# Code of Practice for Low Pressure Diaphragm and Electronic Meter Installations with Badged Meter capacities not exceeding 6 m<sup>3</sup>/hr (212 ft<sup>3</sup>/hr)

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# INTRODUCTION

Meter installation, which was traditionally the domain of the integrated British Gas and latterly Transco, is being opened up to competition. The aim of this document is to inform gas meter installers of the standards required of "approved persons" under Standard Condition 22 of the Gas Suppliers' Licence. The document has been revised in the light of experience gained since its original publication in July 1996.

In addition to the requirements of CORGI with regards to safety, legislation states that a meter must be installed by a person who is "approved" by the Director General of Gas Supply, (or that the installation must be inspected by an "approved" person within a 30 day period for non-domestic customers or a 90 day period for domestic customers). An "approved person" is one who is Ofgas Registered in the appropriate Code of Practice.

Ofgas administer a `Registered Gas Meter Installer' Scheme, which approves persons to install (and/or inspect) meters. Meter installers will be assessed against the requirements of this Code of Practice.

Chapter 3 of this Code of Practice sets out the minimum standards that must be complied with by those registered with Ofgas to perform work within the scope of this document. Chapter 4 provides an overview of statutory requirements of other bodies which will affect RGMIs. Chapter 5 provides guidance on best practice in the carrying out of meter installation services.

This document was originally prepared by Ofgas with the help of a number of institutions, participants in the gas supply industry, consumer representative bodies, meter manufacturing and data collection companies, the caring agencies and individuals and we would like to acknowledge their assistance.

Copies of this document, the other Gas Meter Installation Codes of Practice, the Guidance Notes on Best Practice for the Reading of Gas Meters, and the Gas Metering Definitions can be obtained free of charge from:-

Ofgas Distribution Centre 3 Tigers Road Wigston Leicester LE18 2UX

Tel no: 0116 2772617

Fax No: 0116 2770027

Ofgas is responsible for publishing this document, for collating comments and suggestions for its amendment and for arranging its revision.

These should be sent in writing to :-

Cathy Back Ofgas Stockley House 130 Wilton Road London SW1V 1LQ

Fax No: 0171 932 1600

Where additional guidance is required on any aspect of this document, all requests should be sent to Cathy Back at the above address. Ofgas will consult with other appropriate organisations and technical experts to provide the information requested.

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#### 1. ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations apply within this Code of Practice :-

AMR	Automatic Meter Reading
CORGI	Council for Registered Gas Installers
GCC	Gas Consumers Council
HSC	Health and Safety Commission
HSE	Health and Safety Executive
IGE	Institution of Gas Engineers
Ofgas	The Office of the Director General of Gas Supply (a non-ministerial government department which regulates the onshore gas industry within Great Britain).
PGT	Public Gas Transporter
RGMI	Registered Gas Meter Installer

# 2. SCOPE

This Code of Practice sets out the specific requirements for persons and organisations who are registered with Ofgas for gas meter work on low pressure diaphragm and electronic meter installations with badged meter capacities not exceeding 6 m<sup>3</sup>/h (212 ft<sup>3</sup>/h) (see note 1 below). It applies to such meter work on meter installations where the gas is conveyed to premises by a PGT, and the installation is used for measuring the gas for billing purposes by the Supplier.

The temporary disconnection of a meter, and its reconnection, to allow for safe working on gas installation pipework downstream of the meter is not deemed to be meter work within the scope of this Code of Practice. Such work is subject to the requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994 as amended by the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) (Amendment) Regulations 1996.

In the event that current Regulations or the Gas Act 1986 ("the Gas Act") together with its associated licences conflict with any requirements of this Code of Practice, they shall have precedence.

In this Code of Practice, whenever reference is made to the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994 or to the Gas Act, the reference is taken to include the relevant later amending Regulations or Acts.

Where a situation appears to be within the scope of this Code of Practice, but it is not precisely covered by the text, reference shall be made to Ofgas for guidance. See page 1 for contact details.

The Gas Metering Definitions document published by Ofgas sets out the definitions used within this Code of Practice.

This Code of Practice covers installations using second family natural gases only.

Note 1: The badged rating is the term widely used within the gas industry and represents the maximum flow rate for which the meter is officially stamped.

# 3. **RESPONSIBILITIES**

## RGMIs

RGMIs are responsible for ensuring their actions and procedures are consistent with the requirements of this Code. They are also responsible for the selection and installation of an appropriate meter and meter installation in accordance with BS6400, for the secure and safe handling of meters in their control, and for the passing of relevant information (including any meter losses or the illegal use of meters) to the meter owner and the Public Gas Transporter (PGT). RGMIs will need to be aware of the requirements for, and effect of, any other equipment which is to interface with the meter installation e.g. dataloggers or Automatic Meter Reading (AMR).

