

Response to the Ofgem/DTI Consultation Document: The Grid Code under BETTA May 2004, (and subsequent mini consultation dated 26 May).

Introduction

1. We welcome the opportunity to comment on “The Grid Code under BETTA – Ofgem/DTI conclusions and second consultation on the text of a GB Grid Code and conclusions on change management between the STC and each of the GB CUSC, GB BSC and GB Grid Code – May 2004’ (the consultation). We have also included in this single response comments on the subsequent mini consultation dated 26th May.
2. This response is divided into several sections that follow the structure of the Ofgem / DTI consultation. These sections broadly cover the following areas:
 - Issues raised in connection with change management between STC and User facing Codes.
 - Conclusion and Ofgem / DTI views on issues raised in previous consultations.
 - Applicability of changes to the existing Grid Codes.
 - Issues raised by Ofgem and general comments on the proposed GB Grid Code text.
 - Response to the ‘additional issues’ mini consultation, dated 26 May 2004.
 - Other issues.
 - Conclusion and review of further work impacting on the GB Grid Code.
 - Appendix 1 – Detailed drafting based on our comments and initial consistency checking.

Background

3. This consultation is the third on the Grid Code under BETTA, and the second to contain legal text. As Ofgem/ DTI has highlighted this legal text was prepared by us on behalf of Ofgem/ DTI and under their direction. Therefore the legal text does not necessarily represent our own views, and should be read in this context. Our response to this consultation has been written independently of Ofgem/ DTI and reflects the views of National Grid.

Change management between the STC and the GB Grid Code and between the STC and user-facing industry codes

4. We agree that the change processes set out in user-facing codes and the change processes set out in the STC should contain measures such that adequate cross-code impact assessment and change coordination takes place. We also agree that the CUSC and BSC change coordination requirements should be rolled forward in to the GB CUSC and GB BSC and extended to cover the STC.
5. We agree that there should be working relationships with the STC Committee to deal with consequential changes. In terms of the actual drafting we are

concerned that GC4.6 places obligations on the GCRP that it is not fully able to carry out and obligations which, given the governance arrangements for the Grid Code could only rest with NGC. Therefore we suggest that the wording of GC4.6 be amended.

6. In previous consultations we have expressed the view that NGC should have the Licence obligations for coordinating the amendments as it has the appropriate influence on the relevant Panels and Committees. We still believe this approach would represent the most efficient way forward.

Conclusion and Ofgem / DTI views on issues raised in previous consultations

7. We agree with the conclusion on the composition of the Grid Code Review Panel, including that the TOs should be represented.
8. We note the approach to dealing with Licence exempt generators will be the subject of a further consultation in June 2004. Where NGC is not given the contractual framework to enable it to 'have in force' the GB Grid Code we would expect Ofgem to deal with this in the Transmission Licence, relevant Codes and core industry documents rather than by derogation. We look forward to commenting on the follow up consultation in due course.
9. We believe the obligations in the STC for TOs to comply directly with OC8, along with the re-drafting to OC8 in terms of separate procedures for Scotland in OC8A2 are a reasonable way forward. Providing Licensees and Users work together to ensure adequate training is given we are comfortable with this approach.
10. In Appendix 1 we have provided drafting comments to OC8 and GC13. The proposals must be seen as a package and are intended to clarify to Users both the position in practice and the legal position. Without these changes we do not believe that the correct position in respect of the wider contractual framework can be reached.
11. In addition, consideration needs to be given to how safety would be co-ordinated across the England and Wales and Scottish border, in particular, whether OC8A1 or OC8A2 would apply.
12. We believe the establishment of a 'multilateral safety framework' would introduce far greater changes for Users and Licensees than that being put forward by Ofgem / DTI for BETTA. Introducing additional agreements, with a further set of operational arrangements and more complex governance arrangements should be avoided.

Applicability of changes to the existing Grid Codes

13. We agree with the conclusion that all of the changes that have been implemented in the England and Wales Grid Code should be included in the GB Grid Code and that the change to the Scottish Grid Code should have no effect on the GB Grid Code. In terms of K/03 we note new standards will need to be agreed as applicable for Scotland.
14. We believe that the proposed changes that Ofgem are considering in terms of the England and Wales Grid Code, F/03, E/03 and A/04 should be included in the GB Grid Code.

15. In terms of E/03 (CC6.3.3), the basic requirements are similar to the Scottish Grid Code so the proposed changes should have no additional impact. The A/04 change relates to the market arrangements in England and Wales and is required to enable the Seven Year Statement to use contracted data.
16. Based on the responses to F/03 (OC2 clarification of processes) we have been led to understand this may have an impact on some Scottish Users. We have also undertaken a further consultation in relation to OC2, E/04 (incorrectly identified as F/04 in the Ofgem consultation), that should be with the Authority shortly, this should be considered along with F/03. Obviously, there will be process changes in implementing these as the current Scottish process is different to that in England and Wales. We believe that both of these changes should be implemented GB wide.
17. In terms of the proposed changes for non-synchronous generating plant the proposals submitted by NGC will reflect the structure of the GB Grid Code and are intended to be consistent, wherever possible, with the Scottish proposals. Therefore it would be more appropriate to include the England and Wales proposals in to the GB Grid Code. This would also require the regional differences, such as the definition of 'cluster', that have been included in the draft GB Grid Code in relation to Wind technology to be removed.
18. We believe that both of the outstanding consultations in England and Wales, D/04 and C/04, are appropriate to apply GB wide.
19. NGC will be shortly be submitting a report to the Authority on OC1, based on consultation G/03. A user, who is also represented in Scotland, raised some issues and NGC has had further discussions with that user in order to understand their concerns and to explain more fully our view. These views are currently being incorporating in the report to the Authority. The proposed OC1 changes are merely a clarification of existing processes and should therefore be included in GB Grid Code. This is discussed further in paragraph 42 of this response.

Response to the issues raised Ofgem/ DTI Consultation Document on the proposed GB Grid Code text

20. In this section we respond where views have been invited. Detailed drafting comments are contained in Appendix 1 to this response. Where no comment has been made we agree with the Ofgem / DTI conclusions and / or look forward to reviewing further proposals.

Glossary and Definitions

21. We would agree that clarification of 'Area Managers' would be useful. In terms of the Grid Code the only duty an Area Manager carries out is to sign the Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of NGC. We note further work is being carried out in DG1 as to who would actually sign the Site Responsibility Schedules: NGT, TO and Users or just the TO and Users. It is our understanding that the Area Manager could be an employee of the Relevant Transmission Licensee, although this depends on the final STC drafting.
22. In considering the proposed role of the Relevant Transmission Licensees in terms of Site Responsibility Schedules, to sign as well as NGC or on behalf of

NGC under the STC, we have suggested changes to the definition of Area Manager and Responsible Manager. Area Manager should be deleted and the definition of Responsible Manager be used in its place. Linked with this, the definition of Responsible Manager needs to recognise it could be a person nominated by NGC. The references to Area Manager in the main body of the Grid Code would also require changing.

23. In terms of Interconnector Agreements, we believe that the definition should be expanded to include all persons responsible for an Interconnector. The current definition excludes the asset owner, who would be expected to sign the CUSC and comply with any provisions in the Grid Code. By their nature and number Interconnectors are very different in design and therefore Interconnector Agreements are often used to specify equivalent requirements to those in the Grid Code.

