPTION			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
GOVERNOR AND ASSOCIATED PRIME MOVER F	 PARAMET	l ERS							
Note: The data items requested under Option 1 b Generating Units on the System at 9 Janu provide the new data items set out under O Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for the relevant date, those Generating Unit g as refurbishment after the relevant date and of testing or other process, the Generator i Generating Unit.	uary 1995 (ption 2. G • Generati i overnor co d Generat i	(in this pa enerato ng Unit q entrol sys ing Unit	aragraph, rs must s governor tems rec governor	the "supply control ommi	relevante of the control of the cont	ant da data a tems ed for stems	ate") or as set of comm r any re s where	they rout und issione eason see, as a	nay ler ed after such result
Option 1									
GOVERNOR PARAMETERS (REHEAT UNITS)									
HP Governor average gain Speeder motor setting range HP governor valve time constant HP governor valve opening limits HP governor valve rate limits Re-heat time constant (stored	MW/Hz Hz S S MW/Hz Hz S	DPD	(please						
Governor average gain Speeder motor setting range	MW/Hz	DPD DPD							
Time constant of steam or fuel governor valve Governor valve opening limits Governor valve rate limits Time constant of turbine Governor block diagram	S S	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD	(please	attac	h)				

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GE	NERAT	TING U	NIT OF	RSTAT	ION D	ATA
DATA BEGONI HON	Orario	0,11.	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
BOILER & STEAM TURBINE DATA*									
Boiler time constant (Stored Active Energy)	S	DPD							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of Primary Response arising from HP turbine)	%	DPD							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of High Frequency Response arising from HP turbine)	%	DPD							
	End (of Option	1						
Option 2									
All Generating Units									
Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements		DPD							
Governor Time Constant	Sec	DPD							
#Governor Deadband - Maximum Setting - Normal Setting - Minimum Setting	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz	DPD DPD DPD							
Speeder Motor Setting Range	%	DPD							
Average Gain	MW/Hz	DPD							
Steam Units									
HP Valve Time Constant HP Valve Opening Limits HP Valve Opening Rate Limits HP Valve Closing Rate Limits HP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD							
IP Valve Time Constant IP Valve Opening Limits IP Valve Opening Rate Limits IP Valve Closing Rate Limits IP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD							
LP Valve Time Constant LP Valve Opening Limits LP Valve Opening Rate Limits LP Valve Closing Rate Limits LP Turbine Time Constant	sec % %/sec %/sec sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD							
Reheater Time Constant Boiler Time Constant HP Power Fraction IP Power Fraction	sec sec % %	DPD DPD DPD DPD							

Where the generating unit governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA								
STATE DESCRIPTION	011110	0,	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN		
Gas Turbine Units											
Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD									
Fuel Valve Time Constant Fuel Valve Opening Limits Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD									
Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant											
Hydro Generating Units											
Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant Guide Vane Opening Limits Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	sec % %/sec %/sec	DPD DPD DPD DPD									
Water Time Constant	sec	DPD									
	End o	 of Option :	 <u>2</u>								
UNIT CONTROL OPTIONS*											
Maximum droop Normal droop Minimum droop	% % %	DPD DPD DPD									
Maximum frequency deadband Normal frequency deadband Minimum frequency deadband	±Hz ±Hz ±Hz	DPD DPD DPD									
Maximum Output deadband Normal Output deadband Minimum Output deadband	±MW ±MW	DPD DPD DPD									
Frequency settings between which Unit Load Controller droop applies:											
Maximum Normal Minimum	Hz Hz Hz	DPD DPD DPD									
Sustained response normally selected	Yes/No	DPD									

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	POWER PARK UNIT (OR POWER PARK MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE)							
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
Power Park Module Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+								
Power Park Module Rated MW	MW	SPD+								
*Performance Chart of a at Power Park Module		SPD	(see	OC2 f	or spe	ı cificati	ion)	I	ı	
at the connection point		0. 5	(000		or ope	omouti	011)			
*Output Usable (on a monthly basis)	MW	SPD	(exce	ent in r	elation	to CO	CGT M	lodule	s	
caspar country (on a monanty basis)		0.0			red on					
					, this d					
					der S			,		
Number & Type of Power Park Units within each		SPD	1				′			
Power Park Module										
Number & Type of Offshore Power Park Units		SPD								
within each Offshore Power Park String and the										
number of Offshore Power Park Strings and										
connection point within each Offshore Power										
Park Module										
Power Park Unit Model - A validated	Transfer function	DPD								
mathematical model in accordance with PC.5.4.2	block diagram and									
(a)	algebraic									
	equations,									
	simulation and									
	measured test									
	results									
Power Park Unit Data (where applicable)										
Rated MVA	MVA	SPD+								
Rated MW	MW	SPD+								
Rated terminal voltage	V	SPD+								
Site minimum air density	kg/m ³	SPD+								
Site maximum air density	kg/m ³	SPD+								
Site average air density	kg/m ³	SPD+								
Year for which air density data is submitted	Ng/III	SPD+								
Number of pole pairs		DPD								
Blade swept area	m ²	DPD								
Gear box ratio		DPD								
Stator Resistance.	% on MVA	SPD+								
Stator Reactance.	% on MVA	SPD+								
Magnetising Reactance	% on MVA	SPD+								
Rotor Resistance (at starting).	% on MVA	DPD								
Rotor Resistance (at starting). Rotor Resistance (at rated running)	% on MVA	SPD+								
Rotor Reactance (at rated running) Rotor Reactance (at starting).	% on MVA	DPD								
Rotor Reactance (at starting). Rotor Reactance (at rated running)	% on MVA	SPD								
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass (e.g.	MW secs / MVA	SPD+								
wind turbine rotor and blades) at minimum speed	IVIVV SECS / IVIVA	3504								
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass (e.g.	MW sec / MVA	SPD+								
wind turbine rotor and blades) at synchronous	IVIVV SEC / IVIVA	3FDT								
speed										
Equivalent inertia constant of the first mass (e.g.	MW secs / MVA	SPD+								
wind turbine rotor and blades) at rated speed		0. 5.								
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass	MW secs / MVA	SPD+								
(e.g. generator rotor) at minimum speed		0. 5.								
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass	MW secs / MVA	SPD+								
(e.g. generator rotor) at synchronous speed		3. 3.								
Equivalent inertia constant of the second mass	MW secs / MVA	SPD+								
		J. D.	1				1			
(e.g. generator rotor) at rated speed										
(e.g. generator rotor) at rated speed Equivalent shaft stiffness between the two	Nm / electrical	SPD+								

DATA DECODIDATION	LINUTC	DATA						POW	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	CAT.	PAI	KK MC	DUL	E, AS BE)	IHE (CASE	MAY
Minimum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed Induction Generators)	RPM	SPD+	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Maximum generator rotor speed (Doubly Fed Induction Generators)	RPM	SPD+							
The optimum generator rotor speed versus wind speed	tabular format	DPD							
Power Converter Rating (Doubly Fed Induction Generators)	MVA	SPD+							
The rotor power coefficient (C_p) versus tip speed ratio (λ) curves for a range of blade angles (where applicable)	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The electrical power output versus generator rotor speed for a range of wind speeds over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit .	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The blade angle versus wind speed curve	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
The electrical power output versus wind speed over the entire operating range of the Power Park Unit .	Diagram + tabular format	DPD							
Transfer function block diagram, parameters and description of the operation of the power electronic converter including fault ride through capability (where applicable).	Diagram	DPD							
For a Power Park Unit consisting of a synchronous machine in combination with a back to back DC Converter , or for a Power Park Unit not driven by a wind turbine, the data to be supplied shall be agreed with NGET in accordance with PC.A.7.									

DATA DESCRIPTION UNITS DATA CAT. APARK WONTY COR POWER TARK UNIT (OR POWER TARK UNIT (OR POWER TOT QRANK HER CASE WAY BE) Torque / Speed and blade angle control systems and parameters For the Power Park Unit, details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements. For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor controller (and PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form including parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements. Frequency control system parameters For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of the Ffrequency controller (and PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form including parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements. Frequency control system parameters For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of the Ffrequency controller (and PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements. Frequency control system parameters Diagram DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD DPD D									e 11	
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Power Park Unit and for each Power Park format		Tahular								
			טרט							

DC CONVERTER STATION TECHNICAL DATA

DC CONVERTER STATION NAME

DAT			

Data Description	Units	Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
DC CONVERTER STATION DEMANDS:			
Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the DC Converter Station [PC.A.4.1]			
 Demand with all DC Converters operating at Rated MW import. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
 Demand with all DC Converters operating at Rated MW export. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
Additional Demand associated with the DC Converter Station supplied through the GB Transmission System . [PC.A.4.1]			
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
 Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of NGET Demand at Annual ACS Conditions. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
 - Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of NGET Demand. 	MW Mvar	DPD DPD	
DC CONVERTER STATION DATA			
Number of poles, i.e. number of DC Converters	Text	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)	Text	SPD+	
Details of each viable operating configuration		CDD:	
Configuration 1 Configuration 2 Configuration 3 Configuration 4 Configuration 5 Configuration 6	Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram Diagram	SPD+	
Remote ac connection arrangement	Diagram	SPD	

Data Description	Units	Data Category	Opei	rating (Configu	ration		
		caragary	1	2	3	4	5	6
DC CONVERTER STATION DATA								
DC Converter Type (e.g. current or Voltage source)	Text	SPD						
Point of connection to the NGET Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the DC Converter Station configuration in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text	SPD						
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the DC Converter Station configuration is connected	Section Number	SPD						
Rated MW import per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW	SPD+						
Rated MW export per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW	SPD+						
ACTIVE POWER TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2)								
Registered Capacity Registered Import Capacity	MW MW	SPD SPD						
Minimum Generation Minimum Import Capacity	MW MW	SPD SPD						
Import MW available in excess of Registered Import Capacity.	MW	SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Import Capacity is available	Min	SPD						
Export MW available in excess of Registered Capacity.	MW	SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Capacity is available	Min	SPD						
DC CONVERTER TRANSFORMER [PC.A.5.4.3.1								
Rated MVA	MVA	DPD						
Winding arrangement Nominal primary voltage	KV	DPD DPD						
Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s)	KV	DF D						
Positive sequence reactance Maximum tap	% on MVA	DPD						
Nominal tap	% on MVA	DPD DPD						
Minimum tap	% on MVA	Dr.D						
Positive sequence resistance Maximum tap	% on MVA	DPD						
Nominal tap	% on MVA	DPD						
Minimum tap	% on MVA	DPD DPD						
Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA +% / -%	DPD						
Tap change range Number of steps	/0 / -70	DPD						

Data Description	Units	Data Category	Opera	ating co	nfigura	ition		
			1	2	3	4	5	6
DC NETWORK [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c)]								
Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole	KV A	DPD DPD						
Details of the DC Network described in diagram form including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the DC Network should be shown.	Diagram	DPD						
DC CONVERTER STATION AC HARMONIC FILTER AND REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (d)] For all switched reactive compensation equipment Total number of AC filter banks Diagram of filter connections Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range Reactive Power capability as a function of various MW transfer levels	Diagram Text Diagram Text Mvar Mvar Mvar Table	SPD SPD SPD DPD DPD DPD						

Data Description	Units	Data Category	Oper	ating co	onfigura		age 15	
		Category	1	2	3	4	5	6
CONTROL SYSTEMS [PC.A.5.4.3.2]								
Static V _{DC} – P _{DC} (DC voltage – DC power) or Static V _{DC} – I _{DC} (DC voltage – DC current) characteristic (as appropriate) when operating as –Rectifier –Inverter	Diagram Diagram	DPD DPD						
Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of inverter mode control system, in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of converter transformer tap changer control system in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC converters connected to the GB Transmission System .)	Diagram	DPD						
Details of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC converters connected to the GB Transmission System .)	Diagram	DPD						
Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	DPD						
Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data.	Diagram	DPD						
Transfer block diagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.	Diagram	DPD						
LOADING PARAMETERS [PC.A.5.4.3.3]				1				
MW Export Nominal loading rate Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s MW/s	DPD DPD						
MW Import Nominal loading rate Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s MW/s	DPD						
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.	S	DPD DPD						
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	s	DPD						

NOTE:

Users are referred to Schedules 5 & 14 which set down data required for all **Users** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**, including **Power Stations**.

GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

This schedule contains the **Genset Generation Planning Parameters** required by **NGET** to facilitate studies in **Operational Planning** timescales.

For a **Generating Unit** (other than a **Power Park Unit**) at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

Where references to **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** at a **Large Power Station** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

Power Station:	
. Ollo: Otation.	

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.		GI	ENSET	OR S	OITAT	N DATA	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UINITO	OAT.	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
OUTPUT CAPABILITY									
Registered Capacity on a station and unit basis (on a station and module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station) Minimum Generation (on a module	MW	SPD							
basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW	SPD							
MW available from Generating Units or Power Park Modules in excess of Registered Capacity	MW	SPD							
REGIME UNAVAILABILITY									
These data blocks are provided to allow fixed periods of unavailability to be registered.									
Expected Running Regime. Is Power Station normally available for full output 24 hours per day, 7 days per week? If No please provide details of unavailability below.		SPD							
Earliest Synchronising time: Monday	hr/min	OC2							_
Tuesday – Friday Saturday – Sunday	hr/min hr/min	OC2 OC2							-
Latest De-Synchronising time:	hr/min	000							
Monday – Thursday Friday	hr/min hr/min	OC2 OC2							-
Saturday – Sunday	hr/min	OC2							-
SYNCHRONISING PARAMETERS									
Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	OC2							
Station Synchronising Intervals (SI) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Synchronising Group (if applicable)	1 to 4	OC2							-

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DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.		GEN	SETO	R STAT	ION L	DATA	
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Synchronising Generation (SYG) after 48 hour Shutdown	MW	DPD & OC2							-
De-Synchronising Intervals (Single value)	Mins	OC2	-	-	-	-	_	-	
RUNNING AND SHUTDOWN PERIOD LIMITATIONS:									
Minimum Non Zero time (MNZT) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	OC2							
Minimum Zero time (MZT)	Mins	OC2							
Two Shifting Limit (max. per day)	No.	OC2							
Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit (Existing AGR Plant only)	No.	OC2							
80% Reactor Thermal Power (expressed as Gross-Net MW) (Existing AGR Plant only)	MW	OC2							
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit (Frequency Sensitive AGR Units only)	No.	OC2							
RUN-UP PARAMETERS									
Run-up rates (RUR) after 48 hour Shutdown:	(Note that					l of run-u ty is red			l Synch
(See note 2 page 3) MW Level 1 (MWL1) MW Level 2 (MWL2)	MW MW	OC2 OC2							-
		DPD &							
RUR from Synch. Gen to MWL1 RUR from MWL1 to MWL2 RUR from MWL2 to RC	MW/Mins MW/Mins MW/Mins	OC2 OC2							
Run-Down Rates (RDR):		l lat for DI Register I							l from I
MWL2 RDR from RC to MWL2	MW MW/Min	OC2 DPD & OC2							
MWL1 RDR from MWL2 to MWL1 RDR from MWL1 to de-synch	MW MW/Min MW/Min	OC2 OC2 OC2							

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT.	GENSET OR STATION DATA						
			G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
REGULATION PARAMETERS									
Regulating Range	MW	DPD							
Synchronised and able to supply Load .	MW	DPD							
GAS TURBINE LOADING PARAMETERS:									
Fast loading Slow loading	MW/Min MW/Min	OC2 OC2							
CCGT MODULE PLANNING MATRIX		OC2	(pleas	se attac	h)	I 			
POWER PARK MODULE PLANNING MATRIX		OC2	(pleas	se attac	:h)	l I	l	l I	1
Power Park Module Active Power Output/ Intermittent Power Source Curve (eg MW output / Wind speed)		OC2	(pleas	se attac	h)				

NOTES:

- 1. To allow for different groups of **Gensets** within a **Power Station** (eg. **Gensets** with the same operator) each **Genset** may be allocated to one of up to four **Synchronising Groups**. Within each such **Synchronising Group** the single synchronising interval will apply but between **Synchronising Groups** a zero synchronising interval will be assumed.
- 2. The run-up of a **Genset** from synchronising block load to **Registered Capacity** is represented as a three stage characteristic in which the run-up rate changes at two intermediate loads, MWL1 and MWL2. The values MWL1 & MWL2 can be different for each **Genset**.

LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION

(Also outline information on contracts involving External Interconnections)

For a **Generating Unit at a Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
Power Station name:Generating Unit (or CCGT Modu Large Power Station) number: Registered Capacity:	ile or Power Park Module at a				
Large Power Station OUTAGE PROGRAMME					
	PLANNING FOR YEARS 3	- <u>7 AHEAI</u>	<u> </u>		•
	Monthly average OU	MW	F. yrs 5 - 7	Week 24	SPD
Provisional outage programme comprising:			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 2	OC2
duration preferred start		weeks date	"	"	"
earliest start		date	"	"	"
latest finish		date	"	"	"
	Weekly OU	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as ((Users ' response to l outages)	l detailed in OC2 NGET suggested changes or potel	ntial	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week12) Week14)	i
Updated provisional outage programme comprising:			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 25	OC2
duration		weeks	"	"	"
preferred start		date	"	"	"
earliest start latest finish		date date	"	"	"
	Updated weekly OU	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as ((Users ' response potential outages	to NGET suggested changes or u	pdate of	C. yrs 3 - 5 C. yrs 3 - 5	Week28) Week31)	
(NGET further sur in OC2 for	ggested revisions etc. (as detailed .		C. yrs 3 - 5) Week42)	
Agreement of final Generation Outage Programme			C. yrs 3 - 5	Week 45	OC2
	PLANNING FOR YEARS 1	- 2 AHEAI	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
Update of previously agreed Final Generation Outage Programme			C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 10	OC2
	Weekly OU	MW	"	"	"

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
	detailed in OC2 for NGET suggested changes ial outages)	1	C. yrs 1 - 2 C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 12) Week 14)	
	Revised weekly OU		C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 34	OC2
	detailed in OC2 for NGET suggested changes ial outages)	1	C. yrs 1 - 2 C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 39) Week 46)	
Agreement of final Generation Outage Programme			C. yrs 1 - 2	Week 48	OC2
	PLANNING FOR YI	EAR 0		1	1
Updated Final Generation Outage Programme			C. yr 0 Week 2 ahead to year end	1600 Weds.	OC2
	OU at weekly peak	MW	"	"	"
(NGET response as ((detailed in OC2 for		C. yrs 0 Weeks 2 to 52 ahead	1600) Friday))	
(NGET response as	detailed in OC2 for	1	Weeks 2 - 7 ahead	1600) Thurs)	
Forecast return to services (Planned Outage or breakdown)		date	days 2 to 14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2
	OU (all hours)	MW	"	"	OC2
(NGET response as	detailed in OC2 for	 	days 2 to 14 ahead	1600) daily)	
	<u>INFLEXIBILIT</u>	<u>Y</u>			i
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (Weekly)	Weeks 2 - 8 ahead	1600 Tues	OC2
(NGET response or (Power Margin	Negative Reserve Active	 	"	1200) Friday)	
	Genset inflexibility	Min MW (daily)	days 2 -14 ahead	0900 daily	OC2
(NGET response or (Power Margin	Negative Reserve Active	I	"	1600) daily)	

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
OUTPUT PROFILE	 <u>=S</u>	1	1	[
In the case of Large Power Stations whose output may be expected to vary in a random manner (eg. wind power) or to some other pattern (eg. Tidal) sufficient information is required to enable an understanding of the possible profile	MW	F. yrs 1 - 7	Week 24	SPD

 $\underline{\text{Notes}}$: 1. The week numbers quoted in the Update Time column refer to standard weeks in the current year.

GOVERNOR DROOP AND RESPONSE

The Data in this Schedule 4 is to be supplied by **Generators** with respect to all **Large Power Stations** and by **DC Convertor Station** owners (where agreed), whether directly connected or **Embedded**

DATA	NORMAL VALUE	MW	DATA	[DROOP% RESPONSE CAPABILITY			RESPONSE CAPABILITY	
DESCRIPTION			CAT	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Primary	Secondary	High Frequency
MLP1	Designed Minimum Operating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP2	Minimum Generation (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are								
MLP3	70% of Registered Capacity								
MLP4	80% of Registered Capacity								
MLP5	95% of Registered Capacity								
MLP6	Registered Capacity								

Notes:

- 1. The data provided in this Schedule 4 is not intended to constrain any **Ancillary Services Agreement**.
- 2. Registered Capacity should be identical to that provided in Schedule 2.
- 3. The Governor Droop should be provided for each **Generating Unit(**excluding **Power Park Units)**, **Power Park Module** or **DC Converter**. The Response Capability should be provided for each **Genset** or **DC Converter**.
- 4. **Primary, Secondary** and **High Frequency Response** are defined in CC.A.3.2 and are based on a frequency ramp of 0.5Hz over 10 seconds. **Primary Response** is the minimum value of response between 10s and 30s after the frequency ramp starts, **Secondary Response** between 30s and 30 minutes, and **High Frequency Response** is the minimum value after 10s on an indefinite basis.
- 5. For plants which have not yet **Synchronised**, the data values of MLP1 to MLP6 should be as described above. For plants which have already **Synchronised**, the values of MLP1 to MLP6 can take any value between **Designed Operating Minimum Level** and **Registered Capacity**. If MLP1 is not provided at the **Designed Minimum Operating Level**, the value of the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** should be separately stated.