# Ofgas

Ofgas is responsible for operating a registration scheme for persons and organisations performing meter work, as RGMIs, covered by the scope of this Code of Practice to ensure meter installation accuracy. Ofgas is also responsible within Great Britain for the approval of pattern, construction, manner of marking and stamping of meters, as required by the Gas Act, and the subsequent testing of such meters in a dispute.

### **Provision of Meters**

Suppliers have an obligation to arrange for the provision of meters, if requested to do so, by domestic customers. PGTs have an obligation to install and fit meters, of a type reasonably available, if requested to do so by suppliers via the relevant shipper. For loads above 2500 therms per annum the provision of meters is by agreement.

Further details of various parties' responsibilities are given in Appendix 1.

# 4. METER INSTALLATION - OFGAS REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

# 4.1 CORGI Registration

All RGMIs shall maintain their CORGI registration, in the appropriate work category, as required by the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994, and shall inform Ofgas of their registration status.

# 4.2 Competency of Employees

The RGMI shall ensure that all employees are competent for the work on which they are employed and that they are fit and proper persons within the meaning of Condition 25 of the standard conditions of gas suppliers' licences.

Appendix 2 contains an example of an employee vetting procedure.

# 4.3 Sub-Contract

Where the RGMI sub-contracts work within the scope of this Code of Practice to another party, it is the responsibility of the RGMI to ensure that the sub-contractor complies with the requirements of this Code of Practice and is CORGI registered.

# 4.4 Installation Regulations and Standards

All meter installations with their associated components shall comply with BS6400, which covers typical domestic sized installations, and the requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994.

The connection of any electrical, electronic or optically coupled equipment to a meter shall be installed in accordance with IGE/GM/7.

Any associated conversion systems shall be installed in accordance with IGE/GM/5.

# 4.5 Gas Supply Requirements

The RGMI shall obtain details of the gas user's requirements including the maximum flow rate and any proposed use of compressors or engines, or the proposed use of any associated compressed air or other gases where appropriate.

The RGMI shall obtain confirmation from the Supplier or PGT, as appropriate, of the availability of a gas supply to meet the gas user's requirements, and the maximum and minimum supply pressures.

# 4.6 Meter Type

The RGMI shall ensure that the type and size of meter fitted in a meter installation is appropriate for the installation and the connected load, is fit for purpose and meets the requirements of the relevant legislation and this Code of Practice.

Guidance on the selection of the appropriate meter and other components of the installation is given in BS6400. The choice of a diaphragm or an electronic meter, and the use of a prepayment rather than a credit meter, may be a commercial or contractual matter.

# 4.7 Seals on Approved Meters

The RGMI shall ensure that the meter to be installed has been sealed to indicate that it is approved and stamped either under the Gas Act or under the equivalent EU regulations.

It is an offence to break or deface the "official seal" and continue to allow the meter to be used.

# 4.8 Location of Meter Installation

The RGMI is responsible for ascertaining if the proposed location of the meter installation is appropriate in accordance with BS6400.

# 4.9 Installation Materials

Installation materials shall be fit for purpose and conform to the requirements of BS6400.

# 4.10 PGT Installation Approval and Notification

Where a meter installation falls within the scope of this Code of Practice, and is to be designed and installed in accordance with BS6400, individual approval of the installation design and construction is not required from the PGT.

Where the RGMI is advised that the gas user proposes to use compressors or engines, or any associated compressed air or any other gases, the RGMI shall formally notify the PGT of this intent in accordance with paragraph 17 of Schedule 2B of the Gas Act. The PGT may, in these circumstances, decide that it needs to participate in the selection and specification of protective equipment at the design stage.

### 4.11 Commissioning

The RGMI shall check the meter regulator working pressure in accordance with BS6400 to ensure it is set to the agreed pressure. Wherever possible, meter regulators that are pre-set to the correct working pressure and pre-sealed shall be installed. Where this is not possible, the RGMI shall ensure that arrangements have been agreed with the PGT to seal the regulator before leaving the site.

The RGMI shall also ensure that any associated conversion system is commissioned in accordance with IGE/GM/5.

# 4.12 Control and Care of Meters

Where the RGMI comes into possession of a meter, it shall hold it in the condition in which it was received with the index unaltered and contact the PGT and meter owner (if known) for further instructions. All meters shall be stored in a secure manner at all times, whether they are awaiting fitting into a meter installation or have been removed from a meter installation and are awaiting repair, refurbishment or recycling, or are destined for scrap.

