Demand Side Response for Winter 2005/06

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Ofgem Demand Side Response Seminar
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Overview

- The Winter Outlook
 - The requirement for demand side response
- Information Provision
 - Website information
- Industry Framework Changes
 - Gas Balancing Alert
 - Multi-Day demand side offers
 - Other Relevant Changes



The Winter Outlook



Context Market developments

- UKCS production is continuing to decline
- New importation and storage infrastructure is expected
 - Expansion of the Belgian Interconnector
 - Grain LNG
 - Humbly Grove storage facility
- Interactions between the UK and other markets are growing
 - We can no longer assume full imports through the Interconnector or of LNG whenever required in the UK
- Generation background is similar to last winter
 - 21% plant margin
 - But around one-third of electricity capacity is gas-fired



May Consultation Document

- Ofgem ask us to produce a winter outlook report each year
- In 2003 and 2004 we published a preliminary report in May
- In 2005 we issued a consultation report in May
 - Recognised the increasing dependence on market interactions
 - Two scenarios plus some sensitivities
 - Sought input on wide range of issues
- 15 responses, qualitative rather than quantitative
- No clear consensus but useful as a guide



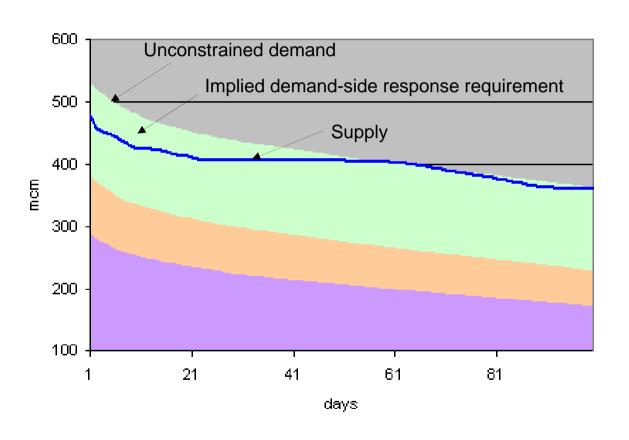
Winter Outlook Report Overview

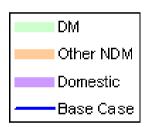
- Published on October 5
- Takes account of latest analysis and guided by consultation
- Uses a base case rather than scenarios
 - Somewhere between the consultation scenarios
 - A balanced view but lots of uncertainty
 - Supplemented by sensitivities
- Base case used to analyse the supply-demand position
 - Gas, electricity and the interaction between the two
- Output revolves around the need for gas demand response



Winter Outlook Report Example of analysis

1 in 10 Cold Load Duration Curve Analysis for 2005/06





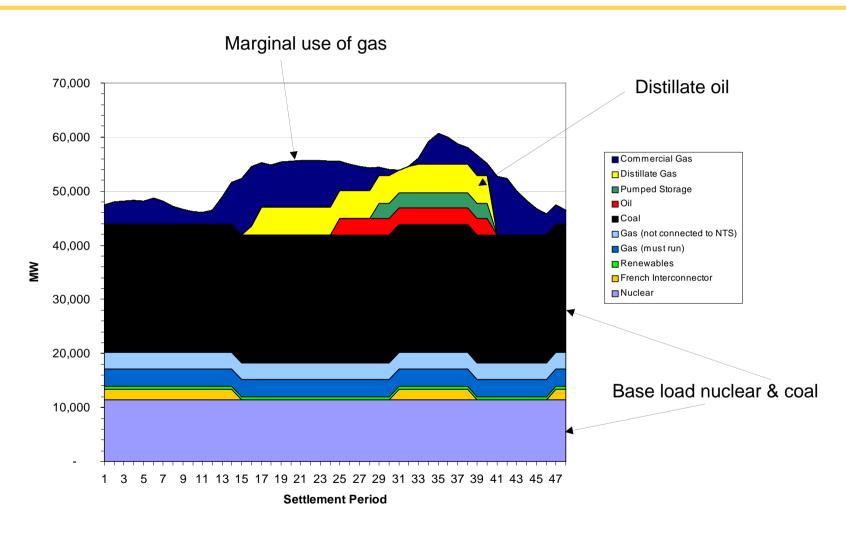


Interaction between gas and electricity

- Gas and electricity markets modelled together
- Estimates ability of CCGT sector to reduce demand
 - Results are at the "optimistic end of possibilities"
- Takes account of:
 - Real weather patterns
 - Half-hourly electricity demand
 - Anticipated generator availability
 - Daily gas demand
 - Anticipated gas supply