USERS SYSTEM DATA

The data in this Schedule 5 is required from **Users** who are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection)

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
USER	RS SYSTEM LAYOUT		
	gle Line Diagram showing all or part of the User's System is red. This diagram shall include:-		SPD
(a)	all parts of the User's System , whether existing or proposed, operating at Supergrid Voltage , and in Scotland and Offshore , also all parts of the User System operating at 132kV,		
(b)	all parts of the User's System operating at a voltage of 50kV, and in Scotland and Offshore greater than 30kV, or higher which can interconnect Connection Points , or split bus-bars at a single Connection Point ,		
(c)	all parts of the User's System between Embedded Medium Power Stations or Large Power Stations or Interface Points connected to the User's Subtransmission System and the relevant Connection Point,		
(d)	all parts of the User's System at a Transmission Site .		
User's connection voltage User's	Single Line Diagram may also include additional details of the s Subtransmission System, and the transformers ecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower ge. With NGET's agreement, it may also include details of the s System at a voltage below the voltage of the ransmission System.		
the exto bot electricansf addition	Single Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of kisting and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating the existing and proposed Connection Points, showing ical circuitry (ie. overhead lines, underground cables, power formers and similar equipment), operating voltages. In on, for equipment operating at a Supergrid Voltage, and in and and Offshore also at 132kV, circuit breakers and phasing gements shall be shown.		

USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
REACTIVE COMPENSATION		
For independently switched reactive compensation equipment not owned by a Transmission Licensee connected to the User's System at 132kV and above, and also in Scotland and Offshore , connected at 33kV and above, other than power factor correction equipment associated with a customers Plant or Apparatus :		
Type of equipment (eg. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range	Text Mvar Mvar Mvar	SPD SPD SPD SPD
Details of automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined	text and/or diagrams	SPD
Point of connection to User's System (electrical location and system voltage)	Text	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE		
For the infrastructure associated with any User's equipment at a Substation owned by a Transmission Licensee or operated or managed by NGET :-		
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand Rated rms continuous current	kA kA s A	SPD SPD SPD SPD

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Circuit Parameters

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**. Details are to be given for all circuits shown on the **Single Line Diagram**

Years Valid	Node 1	Node 2	Rated Voltage kV	Operating Voltage kV	Positive Phase Sequence % on 100 MVA			Zero Phase Sequence (self) % on 100 MVA			Zero Phase Sequence (mutual) % on 100 MVA			
					R	Х	В	R	Х	В	R	Х	В	

<u>Notes</u>

1. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table.

USERS SYSTEM DATA

Transformer Data

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the **Single Line Diagram**. Details of Winding Arrangement, Tap Changer and earthing details are only required for transformers connecting the **User's** higher voltage system with its **Primary Voltage System**.

Years valid	Name of Node or	Trans- former	Rating MVA	Voltag	e Ratio	Sequ	ositive Pha ence Read % on Rating	tance	Sequ	ositive Pha ence Resis % on Ratin	stance	Zero Sequence React- ance	Winding Arr.	Т	Tap Changer		Earthin g Details (delete				
	ection Point	ection	ection	ection		ection		HV	LV	Max. Tap	Min. Tap	Nom. Tap	Max. Tap	Min. Tap	Nom. Tap	% on Rating		range +% to -%	step size	type (delete	as app.) *
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/ Rea				
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/				
																ON/ OFF	Rea				
																ON/ OFF	Direct /Res/ Rea				
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/ Rea				
																ON/ OFF	Direct/ Res/				

*If Resistance or Reactance please give impedance value

Notes

- 1. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table
- 2. For a transformer with two secondary windings, the positive and zero phase sequence leakage impedances between the HV and LV1, HV and LV2, and LV1 and LV2 windings are required.

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Switchgear Data

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**, and should be provided for all switchgear (ie. circuit breakers, load disconnectors and disconnectors) operating at a **Supergrid Voltage**, and also in Scotland and **Offshore**, operating at 132kV. In addition, data should be provided for all circuit breakers irrespective of voltage located at a **Connection Site** which is owned by a **Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **NGET**.

Years Valid	Connect-ion Point	Switch No.	Rated Voltage kV rms	oltage kV Voltage breaking current				-circuit peak current	Rated rms continuous current (A)	DC time constant at testing of asymmetric al breaking
				1 Phase kA rms	3 Phase kA peak	1 Phase kA peak		ability(s)		

Notes

- 1. Rated Voltage should be as defined by IEC 694.
- 2. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table

USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
PROT	ECTION SYSTEMS		G 2 G
whi bre info timi sup	ollowing information relates only to Protection equipment ich can trip or inter-trip or close any Connection Point circuit aker or any GB Transmission System circuit breaker. The ormation need only be supplied once, in accordance with the ing requirements set out in PC.A.1.4 (b) and need not be oplied on a routine annual thereafter, although NGET should notified if any of the information changes.		
(a)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the User's System ;		DPD
(b)	A full description of any auto-reclose facilities installed or to be installed on the User's System , including type and time delays;		DPD
(c)	A full description, including estimated settings, for all relays and Protection systems installed or to be installed on the Power Park Module or Generating Unit's generator transformer, unit transformer, station transformer and their associated connections;		DPD
(d)	For Generating Units (other than Power Park Units) having a circuit breaker at the generator terminal voltage clearance times for electrical faults within the Generating Unit zone must be declared.		DPD
(e)	Fault Clearance Times: Most probable fault clearance time for electrical faults on any part of the Users System directly connected to the GB Transmission System .	mSec	DPD

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CATEGORY
POWER PARK MODULE/UNIT PROTECTION SYSTEMS		
Details of settings for the Power Park Module/Unit		
protection relays (to include):		
(a) Under frequency,		DPD
(b) Over Frequency,		DPD
(c) Under Voltage, Over Voltage,		DPD
(d) Rotor Over current		DPD
(e) Stator Over current,.		DPD
(f) High Wind Speed Shut Down Level		DPD
(g) Rotor Underspeed		DPD
(h) Rotor Overspeed		DPD

USER'S SYSTEM DATA

Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD)

The information listed below may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** between that **User** and the **GB Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **GB Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers operating at **Supergrid Voltage** and also in Scotland and **Offshore**, operating at 132kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (DPD)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5 may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** if it is necessary for **NGET** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on **GB Transmission System** and **User's** systems. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

(a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-

Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance Positive phase sequence susceptance

(b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio Positive phase sequence resistance Positive phase sequence reactance

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance Connection voltage and Mvar rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points The Minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points Details of traction loads, eg connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc.

(d) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPD)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5, may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** if it is necessary for **NGET** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (eg to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected:-

(a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance
Positive Phase Sequence Resistance
Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance
Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment

(b) for all transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA
Voltage Ratio
Positive phase sequence resistance
Positive Phase sequence reactance
Tap-changer range
Number of tap steps
Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit
AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement
AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance
Mvar rating of any reactive compensation equipment
Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points
The maximum **Demand** (both MW and Mvar) that could occur
Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and
75% off-peak load conditions

Short Circuit Analyses:(DPD)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **NGET** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned by a **Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **NGET** are close to the equipment rating. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

(a) For all circuits of the User's Subtransmission System:-

Positive phase sequence resistance
Positive phase sequence reactance
Positive phase sequence susceptance
Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals)
Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals)
Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals)

(b) for all transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap)

Tap changer range

Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance

Impedance if not directly earthed

(c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and Mvar) that could occur

Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User's** lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIMESCALE	UPDATE	DATA
		COVERED	TIME	CAT.
Details are required from Network Operators of proposed outages in their User Systems and from Generators with respect to their outages, which may affect the performance of the Total System (eg. at a Connection Point or constraining Embedded Large Power Stations_or constraints to the Maximum Import Capacity or Maximum Export Capacity at an Interface Point)		Years 2-5	Week 8 (Network Operator etc) Week 13 (Generators)	OC2
(NGET advises Network Operators of GB Transmission System outages (affecting their Systems		Years 2-5	Week 28)	
Network Operator informs NGET if unhappy with proposed outages)		"	Week 30	OC2
(NGET draws up revised GB Transmission System (outage plan advises Users of operational effects		"	Week 34)	
Generators and Non-Embedded Customers provide Details of Apparatus owned by them (other than Gensets) at each Grid Supply Point		Year 1	Week 13	OC2
(NGET advises Network Operators of outages affecting (their Systems		Year 1	Week 28)	
Network Operator details of relevant outages affecting the Total System		Year 1	Week 32	OC2
(NGET informs Users of aspects that may affect (their Systems		Year 1	Week 34)	
Users inform NGET if unhappy with aspects as notified		Year 1	Week 36	OC2
(NGET issues final GB Transmission System (outage plan with advice of operational (effects on Users System		Year 1	Week 49	OC2))
Generator, Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customers to inform NGET of changes to outages previously requested		Week 8 ahead to year end	As occurring	OC2
Details of load transfer capability of 12MW or more between Grid Supply Points in England and Wales and 10MW or more between Grid Supply Points in Scotland.		Within Yr 0	As NGET request	OC2
<u>Details of:-</u> <u>Maximum Import Capacity</u> <u>Maximum Export Capacity</u>	MVA & MW MVA & MW	Within Yr 0	As occurring	OC2
Changes to previously declared values of the Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor	V (unless power factor control)			

Note: Users should refer to OC2 for full details of the procedure summarised above and for the information which NGET will provide on the Programming Phase.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

LOAD CHARACTERISTICS AT GRID SUPPLY POINTS

All data in this schedule 7 is categorised as **Standard Planning Data** (**SPD**) and is required for existing and agreed future connections. This data is only required to be updated when requested by **NGET**.

		DATA FOR FUTURE YEARS									
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6	Yr 7			
FOR ALL TYPES OF DEMAND FOR EACH GRID SUPPLY POINT											
The following information is required infrequently and should only be supplied, wherever possible, when requested by NGET											
Details of individual loads which have Characteristics significantly different from the typical range of domestic or commercial and industrial load supplied:		(Plea	ase Atta	i ach)							
Sensitivity of demand to fluctuations in voltage And frequency on GB Transmission System at time of peak Connection Point Demand (Active Power)											
Voltage Sensitivity	MW/kV Mvar/kV										
Frequency Sensitivity	MW/Hz Mvar/Hz										
Reactive Power sensitivity should relate to the Power Factor information given in Schedule 11 (or for Generators, Schedule 1) and note 6 on Schedule 11 relating to Reactive Power therefore applies:											
Phase unbalance imposed on the GB Transmission System - maximum - average	% %										
Maximum Harmonic Content imposed on GB Transmission System	%										
Details of any loads which may cause Demand Fluctuations greater than those permitted under Engineering Recommendation P28, Stage 1 at the Point of Common Coupling including Flicker Severity (Short Term) and Flicker Severity (Long Term)											

			DAT	A FOR	FUTU	RE YEA	NRS	
DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Yr 4	Yr 5	Yr 6	Yr 7
For Network Operators who have an Offshore								
Transmission System which connect to them								
at an Interface Point details should be provided								
<u>of:</u>								
The Maximum Export Capacity The Maximum Import Capacity The Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor	MVA & MW MVA & MW V (unless power factor control)							
Network Operators shall provide details of any								
manual or automatic post fault actions to be								
taken by the owner / operator of the Offshore								
Transmission System connected to such								
Interface Point that are required by Network								
Operators.								