# a) Meter Removal

Where a meter is removed, care must be taken to ensure that the meter is not damaged so that it can be tested in the event of a dispute and, where appropriate, refurbished or recycled. The meter inlet and outlet connections shall be covered to prevent the ingress of air, dirt and moisture.

Where a meter accuracy test is needed, the meter must be handled with extreme care in order that it arrives at the test station in the same condition as when it was disconnected. If liquid is present in the meter it must not be drained and an indication of the amount should be noted and submitted with the meter. The supplier shall make arrangements for any necessary special equipment for transporting such meters to be available.

Any removed meter shall be purged in accordance with IGE/GM/6 to ensure that it is safe.

### b) Transportation, Handling and Storage of Meters

A gas meter is a precision instrument and care must be taken during transportation, handling and storage in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Meters should be stored, handled and transported wherever possible in their original packaging materials with any inlet and outlet connections covered to prevent the ingress of dirt and moisture, having due regard to the manufacturer's recommendations on stacking and orientation. Where the original packaging materials are not available, suitable precautions shall be taken to protect the meter from damage. They shall be stored in a clean, dry location.

Care shall always be taken to avoid damage to the meter seal(s).

### c) Disposal of Meters

The RGMI shall dispose of a meter only on the authorisation of the owner of that meter. Where a meter is to be scrapped, any official seal shall be permanently defaced. Where practicable, the meter shall be rendered inoperable e.g. diaphragm meters can be spiked.

### 4.13 Maintenance of Meter Installations

The RGMI shall, at the time of installation, notify the owner of the metering equipment if known, or the Supplier, of any recommended maintenance procedures.

### 4.14 Meter Replacement

Meters may be replaced for a variety of reasons. Before any meter work is commenced:-

- a) the connected load shall be reassessed to determine the appropriate size and type of meter for accurate flow measurement.
- b) If as a result of the reassessment, a meter of a larger capacity is required, the RGMI shall advise the supplier. If a larger meter falls outside the scope of this Code of Practice, the relevant Code of Practice shall apply to the new meter installation.

A meter installation that was originally installed prior to the publication of this Code of Practice, but was installed in accordance with the edition of BS6400 current at the time, can be in use and accepted for gas measurement purposes. Provided that only a simple replacement of a meter, regulator or filter (or any combination thereof) by other components of similar size and type is undertaken, the installation will continue to be considered acceptable for gas measurement purposes without fully updating it to comply with the latest edition of BS6400. However there may be occasions where certain specific changes will be required e.g. for safety reasons.

Where a new or replacement meter is to be fitted, the seal(s) on that meter shall be checked for damage prior to performing meter work, and also following completion of that work. In the event of damage to any of these seals, the meter must not be, or remain, installed.

Any other sealing equipment, security collars or other security fittings shall be kept secure and shall only be used as directed.

# 4.15 Notification of Meter Details

It is an offence (paragraph 12 (4) of Schedule 2B, Gas Act 1986) to fail to notify connection of a meter to the supplier, where known, or the PGT, of each meter connected, removed or exchanged. Notification should be given 48 hours in advance. Even if advance notice is given, then notification must also be given within 48 hours of completion of the work in accordance with the Gas Meters (Information on Connection and Disconnection) Regulations 1996. A sample meter installation record form is given in Appendix 3. A copy of each meter installation record form shall be retained by the RGMI for 6 years.

The completed form should be sent to the supplier where known or the PGT 48 hours before the work is undertaken. It is an offence (Schedule 2B, paragraph 12(4) of the Gas Act) to fail to submit the form later than 48 hours after installation. Where the meter has been removed, the RGMI shall take all reasonable steps to identify the meter owner and inform them of where the meter can be retrieved, in accordance with the requirements of the Gas Act. Where ownership of the meter is not clear, contact should be made initially with the PGT.

### 4.16 Confidentiality

### a) Gas User Details

In order to carry out meter work, the RGMI will, by necessity, have access to information that includes personal details of gas users (e.g. name, address, security password etc.) and commercially sensitive details (e.g. name of Supplier, meter capacity etc.).

The RGMI and its employees shall not unnecessarily divulge any of this information to a third party.

### b) Commercial Information

The RGMI shall implement a policy for all its employees to be bound by a confidentiality agreement regarding the control of commercially sensitive information. In particular, if the RGMI carries out meter work for a number of companies, it shall develop procedures to ensure that one Company's or Supplier's data is not divulged to a third party.

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# 4.17 Audit

In order to confirm compliance of meter installations, Ofgas (or its agents) may undertake audits of installation activities. The RGMI shall permit and co-operate with audits where it is, in the opinion of Ofgas, reasonable to do so.

