

Mr Gary Thornton
Diamond Transmission Partners Hornsea One Limited
Mid City Place
71 High Holborn
London
WC1V 6BA

Direct Dial: 020 7901 7049 Ikbal.Hussain@ofgem.gov.uk

Date: 7 May 2025

# DIRECTION UNDER PARAGRAPH 9 OF AMENDED STANDARD CONDITION E12-J4 OF THE OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION LICENCE

#### Whereas:-

- 1. Diamond Transmission Partners Hornsea One Limited (the **Licensee**) is the holder of an offshore transmission licence (the **Licence**) granted under section 6(1)(b) of the Electricity Act 1989 (the **Act**).
- 2. Unless otherwise defined, capitalised terms in this Direction and its Annex shall have the same meaning given to them in the Licence.
- 3. In accordance with Paragraph 9 of Amended Standard Condition E12-J4 (the **Condition**):
  - (a) the Licensee considers that the event causing the Transmission Service Reduction on the Licensee's Transmission System that occurred from 23 September to 29 September 2024 was wholly or partially caused by an Exceptional Event (as defined in Amended Standard Condition E12-A1 of the Licence);
  - (b) the Licensee notified the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority (the **Authority**) of the reduction in system availability within the 14-day period required by the Licence;
  - (c) the Licensee has provided details of the reduction in system availability that the Licensee considers resulted from the Exceptional Event and further information requested by the Authority; and
  - (d) the Authority is satisfied, for the reasons specified in the Annex to this Direction, that the event notified under sub-paragraph (b) above constitutes an Exceptional Event.

- 4. The Authority has considered the information provided by the Licensee and the report from an independent examiner, RINA Tech UK Limited, who undertook root cause analysis of the fault. Based on the evidence provided, our conclusion is that the root cause of the event was beyond the reasonable control of the Licensee.
- 5. The Licensee conducted the relevant due diligence and maintenance checks prior to the fault, which did not detect any issues. As such, the Licensee could not have reasonably identified the fault in the absence of clear outward signs of distress prior to the Transmission Service Reduction occurring. We therefore consider that the claim constitutes an Exceptional Event within the terms of the Licence and our revised open letter of 4 January 2024 (the Open Letter) on the evaluation of Exceptional Events.<sup>1</sup>
- 6. In accordance with Paragraph 10 of the Condition, the Authority is satisfied, for the reasons specified in the Annex to this Direction, that the Licensee took steps to manage the impact of the event on the availability of services.
- 7. The Authority gave the required notice in accordance with Paragraph 11 of the Condition to the Licensee on 7 April 2025 (the **Notice**).
- 8. The Licensee did not submit any representations.

# Now therefore:

9. The Authority directs that the Licensee's reported system incentive performance be adjusted to offset the full duration of the outage: reported system incentive performance for incentive year 6 will be increased by a combined total of 30,103.10 MWh to fully offset the impact of this event.

This Direction constitutes notice pursuant to section 49A(1)(c) of the Act.

Yours sincerely,

**Ikbal Hussain Head of OFTO Licensing and Compliance** 

**Duly authorised by the Authority** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Link to Open letter on the Authority's approach towards Exceptional Events for offshore transmission owners (OFTOs) | Ofgem (4 January 2024)

# **ANNEX**

# THE AUTHORITY'S DECISION ON AN EXCEPTIONAL EVENT CLAIM SUBMITTED BY DIAMOND TRANSMISSION PARTNERS HORNSEA ONE LIMITED UNDER AMENDED STANDARD CONDITION E12-J4

# 1 Notification

- 1.1 On 3 October 2024, Diamond Transmission Partners Hornsea One Limited (the **Licensee**) notified the Authority that there had been a Transmission Service Reduction on an offshore export cable. The Transmission Service Reduction ran from 23 September 2024 to 29 September 2024. Transmission services were fully restored on 29 September 2024.
- 1.2 The Licensee submitted an Exceptional Event claim to the Authority on 27 January 2025.