DATA SUPPLIED BY **BM PARTICIPANTS**

CODE	DESCRIPTION
BC1	Physical Notifications
BC1	Quiescent Physical Notifications
BC1 & BC2	Export and Import Limits
BC1	Bid-Offer Data
BC1	Dynamic Parameters (Day Ahead)
BC2	Dynamic Parameters (For use in Balancing Mechanism)
BC1 & BC2	Other Relevant Data
BC1	Joint BM Unit Data

DATA SUPPLIED BY **NGET** TO **USERS**

(Example of data to be supplied)

CODE	DESCRIPTION
СС	Operation Diagram
СС	Site Responsibility Schedules
PC	Day of the peak GB Transmission System Demand
	Day of the minimum GB Transmission System Demand
OC2	Surpluses and OU requirements for each Generator over varying timescales
	Equivalent networks to Users for Outage Planning
	Negative Reserve Active Power Margins (when necessary)
	Operating Reserve information
BC1	Demand Estimates, Indicated Margin and Indicated Imbalance, indicative Synchronising and Desynchronising times of Embedded Power Stations to Network Operators, special actions.
BC2	Bid-Offer Acceptances, Ancillary Services instructions to relevant Users, Emergency Instructions
всз	Location, amount, and Low Frequency Relay settings of any Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction for Demand which is Embedded .

DATA TO BE SUPPLIED BY NGET TO USERS

PURSUANT TO THE TRANSMISSION LICENCE

- 1. The **Transmission Licence** requires **NGET** to publish annually the **Seven Year Statement** which is designed to provide **Users** and potential Users with information to enable them to identify opportunities for continued and further use of the **GB Transmission System**.
 - When a **User** is considering a development at a specific site, certain additional information may be required in relation to that site which is of such a level of detail that it is inappropriate to include it in the **Seven Year Statement**. In these circumstances the **User** may contact **NGET** who will be pleased to arrange a discussion and the provision of such additional information relevant to the site under consideration as the **User** may reasonably require.
- The Transmission Licence also requires NGET to offer terms for an agreement for connection to and
 use of the GB Transmission System and further information will be given by NGET to the potential
 User in the course of the discussions of the terms of such an agreement.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

DEMAND PROFILES AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

DATA DESCRIPTION	F. Yr.	F. Yr. 1	F. Yr. 2	F. Yr. 3	F. Yr. 4	F. Yr. 5	F. Yr. 6	F. Yr.	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT
Demand Profiles					•			•		0,11
Total User's	Day of H	e or' e ann	ual Mavi	mum don	nand at A ı	anual ACS	Conditio	one (MA)A	/)	
system profile (please delete as applicable)									。 S Conditio	ne (MM)
delete as applicable)									conditions (
	Day or ar	IIIdai IIIII	iiiiaiii OL	l		Jacon Ber	iidiid at a	l		1
0000 : 0030									Wk.24	SPD
0030 : 0100									:	
0100 : 0130									:	
0130 : 0200									:	:
0200 : 0230									:	:
0230 : 0300									:	:
0300 : 0330									:	:
0330 : 0400									:	:
0400 : 0430									:	:
0430 : 0500									:	:
0500 : 0530 0530 : 0600										:
0600 : 0630									:	
0630 : 0700									:	:
0700 : 0730									:	·
0730 : 0800										
0800 : 0830										:
0830 : 0900									:	:
0900 : 0930									:	:
0930 : 1000									:	:
1000 : 1030									:	:
1030 : 1100									:	:
1100 : 1130									:	:
1130 : 1200									:	:
1200 : 1230									:	:
1230 : 1300									:	:
1300 : 1330									:	:
1330 : 1400									:	:
1400 : 1430 1430 : 1500										:
1500 : 1530										:
1530 : 1600									:	:
1600 : 1630										:
1630 : 1700									:	:
1700 : 1730									:	:
1730 : 1800									:	:
1800 : 1830									:	:
1830 : 1900									:	:
1900 : 1930									:	:
1930 : 2000									:	:
2000 : 2030									:	:
2030 : 2100									:	:
2100 : 2130									:	:
2130 : 2200									:	:
2200 : 2230									:	:
2230 : 2300										
2300 : 2330 2330 : 0000	1								:	:
2330 . 0000	İ								-	

DATA DESCRIPTION	Out-	turn	F.Yr.	Update	Data
	Actual	Weath	0	Time	Cat
		corr.			
Active Energy Data				Week 24	SPD
Total annual Active Energy requirements under average conditions of each Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer in the following categories of Customer Tariff:-					
LV1 LV2 LV3 EHV HV Traction Lighting User System Losses					
Active Energy from Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations					

NOTES:

- 1. 'F. yr.' means 'Financial Year'
- 2. **Demand** and **Active Energy** Data (General)

Demand and Active Energy data should relate to the point of connection to the GB Transmission System and should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the User) of all Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant. Auxiliary demand of Embedded Power Stations should be included in the demand data submitted by the User at the Connection Point. Users should refer to the PC for a full definition of the Demand to be included.

- 3. **Demand** profiles and **Active Energy** data should be for the total **System** of the **Network Operator**, including all **Connection Points**, and for each **Non-Embedded Customer**. **Demand Profiles** should give the numerical maximum demand that in the **User**'s opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System**.
- 4. In addition the demand profile is to be supplied for such days as **NGET** may specify, but such a request is not to be made more than once per calendar year.

CONNECTION POINT DATA

Page 1 of 4

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

delay the submission until ca	alendar v							•			-
DATA DESCRIPTION		F.Yr 0	F.Yr 1	F.Yr 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr 6	F.Yr 7	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT
SPECIFIC HALF HOUR DEMAND	S AND										
POWER FACTORS (see Notes 2, 3 and 5)											
Individual Connection											
Point Demands and Power Fact	tor at ·		l		1						
(name of GSP)	.o. u.										
,		-	_	_	-	1 -	_	_	_		
The annual peak half	MW									Wk.24	SPD
Hour at the		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Connection Point at Annual	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ACS Conditions	p.f.									Wk.24	SPD
	This	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	VA/I+ 0.4	SPD
Lumped Susceptance (See Note 6. data item is not required if a Sing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Wk.24	250
Diagram associated with the Cor	nection	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Point has been provided)	mection	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		
r emenae seen promese,		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Deduction made for Small										Wk.24	SPD
Power Stations, Medium Power	r	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stations and Customer			_								
Generating Plant (MW)		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
The specified time	MW	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
of the annual peak	10100	_	_	_	_	_		_		Wk.24	SPD
half hour of GB Transmission		_	_	_	_		_	_			0. 5
System Demand at Annual	p.f.									Wk.24	SPD
ACS Conditions	P	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_		-
		-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_		
Deduction made for Small		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Power Stations, Medium Power	r									Wk.24	SPD
Stations and Customer											
Generating Plant (MW)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
T		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1411 04	000
The specified time of the annual	MW		_							Wk.24	SPD
minimum half hour of the GB		_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Transmission System Demand	p.f.]	_	-] -	_	Wk.24	SPD
		-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_		J. 5
Deduction made for Small										Wk.24	SPD
Power Stations, Medium Power	r	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Stations and Customer											
Generating Plant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Once	
For such other times	MW									p.a.	SPD
as NGET may specify		-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	max.	
	p.f.	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_		enn.
	ρ.ι.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		SPD
Deduction made for Small		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Once	
Power Stations, Medium Power	r	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	p.a.	
Stations and Customer											
Generating Plant										Max.	SPD
											1

DATA DESCRIPTION	F.Yr 1	F.Yr 2	F.Yr 3	F.Yr 4	F.Yr 5	F.Yr 6	F.Yr 7	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT
DEMAND TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PRIMARY SYSTEM)			3	4	5	0	,	TIVIE	CAT
Where a User's Demand , or group of Demands , may be fed from alternative Connection Point(s) the following information should be provided									
First circuit outage (fault outage) condition									
Name of the alternative Connection Point(s)								Wk.24	SPD
Demand transferred (MW) (Mvar)								Wk.24 Wk.24	SPD SPD
Transfer arrangement i.e Manual (M) Interconnection (I) Automatic (A)								Wk.24	SPD
Time to effect transfer (hrs)								Wk.24	SPD
Second Circuit outage (planned outage) condition									
Name of the alternative Connection Point(s)								Wk.24	SPD
Demand transferred (MW) (Mvar)								Wk.24 Wk.24	SPD SPD
Transfer arrangement i.e Manual (M) Interconnection (I) Automatic (A)								Wk.24	SPD
Time to effect transfer (hrs)								Wk.24	SPD

The above demand transfer capability information for specific **Grid Supply Points** is to be updated during the current year - see Schedule 6.

DATA DESCRIPTION	F.Yr	F.Yr	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr	F.Yr.	F.Yr.		UPDATE	DATA
CMALL DOWED STATION	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	TIME	CAT
SMALL POWER STATION, MEDIUM POWER STATION AND										
CUSTOMER GENERATION										
SUMMARY										
For each Connection Point where there are Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Generating Stations the following information is required:										
No. of Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Power Stations									Wk.24	SPD
Number of Generating Units within these stations									Wk.24	SPD
Summated Capacity of all these Generating Units									Wk.24	SPD
Where the Network Operator's System places a constraint on the capacity of an Embedded Large Power Station or an Offshore Transmission System at an Interface Point										
Station Name Generating Unit									Wk.24 Wk.24	SPD SPD
System Constrained Capacity									Wk.24	SPD
For each Single Line Diagram			ı			l.			l	I.
	Conne Point	ction				Year			Wk.24	SPD
susceptances are to be provided for the specified time of the	Node		Den	nand	Powe	r Facto		nped eptance		
annual peak half hour of GB Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions:										

NOTES:

1. 'F.Yr.' means 'Financial Year'. F.Yr. 1 refers to the current financial year.

2. **Demand** Data (General)

All **Demand** data should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the **User**) of all **Embedded Small Power Stations**, **Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant**. **Demand** met by **Suppliers** supplying **Customers** within the **User System** should be included. Auxiliary

demand of **Embedded Power Stations** should not be included in the demand data submitted by the **User**. **Users** should refer to the **PC** for a full definition of the **Demand** to be included.