# 5. METER INSTALLATION - OTHER REQUIREMENTS

# 5.1 Metering Issues

This chapter details some additional requirements for meter installers. The Registration Scheme will not specifically test against the areas detailed in this chapter. However, competent meter installers are required by other legislative regulations to adhere to the conditions detailed below. Please note: this list may not be exhaustive.

# 5.2 Safety

Gas Meter Installations are a complex assembly of gas fittings and, as such, shall be accorded the appropriate level of care and attention necessary to maintain the safety, integrity and accuracy of the installation.

Where a meter is removed and a replacement meter is not to be fitted immediately, disconnection, purging and capping of the supply and open ends must be carried out in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994.

In the interests of safety, the requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994 shall be applied in all circumstances, even to those categories of installation excluded from the scope of those Regulations, i.e. Factories, Mines, Quarries and Agricultural Installations.

Where the RGMI discovers or suspects a gas escape or related danger he shall attempt to make the situation safe and inform the gas user accordingly. If the situation cannot be made safe the RGMI shall immediately and personally report the fact to Transco (0800 111 999), or the relevant gas supply emergency provider.

# 5.3 Location and Housing

Where the gas user is a pensioner or a disabled or chronically sick person, Supply Licence condition 17 requires that the design of the meter installation is appropriate for their needs.

In certain circumstances, the gas user is required to obtain planning approval from the appropriate authorities for the construction or provision of any meter housing.

See also para 5.7 in respect of the location of pre-payment meters.

# 5.4 Replacement of Batteries in Meter Installations

If the RGMI fits batteries to metering equipment, it shall follow the relevant equipment manufacturer's instructions for replacing the batteries and shall ensure that the old batteries are disposed of in a safe and secure manner, having due regard to the appropriate environmental legislation.

# 5.5 Interfaces to AMR and Other Equipment

Equipment connected to the meter, such as AMR or energy management systems, may be affected by work carried out on the meter installation. In such cases, the RGMI is required to notify the gas user and the Supplier as appropriate so that suitable arrangements can be 2525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514141313121211111010998877665544332 2113232313130302929282828272726262525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514 1413131212111110109988776655443322113232

made.

# 5.6 Tamper Checks

Before performing any meter work, the meter installer is required to check for any signs of tampering with the meter installation, the service pipe and/or the meter and installation seal(s). In the event that signs of tampering, or signs of damage to any of the seals, are evident, or the meter installer discovers an actual incidence where the meter installation has been tampered with (i.e. a possible theft of gas incident) he should record the details. The meter installer is required to immediately notify the supplier if known or the PGT.

Appendix 6 sets out the procedure to be followed. However, the meter installer must not endanger himself in doing so, and should leave the premises if his safety is threatened.

# 5.7 Pre-payment Meters

No person should install a prepayment meter as a primary meter through which gas passes to a sub-deduct or secondary meter.

Pre-payment meters may not be suitable for all locations. The ability of the gas user to conveniently access the payment mechanism of the meter and the security of the payment mechanism against unauthorised access are required to be taken into account in the choice of location.

At the time of installation, the meter installer is required to draw the gas user's attention to any warning notices and operating instructions for the meter.

Prior to installation, maintenance, replacement or removal of pre-payment meters, the RGMI is required to ensure that it has clear instructions from the Company regarding the financial aspects of the work to be carried out e.g. the handling of outstanding credit or the setting of the meter.

A RGMI is not permitted to install, replace or remove a pre-payment meter without the approval of the Supplier.

# 5.8 Data Protection Act

The control of personal information may be covered by the Data Protection Act 1984. The RGMI is required to ensure all its responsibilities in this context are properly understood and met.

# 6. GUIDANCE ON BEST PRACTICE

# 6.1 General

It is not compulsory for RGMIs to comply with the guidance given in this Chapter for the purposes of registration. However, it is suggested that consideration is given to the following guidelines on best practice.

# 6.1.1 Liability Insurance

The RGMI should maintain adequate Public and Employers Liability Insurance. A minimum cover of £2,000,000 per incident is considered satisfactory for the majority of situations.

# 6.1.2 Meter Point Reference Number

PGTs have numbering systems to individually identify each meter point on their Network. These are usually refered to as Meter Point Reference Number's or "M Number's". Procedures relating to these numbering systems should be followed by RGMIs. Details of the "M Number" can be obtained from the Supplier.

# 6.1.3 Suppliers' Licence Obligations

Suppliers are obliged by the Standard Conditions of their licences to fulfil certain duties. Some of these duties relate to the metering arrangements between the gas user and the supplier. A licensee cannot delegate its licence obligations to an agent. A licensee is always responsible for ensuring its licence obligations are met. It is recommended that the RGMI gains an understanding of what is expected of the Licensed Gas Supplier. Copies of the Standard Conditions can be obtained from Her Majesty's Stationary Office.