Interaction between gas and electricity Potential cold day electricity generation profile





Interaction between gas and electricity Implications

Winter severity	Estimated demand- side response required (bcm)	Potential contribution from CCGT sector (bcm)	Approximate residual requirement as percentage of non-power DM market sector
Average	0.1	0.1	None
1 in 10 cold	2.2	1.3	30% on average over 40 days
1 in 50 cold	3.7	1.8	50% on average over 50 days



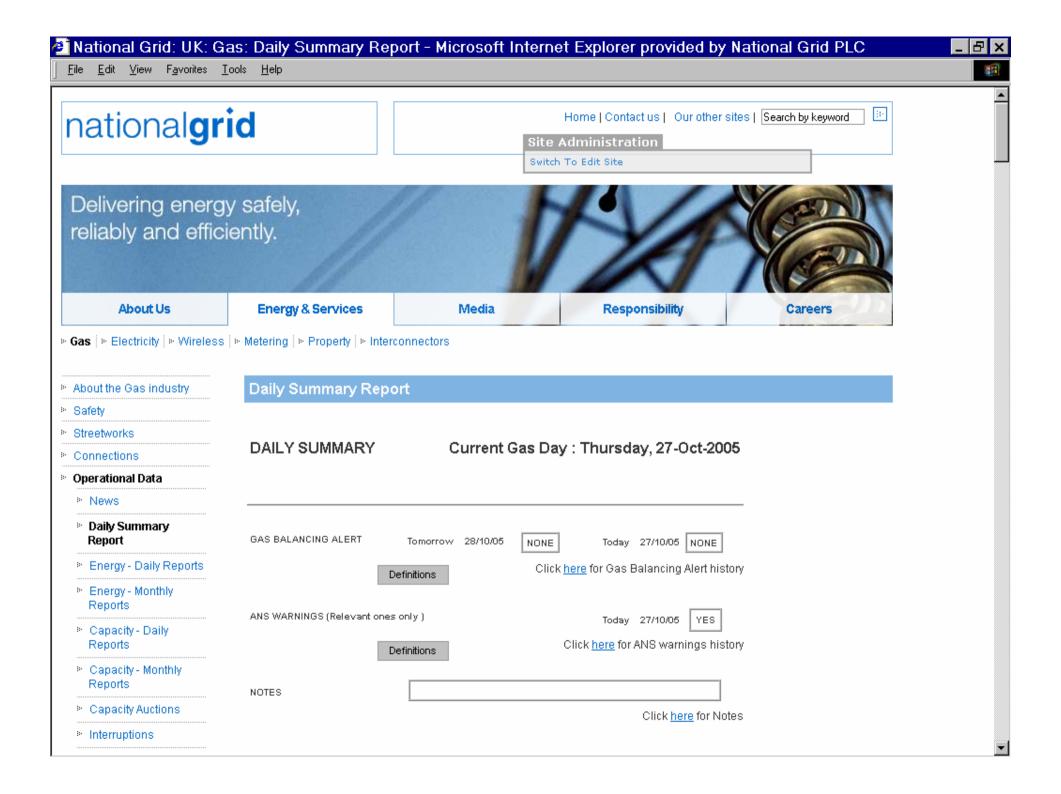
Information Provision

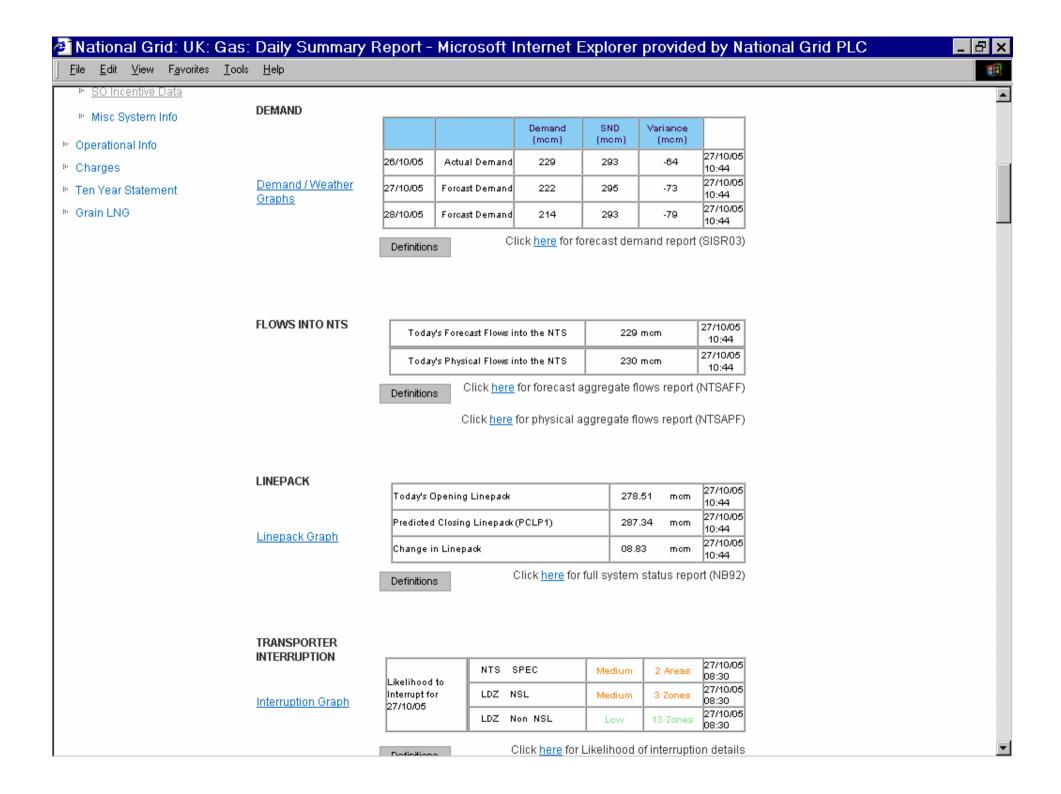


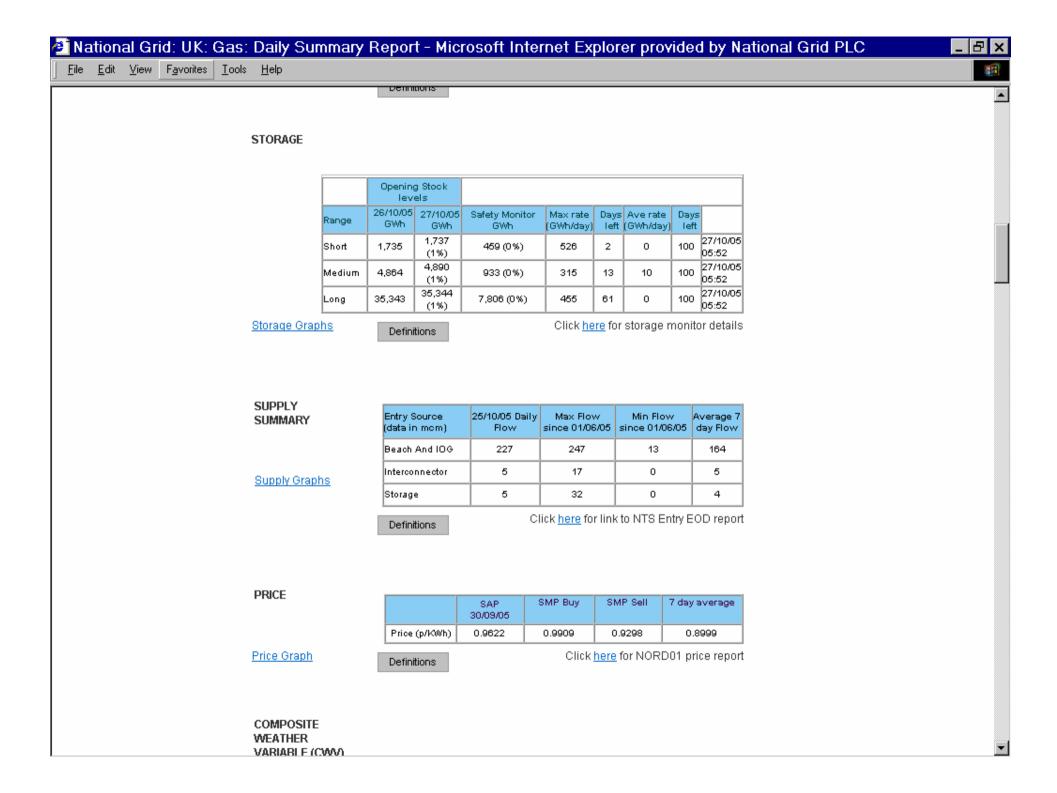
Summary

- Information provision discussed at DSWG
- National Grid consolidating information into one area with easy access to data
- Also incorporates some new storage information
- Website planned Go-Live <u>15 November</u>
 - www.nationalgrid.com/uk/gas/operationalinfo
- Preview ...