- 3. Peak **Demands** should relate to each **Connection Point** individually and should give the maximum demand that in the **User's** opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **GB Transmission System**. Where the busbars on a **Connection Point** are expected to be run in separate sections separate **Demand** data should be supplied for each such section of busbar.
 - In deriving **Demands** any deduction made by the **User** (as detailed in note 2 above) to allow for **Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** is to be specifically stated as indicated on the Schedule.
- 4. NGET may at its discretion require details of any Embedded Small Power Stations or Embedded Medium Power Stations whose output can be expected to vary in a random manner (eg. wind power) or according to some other pattern (eg. tidal power)
- 5. Where more than 95% of the total **Demand** at a **Connection Point** is taken by synchronous motors, values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead.
- 6. **Power Factor** data should allow for series reactive losses on the **User's System** but exclude reactive compensation specified separately in Schedule 5, and any network susceptance provided under Schedule 11.

DEMAND CONTROL

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and where indicated with an asterisk from **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users** and a **Pumped Storage Generator**. Where indicated with a double asterisk, the information is only required from **Suppliers**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		UPDATE TIMI	E
Demand Control Demand met or to be relieved by Demand Control (averaging at the Demand Control Notification Level or more over a half hour) at each Connection Point. Demand Control at time of GB				
Transmission System weekly peak demand				
amount duration	MW Min)F.yrs 0 to 5)	Week 24	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Wks 2-8 ahead	1000 Mon	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Days 2-12 ahead	1200 Wed	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1
**Customer Demand Management (at the Customer Demand Management Notification Level or more at the Connection Point)				
For each half hour	MW	Any time in Control Phase		OC1
For each half hour	MW	Remainder of period	When changes occur to previous plan	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1
**In Scotland, Load Management Blocks For each block of 5MW or more, for each half hour	MW	For the next day	11:00	OC1

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
*Demand Control or Pump Tripping Offered as Reserve				
Magnitude of Demand or pumping load which is tripped	MW	Year ahead from week 24	Week 24	DPD
System Frequency at which tripping is initiated	Hz	"	"	"
Time duration of System Frequency below trip setting for tripping to be initiated	S	n n	"	"
Time delay from trip initiation to Tripping	S	"	"	"
Emergency Manual Load <u>Disconnection</u>				
Method of achieving load disconnection	Text	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6
Annual ACS Peak Demand (Active Power) at Connection Point (requested under Schedule 11 - repeated here for reference)	MW	"	"	"
Cumulative percentage of Connection Point Demand (Active Power) which can be disconnected by the following times from an instruction from NGET				
5 mins 10 mins 15 mins 20 mins 25 mins 30 mins	% % % % %	"" "" ""	" " " "	" " " " "
Automatic Low Frequency Disconnection				
Magnitude of Demand disconnected, and frequency at which Disconnection is initiated, for each frequency setting for each Grid Supply Point	MW Hz	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6

Notes

1. **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28.

FAULT INFEED DATA

The data in this Schedule 13 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is required from all **Users** other than **Generators** who are connected to the **GB Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24 (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until Week 28). A separate submission is required for each node included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided in Schedule 5.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr 0	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr.	F.Yr.
SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO THE OF TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FROM US SYSTEM AT A CONNECTION POIN	SERS								
Name of node or Connection Point									
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed									
- at instant of fault	kA								
after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA								
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate) consistent with the maximum infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault									
Pre-Fault voltage magnitude at which the maximum fault currents were calculated Negative sequence impedances of User's System as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as	p.u.								
appropriate). If no data is given, it will be assumed that they are equal to the positive sequence values.									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

FAULT INFEED DATA

The data in this Schedule 14 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is to be provided by **Generators**, with respect to all directly connected **Power Stations**, all **Embedded Large Power Stations** and all **Embedded Medium Power Stations** connected to the **Subtransmission System**. A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24.

Fault infeeds via Unit Transformers

A submission should be made for each **Generating Unit** with an associated **Unit Transformer**. Where there is more than one **Unit Transformer** associated with a **Generating Unit**, a value for the total infeed through all **Unit Transformers** should be provided. The infeed through the **Unit Transformer(s)** should include contributions from all motors normally connected to the **Unit Board**, together with any generation (eg **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Unit Board**, and should be expressed as a fault current at the **Generating Unit** terminals for a fault at that location.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 7
Name of Power Station							-		
Number of Unit Transformer									
Symmetrical three phase short- circuit current infeed through the Unit Transformers (s) for a fault at the Generating Unit terminals									
- at instant of fault	kA								
after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA								
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault									
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms								
Pre-fault voltage at fault point (if different from 1.0 p.u.)									
The following data items need only be supplied if the Generating Unit Step-up Transformer can supply zero sequence current from the Generating Unit side to the GB Transmission System									
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Generating Unit terminals consistent with the maximum infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

Fault infeeds via Station Transformers

A submission is required for each **Station Transformer** directly connected to the **GB Transmission System**. The submission should represent normal operating conditions when the maximum number of **Gensets** are **Synchronised** to the **System**, and should include the fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Station Board**, together with any Generation (eg **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Station Board**. The fault infeed should be expressed as a fault current at the hv terminals of the **Station Transformer** for a fault at that location.

If the submission for normal operating conditions does not represent the worst case, then a separate submission representing the maximum fault infeed that could occur in practice should be made.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr.	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr.	F.Yr.
Name of Power Station			· ·	_					
Number of Station Transformer				-					
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed for a fault at the Connection Point									
- at instant of fault	kA								
after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA								
Positive sequence X/R ratio At instance of fault									
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	mS								
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)									
Zero sequence source Impedances as seen from the Point of Connection Consistent with the maximum Infeed above:									
- Resistance	% on 100								
- Reactance	% on 100								

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

Note 2. % on 100 is an abbreviation for % on 100 MVA

Fault infeeds from Power Park Modules

A submission is required for the whole **Power Park Module** and for each **Power Park Unit** type or equivalent. The submission shall represent operating conditions that result in the maximum fault infeed. The fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Power Park Unit's electrical system** shall be included. The fault infeed shall be expressed as a fault current at the terminals of the **Power Park Unit**, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**, for a fault at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**.

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **NGET** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

DATA DESCRIPTION	<u>UNITS</u>	F.Yr.	F.Yr.				F.Yr.		
Name of Power Station		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>
Name of Power Park Module				-					
Power Park Unit type									
A submission shall be provided for the contribution of the entire Power Park Module and each type of Power Park Unit or equivalent to the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current at the Power Park Unit terminals, or Common Collection Busbar, and Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded for (i) a solid symmetrical three phase short circuit (ii) a solid single phase to earth short circuit (iii) a solid phase to phase short circuit (iv) a solid two phase to earth short circuit at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded. If protective controls are used and active for the above conditions, a submission shall be provided in the limiting case where the protective control is not active. This case may require application of a non-solid fault, resulting in a retained voltage at the fault point.									

		1				
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current from the time of fault inception to 140ms after fault inception at 10ms intervals	Graphical and tabular kA versus s					
- A continuous time trace and table showing the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the terminals or Common Collection Busbar, if appropriate	p.u. versus s					
 A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the fault point, if appropriate 	p.u. versus s					
For Power Park Units that utilise a protective control, such as a crowbar circuit,						
- additional rotor resistance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation	% on MVA					
additional rotor reactance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation.	% on MVA					
Positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of fault at the Common Collection Busbar						
Minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent at Common Collection Busbar						
Active Power generated pre-fault	MW					
Number of Power Park Units in equivalent generator						
Power Factor (lead or lag)						
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)	p.u.					
Items of reactive compensation switched in pre-fault						

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

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MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE OR MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTER	AT A DC CONVERTER
STATION INFORMATION	

The following data items must be supplied with respect to each **Mothballed Generating Unit Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter station**

Power Station	Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter Name (e.g. Unit 1
---------------	--

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA						
			<1 month	1-2 months	2-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	>12 months	Total MW being returned
MW output that can be returned to service	MW	DPD							

Notes

- 1. The time periods identified in the above table represent the estimated time it would take to return the **Mothballed Generating Unit**, **Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** to service once a decision to return has been made.
- 2. Where a **Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** can be physically returned in stages covering more than one of the time periods identified in the above table then information should be provided for each applicable time period.
- 3. The estimated notice to physically return MW output to service should be determined in accordance with **Good Industry Practice** assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times.
- 4. The MW output values in each time period should be incremental MW values, e.g. if 150MW could be returned in 2 3 months and an additional 50MW in 3 6 months then the values in the columns should be Nil, Nil, 150, 50, Nil, Nil, 200 respectively.
- 5. Significant factors which may prevent the **Mothballed Generating Unit**, **Mothballed Power Park Module** or **Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** achieving the estimated values provided in this table, excluding factors relating to **Transmission Entry Capacity**, should be appended separately.

ALTERNATIVE FUEL INFORMATION

The following data items for alternative fuels need only be supplied with respect to each **Generating Unit** whose primary fuel is gas.

Power Station_____ Generating Unit Name (e.g. Unit 1) _____

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA			
			1	2	3	4
Alternative Fuel Type (*please specify)	Text	DPD	Oil distillate	Other gas*	Other*	Other*
CHANGEOVER TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL						
For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD				
Maximum output following off-line changeover	MW	DPD				
For on-line changeover:						
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes	DPD				
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW	DPD				
Maximum output following on-line changeover	MW	DPD				
Maximum operating time at full load assuming:						
Typical stock levels	Hours	DPD				
Maximum possible stock levels	Hours	DPD				
Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks of alternative fuels on the basis of Good Industry Practice	MWh(electrical) /day	DPD				
Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?	Text	DPD				
Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last NGET Financial Year (** delete as appropriate)	Text	DPD	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **

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DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA			
			1	2	3	4
CHANGEOVER BACK TO MAIN FUEL						
For off-line changeover:						
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover For on-line changeover:	Minutes					
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover	Minutes					
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	MW					

Notes

- 1. Where a **Generating Unit** has the facilities installed to generate using more than one alternative fuel type details of each alternative fuel should be given.
- 2. Significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided in this table (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.) should be appended separately.

DATA REGISTRATION CODE

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BLACK START INFORMATION

The following data/text items are required from each **Generator** for each **BM Unit** at a **Large Power Station** as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for **Generating Units** that are contracted to provide **Black Start Capability**, **Power Park Modules** or **Generating Units** that have an **Intermittent Power Source**. The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from **NGET** during a **Black Start**.