Planning Code

24. We note that Section 6 of the Planning Code has been changed so that NGC has an obligation to apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development to the GB Transmission System, but shall also procure this is done in Scotland.
25. Previously, in the England and Wales Grid Code, PC6.1 was consistent with NGCs Licence obligations. The proposed GB Grid Code wording does not appear to be consistent with NGC's proposed GB Licence conditions in Scotland which are to "co-ordinate and direct the flow of electricity onto and over the GB transmission system".
26. NGC cannot carry out the planning and development function for GB as a whole. This issue also does not appear to be covered in the STC drafting that is being consulted on. If these statements are retained within the Grid Code then the consequence will be that significant changes to the STC will be required, and changes may also be required to licence conditions relating to the "security and quality of supply standards".
27. Overall, given that PC6 is covered through Transmission Licence obligations, it may be more appropriate to remove this section from the Grid Code. This would also require the licence obligation for the Grid Code to be reconsidered.
28. In terms of process, we do not understand why the normal BETTA philosophy that NGC is the primary contact with Users, has not been applied in PC6.2.
29. We note the approach on confidentiality, and confirm our preference for general clauses in the licence, STC and CUSC and look forward to reviewing Ofgem / DTI final proposals referred to in 6.27 of the consultation.
30. We believe the planning standards in appendix C split in to two main areas, those with obligations on the Licensees and those with obligations on Users. Clearly those with obligations on Users should form part on the GES framework of agreements. Those that only contain obligations on the licenses are in force through the licensee's licence.
31. We refer back to the comments above with regard to NGC having a contractual requirement, PC6.1, to comply with these standards, although the regulated Licensee is required to have them in force by the Authority and the Authority can

grant derogations from them without NGCs agreement. Clearly, this places NGC in the position that it must also request a derogation from the Authority. Therefore any contractual rights the users believe they have in respect of NGC complying with such standards are at the discretion of Ofgem.

32. We believe that in the interests of transparency the listed standards should be made publicly available.

Connection Conditions

33. Relevant Transmission Licensees are not directly obliged to comply with CC5.2 (g) or the duplicated wording in OC8A2, therefore equivalent drafting in the STC is required. We also suggest the duplication is not required, recommending the regional difference be addressed in OC8A2 only. In terms of the STC back off, Section G 2 of the STC appears the appropriate place for the obligation to rest.
34. We look forward to reviewing the STC drafting in respect of CC6.2.2.4 and CC6.2.2.5, requirements for work on protection equipment.
35. We note that the provisions in CC7.2 are still to be 'backed off' in the STC. Given the development of OC8 and related provisions it may be more appropriate to refer directly to the Relevant Transmission Licensees in CC7.2 and in the STC (section G2) require compliance by the Transmission Owner.

Operating Codes

36. In terms of the comment in 6.66 of the consultation, we were confused by the interpretation of a respondent that a Network Operator would be required to send information to NGC in relation to directly connected units. We agree there are a few areas where OC1 deals with Medium Power Stations and these could be confused with OC2 requirements. We cover this point in more detail below in our response to the mini-consultation.
37. We believe, in the interests of clarity only, that OC7 may benefit from an explanation of the interface arrangements in the STC. Clearly, the Users will need to interface directly with the Relevant Transmission Licensee in real time.
38. Ofgem / DTI have made significant changes to OC8 in response to respondents comments and those of the Licensees in further discussions. We can confirm that, subject to a final review of all the areas covering Safety Co-ordination, that NGC are comfortable with the new revised direct approach to Safety Co-ordination in the Grid Code and STC.
39. We believe the drafting of OC8A2.1.7.2(3) (ii) is adequate to cover the existing term, 'where reasonably practical', in the SGC. Clearly, if the Safety Rules allow for 'where reasonably practical' then the GB GC covers this point, if the Safety Rules do not cover this then it should not take place and the GB Grid Code should be changed accordingly.
40. We look forward to working with Ofgem / DTI, Licensee and other Users in considering the other issues raised in this consultation in respect of OC8.
41. In terms of the definition of High Voltage it may, subject to further discussion, be more appropriate to change the GB Grid Code to that used in the Scottish Grid Code. We would be happy to investigate this issue further and discuss with

Ofgem / DTI. At this stage it may be better to include a regional difference, noting that the Panel have an obligation to minimise regional differences.

42. It is our understanding that discussion in STEG DG1 in respect of Black Start have not yet concluded. From the work progressed to date we understand that there are likely to be consequential changes to the Grid Code OC9. At the very least Relevant Transmission Licensees are likely to be required to be parties to LJRP's.
43. We also believe that due to the nature of the 132kV Transmission system it is likely that the DNO has a very much higher probability of becoming islanded with Transmission connected generation. Therefore the provision in OC9.5 may benefit from being explicitly extended to include DNOs liasing, where facilities already exist, directly with Transmission connected generation.
44. We are not aware of any 'back off' provision for OC11 in the STC at present.

Balancing Codes

45. We believe that a regional difference is required in respect of MVar outputs in BC2.A.2.6. The figure suggested by of Ofgem of 5% appears reasonable considering that England and Wales an obligation (+/-25MVar) is broadly based on a 500MW unit. Given that there are sets in England and Wales that are significantly smaller than 500MW, we would be comfortable with a larger percentage, e.g. 10%, but feel that 500% (25MVar range on a 5 MW set) is clearly unreasonable.

General Conditions

46. We are pleased that Ofgem believe the GES changes in England and Wales should be extended to BETTA. We look forward to reviewing the equivalent list for Scotland and the equivalent drafting in the STC to enable the process in Scotland.

Response to the 'additional issues' mini consultation, dated 26 May 2004

47. We agree with Ofgem / DTI conclusions regarding the coverage and interaction of OC1 and OC2 in respect of Gensets in Scotland. We agree that OC1.4.2 (c) would benefit from clarification and are comfortable with the suggested drafting proposed by Ofgem.
48. We recently consulted on changes to OC1 that included clarification of OC1.4.2 (i). As these were not consulted on in the context of BETTA and did not take account of other changes in the Grid Code as a result of BETTA, such as the definition of Genset, the drafting is slightly different. This being the case, we believe the drafting we proposed and that proposed by Ofgem / DTI achieve a similar objective.
49. We agree that the proposed changes to OC2.4.1.1 (a) and OC2.4.1.2.1 (a) (i) are required as a result of other drafting changes to the GB Grid Code.
50. In terms of Interconnectors there are three main issues, provisions of forecast flows on the Interconnector, provisions of interconnector availability data and Safety Co-ordination arrangements.

51. In terms of forecast flows any additional information, such as that provided for in the Scottish Grid Code, would only serve to improve the overall operation and security of the system. Therefore we would support the inclusion of such data. Although we believe this data is also important to the external System Operator and therefore it may be better placed in the System Operator agreement for the Interconnector.
52. As Ofgem / DTI correctly state as partial asset owner and through the bilateral interface agreements with existing parties connected with Interconnectors we exchange information on the current and future availability of the Interconnectors, under BETTA this will not necessarily be the case with Moyle. Therefore we believe that asset information on the Interconnector should be provided through OC2 where it is not provided through other agreements.
53. In terms of Safety Co-ordination, again due to NGC's close involvement with existing Interconnectors the existing Interconnector Agreements include provisions that replicate OC8. Under BETTA this may not necessarily be the case and therefore we believe OC8 should apply to Interconnector operators / owners where no other agreement including Safety Co-ordination provisions exists. We note that through the STC NGC should be contractually obliged to ensure appropriate arrangements are in place to allow the TO to carry out its statutory obligations.
54. We believe that equivalent obligations to those in the Scottish Grid Code in relation to Load Management should be incorporated in GB Grid Code. The GB Grid Code already deals with Load Management through Customer Demand Management. Customer Demand Management in the GB Grid Code represents a commercial arrangement between a supplier and a customer.
55. Customer Demand Management obligations are covered in OC1 and BC1. The only obligations at present are to inform NGC of the details in the Control Phase under OC1. We would suggest a new section OC1.5.2 (c) be added to cover the existing Scottish OC2 data requirements. We would be happy for this to include 'when reasonably required by NGC', to avoid an unnecessary burden on suppliers. This would require the same information as OC1.5.5.2, but be in the timescales prescribed by OC1.5.2.
56. In terms of the equivalent obligations in the SDCs the GB equivalent is slightly more difficult as it interacts with Physical Notifications and Bids and Offers from suppliers (which are normally prohibitive on price and not on a GSP basis). Based on discussions at GCEG the obligations required in the Grid Code would be to adjust the switching time, we would suggest a new obligation under BC1.4.7 to achieve this.
57. BC1.4.7 would be applicable in relation to Customer Demand Management notified under BC1 and would provide NGC the option, after discussions with suppliers (who are BM Participants), to vary the switching time, possibly limited to 'for local constraint issues'.

Other Issues

58. We note that certain of the definitions refer to GB Transmission System, whilst others refer to Transmission System (e.g. the Transmission System Warnings). We are concerned that by not using GB in this context, Users could be confused as to whether or not these would be issued GB wide or for individual

Transmission Systems (given that this term is used to refer to each of the Transmission Licensee's systems).