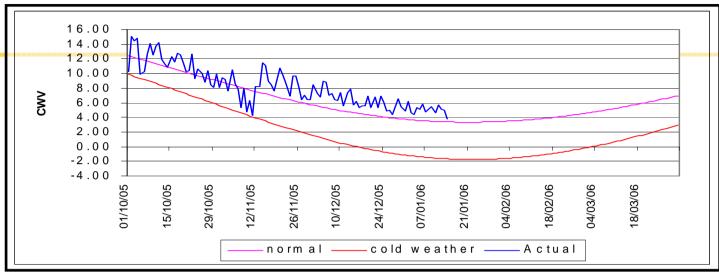




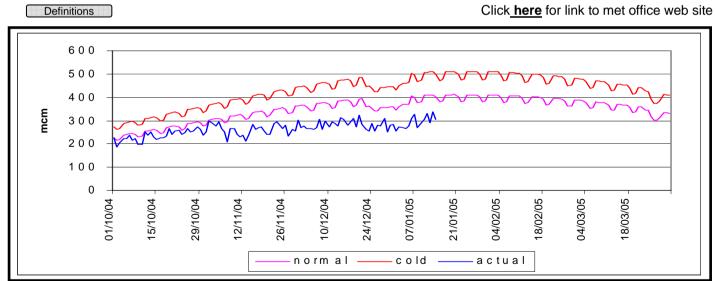




COMPOSITE WEATHER VARIABLE (CWV)
CURVE

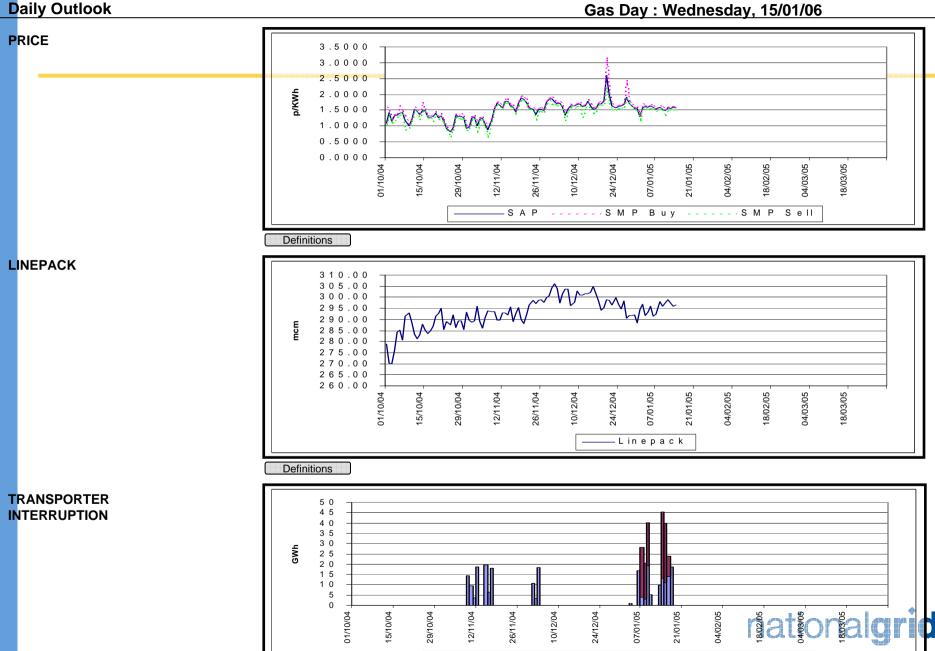