Data Description	Units	Data Category
Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:		
a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised , from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs	Tabular or Graphical	DPD
b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Unit's time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the Power Station and/or BM Unit , e.g. limited barring facilities, time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.		DPD
Block Loading Capability:		
c) Provide estimated Block Loading Capability from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the unit being 'hot' (run prior to shutdown) and also 'cold' (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown). The Block Loading Capability should be valid for a frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz. The data should identify any required 'hold' points.	Tabular or Graphical	DPD

< End of Data Registration Code (DRC) >

GENERAL CONDITIONS

GC.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

GC.1.1 The **General Conditions** contain provisions which are of general application to all provisions of the **Grid Code**. Their objective is to ensure, to the extent possible, that the various sections of the **Grid Code** work together and work in practice for the benefit of all **Users**.

GC.2 SCOPE

GC.2.1 The **General Conditions** apply to all **Users** (including, for the avoidance of doubt, **NGET**).

GC.3 UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES

GC.3.1 If circumstances arise which the provisions of the **Grid Code** have not foreseen, **NGET** shall, to the extent reasonably practicable in the circumstances, consult promptly and in good faith all affected **Users** in an effort to reach agreement as to what should be done. If agreement between **NGET** and those **Users** as to what should be done cannot be reached in the time available, **NGET** shall determine what is to be done. Wherever **NGET** makes a determination, it shall do so having regard, wherever possible, to the views expressed by **Users** and, in any event, to what is reasonable in all the circumstances. Each **User** shall comply with all instructions given to it by **NGET** following such a determination provided that the instructions are consistent with the then current technical parameters of the particular **User's System** registered under the **Grid Code**. **NGET** shall promptly refer all such unforeseen circumstances and any such determination to the Panel for consideration in accordance with GC.4.2(e).

GC.4 THE **GRID CODE** REVIEW PANEL

GC.4.1 **NGET** shall establish and maintain the **Panel**, which shall be a standing body to carry out the functions referred to in paragraph GC.4.2.

GC.4.2 The **Panel** shall:

- (a) keep the **Grid Code** and its working under review;
- (b) review all suggestions for amendments to the Grid Code which the Authority or any User or any Relevant Transmission Licensee (in respect of PC.6.2, PC Appendix A and C, CC.6.1, CC.6.2, CC.6.3, OC8 and GC.11, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5) may wish to submit to NGET for consideration by the Panel from time to time;
- (c) publish recommendations as to amendments to the Grid Code that NGET or the Panel feels are necessary or desirable and the reasons for the recommendations;
- (d) issue guidance in relation to the Grid Code and its implementation, performance and interpretation when asked to do so by any User;

- (e) consider what changes are necessary to the **Grid Code** arising out of any unforeseen circumstances referred to it by **NGET** under GC.3; and
- (f) consider and identify changes to the Grid Code to remove any unnecessary differences in the treatment of issues in Scotland from their treatment in England and Wales.

GC.4.3 The **Panel** shall consist of:

- (a) a Chairman and up to 4 members appointed by **NGET**;
- (b) a person appointed by the **Authority**; and
- (c) the following members:
 - (i) 3 persons representing those **Generators** each having **Large Power Stations** with a total **Registered Capacity** in excess of 3 GW;
 - (ii) a person representing those **Generators** each having **Large Power Stations** with a total **Registered Capacity** of 3 GW or less;
 - (iii) 2 persons representing the **Network Operators** in England and Wales;
 - (iv) a person representing the **Network Operators** in Scotland;
 - (v) a person representing the **Suppliers**;
 - (vi) a person representing the **Non Embedded Customers**;
 - (vii) a person representing the **Generators** with **Small Power Stations** and/or **Medium Power Stations** (other than **Generators** who also have **Large Power Stations**);
 - (viii) a person representing the **BSC Panel**;
 - (ix) a person representing the Externally Interconnected System Operators;
 - (x) a person representing **Generators** with **Novel Units**; and
 - (xi) <u>a-2_persons_representing each_Relevant Transmission Licensees_(in respect of PC.6.2, PC6.3, PC Appendix A_and, C_and D, CC.6.1, CC.6.2, CC.6.3, OC8 and GC.11, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5).</u>

each of whom shall be appointed pursuant to the rules issued pursuant to GC.4.4.

GC.4.4 The **Panel** shall establish and comply at all times with its own rules and procedures relating to the conduct of its business, which shall be approved by the **Authority**.

- GC.4.5 **NGET** shall consult in writing all **Authorised Electricity Operators** which are liable to be materially affected in relation to all proposed amendments to the **Grid Code** and shall submit all proposed amendments to the **Grid Code** to the **Panel** for discussion prior to such consultation.
- NGET shall establish (and, where appropriate, revise from time to time) joint working arrangements with the STC Committee to facilitate the identification, coordination, making and implementation of change to the STC consequent on an amendment to the Grid Code in a full and timely manner. These working arrangements shall be such as enable the consideration development and evaluation of proposed amendments to the Grid Code to proceed in a full and timely manner and enable changes to the STC consequent on an amendment to the Grid Code to be made and given effect wherever possible (subject to any necessary consent of the Authority) at the same time as such approved amendment is made and given effect.

GC.5 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN **NGET** AND **USERS**

- GC.5.1 Unless otherwise specified in the **Grid Code**, all instructions given by **NGET** and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between **NGET** and **Users** (other than **Generators**, **DC Converter Station** owners or **Suppliers**) shall take place between the **NGET Control Engineer** based at the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **NGET** to each **User** prior to connection, and the relevant **User Responsible Engineer/Operator**, who, in the case of a **Network Operator**, will be based at the **Control Centre** notified by the **Network Operator** to **NGET** prior to connection.
- Unless otherwise specified in the **Grid Code** all instructions given by **NGET** and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between **NGET** and **Generators** and/or **DC Converter Station** owners and/or **Suppliers** shall take place between the **NGET Control Engineer** based at the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **NGET** to each **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner prior to connection, or to each **Supplier** prior to submission of **BM Unit Data**, and either the relevant **Generator's** or **DC Converter Station** owner's or **Supplier's Trading Point** (if it has established one) notified to **NGET** or the **Control Point** of the **Supplier** or the **Generator's Power Station** or **DC Converter Station**, as specified in each relevant section of the **Grid Code**. In the absence of notification to the contrary, the **Control Point** of a **Generator's Power Station** will be deemed to be the **Power Station** at which the **Generating Units** or **Power Park Modules** are situated.
- GC.5.3 Unless otherwise specified in the **Grid Code**, all instructions given by **NGET** and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between **NGET** and **Users** will be given by means of the **Control Telephony** referred to in CC.6.5.2.
- GC.5.4 If the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **NGET** to each **User** prior to connection, or the **User Control Centre**, notified in the case of a **Network Operator** to **NGET** prior to connection, is moved to another location, whether due to an emergency or for any other reason, **NGET** shall notify the relevant **User** or the **User** shall notify **NGET**, as the case may be, of the new location and any changes to the **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** necessitated by such move, as soon as practicable following the move.

- GC.5.5 If any **Trading Point** notified to **NGET** by a **Generator** or **DC Converter Station** owner prior to connection, or by a **Supplier** prior to submission of **BM Unit Data**, is moved to another location or is shut down, the **Generator**, **DC Converter Station** owner or **Supplier** shall immediately notify **NGET**.
- GC.5.6 The recording (by whatever means) of instructions or communications given by means of **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** will be accepted by **NGET** and **Users** as evidence of those instructions or communications.

GC.6 MISCELLANEOUS

GC.6.1 Data and Notices

- GC.6.1.1 Data and notices to be submitted either to **NGET** or to **Users** under the **Grid Code** (other than data which is the subject of a specific requirement of the **Grid Code** as to the manner of its delivery) shall be delivered in writing either by hand or sent by first-class pre-paid post, or by facsimile transfer or by electronic mail to a specified address or addresses previously supplied by **NGET** or the **User** (as the case may be) for the purposes of submitting that data or those notices.
- GC.6.1.2 References in the **Grid Code** to "in writing" or "written" include typewriting, printing, lithography, and other modes of reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form and in relation to submission of data and notices includes electronic communications.
- GC.6.1.3 Data delivered pursuant to paragraph GC.6.1.1, in the case of data being submitted to NGET, shall be addressed to the Transmission Control Centre at the address notified by NGET to each User prior to connection, or to such other Department within NGET or address, as NGET may notify each User from time to time, and in the case of notices to be submitted to Users, shall be addressed to the chief executive of the addressee (or such other person as may be notified by the User in writing to NGET from time to time) at its address(es) notified by each User to NGET in writing from time to time for the submission of data and service of notices under the Grid Code (or failing which to the registered or principal office of the addressee).
- GC.6.1.4 All data items, where applicable, will be referenced to nominal voltage and **Frequency** unless otherwise stated.

GC.7 OWNERSHIP OF PLANT AND/OR APPARATUS

References in the **Grid Code** to **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** of a **User** include **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** used by a **User** under any agreement with a third party.

GC.8 <u>SYSTEM CONTROL</u>

Where a **User's System** (or part thereof) is, by agreement, under the control of **NGET**, then for the purposes of communication and co-ordination in operational timescales **NGET** can (for those purposes only) treat that **User's System** (or part thereof) as part of the **GB Transmission System**, but, as between **NGET** and **Users**, it shall remain to be treated as the **User's System** (or part thereof).

GC.9 EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

Users should note that the provisions of the **Grid Code** may be suspended, in whole or in part, during a Security Period, as more particularly provided in the **Fuel Security Code**, or pursuant to any directions given and/or orders made by the **Secretary of State** under section 96 of the **Act** or under the Energy Act 1976.

GC.10 MATTERS TO BE AGREED

Save where expressly stated in the **Grid Code** to the contrary where any matter is left to **NGET** and **Users** to agree and there is a failure so to agree the matter shall not without the consent of both **NGET** and **Users** be referred to arbitration pursuant to the rules of the **Electricity Supply Industry Arbitration Association**.

GC.11 GOVERNANCE OF **ELECTRICAL STANDARDS**

- GC.11.1 In relation to the **Electrical Standards** the following provisions shall apply.
- GC.11.2 (a) If a **User**, or in respect of (a) or (b) to the annex, **NGET**, or in respect of (c) or (d) to the annex, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, wishes to:-
 - (i) raise a change to an **Electrical Standard**;
 - (ii) add a new standard to the list of **Electrical Standards**;
 - (iii) delete a standard from being an Electrical Standard,

it shall activate the **Electrical Standards** procedure.

(b) The **Electrical Standards** procedure is the notification to the secretary to the **Panel** of the wish to so change, add or delete an **Electrical Standard**. That notification must contain details of the proposal, including an explanation of why the proposal is being made.