59. There are certain cross code matters (GB CUSC, GB BSC, STC and GB Grid Code) which still need to be resolved and which will inevitably cause impacts upon various codes. In this regard consideration will need to be given to GC10 and the consolidation/joiner of disputes generally.
60. We feel that there is a need to alert Users to the possibility that in some areas they may deal directly with the Relevant Transmission Licensees, who would be acting on our behalf. Therefore it may be useful to include drafting either in the General Conditions or at the relevant places in the specific Codes to deal with this. This would draw the attention of Users to the fact that the Relevant Transmission Licensees may in practice contact and issue instructions to Users on behalf of NGC in relation to matters arising under the Grid Code (OC7, Operational Liaison, for example).
61. This intention of such drafting would be only to serve to clarify for Users the role of the Relevant Transmission Licensees, which might otherwise be a source of confusion for Users given that the GB Grid Code (with the exception of OC8A2) is currently set out in terms of the rights and obligations of NGC and Users. We have suggested one way of tackling this in GC13.2, but further consideration is required as to the optimal way forward.
62. Along with any such drafting there would need to be explicit STC drafting, possibly including details in an STCP, that detailed the extent to which the Relevant Transmission Licensee could communicate directly with the User, e.g. for issuing switching instructions. This STC drafting would have to be very explicit that the Relevant Transmission Licensees can only direct Users in those circumstances, and that any direction outside of this would be breach of the STC.

Conclusion

63. Once again, we thank Ofgem / DTI for this opportunity to comment on the GB Grid Code. We note that there is considerable further work to be done, especially in relation to the STC, which is likely to have an impact on the final legal text of the Grid Code. We look forward to responding to these further consultations.
64. We look forward to reviewing the forthcoming consultation covering the transition process and how this will dovetail with the enduring arrangements in the Grid Code.
65. Appendix 1 contains our detailed drafting comments based on the issues we have discussed above, some additional drafting comments that are self-explanatory and some consistency issues between the recent consultations on the STC and GB CUSC legal text.
66. If you have any queries on this response please contact Patrick Hynes on 01926656319 or Nigel Brooks on 01926656028.

Appendix 1 – Detailed comments on the draft text

GLOSSARY & DEFINITIONS	
<u>Area Manager</u>	A manager notified to the User by NGC whose management unit is a geographical area embracing part of the GB Transmission System .
<u>Balancing Mechanism</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Balancing Principles Statement</u>	A statement prepared by NGC in accordance with [Special Condition AA4] of the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Bilateral Agreement</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Construction Agreement</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Control Calls</u>	A telephone call whose destination and/or origin is a key on the control desk telephone keyboard at a NGC-Transmission Control Centre and which has the right to exercise priority over (i.e. disconnect) a call of a lower status.
<u>CUSC</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>CUSC Contract</u>	One or more of the following agreements as envisaged in [Supplementary Standard Condition C7F] of the NGC's Transmission Licence: (a) the CUSC Framework Agreement ; (b) a Bilateral Agreement ; (c) a Construction Agreement or a variation to an existing Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement ;
<u>CUSC Framework Agreement</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Customer Demand Management Notification Level</u>	The level above which a Supplier has to notify NGC of his its proposed or achieved use of Customer Demand Management which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 5 MW in Scotland.
<u>Demand Control Notification Level</u>	The level above which a Network Operator has to notify NGC of his its proposed or achieved use of Demand Control which is 12 MW in England and Wales and 0-5 5 MW in Scotland.
<u>External System</u>	In relation to an Externally Interconnected System Operator means the transmission or distribution system which it owns or operates which is located outside GB Great Britain and any Apparatus or Plant which connects that system to the External Interconnection and which is owned or operated by such Externally Interconnected System Operator .
<u>Financial Year</u>	Bears the meaning given in [Supplementary Standard Condition 1 (Definitions and Interpretation)] of the of NGC's Transmission Licence.
<u>Generator</u>	A person who generates electricity under licence or exemption under the Act acting in its capacity as a generator in GB Great Britain .
<u>Genset</u>	A Generating Unit or CCGT Module at a Large Power Station or and any Generating Unit or CCGT Module which is directly connected to the GB Transmission System .
<u>Great Britain</u>	Has the meaning set out in Schedule 1 of NGC's Transmission Licence.

<u>Instructor Facilities</u>	A device or system which gives certain NGC-Transmission Control Centre instructions with an audible or visible alarm, and incorporates the means to return messages acknowledgements to the NGC-Transmission Control Centre .
<u>Licence Standards</u>	Those standards set out or referred to in [Condition C17 and Condition D3 of the] of NGC's Transmission Licence .
<u>Material Effect</u>	An effect causing a User or NGC , as the case may be, to effect any works or to alter the manner of operation of its Plant and/or Apparatus at the Connection Site (which term shall, in this definition and in the definition of "Modification" only, have the meaning ascribed thereto in the CUSC) or the site of connection which in either case involves that User or NGC , as the case may be, in expenditure of more than £10,000. <u>Consider consistency with GB CUSC</u>
<u>NGC Control Engineer</u>	The nominated person employed nominated by NGC to direct the operation of the GB Transmission System .
<u>National Demand</u>	The amount of electricity supplied from the Grid Supply Points plus:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and • Transmission System Losses, minus:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Demand taken by Station Transformers and Pumped Storage Units; and, for the purposes of this definition, does not include:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • any exports from the GB Transmission System across External Interconnections.
<u>Non-Embedded Customer</u>	A Customer in GB Great Britain , except for a Network Operator acting in its capacity as such, receiving electricity direct from the GB Transmission System irrespective of from whom it is supplied.
<u>Operational Planning</u>	Planning through various timescales the matching of generation output with forecast Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units , of parts of the GB Transmission System and of parts of User Systems to which Power Stations and/or Customers are connected, carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in the Transmission Licence Licences or [the] Electricity Distribution Licence[s] , as the case may be.
<u>Partial Shutdown</u>	The same as a Total Shutdown except that all generation has ceased in a separate part of the Total System and there is no electricity supply from External Interconnections or other parts of the Total System to that part of the Total System and, therefore, that part of the Total System is shutdown, with the result that it is not possible for that part of the Total System to begin to function again without NGC's directions relating to a Black Start . <u>[Note: Need for alignment of equivalent definition in STC with this]</u>
<u>Permit for Work for proximity work</u>	<p>In England and Wales, a document issued by NGC or a User in accordance with its respective Safety Rules to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8.8 and which provides for Safety Precautions to be applied and maintained. An example format of NGC's permit for work is attached as Appendix E to OC8-8A1.</p> <p>In Scotland, a document issued by a Relevant Transmission Licensee or a User in accordance with its respective Safety Rules to enable work to be carried out in accordance with OC8.8 and which provides for Safety Precautions to be applied and maintained. [An example format of the Relevant Transmission Licensee's permit for work is attached as Appendix E to OC8-8A2.] <u>[Note: It would appear from the current draft of OC8A2 that this language will need a little fine tuning once the position on this point has been finalised.]</u></p>