DEMAND CURVE



Definitions

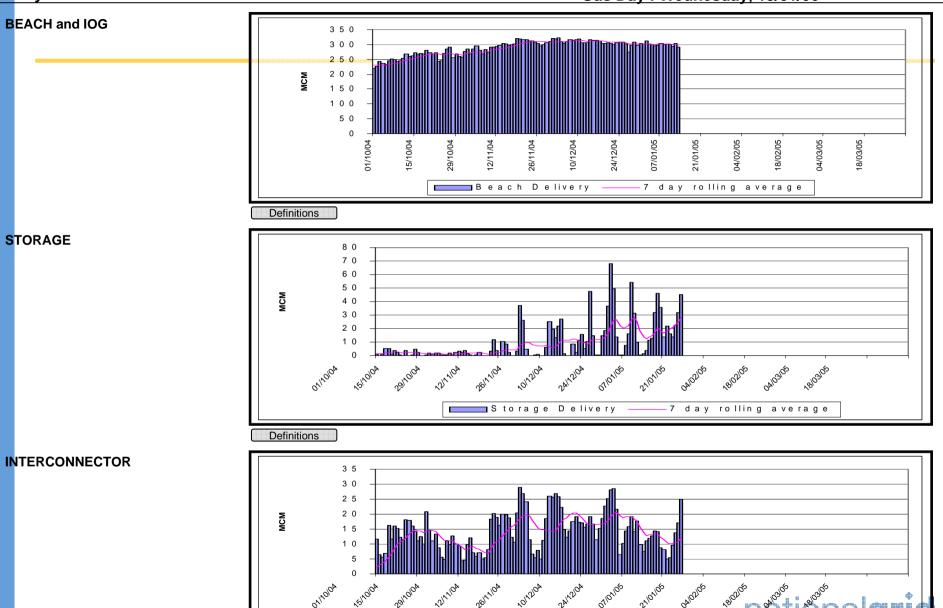
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■ Total LDZ Interruption
■ Aggregate NTS Energy