GC.11.3 Ordinary Electrical Standards Procedure

- (a) Unless it is identified as an urgent **Electrical Standards** proposal (in which case GC.11.4 applies) or unless the notifier requests that it be tabled at the next **Panel** meeting, as soon as reasonably practicable following receipt of the notification, the **Panel** secretary shall forward the proposal, with a covering paper, to **Panel** members.
- (b) If no objections are raised within 20 Business Days of the date of the proposal, then it shall be deemed approved pursuant to the Electrical Standards procedure, and NGET shall make the change to the relevant Electrical Standard or the list of Electrical Standards contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (c) If there is an objection (or if the notifier had requested that it be tabled at the next Panel meeting rather than being dealt with in writing), then the proposal will be included in the agenda for the next following Panel meeting.

- (d) If there is broad consensus at the **Panel** meeting in favour of the proposal, **NGET** will make the change to the **Electrical Standard** or the list of **Electrical Standards** contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (e) If there is no such broad consensus, including where the Panel believes that further consultation is needed, NGET will establish a Panel working group if this was thought appropriate and in any event NGET shall undertake a consultation of Authorised Electricity Operators liable to be materially affected by the proposal.
- (f) Following such consultation, **NGET** will report back to **Panel** members, either in writing or at a **Panel** meeting. If there was broad consensus in the consultation, then **NGET** will make the change to the **Electrical Standard** or the list of **Electrical Standards** contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (g) Where following such consultation there is no broad consensus, the matter will be referred to the **Authority** who will decide whether the proposal should be implemented and will notify **NGET** of its decision. If the decision is to so implement the change, **NGET** will make the change to the **Electrical Standard** or the list of **Electrical Standards** contained in the Annex to this GC.11.
- (h) In all cases where a change is made to the list of Electrical Standards, NGET will publish and circulate a replacement page for the Annex to this GC covering that list and reflecting the change.

GC.11.4 Urgent **Electrical Standards** Procedure

- (a) If the notification is marked as an urgent **Electrical Standards** proposal, the **Panel** secretary will contact **Panel** members in writing to see whether a majority who are contactable agree that it is urgent and in that notification the secretary shall propose a timetable and procedure which shall be followed.
- (b) If such members do so agree, then the secretary will initiate the procedure accordingly, having first obtained the approval of the **Authority**.
- (c) If such members do not so agree, or if the **Authority** declines to approve the proposal being treated as an urgent one, the proposal will follow the ordinary **Electrical Standards** procedure as set out in GC.11.3 above.
- (d) If a proposal is implemented using the urgent Electrical Standards procedure, NGET will contact all Panel members after it is so implemented to check whether they wish to discuss further the implemented proposal to see whether an additional proposal should be considered to alter the implementation, such proposal following the ordinary Electrical Standards procedure.

GC.12 CONFIDENTIALITY

- GC.12.1 **Users** should note that although the **Grid Code** contains in certain sections specific provisions which relate to confidentiality, the confidentiality provisions set out in the **CUSC** apply generally to information and other data supplied as a requirement of or otherwise under the **Grid Code**.
- GC.12.2 NGET has obligations under the STC to inform Relevant Transmission Licensees of certain data. NGET may pass on User data to a Relevant Transmission Licensee where NGET is required to do so under a provision of the STC current as at 29 October 2007. Those categories of User information that NGET is permitted to disclose to a Relevant Transmission Licensee, where required to do so by a provision of the STC, are set out in Schedule Three of the STC ('Information and data exchange specification').

GC.13 RELEVANT TRANSMISSION LICENSEES

- GC.13.1 It is recognised that the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** are not parties to the **Grid Code**. Accordingly, notwithstanding that Operating Code No. 8 Appendix 2 ("OC8B"), OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 refer to obligations which will in practice be performed by the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** in accordance with relevant obligations under the **STC**, for the avoidance of doubt all contractual rights and obligations arising under OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 shall exist between **NGET** and the relevant **User** and in relation to any enforcement of those rights and obligations OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 shall be so read and construed. The **Relevant Transmission Licensees** shall enjoy no enforceable rights under OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5 nor shall they be liable (other than pursuant to the **STC**) for failing to discharge any obligations under OC8B, OC7.6, OC9.4 and OC9.5.
- GC.13.2 For the avoidance of doubt nothing in this **Grid Code** confers on any **Relevant Transmission Licensee** any rights, powers or benefits for the purpose of the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

GC.14 BETTA TRANSITION ISSUES

- GC.14.1 The provisions of the Appendix to the **General Conditions** apply in relation to issues arising out of the transition associated with the designation of amendments to the **Grid Code** by the **Secretary of State** in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**.
- GC.15 Embedded Exemptable Large and Medium Power Stations
- GC.15.1 This GC.15.1 shall have an effect until and including 31st March 2007.
 - (i) CC.6.3.2, CC.6.3.7, CC.8.1 and BC3.5.1; and
 - (ii) Planning Code obligations and other Connection Conditions;

shall apply to a **User** who owns or operates an **Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station**, or a **Network Operator** in respect of an **Embedded Exemptable Medium Power Station**, except where and to the extent that, in respect of that**Embedded Exemptable Large Power Station** or **Embedded Exemptable Medium Power Station**, **NGET** agrees or where the relevant **User** and **NGET** fail to agree, where and to the extent that the **Authority** consents.

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(c)

The Electrical Standards are as follows:-

(a) Electrical Standards applicable in England and Wales

The Relevant Electrical Standards Document Issue 1.0 09-Jan-2006

Control Telephony Electrical Standard Issue 1.0 17-Sept-2007

(b) The following specifications for electronic data communications facilities with reference to EDT and EDL facilities.

EDT Interface Specification Issue 4

EDT Submitter Guidance Note Dec-01

EDL Message Interface Specifications Issue 4

EDL Interface Specification Guidance Note Oct-01

Scottish Electrical Standards for SPT's Transmission System.

EDL Instruction Interface Valid Reason Codes

SPTTS 1 Requirements for the SP Transmission System Issue 1

SPIIST	and Connection Points to it.	issue 1
SPTTS 2.1	Substations	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.2	Switchgear	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.3	Transformers and Reactors	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.5	Cables	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.6	Protection	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.7	Substation Control Systems	Issue 1
SPTTS 2.12	Substation Auxiliary Supplies	Issue 1

Issue 2

(d) Scottish Electrical Standards for SHETL's Transmission System.

1.	NGTS 1:	Rating and General Requirements for Plant, Equipment, Apparatus and Services for the National Grid System and Direct Connection to it. Issue 3 March 1999.
2.	NGTS 2.1:	Substations Issue 2 May 1995
3.	NGTS 3.1.1:	Substation Interlocking Schemes. Issue 1 October 1993.
4.	NGTS 3.2.1:	Circuit Breakers and Switches. Issue 1 September 1992.
5.	NGTS 3.2.2:	Disconnectors and Earthing Switches. Issue 1 March 1994.
6.	NGTS 3.2.3:	Metal-Oxide surge arresters for use on 132, 275 and 400kV systems. Issue 2 May 1994.
7.	NGTS 3.2.4:	Current Transformers for protection and General use on the 132, 275 and 400kV systems. Issue 1 September 1992.
8.	NGTS 3.2.5:	Voltage Transformers for use on the 132, 275 and 400 kV systems. Issue 2 March 1994.
9.	NGTS 3.2.6:	Current and Voltage Measurement Transformers for Settlement Metering of 33, 66, 132, 275 and 400kV systems.
10.	NGTS 3.2.7:	Issue 1 September 1992. Bushings for the Grid Systems. Issue 1 September 1992.
11.	NGTS 3.2.9:	Post Insulators for Substations. Issue 1 May 1996.
12.	NGTS 2.6:	Protection Issue 2 June 1994.
13.	NGTS 3.11.1:	Capacitors and Capacitor Banks. Issued 1 March 1993.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Issue 3 & GC-10 & Rev 13-9 \end{tabular}^{th} January 2006 \end{tabular}$

Appendix to the **General Conditions**

GC.A1 <u>Introduction</u>

- GC.A1.1 This Appendix to the **General Conditions** deals with issues arising out of the transition associated with the designation of amendments to the **Grid Code** by the **Secretary of State** in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**. For the purposes of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, the version of the **Grid Code** as amended by the changes designated by the **Secretary of State** and as further amended from time to time shall be referred to as the "**GB Grid Code**".
- GC.A1.2 The provisions of this Appendix to the **General Conditions** shall only apply to **Users** (as defined in GC.A1.4) and **NGET** after **Go-Live** for so long as is necessary for the transition requirements referred to in GC.A1.1 and cut-over requirements (as further detailed in GC.A3.1) to be undertaken.
- GC.A1.3 In this Appendix to the **General Conditions**:
 - (a) Existing E&W Users and E&W Applicants are referred to as "E&W Users":
 - (b) Users who as at 1 January 2005 have entered into an agreement or have accepted an offer for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of NGET are referred to as "Existing E&W Users";
 - (c) Users (or prospective Users) other than Existing E&W Users who apply during the Transition Period for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of NGET are referred to as "E&W Applicants";
 - (d) Existing Scottish Users and Scottish Applicants are referred to as "Scottish Users";
 - (e) Users who as at 1 January 2005 have entered into an agreement or have accepted an offer for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of either Relevant Transmission Licensee are referred to as "Existing Scottish Users";
 - (f) Users (or prospective Users) other than Existing Scottish Users who apply during the Transition Period for connection to and/or use of the Transmission System of either Relevant Transmission Licensee are referred to as "Scottish Applicants";
 - (g) the term "**Transition Period**" means the period from **Go-Active** to **Go-Live** (unless it is provided to be different in relation to a particular provision), and is the period with which this Appendix to the **General Conditions** deals;
 - (h) the term "Interim GB SYS" means the document of that name referred to in Condition C11 of NGET's Transmission Licence;

- (i) the term "Go-Active" means the date on which the amendments designated by the Secretary of State to the Grid Code in accordance with the Energy Act 2004 come into effect; and
- (j) the term "Go-Live" means the date which the Secretary of State indicates in a direction shall be the BETTA go-live date.
- GC.A1.4 The provisions of GC.2.1 shall not apply in respect of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, and in this Appendix to the **General Conditions** the term "Users" means:
 - (a) Generators:
 - (b) **Network Operators**;
 - (c) Non-Embedded Customers;
 - (d) Suppliers;
 - (e) BM Participants; and
 - (f) Externally Interconnected System Operators,
 - (g) **DC Converter Station** owners

to the extent that the provisions of this Appendix to the **General Conditions** affect the rights and obligations of such **Users** under the other provisions of the **GB Grid Code**.