# 6.1.4 Gas Act Obligations

The Gas Act places obligations on a number of parties besides Licensed PGTs, Shippers and Suppliers. These include meter owners and gas users. Again it is recommended that RGMIs understand these Gas Act obligations. Most of the meter related obligations are to be found in Schedule 2B of the Act. Copies of the Gas Act can be obtained from Her Majesty's Stationary Office.

# 6.2 Relationship with Gas Users

The Metropolitan Police Doorstoppers' Code of Practice was used as the basis for the following issues relating to contact with gas users and members of the public. RGMIs should consider the following points arising from that code:-

### a) Identity Cards

A meter installer shall carry at all times, and show to a gas user when gaining access to premises, a valid identity card which shall include a photograph. The RGMI shall control the issue, use and redemption of the identity cards for its employees.

Standard Condition 25 of the Supplier's Licence requires that members of the public may readily confirm the identity or authority of an officer of the supplier and that the supplier should ensure that identity cards, uniforms, liveried vehicles etc. are not misused. 2525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514141313121211111010998877665544332 2113232313130302929282828272726262525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514 14131312121111101099887766554433221132

#### b) Uniform

All meter installers shall wear at all times, whilst carrying out meter work, a valid and recognisable uniform. The RGMI shall control the issue, use and redemption of uniforms for its employees.

#### c) Appointments

A meter installer shall only call at a gas user's premises or home by prior appointment, except where a visit is made in respect of a suspected theft of gas or disconnection for non-payment, or in an emergency.

#### d) Meter Installation Work

A meter installer shall not cause gas consumption to be incorrectly registered.

#### e) Keys - Gas Users

Keys to a gas user's premises, or meter housing, may be issued. These shall be kept secure when in the meter installer's possession, not passed on to a third party, and returned promptly. Copies of keys shall not be made.

#### f) Passwords - Gas Users

The installation information may include passwords or security details which are used to gain entry to premises. Such details shall remain restricted information and not be divulged to any third party.

#### g) Other Activities

A meter installer shall not abuse his opportunity to enter premises and homes for the purpose of performing meter work to promote or sell products, services or advice to gas users. This does not affect the duties and responsibilities of RGMI employees to recognise and respond to unsafe gas situations as required by the Gas Safety (Installations and Use) Regulations 1994.

#### h) Vehicles

RGMIs should ensure that, as far as possible, all vehicles used by meter installers carry their recognisable company logo.

#### i) Handling of Complaints

The RGMI shall ensure that its employees are competent to handle complaints from gas users. As a minimum, they shall be able to identify the relevant party for complaints as appropriate e.g. billing and meter accuracy queries/complaints to the Supplier.

#### j) Rights of Entry

If the RGMI is working for a non-licensed entity, such as a gas user, they do not have any rights of entry.

There are circumstances where access to property can be gained without the consent of the gas user. Where the RGMI is involved in such rights of entry action, they have an obligation to ensure that they comply with the provisions of the Rights of Entry (Gas and Electricity Boards) Act 1954. Meter installers only have statutory rights of entry where they are acting as the agents of a licensed PGT, shipper or supplier.

Meter installers do not have an automatic right of entry to gas users' property. They may

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enter a gas user's property to perform meter work if the gas user allows them entry.

RGMIs should consider producing a Code of Conduct for their employees. this would clearly set out what is, and is not, acceptable conduct. An example of such a Code is at Appendix 4.

# 7. REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Listed below are the documents referred to in the text of this document. Except where stated in the text, reference should always be made to the latest edition or amendment.

Document	Publisher
Data Protection Act 1984	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Act 1986	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Act 1995	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Meters (Information on Connection and Disconnection) Regulations 1996	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Safety (Installation and Use) (Amendment) Regulations 1996	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Safety (Installation and Use) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 1996	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Rights of Entry (Gas and Electricity Boards) Act 1954	Her Majesty's Stationery Office
Gas Metering Definitions	Ofgas

Ofgas COP/1b - Code of Practice for Low Pressure Diaphragm and **Rotary Displacement Meter** Installations with Badged Meter capacities exceeding 6m<sup>3</sup>/h (212 ft<sup>3</sup>/h), but not exceeding 1076 m<sup>3</sup>/h(38000 ft<sup>3</sup>/h) COP/1c - Code of Practice for all Ofgas Higher Pressure and all other Low Pressure Meter Installations not covered by COP/1a and COP/1b Supplier's Licence Standard Ofgas Conditions BS 6400 - 'Installation of British Standards Institution Domestic Sized Gas Meters ( 2<sup>nd</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> Family Gases) IGE/GM/5 - 'The installation and Institution of Gas Engineers use of Electronic Gas Meter Volume Conversion Systems' IGE/GM/7 - 'Electrical Institution of Gas Engineers Connections to Gas Meters'

# APPENDIX 1 - INFORMATION ON THOSE INVOLVED WITH THE SUPPLY OF GAS

# HSC AND HSE

The Health and Safety Commission and the Health and Safety Executive are statutory bodies whose overall purpose is to ensure that risks to people's health and safety from work activities are properly controlled. HSE has the day to day responsibility for enforcing gas safety legislation.