<u>Point of Isolation</u>	The point on Apparatus (as defined in OCA OC8A 1.1.6.2 and OCA OC8A 2.1.7.2) at which Isolation is achieved.
<u>Relevant Transmission Licensee</u>	Means SPT in the southern part of Scotland in respect of its Transmission Area and SHETL in respect of its Transmission Area .
<u>Responsible Manager</u>	<p>For safety coordination in England and Wales In respect of User's, a Manager who has been duly authorised by a User or NGC to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of that User or NGC, as the case may be.</p> <p>For safety coordination in Scotland, a manager who has been duly authorised by a User or the Relevant Transmission Licensee to sign Site Responsibility Schedules by the Relevant Transmission Licensee on behalf of that User or NGC, as the case may be.</p> <p><u>For safety coordination in England, a manager who has been duly authorised by NGC to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of NGC.</u></p>
<u>Safety Co-ordinator</u>	<p>For safety co-ordination in England and Wales A a person or persons nominated by each User and by NGC (in England and Wales) and each User by the Relevant Transmission Licensee (in Scotland) to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions at each Connection Point when work (which includes testing) is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus (as defined in OC8A 1.1.6.2 and OC8A 2.1.7.2), pursuant to OC8.</p> <p><u>For safety co-ordination in Scotland a person or persons nominated by the Relevant Transmission Licensee and each User to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions at each Connection Point when work (which includes testing) is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus (as defined in OC8A 2.1.7.2), pursuant to OC8.</u></p>
<u>Seven Year Statement</u>	A statement, prepared by NGC in accordance with the terms of the NGC's Transmission Licence , showing for each of the seven succeeding Financial Years , the opportunities available for connecting to and using the GB Transmission System and indicating those parts of the GB Transmission System most suited to new connections and transport of further quantities of electricity.
<u>Subtransmission System</u>	The part of a User's System which operates at a single transformation below Supergrid Voltage and in Scotland, also the part of a User's System which operates at a single transformation below 132kV the voltage of the relevant Transmission System.
<u>Supplier</u>	<p>(a) A person supplying electricity under an Electricity Supply Licence; or</p> <p>(b) A person supplying electricity under exemption under the Act;</p> <p>in each case acting in its capacity as a supplier of electricity to Customers in GBGreat Britain.</p>
<u>System Operator - Transmission Owner Code or STC</u>	Has the meaning set out in the NGC's Transmission Licence .
<u>Total System</u>	The GB Transmission System and all User Systems in GB Great Britain .

<u>Transmission</u>	Means, when used in conjunction with another term relating to equipment [or a site], whether defined or not, that the associated term is to be read as being part of or directly associated with the GB Transmission System , and not of or with the User System , <u>except where that term itself forms part of another defined term</u> . <u>[Note: Equivalent definition in STC to be aligned?]</u>
<u>Transmission Area</u>	Has the meaning set out in the Transmission Licence <u>of each of NGC, SPT and SHETL</u> .
<u>Transmission Licence</u>	The ^A licence granted under Section 6(1)(b) of the Act .
<u>Transmission Site</u>	<p>In England and Wales, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by NGC in which there is a Connection Point. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by NGC as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site.</p> <p>In Scotland, means a site owned (or occupied pursuant to a lease, licence or other agreement) by a Relevant Transmission Licensee in which there is a Connection Point. For the avoidance of doubt, a site owned by a User but occupied by the^a Relevant Transmission Licensee as aforesaid, is a Transmission Site.</p>
<u>Transmission System</u>	Has the same meaning as the term "licensee's transmission system" in the Transmission Licence <u>of each of NGC, SPT and SHETL</u> .
<u>Transmission System Demand</u>	<p>The amount of electricity supplied from Grid Supply Points plus:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that supplied by Embedded Large Power Stations, and • exports from the GB Transmission System across External Interconnections, and • Transmission <u>System</u> Losses and, for the purposes of this definition includes:- • the Demand taken by Station Transformers and Pumped Storage Units.
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Contents Page	APPENDIX C PART 1 – SSE ^{SHETL's} TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA PART 2 – SPT's TECHNICAL AND DESIGN CRITERIA
PC.3.2	<p>In the case of Embedded Power Stations, unless provided otherwise, the following provisions apply with regard to the provision of data under this PC:</p> <p>(a) each Generator shall provide the data direct to NGC in respect of Embedded Large Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations;</p> <p>(b) although data is not normally required specifically on Embedded Small Power Stations under this PC, each Network Operator in whose System they are Embedded should provide the data (contained in the^{Appendix A}) to NGC in respect of Embedded Small Power Stations if:</p> <p>(i) it falls to be supplied pursuant to the application for a CUSC Contract or in the Statement of Readiness to be supplied in connection with a Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, by the Network Operator; or</p> <p>(ii) it is specifically requested by NGC in the circumstances provided for under this PC.</p>

PC.5.5	<p>The PC requires that, at the time that a Statement of Readiness is submitted under the Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement, any estimated values assumed for planning purposes are confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for forecast data items such as Demand. This data is then termed Connected Planning Data.</p> <p>To reflect the three types of data referred to above, Connected Planning Data is itself divided into:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which will always be forecast data, known as Forecast Data; and (b) those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which upon connection become fixed (subject to any subsequent changes), known as Registered Data; and (c) those items of Standard Planning Data and Detailed Planning Data which for the purposes of the Plant and/or Apparatus concerned as at the date of submission are Registered Data but which for the seven succeeding Financial Years will be an estimate of what is expected, known as Estimated Registered Data, <p>as more particularly provided in the Appendix <u>A</u>.</p>
PC.6 PC.6.1 PC.6.2	<p><u>PLANNING STANDARDS</u></p> <p>NGC shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development <u>in the planning and development of the GB its Transmission System. also in Scotland</u> NGC shall procure that each Relevant Transmission Licensee shall apply the Licence Standards relevant to planning and development <u>in the planning and development of the</u> Transmission System of each Relevant Transmission Licensee.</p> <p>In <u>relation to</u> Scotland, Appendix C lists the technical and design criteria <u>[to be]</u> applied in the planning and development of each Relevant Transmission Licensee's Transmission System. The criteria are subject to review in accordance with <u>each Relevant Transmission Licensee's</u> Transmission Licence conditions. Copies of these documents are available from the Relevant Transmission Licensee on request. The Relevant Transmission Licensee will charge an amount sufficient to recover its reasonable costs incurred in providing this service.</p>
PC.A.2.2.2	<p>The Single Line Diagram (two examples are shown in Appendix B) must include all parts of the User System operating at Supergrid Voltage throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland, also all parts of the User System operating at 132kV, and those parts of its Subtransmission System at any Transmission Site. In addition, the Single Line Diagram must include all parts of the User's Subtransmission System throughout Great Britain operating at a voltage greater than 50kV, and, in Scotland, also all parts of the User's Subtransmission System operating at a voltage greater than 30kV, which, under either intact network or Planned Outage conditions:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) normally interconnects separate Connection Points, or busbars at a Connection Point which are normally run in separate sections; or (b) connects Embedded Large Power Stations, or Embedded Medium Power Stations connected to the User's Subtransmission System, to a Connection Point. <p>At the User's discretion, the Single Line Diagram can also contain additional details of the User's Subtransmission System not already</p>

	<p>included above, and also details of the transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage. With NGC's agreement, the Single Line Diagram can also contain information about the User's System at a voltage below the voltage of the Subtransmission System.</p> <p>The Single Line Diagram must include the points at which Demand data (provided under PC.A.4.3.4) and fault infeed data (provided under PC.A.2.5) are supplied.</p>
PC.A.2.2.3	<p>The above mentioned Single Line Diagram shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) electrical circuitry (i.e. overhead lines, identifying which circuits are on the same towers, underground cables, power transformers, reactive compensation equipment and similar equipment); and (b) substation names (in full or abbreviated form) with operating voltages. <p>In addition, for all load current carrying Apparatus operating at Supergrid Voltage throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland, also at 132kV, the Single Line Diagram shall include:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) circuit breakers (b) phasing arrangements.
PC.A.2.2.5.1	<p>In addition, for all interconnecting transformers between the User's Supergrid Voltage System and the User's Subtransmission System throughout Great Britain and, in Scotland, also for all interconnecting transformers between the User's 132kV System and the User's Subtransmission System the User shall supply the following information:-</p> <p>Tap changer range Tap change step size Tap changer type: on load or off circuit Earthing method: Direct, resistance or reactance Impedance (if not directly earthed)</p>
PC.A.3.2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <u>Large Power Stations and Gensets</u> Data items PC.A.3.2.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (h) are required with respect to each Large Power Station and each Generating Unit of each Large Power Station and of each Genset (although (a) is not required for CCGT Units and (b), (d) and (e) are not normally required for CCGT Units). (b) <u>Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations</u> Data item PC.A.3.2.2 (a) is required with respect to each Small Power Station and Medium Power Station and each Generating Unit of each Small Power Station and Medium Power Station (although (a) is not required for CCGT Units).
PCA.6.2.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (f) the following data is required on all transformers operating at Supergrid Voltage throughout Great Britain and in Scotland also at 132kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage;
PC.A.8.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (d) Since the equivalent will be produced for the 400kV or 275kV and also in Scotland also 132kV parts of the GB Transmission System NGC will provide the appropriate supergrid transformer data.