- GC.A1.5 The **GB Grid Code** has been introduced with effect from **Go-Active** pursuant to the relevant licence changes introduced into **NGET's Transmission Licence**. **NGET** is required to implement and comply, and **Users** to comply, with the **GB Grid Code** subject as provided in this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, which provides for the extent to which the **GB Grid Code** is to apply to **NGET** and **Users** during the **Transition Period**.
- GC.A1.6 This Appendix to the **General Conditions** comprises:
 - (a) this Introduction;
 - (b) GB Grid Code transition issues; and
 - (c) Cut-over issues.
- GC.A1.7 Without prejudice to GC.A1.8, the failure of any **User** or **NGET** to comply with this Appendix to the **General Conditions** shall not invalidate or render ineffective any part of this Appendix to the **General Conditions** or actions undertaken pursuant to this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.
- GC.A1.8 A **User** or **NGET** shall not be in breach of any part of this Appendix to the **General Conditions** to the extent that compliance with that part is beyond its power by reason of the fact that any other **User** or **NGET** is in default of its obligations under this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

- GC.A1.9 Without prejudice to any specific provision under this Appendix to the **General Conditions** as to the time within which or the manner in which a **User** or **NGET** should perform its obligations under this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, where a **User** or **NGET** is required to take any step or measure under this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, such requirement shall be construed as including any obligation to:
 - (a) take such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable; and
 - (b) do such associated or ancillary things as may be necessary to complete such step or measure as quickly as reasonably practicable.
- GC.A1.10 **NGET** shall use reasonable endeavours to identify any amendments it believes are needed to the **GB Grid Code** in respect of the matters referred to for the purposes of Condition C14 of **NGET's Transmission Licence** and in respect of the matters identified in GC.A1.11, and, having notified the **Authority** of its consultation plans in relation to such amendments, **NGET** shall consult in accordance with the instructions of the **Authority** concerning such proposed amendments.
- GC.A1.11 The following matters potentially require amendments to the **GB Grid Code**:
 - (a) The specific detail of the obligations needed to manage implementation in the period up to and following (for a temporary period) Go-Live to achieve the change to operation under the GB Grid Code (to be included in GC.A3).
 - (b) Information (including data) and other requirements under the GB Grid Code applicable to Scottish Users during the Transition Period (to be included in GC.A2).
 - (c) The conclusions of Ofgem/DTI in relation to small and/or embedded generator issues under BETTA and allocation of access rights on a GB basis.
 - (d) Any arrangements required to make provision for operational liaison, including **Black Start** and islanding arrangements in Scotland.
 - (e) Any arrangements required to make provision for cascade hydro **BM Units**.
 - (f) Any consequential changes to the safety co-ordination arrangements resulting from **STC** and **STC** procedure development.
 - (g) Any arrangements required to reflect the **Electrical Standards** for the **Transmission Systems** of **SPT** and **SHETL**.
 - (h) The conclusions of Ofgem/DTI in relation to planning and operating standards.
- GC.A1.12 **NGET** shall notify the **Authority** of any amendments that **NGET** identifies as needed pursuant to GC.A1.10 and shall make such amendments as the **Authority** approves.

GC.A2 GB Grid Code Transition

General Provisions

GC.A2.1 The provisions of the **GB Grid Code** shall be varied or suspended (and the requirements of the **GB Grid Code** shall be deemed to be satisfied) by or in accordance with, and for the period and to the extent set out in this GC.A2, and in accordance with the other applicable provisions in this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A2.2 E&W Users:

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A1.5, **E&W Users** shall comply with the **GB Grid Code** during the **Transition Period**, but shall comply with and be subject to it subject to this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, including on the basis that:

- during the Transition Period the Scottish Users are only complying with the GB Grid Code in accordance with this Appendix to the General Conditions; and
- (b) during the Transition Period the GB Transmission System shall be limited to the Transmission System of NGET, and all rights and obligations of E&W Users in respect of the GB Transmission System under the GB Grid Code shall only apply in respect of the Transmission System of NGET, and all the provisions of the GB Grid Code shall be construed accordingly.

GC.A2.3 Scottish Users:

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A1.5, **Scottish Users** shall comply with the **GB Grid Code** and the **GB Grid Code** shall apply to or in relation to them during the **Transition Period** only as provided in this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A2.4 **NGET:**

In furtherance of the licence provisions referred to in GC.A1.5, **NGET** shall implement and comply with the **GB Grid Code** during the **Transition Period**, but shall implement and comply with and be subject to it subject to, and taking into account, all the provisions of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**, including on the basis that:

- (a) during the Transition Period NGET's rights and obligations in relation to E&W Users in respect of the GB Transmission System under the GB Grid Code shall only apply in respect of the Transmission System of NGET, and all the provisions of the GB Grid Code shall be construed accordingly; and
- (b) during the **Transition Period NGET's** rights and obligations in relation to **Scottish Users** in respect of the **GB Transmission System** under the **GB**

Grid Code shall only be as provided in this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

Specific Provisions

GC.A2.5 **Definitions:**

The provisions of the **GB Grid Code Glossary and Definitions** shall apply to and for the purposes of this Appendix to the **General Conditions** except where provided to the contrary in this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A2.6 Identification of Documents:

In the period beginning at Go-Active, Scottish Users will work with NGET to identify and agree with NGET any documents needed to be in place in accordance with the GB Grid Code, to apply from Go-Live or as earlier provided for under this Appendix to the General Conditions, including (without limitation) Site Responsibility Schedules, Gas Zone Diagrams and OC9 Desynchronised Island Procedures.

GC.A2.7 Data:

Each Scottish User must provide, or enable a Relevant Transmission Licensee to provide, NGET, as soon as reasonably practicable upon request, with all data which NGET needs in order to implement, with effect from Go-Live, the GB Grid Code in relation to Scotland. This data will include, without limitation, the data that a new User is required to submit to NGET under CC.5.2. NGET is also entitled to receive data on Scottish Users over the Relevant Transmission Licensees' SCADA links to the extent that NGET needs it for use in testing and in order to implement, with effect from Go-Live, the GB Grid Code in relation to Scotland. After Go-Live such data shall, notwithstanding GC.A1.2, be treated as though it had been provided to NGET under the enduring provisions of the GB Grid Code.

GC.A2.8 Verification of Data etc:

NGET shall be entitled to request from a **Scottish User** (which shall comply as soon as reasonably practicable with such a request) confirmation and verification of any information (including data) that has been received by a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** under an existing grid code and passed on to **NGET** in respect of that **Scottish User**. After **Go-Live** such information (including data) shall, notwithstanding GC.A1.2, be treated as though provided to **NGET** under the enduring provisions of the **GB Grid Code**.

GC.A2.9 Grid Code Review Panel:

The individuals whose names are notified to NGET by the Authority prior to Go-Active as Panel members (and alternate members, if applicable) are agreed by Users (including Scottish Users) and NGET to constitute the Panel members and alternate members of the Grid Code Review Panel as at the first meeting of the Grid Code Review Panel after Go-Active as if they had been appointed as Panel members (and alternate members)

pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Constitution and Rules of the **Grid Code Review Panel** incorporating amendments equivalent to the amendments to GC.4.2 and GC.4.3 designated by the **Secretary of State** in accordance with the provisions of the Energy Act 2004 for the purposes of Condition C14 of **NGET's Transmission Licence**.

(b) The provisions of GC.4 of the **GB Grid Code** shall apply to, and in respect of, **Scottish Users** from **Go-Active**.

GC.A2.10 Interim GB SYS:

Where requirements are stated in, or in relation to, the **GB Grid Code** with reference to the **Seven Year Statement**, they shall be read and construed as necessary as being with reference to the **Interim GB SYS**.

GC.A2.11 General Conditions:

The provisions of GC.4, GC.12 and GC.13.2 of the **GB Grid Code** shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** in respect of this Appendix to the **General Conditions**.

GC.A2.12 OC2 Data

- (a) The following provisions of the **GB Grid Code** shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** with effect from the relevant date indicated below:
 - (i) OC2.4.1.2.3 (a) from 19 January 2005 in respect of 2 to 52 week submissions,
 - (ii) OC2.4.1.2.4 (c) from 25 February 2005 in respect of 2 to 49 day submissions,
 - (iii) OC2.4.1.2.4 (b) from 22 March 2005 in respect of 2 to 14 day submissions,

The data to be submitted in respect of OC2.4.1.2.3 (a) and OC2.4.1.2.4 (b) and (c) need only be in respect of dates on or after 1 April 2005.

GC.A3 <u>Cut-over</u>

- GC.A3.1 It is anticipated that it will be appropriate for arrangements to be put in place for final transition to BETTA in the period up to and following (for a temporary period)

 Go-Live, for the purposes of:
 - (a) managing the transition from operations under the Grid Code as in force immediately prior to Go-Active to operations under the GB Grid Code and the BSC as in force on and after Go-Active;
 - (b) managing the transition from operations under the existing grid code applicable to Scottish Users as in force immediately prior to Go-Active to operations under the GB Grid Code as in force on and after Go-Active;

- (c) managing the transition of certain data from operations under the existing grid code applicable to **Scottish Users** before and after **Go-Active**; and
- (d) managing **GB Grid Code** systems, processes and procedures so that they operate effectively at and from **Go-Live**.

GC.A3.2

- (a) The provisions of **BC1** (excluding BC1.5.1, BC1.5.2 and BC1.5.3) shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** and by **NGET** in respect of such **Scottish Users** with effect from 11:00 hours on the day prior to **Go-Live**
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) above, **Scottish Users** may submit data for **Go-Live** 3 days in advance of **Go-Live** on the basis set out in the **Data Validation**, **Consistency and Defaulting Rules** which shall apply to **Scottish Users** and **NGET** in respect of such **Scottish Users** on that basis and for such purpose.
- (c) The **Operational Day** for the purposes of any submissions by **Scottish Users** prior to **Go-Live** under a) and b) above for the day of **Go-Live** shall be 00:00 hours on **Go Live** to 05:00 hours on the following day.
- (d) The provisions of **BC2** shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** and by **NGET** in respect of such **Scottish Users** with effect from 23:00 hours on the day prior to **Go-Live**.
- (e) The provisions of **OC7.4.8** shall apply to and be complied with by **Scottish Users** and by **NGET** in respect of such **Scottish Users** with effect from 11:00 hours on the day prior to **Go-Live**.
- (f) In order to facilitate cut-over, **Scottish Users** acknowledge and agree that **NGET** will exchange data submitted by such **Scottish Users** under **BC1** prior to Go-Live with the Scottish system operators to the extent necessary to enable the cut-over.
- (g) Except in the case of Reactive Power, Scottish Users should only provide Ancillary Services from Go-Live where they have been instructed to do so by NGET. In the case of Reactive Power, at Go-Live a Scottish Users Mvar output will be deemed to be the level instructed by NGET under BC2, following this Scottish Users should operate in accordance with BC2.A.2.6 on the basis that Mvar output will be allowed to vary with system conditions.

< End of GC >