# CORGI

The Council for Registered Gas Installers (CORGI) is responsible for the mandatory registration of businesses as required by regulation 3(3) of the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations 1994. Registration is only granted to those businesses deemed competent to carry out work on gas fittings. It might be helpful to think in terms of CORGI as the HSE's agents as regards safety.

# IGE

The Institution of Gas Engineers (IGE) is acknowledged as the foremost independent authority in the British gas industry. They are responsible for the publication of the Gas Measurement Procedures identified in this Code of Practice.

### PUBLIC GAS TRANSPORTER (PGT)

PGT's are responsible for transporting gas to an agreed point within pre-defined or agreed pressure and volume parameters, whilst maintaining the safety and integrity of their system. PGT's are also responsible for providing such services as are required under licence or legislation and for providing additional services as might be agreed from time to time. This would normally include maintaining a Sites and Meter Database covering all primary meters and sub-deduct meters and in some instances the maintenance of safety equipment.

# **GAS SHIPPER**

Gas shipper's are responsible, if requested by the supplier, for arranging a meter installation with PGT's in accordance with the terms of the licence. Shipper's are also responsible for liaising with the supplier and the PGT regarding the current and projected gas consumption, the location and size etc. of the meter installation, the location of the gas service and the programming and execution of the meter work.

### **GAS SUPPLIER**

Gas suppliers are responsible for supplying gas to a gas user, and are responsible for:

- a) making meter installation arrangements for the gas user if asked to do so,
- b) identifying with the gas user the maximum current and projected hourly gas consumption through the meter installation, including the range of flow variations,
- c) liaising with the gas shipper and the gas user on the gas consumption, the location and size etc. of the meter installation, the location of the gas service, and the programming and execution of the meter work.

# THE GAS USER

The gas user is responsible for providing adequate details of the current and projected gas consumption, for providing a suitable location and adequate housing for the meter installation and, where appropriate, any associated equipment in accordance with the requirements of the PGT, for obtaining planning approval from the appropriate authorities for the construction of a meter house where appropriate and for maintaining the meter environment in accordance with the Gas Act 1986 and the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1994.

## THE METER OWNER

The owner of the meter installation is responsible for its correct operation and maintenance in respect of the registration of gas consumption, unless otherwise stated in the Gas Act.

# GAS CONSUMERS COUNCIL (GCC)

The Gas Consumers Council is established under the Gas Act 1986 and is responsible for representing the interests of all gas consumers.

# APPENDIX 2 - AN EXAMPLE OF AN EMPLOYEE VETTING PROCEDURE

The information in column 1 below is required from all applicants who sign to confirm the information is correct. Any false declaration shall constitute grounds for immediate dismissal.

All information shall be verified in accordance with column 2. The verification is to be recorded in column 3 and signed by the supervisor/manager responsible.

Information to be obtained	Verification required	Verification OK? Yes/No
Applicant's Name	Documentary evidence of identity, ideally with photograph or minimum 2 documents with name and address e.g. driving licence.	
Current Address and length of time at this address.	Documentary evidence of residence e.g. driving licence, utility bill.	
Is current address a permanent or temporary home?	Applicant to confirm details in writing.	
Previous Address(es) if less than 5 years at current address.	As for current address.	
Is Applicant registered on the Electoral Role? If so, at what address?	Applicant to confirm details in writing.	
Applicant's NI Number.	Documentary evidence e.g. P45, P60 Tax Coding notice.	

Previous employment history (minimum 10 years or since leaving full time education).	Confirm employment history with each employer.	
Name and addresses of 2 references.	References to be obtained in writing.	
Any previous convictions or criminal record.	Applicant to confirm details in writing.	
	Any convictions not regarded as spent under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 to be subject to management review with due regard to the duties to be undertaken.	
Undertaking to notify employer of any change to the above information.	Written undertaking required.	