CONNECTION CONDITIONS	
CC.1.1	The Connection Conditions ("CC") specify both the minimum technical, design and operational criteria which must be complied with by any User connected to or seeking connection with the GB Transmission System or Generators (other than in respect of Small Power Stations) connected to or seeking connection to a User's System which is located in England, Wales or Scotland Great Britain , and the minimum technical, design and operational criteria with which NGC will comply in relation to the part of the GB Transmission System at the Connection Site with Users .
CC.5.2(c) CC.5.2(g)	<p>(c) copies of all Safety Rules and Local Safety Instructions applicable at Users' Sites which will be used at the NGC/User interface (which, for the purpose of OC8, must be to NGC's satisfaction regarding the procedures for Isolation and Earthing. in For User Sites in Scotland, NGC will consult the Relevant Transmission Licensee when determining whether such the procedures for Isolation and Earthing are satisfactory);</p> <p>(g) written confirmation that Safety Coordinators acting on behalf of the User are authorised and competent pursuant to the requirements of OC8. and, in addition, in Scotland: each User shall give notice in writing to the Relevant Transmission Licensee of its Safety Co-ordinator(s) and will update the written notice yearly and whenever there is a change to the identity of its Safety Co-ordinators or to the Connection Points; each Relevant Transmission Licensee shall give notice in writing to that User of the identity of its Safety Co-ordinator(s) and will update the written notice whenever there is a change to the Connection Points or Safety Co-ordinators; a list of persons appointed by the User to undertake operational duties on the User's System and to issue and receive operational messages and instructions in relation to the User's System; and an appointed person or persons responsible for the maintenance and testing of User's Plant and Apparatus;</p>
CC.6.1.5	<p>(a) <u>Harmonic Content</u></p> <p>The Electromagnetic Compatibility Levels for harmonic distortion on the GB Transmission System from all sources under both Planned Outage and fault outage conditions, (unless abnormal conditions prevail) shall comply with the levels shown in the tables of Appendix A of Engineering Recommendation G5/4.</p> <p>Engineering Recommendation G5/4 contains planning criteria which NGC will apply to the connection of non-linear load to the GB Transmission System, which may result in harmonic emission limits being specified for these loads in the relevant Bilateral Agreement. The application of the planning criteria will take into account the position of existing and prospective Users' Plant and Apparatus in relation to harmonic emissions. Users must ensure that connection of distorting loads to their User Systems do not cause any harmonic emission limits specified in the Bilateral Agreement to be exceeded, or where no such limits are specified, the relevant planning levels specified in G5/4 Engineering Recommendation G5/4, to be exceeded.</p>
CC.6.1.6	in For Plant and Apparatus connected to the GB Transmission System in England and Wales, under the Planned Outage conditions stated in CC.6.1.5(b) infrequent short duration peaks with a maximum value of 2% are permitted for Phase (Voltage) Unbalance , subject to the prior agreement of NGC under the Bilateral Agreement . NGC will only agree following a specific assessment of the impact of these levels on Transmission Apparatus and other Users' Apparatus with which it is satisfied

CC.6.1.7	<p>Voltage fluctuations at a Point of Common Coupling with a fluctuating Load directly connected to the GB Transmission System shall not exceed:</p> <p>(a) In England and Wales, 1% of the voltage level for step changes which may occur repetitively. Any large voltage excursions other than step changes may be allowed up to a level of 3% provided that this does not constitute a risk to the GB Transmission System or, in NGC's view, to the System of any User. In <u>and, in</u> Scotland, the limits for voltage level step changes are as <u>and large voltage excursions other than step changes</u> set out in Engineering Recommendation P28.</p> <p>(b) For voltages above 132kV, Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 0.8 Unit and a Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.6 Unit, <u>and</u> for voltages <u>at</u> 132kV and below, Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 1.0 Unit and a Flicker Severity (Long Term) of 0.8 Unit, as set out in Engineering Recommendation P28 as current at the Transfer Date.</p>
CC.6.2	<p>The following requirements apply to Plant and Apparatus relating to the Connection Point, which (except as otherwise provided in the relevant paragraph) each User must ensure are complied with in relation to its Plant and Apparatus and which in the case of CC.6.2.2.2.2, CC.6.2.3.1.1 and CC.6.2.1.1(b) only, NGC must ensure are complied with in relation to Transmission Plant and <u>Transmission Apparatus</u>, as provided in those paragraphs.</p>
CC.6.2.2.4	<p><u>Work on Protection Equipment</u></p> <p>No busbar Protection, mesh corner Protection, circuit-breaker fail Protection relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the Generating Unit itself) may be worked upon or altered by the Generator personnel in the absence of a representative of NGC or, in Scotland, a representative of <u>NGC</u>, or written authority from NGC <u>NGC to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of NGC</u>.</p>
CC.6.2.3.5	<p><u>Work on Protection equipment</u></p> <p>Where a Transmission Licensee owns the busbar at the Connection Point, no busbar Protection, mesh corner Protection relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus itself) may be worked upon or altered by the Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer personnel in the absence of a representative of NGC or, in Scotland, a representative of <u>NGC</u>, or written authority from NGC <u>NGC to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of NGC</u>.</p>
CC.6.5.6	<p>(a) NGC shall provide system control and data acquisition (SCADA) outstation interface equipment. The User shall provide such voltage, current, Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the Transmission SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by NGC in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement. In addition, in Scotland, in the case of Novel Units utilising wind energy, anemometer readings would be required for any turbine or Cluster of wind turbines with a total Registered Capacity <u>of 5MW and greater</u>. <u>In the case of a Cluster of wind turbines with a total Registered Capacity</u> of 5MW and greater, a single anemometer would suffice.</p>
CC.6.5.10	<p><u>Busbar Voltage</u></p> <p>NGC shall, subject as provided below, provide each Generator at each Grid Entry Point where one of its Power Stations is connected with appropriate voltage signals to enable the Generator to obtain the necessary information to synchronise its Gensets to the GB Transmission System. The term "voltage signal" shall mean in this context, a point of</p>

	connection on (or wire or wires from) a relevant part of Transmission Plant and/or Transmission Apparatus at the Grid Entry Point , to which the Generator , with NGC's agreement (not to be unreasonably withheld) in relation to the Plant and/or Apparatus to be attached, will be able to attach its Plant and/or Apparatus (normally a wire or wires) in order to obtain measurement outputs in relation to the busbar.
CC.7.2.4	when working on Transmission Plant and/or Transmission Apparatus on a User Site , rather than the User's Safety Rules . If the User is of the opinion that, for a User Site in England and Wales, NGC's Safety Rules or, for a User Site in Scotland, the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules , provide for a level of safety commensurate with that of that User's Safety Rules it will notify NGC in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by NGC , NGC or for a User Site in Scotland, the Relevant Transmission Licensee , may use its own Safety Rules when working on Transmission Plant and/or Transmission Apparatus on that User Site . Until receipt of such written approval from the User to ^{by} NGC , in the case of a User Site in England and Wales, NGC shall continue to use the User's Safety Rules , and, in the case of a User Site in Scotland, NGC shall procure that the Relevant Transmission Licensee shall continue to use the User's Safety Rules .
CC.7.2.5	If NGC gives its approval for the User's Safety Rules to apply when working on the User's Plant and/or Apparatus <u>on a Transmission Site</u> , that does not imply that the User's Safety Rules will apply to entering the Transmission Site (and access to the User's Plant and/or Apparatus on that Transmission Site . Bearing in mind, for a Transmission Site in England and Wales, NGC's , and, for a Transmission Site in Scotland, the Relevant Transmission Licensee's , responsibility for the whole Transmission Site <u>Transmission Site</u> , entry and access will always be in accordance with, <u>for a Transmission Site in England and Wales, NGC's and</u> , for a Transmission Site in England and Wales the NGC's and for a Transmission Site in Scotland, the Relevant Transmission Licensee's , site access procedures. If the ^{the} User gives its approval for <u>work on Transmission Plant and/or Transmission Apparatus on</u> a User Site in England and Wales for using <u>using</u> NGC's Safety Rules , or, for a User Site in Scotland for using the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules , to apply when working on the Transmission Plant and Apparatus , that does not imply that, for a User Site in England and Wales, NGC's Safety Rules , or, for a User Site in Scotland, the Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules , will apply to entering the User Site , and access to the Transmission Plant and Transmission Apparatus on that User Site . Bearing in mind the User's responsibility for the whole User Site , entry and access will always be in accordance with the User's site access procedures.
CC.7.3.1	In order to inform site operational staff and NGC Control Engineers of agreed responsibilities for Plant and/or Apparatus at the operational interface, a Site Responsibility Schedule shall be produced, for Connection Sites in England and Wales, for NGC and Users with whom they interface, and, for Connection Sites in Scotland, for NGC , Relevant Transmission Licensee Licensees and Users with whom they interface.
CC.7.6.2	In addition to those provisions, where a Transmission Site contains exposed HV conductors, unaccompanied access will only be granted to individuals holding an Authority for Access issued by NGC <u>for Transmission Sites in England and Wales, and by the Relevant Transmission Licensee for Transmission Sites in Scotland</u> .
CC.7.7.1	It is a requirement that all User's Plant and Apparatus on Transmission Sites is maintained adequately for the purpose for which it is intended and to ensure that it does not pose a threat to the safety of any Transmission Plant , Transmission Apparatus or personnel on the Transmission Site . NGC will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such Plant and Apparatus at any time.