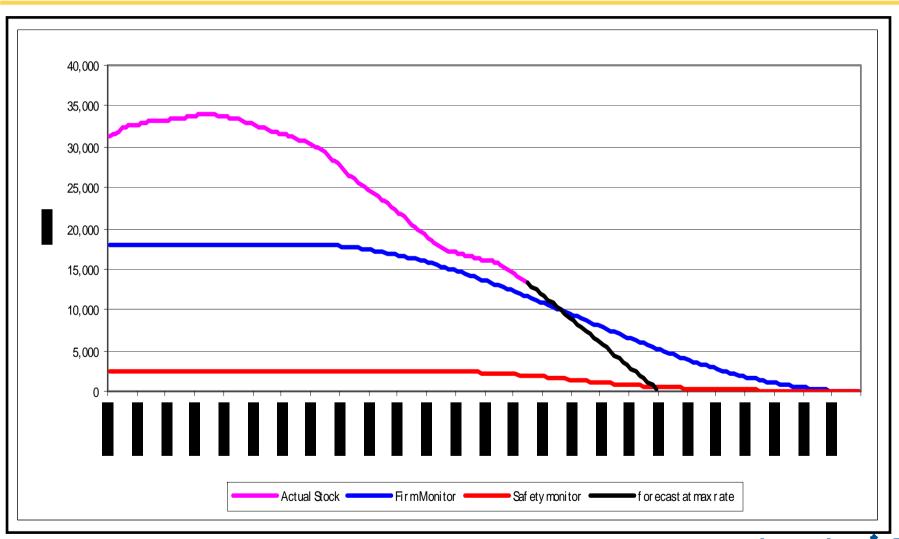


Gas Day: Wednesday, 15/01/06



Definitions

LONG RANGE STORAGE - Dummy Data Used





Industry Framework Changes



Gas Balancing Alert (UNC Modification 62)



Summary

- The DSWG have developed a proposed methodology for setting a Gas Balancing Alert (GBA) based on a combination of the absolute Supply & Demand level and the impact of a potential breach of a Safety Storage Monitor
- The GBA should indicate a potential requirement for demand response
- The GBA will not cover the likelihood of Interruption to manage Transportation Constraints



Gas Balancing Alert (GBA)

- Initial Trigger level based on
 - Forecast Maximum Supplies
- GBA issued when
 - Forecast daily demand>Trigger Level
- Trigger level will be modified as each type of storage approaches its safety monitor



GBA Trigger Timing & Sensitivity

- It is proposed that GBAs will be assessed and potentially issued following the 13:00 demand forecast on D-1 (day ahead)
- The GBA will be adjusted based on storage being less than or equal to 2 days from a breach based on the maximum rate
- It may be possible to issue the GBAs with more notice but this will increase their likelihood
- Considering potential for within day trigger



Storage Information

- Web page will show storage stock levels at 06.00
 D on 16.00 on D+1
- GBA trigger to use this information less any SFN information in order to decide if trigger should be revised.
 - Requesting further permission from storage operators to publish the data



Historical Analysis

- At 477 mcm/d (86.5% peak) there would have been no GBA issued in the past 4 years
- At 428 mcm/d (77.6% peak) there would have been;
 - No GBA winter 2004/05
 - 5 GBA's winter 2003/04
 - 14 GBA's winter 2002/03
 - 3 GBA's winter 2001/02



Facilitating Demand Side Response - Proposal (UNC Modification 61)



What the Proposal would provide

- New Balancing actions facilitated only following the publication of a Gas Balancing Alert
- Proposal would create ability for multi-day offers to be made on the OCM and to be considered OTC
- Cashout algorithm would reflect the costs of the multiday action apportioned by when the requirement is deemed to be of value
- Modification would allow National Grid to use mechanisms other than OCM
 - I.e. we have the ability to take a multiday offer outside of the OCM if the shipper cannot use the OCM

national**grid**

Timetable for Modification

Modification Proposal Raised	1/11/2005
Transmission Workstream Discussion	3/11/2005
Proposal issued for Consultation	7/11/2005
Closeout for representations	21/11/2005
FMR issued to Joint Office	24/11/2005
Modification Panel Recommendation	1/12/2005
Ofgem decision expected	5/12/2005



If proposal is implemented

- Post offers on the OCM through a shipper following the issuance of a Gas Balancing Alert
- If the shipper cannot use OCM then facility will be in place to offer a bilateral contract
 - Standard contract (hopefully available on the website)
- Target would be early December implementation



Other Relevant Changes



Approved Modifications

- Top Up removal for Winter 2004/05
- Removal of rights for residual balancer to interrupt prior to an Emergency if demand when is greater than 85% of 1 in 20 peak day
- Sharpened incentives through changes to Emergency Cashout arrangements
- All seek to provide incentives to the shippers as Primary balancers and recognise SO as residual balancer
- Hence shippers should be after demand side services
 nationalgrid