# APPENDIX 3 - METER INSTALLATION AND EXCHANGE RECORD

This page to be completed prior to siteworks Please Note: Shaded areas indicate legal requirements		
	To:	
This form shoul	d be sent directly to the SUPPLIER if	known, otherwise to relevant PGT
Competence Le	vel *Registered Cas Mater Inst	aller (RGMI) - Ofgas Registration No
	*Gas Meter Installer (GMI)	
* Delete as appropriate the second se		
Name		Installers Name
Address		CORGI Registration No
		Registration Level - Meter Provider Y / N
Postcode		
Telephone No		
Name of Persor	Requesting Meter Work (e.g. Gas S	upplier or User)
Name of Persor	Who Placed Contract for Meter We	prk
Position/Compa	ny	
Address		
Postcode		
Telephone No		
Dotails of Mata	r Work Loootion	
Site Name	r Work Location	Meter Point Ref
Contact Name		
Site Address		
Postcode		
Telephone No		
	y Authorising Work	
Position in Com	ipany	Date
Name of Comp	any	Tel. No
25252424232	322222121202019191818171710	516151514141313121211111010998877665544332

2113232313130302929282828272726262525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514 14131312121111101099887766554433221132<del>32</del>

Work Description			
This page to be completed on site Meter Installed - reason	Meter Excha	nged - reason	Meter Removed - reason
	Meter Deta		
Old Meter Details			Meter Details
Date & Time of Removal	AM / PM	Date & Time of Ren PM	noval AM /
Final Reading		Final Reading	
Meter Serial No.		Meter Serial No.	
Manufacturer		Manufacturer	
Type Diaphragm Ultrasonic To   Delete as appropriate Diaphragm Ultrasonic To	urbine Rotary	TypeDiaRotaryDelete as appropriate	aphragm Ultrasonic Turbine
Meter Model i.e. U6, U16		Meter Model i.e. Ud	6, U16
Max. Badged Capacity		Max. Badged Capac	
Year of Manufacture		Year of Manufactur	
No. of reading dials		No. of reading dials	
Index Scaling i.e. x1, x10, x100		Index Scaling i.e. x1	
-5	t / Cubic Metres	Registration Units Cubic Metres	Cubic Ft /
Prepayment Meter Y / N Coin	Y / N	Prepayment Meter Y / N	Y / N Coin
Token	Y / N	Y / N	Token
Electror	nic Y/N	Y / N	Electronic
For Meters With Ar	Annual Load Ab		2.000kWh
Gas Meter Height Above Sea-level (Metre			
Meter Pressure (millibars)			
Meter Location			
Bypass been approved by PGT Y / N			
Bypass Fitted Meter Collar Fitted	Y / N Y / N	Bypass Sealed	Y / N
	Converter De	tails	
	i	ion From Meter	On Connection to Meter
Manufacturer			
Year of Manufacture			
Converter Model			
Serial No.			
Reading (unconverted)			
Reading (converted)			
No. of Dials (unconverted)			
No. of Dials (converted)			
Temperature Conversion	v	′ N	Y / N
Pressure Conversion		/ N	Y / N
Compressibility Conversion		/ N	Y / N
Density Conversion		′ N	Y / N

 $\frac{252524242323222212120201919181817171616151514141313121211111010998877665544332}{2113232313130302929282828272726262525242423232222212120201919181817171616151514}\\\frac{14131312121111101099887766554433221132}{32}$ 

Meter/Converter Owner Details		
	New Meter	New Converter
Name of Owner		
Address of Owner		
Postcode		
Telephone No.		
Emergency Contact Telephone No.		

# APPENDIX 4 - AN EXAMPLE OF A CODE OF CONDUCT

The following is an example of General Rules of Conduct for all employees of the RGMI employed on meter work.

#### 1. SAFETY AND SECURITY

You shall:-

- a) Observe all gas and other safety regulations, statutes and authorised Codes of Practice.
- b) Not act in a manner likely to endanger yourself or any other person (including members of the public) or property.
- c) Not smoke in any area designated as a 'No Smoking' zone, where safety or a special health hazard might exist, e.g. 'Live Gas Working'.
- d) Co-operate with security and safety measures prescribed to protect life and property, using safety equipment where appropriate.

### 2. GENERAL CONDUCT AND PERFORMANCE AT WORK

You shall:-

- a) Ensure when on duty that your performance is not affected by drink or drugs.
- b) Not smoke whilst on gas users premises.
- c) Not act in an abusive, violent or irresponsible manner towards persons or property.
- d) Not discriminate against gas users on any grounds e.g. sex, colour, race, creed, nationality or ethnic origin.
- e) Obey reasonable instructions and follow laid down working procedures.
- f) Act in a manner which will maintain satisfactory relations with gas users and members of the public, avoiding unwelcome physical advances, suggestive remarks and language likely to cause distress or offence.
- g) Carry out work in a careful, attentive and competent manner, to the required standards.
- h) Avoid bringing the gas industry into disrepute or in any way hindering the efficiency of its operation.