CC.7.7.2	It is a requirement that all Transmission Plant and Transmission Apparatus on User's Sites is maintained adequately for the purposes for which it is intended and to ensure that it does not pose a threat to the safety of any of the User's Plant , User's Apparatus or personnel on the User Site . Users will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such Plant and Apparatus , at any time.
CC.7.7.3	In Scotland, it is the User's responsibility to ensure that all the User's Plant and Apparatus <u>in Scotland</u> , including protection Protection systems, are tested and maintained and remain rated for the duty required. An annual update of system fault levels is available as part of the Seven Year Statement .
CC.A.1.1.5	(b) In the case of the Site Responsibility Schedule referred to in CC.A.1.1.1(a) and for Protection Apparatus and Intertrip Apparatus , the responsible management unit must be shown in addition to the User or the Transmission Licensee , as the case may be.
CC.A.1.1.9	The Site Responsibility Schedule shall then be signed on behalf of NGC by the Area Manager responsible for the area in which the Complex is situated <u>its Responsible Manager</u> and on behalf of each User involved by its Responsible Manager (see CC.A.1.1.16), by way of written confirmation of its accuracy.
CC.A.1.1.16	<u>Responsible Managers</u> Each User shall, prior to the Completion Date under each Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement , supply to NGC a list of Managers who have been duly authorised to sign Site Responsibility Schedules on behalf of the User and NGC shall, prior to the Completion Date under each Bilateral Agreement and/or Construction Agreement , supply to that User the name of the Area its Responsible Manager responsible for the area in which the Complex is situated (each of which is known as the " Responsible Manager ") and each shall supply to the other User any changes to such list six weeks before the change takes effect where the change is anticipated, and as soon as possible after the change, where the change was not anticipated.
OPERATING CODE 1	
<u>OC1.5.2(c)</u>	<u>Customer Demand Management</u> (i) <u>If reasonably required by NGC, each Supplier will notify NGC of any Customer Demand Management proposed by itself which may result in a Demand change equal to or greater than the Customer Demand Management Notification Level averaged over any half hour on any Grid Supply Point which is planned to occur at any time [in the Control Phase] and of any changes to the planned Customer Demand Management already notified to NGC as soon as possible after the formulation of the new plans.</u> (ii) <u>If reasonably required by NGC the following information is required on a Grid Supply Point and half-hourly basis:-</u> _____ (a) <u>the proposed date, time and duration of implementation of Customer Demand Management.</u> _____ (b) <u>the proposed reduction in Demand by use of Customer Demand Management.</u>

OC1.5.5.2	<p>(a) Each Supplier will <u>(unless it has been required by, and has provided such data to, NGC in accordance with OC1.5.2(c))</u> notify NGC of any Customer Demand Management proposed by itself which may result in a Demand change equal to or greater than the Customer Demand Management Notification Level averaged over any half hour on any Grid Supply Point which is planned to occur at any time in the Control Phase and of any changes to the planned Customer Demand Management already notified to NGC as soon as possible after the formulation of the new plans.</p> <p>(b) The following information is required on a Grid Supply Point and half-hourly basis:-</p> <p>(i) the proposed date, time and duration of implementation of Customer Demand Management; and</p> <p>(ii) the proposed reduction in Demand by use of Customer Demand Management.</p>
OPERATING CODE 2	
OC2.1.2	<p>(a) Operational Planning involves planning, through various timescales, the matching of generation output with forecast GB Transmission System Demand together with a reserve of generation to provide a margin, taking into account outages of certain Generating Units, and of parts of the GB Transmission System and of parts of Network Operators' Systems which is carried out to achieve, so far as possible, the standards of security set out in the Transmission Licence or Electricity Distribution Licence as the case may be.</p>
<u>OC2.1.9</u>	<p><u>Co-ordination of outages with persons responsible for External Interconnections will normally be the subject of Interconnection Agreements. Where this is not the case, equivalent data for the External Interconnection to that exchanged between NGC and a Network Operator under OC2.4.1.3 will be supplied by NGC or the User responsible for the External Interconnection, as the case may be.</u></p>
<u>OC2.3.1</u>	<p><u>(d) _____ persons responsible for an External Interconnection in relation to OC2.1.9.</u></p>
OC2.4.1.2.2	<p>(b) <u>Between the end of week 10 and the end of week 12</u></p> <p>NGC will be considering the updated proposed Genset outage programme together with the estimate of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (a) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period. Taking these into account together with GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator User System constraints and outages known to NGC, NGC will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators are sufficient to meet forecast GB Transmission System Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.</p>
OC2.4.1.2.2	<p>(f) <u>Between the end of week 34 and the end of week 39</u></p> <p>NGC will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (e) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period. Taking these into account together with GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator User System constraints and outages known to NGC, NGC will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators are sufficient to meet forecast GB Transmission System Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.</p>

OC2.4.1.2.3	<p>(b) <u>Between 1600 hours Wednesday and 1700 hours Friday</u></p> <p>NGC will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (a) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period. Taking into account GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator System constraints and outages known to NGC, NGC will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators are sufficient to meet forecast GB <u>Transmission System</u> Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.</p>
OC2.4.1.2.4	<p>(c) <u>Between 1100 hours and 1600 hours each Business Day</u></p> <p>NGC will be analysing the revised estimates of Output Usable supplied by Generators under (b) and will be analysing Operational Planning Margins for the period 2-14 days ahead. Taking into account GB Transmission System constraints and outages and Network Operator System constraints and outages known to NGC, NGC will assess whether the estimates of Output Usable are sufficient to meet forecast GB <u>Transmission System</u> Demand plus the Operational Planning Margin.</p>
OC2.4.1.3.4	<p>(c) During Year 0 (including the Programming Phase) each Network Operator shall at NGC's request make available to NGC such details of automatic and manual load transfer capability of:</p> <p>(i) 12MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for England and Wales;</p> <p>(ii) 10MW or more (averaged over any half hour) for Scotland,</p> <p>between Grid Supply Points.</p>
OC2.4.1.3.5 (c)	<p>(v) Where a Generator with nuclear Large Power Stations which may be operationally affected by the preliminary GB Transmission System outage programme referred to in (i) above (acting as a reasonable operator) is concerned on grounds relating to safety about the effect which an outage within such outage programme might have on one or more of its nuclear Large Power Stations, it may contact NGC to explain its concerns and discuss whether there is an alternative way of taking that outage (having regard to technical feasibility). If there is such an alternative way, but NGC refuses to adopt that alternative way in taking that outage, that Generator may involve the Disputes Resolution Procedure to decide on the way the outage should be taken. If there is no such alternative way, then NGC may take the outage despite that Generator's concerns.</p>
OPERATING CODE 5	
OC5.5.3 (Table)	<p>The measured maximum Phase (Voltage) Unbalance on the GB Transmission System should remain <u>in England and Wales, below 1%, and in Scotland, below 2%.</u></p> <p>Measured<u>In England and Wales measured</u> infrequent short duration peaks in phase-unbalance<u>Phase (Voltage) Unbalance</u> should not exceed the maximum value stated in the Bilateral Agreement.</p> <p>Measured voltage fluctuations at the <u>Point of Common Coupling</u> shall not exceed the, for voltages above 132kV, <u>Flicker Severity (Short Term)</u> of 0.8 Unit and a <u>Flicker Severity (Long Term)</u> of 0.6 Unit, and, for voltages above 132kV, and voltages at <u>132kV and below,</u> shall not exceed the Flicker Severity (Short Term) of 1.0 Unit and a <u>Flicker Severity (Long Term)</u> of 0.8 Unit, as set out in Engineering Recommendation P28 as current at the Transfer Date.</p>

OC5.5.2.1	The performance of the BM Unit will be recorded at NGC-Transmission Control Centres with monitoring at site when necessary, from voltage and current signals provided by the User for each BM Unit under CC.6.6.1.
OPERATING CODE 6	
OC6.2.2	For certain Grid Supply Points in Scotland it is recognised that the requirements in OC6.4.5(b), OC6.5.3(b) (in respect of Demand Disconnection only) OC6.5.6 (ii), OC6.6.2 (c) and OC6.7.2 (b) may not be possible <u>to meet</u> . In these circumstances NGC and the relevant Network Operator(s) will agree equivalent requirements covering a number of Grid Supply Points . <u>If NGC and the relevant Network Operator fail to agree equivalent requirements covering a number of Grid Supply Points, then the relevant Network Operator will apply the provisions of OC6.4.5(b), OC6.5.3(b) (in respect of Demand Disconnection only), OC6.5.6(ii), OC6.6.2(c), and OC6.7.2(b) as evenly as reasonably practicable over the relevant Network Operator's entire System.</u>
OC6.4.5	Any notification under OC6.4.2, OC6.4.1.3 or OC6.4.4 will contain the following information on a Grid Supply Point and half hourly basis:
OPERATING CODE 8	
OC8.3.1 The procedures for the establishment of safety co ordination by NGC <u>and the relevant persons responsible for safety co-ordination in relation to on</u> External Interconnections are set out will be those contained in this OC8 <u>unless other arrangements have been agreed in</u> Interconnection Agreements with the relevant persons for the External Interconnections .
OC8A1.3.1	OC8A1 applies to NGC and to Users in England and Wales , which in OC8A means:- (a) Generators ; (b) Network Operators ; and (c) Non-Embedded Customers . <u>in relation to their Systems in England and Wales.</u>
OC8A1.5.3.2	(ii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which is in accordance with the Local Safety Instructions of NGC or the Relevant Transmission Licensee .
OC8A2.1.1	OC8A2 specifies the standard procedures to be used by NGC the Relevant Transmission Licensees and Users for the co-ordination, establishment and maintenance of necessary Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on or near the GB Transmission System in Scotland or the System of a User in Scotland and when there is a need for Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus on the other's System for this work to be carried out safely. OC8A2 only applies to Relevant Transmission Licensees and Users in Scotland. OC8A1 specifies the procedures to be used by NGC and Users in England and Wales. <u>Users should note in considering OC8A2 the provisions of GC.13.</u>
OC8A2.1.4	OC8A2 does not seek to impose a particular set of Safety Rules on <u>the Relevant Transmission Licensee</u> and Users . The Safety Rules to be adopted and used by the Relevant Transmission Licensee and each User shall be those chosen by each <u>of them</u> .

<p>OC8A2.1.73</p>	<p>In OC8A2 only the following terms shall have the following meanings:</p> <p>(21) "Isolation" means the disconnection of Apparatus from the remainder of the System in which that Apparatus is situated by either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an Isolating Device maintained in an isolating position. The isolating position must either be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) maintained by immobilising and Locking the Isolating Device in the isolating position and affixing a Caution Notice to it. Where the Isolating Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be retained in safe custody; or (ii) maintained and/or secured by such other method which must be in accordance with the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be; or (b) an adequate physical separation which must be in accordance with, and maintained by, the method set out in the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User, as the case may be, and, if it is a part of that method, a Caution Notice must be placed at the point of separation. <p>(32) "Earthing" means a way of providing a connection between conductors and earth by an Earthing Device which is either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) immobilised and Locked in the Earthing position. Where the Earthing Device is Locked with a Safety Key, the Safety Key must be secured in a Key Safe and the Key Safe Key must be retained in safe custody; or (ii) maintained and/or secured in position by such other method which must be in accordance with the Safety Rules of the Relevant Transmission Licensee or that User as the case may be. <p>OC8A 2.1.7.32.1.7.4 For the purpose of the co-ordination of safety relating to HV Apparatus the term "Safety Precautions" means Isolation and/or Earthing.</p>
<p>OC8A2.3.1</p>	<p>OC8A2 applies to the Relevant Transmission Licensee NGC and to Users, which in OC8 means:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Generators; (b) Network Operators; and (c) Non-Embedded Customers. <p>in relation to their Systems in Scotland</p> <p>In Scotland OC8A2 also applies to the Relevant Transmission Licensees</p> <p>The procedures for the establishment of safety co-ordination by NGC and/or the Relevant Transmission Licensee in relation to External Interconnections are set out in Interconnection Agreements with relevant persons for the External Interconnections Interconnections.</p>

OC8A2.4.2.1	For each Connection Point , the Relevant Transmission Licensee and each User will have nominated to be available, <u>within to</u> a timescale agreed in the Bilateral Agreement , a person or persons (" Safety Co-ordinator(s) ") to be responsible for the co-ordination of Safety Precautions when work is to be carried out on a System which necessitates the provision of Safety Precautions on HV Apparatus pursuant to OC8A2 . A Safety Co-ordinator may be responsible for the co-ordination of safety on HV Apparatus at more than one Connection Point .
OC8A2.4.2.3	Contact between Safety Co-ordinators will be made via normal operational channels, and accordingly separate telephone numbers for Safety Co-ordinators need not be provided. <u>At the time of making contact, each party will confirm that they are authorised to act as a Safety Co-ordinator, pursuant to OC8A2.</u>
OC8A2.4.3.2	The Revant <u>Relevant</u> Transmission Licensee will use the format of the RISSP forms set out in Appendix A and Appendix B to OC8A2 , or any other format which may be agreed between the Relevant Transmission Licensee and each User . That set out in OC8A2 Appendix A and designated as "RISSP-R", shall be used when the Relevant Transmission Licensee is the Requesting Safety Co-ordinator , and that in OC8A2 Appendix B and designated as "RISSP-I", shall be used when the Relevant TranmissionTransmission Licensee is the Implementing Safety Co-ordinator . Proformas of RISSP-R and RISSP-I will be provided for use by Relevant Transmission LicensesLicensee staff.
OC8A2.4.3.6	<p>(a) In accordance with the timing requirements set out in CC.5.2 each User shall apply in writing to <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee for <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee's approval of its proposed prefix.</p> <p>(b) <u>The</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee shall consider the proposed prefix to see if it is the same as (or confusingly similar to) a prefix used by <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee or another User and shall, as soon as possible (and in any event within ten days), respond in writing to the User with its approval or disapproval.</p> <p>(c) If <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee disapproves, it shall explain in its response why it has disapproved and will suggest an alternative prefix.</p> <p>(d) If <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee has disapproved, then the User shall either notify <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee in writing of its acceptance of the suggested alternative prefix or it shall apply in writing to <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee with revised proposals and the above procedure shall apply to that application.</p>
OC8A2.5.4.2	Where Safety Precautions are being provided to enable work to be carried out on both sides of the Connection Point a RISSP will need to be issued for each side of the Connection Point with <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee and the respective User each enacting the role of Requesting Safety Co-ordinator . This will result in a RISSP-R and a RISSP-I form being completed by each of the Relevant Transmission Licensee and the User , with each Safety Co-ordinator issuing one RISSP number.
OC8A2.5.6	Nothing in this OC8A2 prevents <u>the</u> Relevant Transmission Licensee and Users agreeing to a simultaneous cancellation and issue of a new RISSP , if both agree. It should be noted, however, that the effect of that under the relevant Safety Rules is not a matter with which the Grid Code deals.
OC8A2.7.2	In those circumstances, if both the Relevant Transmission Licensee <u>and</u> the User agree, the relevant provisions of OC8A2.5 will apply as if the electrical connections or potential connections were, solely for the purposes of this OC8A2 , a Connection Point .