# 3. THEFT, FRAUD, PERSONAL GAIN AND DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

You shall not:

- a) Misappropriate property.
- b) Divert business to a competitor.
- c) Reveal confidential information to an unauthorised party.

#### 4. MISCELLANEOUS

You shall:

- a) Wear such uniform or protective clothing as is provided.
- b) Produce an identity card when required, and wear it in such a manner that it can be seen at all times.
- c) Dress in a presentable manner suited to your job and the circumstances in which it is performed.

#### IF IN DOUBT

This Code has been prepared to give guidance. If you are ever in doubt about any matter concerning conduct or any other issue regarding your work, you should seek advice from your manager.

# **APPENDIX 5 - EMERGENCY GUIDELINES (GAS ESCAPE)**

### **General Rules for RGMI Employees**

The following are general rules that should be followed when a gas escape is discovered by any employee of the RGMI employed on meter work.

This is not intended to be a definitive procedure.

## 1. DOMESTIC PREMISES

- a) Advise the gas user that there is a gas escape.
- b) Advise the gas user:-
  - to turn off the supply at the meter;
  - not to smoke or use matches or naked flames;
  - to open doors and windows to get rid of the gas;
  - not to turn electrical switches (including door bells) on or off and not to operate remote external entry systems; and
  - to check if the gas to an appliance has been left on, unlit or if the pilot light has gone out.
- c) If a gas user is not present, you should turn off the supply at the meter unless there is a reason for not doing so.
- d) Report the gas escape immediately and personally to Transco (0800 111 999), or the relevant gas supply emergency provider.

# 2. INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL PREMISES

The same rules as in paragraph 1a) to 1d) above apply but not that:

- a) You shall make every effort to inform the responsible person e.g. the site manager, site supervisor, or appropriate person in authority, of the gas escape.
- b) The responsible person shall take the decision to turn off the gas supply. If in your judgement an immediate danger exists, you may turn off the supply of gas in the absence of a person in authority.
- c) When reporting the gas escape as in para 1 d) above, it is necessary, where possible, to give details of the nature of the escape, the location within the premises and in addition the complexity of the meter installation.

# APPENDIX 6 - GUIDELINES FOR SUSPECTED/ACTUAL METER TAMPERING

### **General Rules for RGMI Employees**

The following are general rules that should be followed when a suspected or actual case of meter tampering is discovered by any employee of the RGMI employed on meter work.

This is not intended to be a definitive procedure.

#### 1. SUSPECTED TAMPERING

- a) If you suspect that the meter installation has been tampered with, you must record details of the suspected method or evidence of tampering using the specified procedures.
- b) If you believe that the meter installation is unsafe (i.e. the integrity of the installation has been affected by interference) you shall immediately and personally report the fact to Transco (0800 111 999), or the relevant gas supply emergency provider.
- c) The meter reading and the meter details, if different from those expected, shall be recorded.
- d) It is good practice for you to make additional personal notes for future reference.

### 2. ACTUAL TAMPERING

- a) If you discover an instance of meter tampering, you shall follow the procedure below, and then immediately report the case to the RGMI for them to advise the PGT immediately.
- b) An installation that has been tampered with is deemed to be unsafe. You shall report the circumstances to the relevant gas supply emergency provider or Transco (0800 111 999) in the last resort, who will treat it as an uncontrolled escape.
- c) You shall record the tampering details using the specified procedures set out below. In appropriate cases, you shall sketch the details of the tampering (e.g. by-pass fitted, meter 'propped up', meter reversed etc.).
- d) In appropriate circumstances, you should mark the reverse of the meter with evidence that the meter had been turned (e.g. by scratching your 'employee number' on the reverse of the meter).
- e) The meter reading and the meter details, if different from those expected, shall be recorded.
- f) You shall record any meter status displays that are activated as a result of tampering.

g) It is good practice for you to make additional personal notes for future reference, which should include the time and date.

# 3. SAFETY

You must at all times be mindful of your own safety, the safety of the gas user and the safety of the general public. You should use your own judgement, when carrying out these guidelines, to ensure that safety is not compromised.

YOU SHOULD NOT ENDANGER YOURSELF OR THE LIVES OF ANY OTHER PERSON IN CARRYING OUT THESE DUTIES AND SHOULD LEAVE THE PREMISES IF YOUR SAFETY IS THREATENED

Note: For security reasons, this procedure does not attempt to define all the means by which tampering can occur.