OC8A2.7.3	<p>(a) The relevant Safety Co-ordinator shall be that for the electrically closest existing Connection Point to that User's System or such other local Connection Point as may be agreed between the Relevant Transmission Licensee and the User, with discussions taking place between the relevant local Safety Co-ordinators. The Connection Point to be used shall be known in this OC8A2.7.3 as the "relevant Connection Point".</p> <p>(c)(b) The Safety Rules shall be those which apply to the relevant Connection Point.</p> <p>(c) The prefix for the RISSP (where applicable) will be that which applies for the relevant Connection Point.</p>
OC8A2.10.1	<p>Each Relevant Transmission LicenseesLicensee and Users shall maintain Safety Logs which shall be a chronological record of all messages relating to safety co-ordination under OC8 sent and received by the Safety Co-ordinator(s). The Safety Logs must be retained for a period of not less than six years.</p>
BALANCING CODE 1	
<u>BC1.4.7</u>	<p><u>Special Provisions relating to Customer Demand Management</u></p> <p><u>In relation to Scotland. NGC has the right to require Suppliers to reschedule Customer Demand Management to take account of local system constraints.</u></p>
BC2.6.2	<p><u>Communication with Control Points in Emergency Circumstances</u></p> <p>NGC will issue Emergency Instructions direct to the Control Point for each BM Unit in England, Wales and ScotlandGreat Britain. Emergency Instructions to a Control Point will normally be given by telephone (and will include an exchange of operator names).</p>
BC2.9.1.3	<p>In the case of BM Units in England and Wales and in ScotlandGreat Britain, Emergency Instructions will be issued by NGC direct to the User at the Control Point for the BM Unit and may require an action or response which is outside its Other Relevant Data, QPNs, or Export and Import Limits submitted under BC1, or revised under BC1 or BC2, or Dynamic Parameters submitted or revised under BC2.</p>
GENERAL CONDITIONS	
GC.4.3	<p>(iv) a person representing <u>the</u> Network Operators in Scotland;</p>
GC4.6	<p>The PanelNGC shall establish joint working arrangements with the [STC Committee] <i>[Note: Needs to be defined.]</i> to facilitate the identification, co-ordination, making and implementation of changes [that are required] <i>[Note: Words in square brackets are not in the equivalent drafting in the STC.]</i> consequent on a proposed an amendment to the Grid Code in a full and timely manner. <i>[Note: Fit of these provisions with the equivalent provisions in the STC – at present there seems to be a mismatch in the joint working arrangements, as under the STC these are expressed to deal with changes to the Grid Code, CUSC and BSC consequent on changes to the STC, whereas under the Grid Code these are expressed to deal with changes to the STC consequent on changes to the Grid Code. Also in the case of the Grid Code it is NGC and not the Panel who is the responsible body. Shouldn't the joint working arrangements with the STC Committee deal with both changes to the Grid Code consequent on changes to the STC (and other codes?) and also changes to the STC (and other codes?) consequent on changes to the Grid Code?]</i> These working</p>

	<p>arrangements shall be such as to<u>[to]</u> <i>[Note: Word in square brackets is not in the equivalent drafting in the STC.]</i> enable the consideration, development and evaluation of proposed amendments to the Grid Code to proceed in a full and timely manner and enable changes to the [STC] consequent on any proposed<u>an approved</u> amendment to the Grid Code to be made and given effect wherever possible (subject to any necessary consent of the Authority) at the same time as such approved amendment is made and given effect.</p>
GC5.1	<p>Unless otherwise specified in the Grid Code, all instructions given by NGC and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between NGC and Users (other than Generators or Suppliers) shall take place between the NGC-Transmission Control Engineer based at the NGC Control Centre notified by NGC to each User prior to connection, and the relevant User Responsible Engineer/Operator, who, in the case of a Network Operator, will be based at the Control Centre notified by the Network Operator to NGC prior to connection.</p>
GC5.2	<p>Unless otherwise specified in the Grid Code all instructions given by NGC and communications (other than relating to the submission of data and notices) between NGC and Generators and/or Suppliers shall take place between the NGC Control Engineer based at the NGC-Transmission Control Centre notified by NGC to each Generator prior to connection, or to each Supplier prior to submission of BM Unit Data, and either the relevant Generator's or Supplier's Trading Point (if it has established one) notified to NGC or the Control Point of the Supplier or the Generator's Power Station, as specified in each relevant section of the Grid Code. In the absence of notification to the contrary, the Control Point of a Generator's Power Station will be deemed to be the Power Station at which the Generating Units are situated.</p>
GC5.4	<p>If the NGC-Transmission Control Centre notified by NGC to each User prior to connection, or the User Control Centre, notified in the case of a Network Operator to NGC prior to connection, is moved to another location, whether due to an emergency or for any other reason, NGC shall notify the relevant User or the User shall notify NGC, as the case may be, of the new location and any changes to the Control Telephony necessitated by such move, as soon as practicable following the move.</p>
GC.6.1.3	<p>Data delivered pursuant to paragraph GC.6.1.1, in the case of data being submitted to NGC, shall be addressed to the NGC-Transmission Control Centre at the address notified by NGC to each User prior to connection, or to such other Department within NGC or address, as NGC may notify each User from time to time, and in the case of notices to be submitted to Users, shall be addressed to the chief executive of the addressee (or such other person as may be notified by the User in writing to NGC from time to time) at its address(es) notified by each User to NGC in writing from time to time for the submission of data and service of notices under the Grid Code (or failing which to the registered or principal office of the addressee).</p>
GC.13	<p>RELEVANT TRANSMISSION LICENSEES</p>
GC.13.1	<p>It is recognised that <u>the Relevant Transmission Licensees</u> are not a<u>party</u>parties to this<u>the</u> Grid Code. Accordingly, whereas<u>notwithstanding that</u> Operating Code No. 8 Appendix 2 ("OC8A2") refers to obligations which will in practice be performed by <u>the Relevant Transmission Licensees</u> or the Safety Co-ordinatorordinators nominated by a<u>the</u> Relevant Transmission LicenseeLicensees in accordance with relevant obligations under the STC, for the avoidance of doubt all contractual liabilities arising in connection with the<u>rights and</u> obligations set out in<u>arising under</u> OC8A2 shall exist between NGC and the relevant User and in relation to any enforcement of those rights and obligations <u>OC8A2 shall be so read and construed</u>. <u>The Relevant Transmission Licensees</u> shall enjoy no enforceable rights under OC8A 2. Where, but for the</p>

<p>GC.13.2</p> <p>GC.13.3</p>	<p>exclusion of third party rights, a Relevant Transmission Licensee would enjoy any rights under OC8A2 then the right in question is for the benefit of NGC and compliance by a User with any relevant obligation will be enforceable by NGC and not by any Relevant Transmission Licensee.² <u>nor shall they be liable (other than pursuant to the STC) for failing to discharge any obligations under OC8A2.</u></p> <p><u>Each User should note that in relation to Scotland the Relevant Transmission Licensees may, acting on behalf of NGC, contact it and issue instructions to it requiring actions to be taken relating to matters arising under the Grid Code. Each User must comply with any such instructions from the Relevant Transmission Licensees on the basis that they are instructions issued by NGC.]</u></p> <p><u><i>[Note: this is just one possible solution to the issue and would require further thought once the STC obligations/drafting is established. Any drafting will have to be read in conjunction with the equivalent provisions between NGC and the RTLs in the STC. The RTL should have rights in the STC and be limited to those, in relation to communication with Users.]</i></u></p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt nothing in this Grid Code confers on any Relevant Transmission Licensee any rights, powers or benefits for the purpose of the +Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">CONSTITUTION AND RULES</p>	
<p>4.1.6</p>	<p>to consider and identify changes to the Grid Code to remove any unnecessary differences in^{between} the treatment of issues in Scotland from^{and} their treatment in England and Wales.</p>
<p>5.1(c)</p>	<p>(iv) a person representing <u>the</u> Network Operators in Scotland;</p>