# 2 Exceptional Event requirements

- 2.1. Paragraph 9 of Amended Standard Condition E12-J4 Condition (the **Condition**) provides that the Authority shall adjust the value of the monthly capacity weighted unavailability to offset the impact of an Exceptional Event where:
  - a) the licensee considers that an event on its Transmission System that causes a Transmission Service Reduction has been wholly or partially caused by an Exceptional Event;
  - b) the licensee has notified the Authority that a possible Exceptional Event had occurred, within 14 days of its occurrence;
  - c) the licensee has provided such information as the Authority may require in relation to the event; and
  - d) the Authority is satisfied that the notified event is an Exceptional Event.
- 2.2. An Exceptional Event is defined in Amended Standard Condition E12-A1 of the offshore transmission licence as follows:

"an event or circumstance that is beyond the reasonable control of the licensee and which results in or causes a Transmission Service Reduction and includes (without limitation) an act of God, an act of the public enemy, war declared or undeclared, threat of war, terrorist act, blockade, revolution, riot, insurrection, civil commotion, public demonstration, sabotage, act of vandalism, fire (not related to weather), governmental restraint, Act of Parliament, any other legislation, bye law, or directive (not being any order, regulation or direction under section 32, 33, 34 and 35 of the Act) or decision of a Court of Competent Authority or any other body having jurisdiction over the activities of the licensee provided that lack of funds shall not be interpreted as a cause beyond the reasonable control of the licensee. For the avoidance of doubt, weather conditions which are reasonably expected to occur at the location of the event or circumstance are not considered to be beyond the reasonable control of the licensee."

# 3 Decision

3.1 The Licensee has acted in accordance with the requirements of subparagraphs 9(a) to (c) of the Condition. Pursuant to subparagraph 9(d) of the Condition, the

Authority is satisfied that the event is an Exceptional Event, for the reasons set out below.

# 4 Reasons for decision

- 4.1 The Authority has considered the information provided by the Licensee in respect of this event against both the Licence and the Open Letter.<sup>2</sup>
- 4.2 The Transmission Service Reduction between 23 September 2024 to 29 September 2024 occurred due to the removal of an export cable (**Circuit 2**) to perform repairs. The repairs on Circuit 2 entailed the removal and replacement of a portion of the remaining 165A Pfisterer earth sheath clamps (the **Cable Sheath Clamps**).
- 4.3 The repairs on Circuit 2 were conducted by the Licensee due to an incorrect design pertaining to the Cable Sheath Clamps. The Licensee considers the incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps to be due to:
  - a) issues surrounding high electrical resistance at the connector interface (due to inadequate design, materials or installation); and
  - b) incorrect rating of the Cable Sheath Clamps, such that its operation was inadequate during periods of high load.
- 4.4 The Licensee provided us with a root cause analysis report of the independent examination from RINA Tech UK Limited. The root cause analysis report supports the Licensee's views regarding the incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps.
- 4.5 The Licensee considers that the event was beyond their reasonable control as:
  - a) the available information from the windfarm developer prior to asset transfer did not contain any manufacturing and installation records which would have indicated any technical or design issues with Circuit 2 and the Cable Sheath Clamps. Furthermore, the Licensee explained that it is "not normal or expected that the rating, or dimensions of subcomponents would be provided by either the cable manufacturer or the supplier of the subcomponent. As such the rating of the cable earth sheath clamp and size was not known or available during DTPHO's due diligence."
  - b) "There was no indication that the Developer of the assets was aware that the earth sheath clamps had any design or installation defects." As such, the Licensee considers that they could not have reasonably known or acted to prevent the Transmission Service Reduction.
  - c) the maintenance conducted on Circuit 2 did not indicate an incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps. The Licensee explained that "Maintenance on the export cable, consists of:
    - i. visual inspections during routine visits;
    - ii. internal platform export cables, as reasonably practicable visual inspection during routine visits;
    - iii. annual thermography survey; and
    - iv. annual Radio Frequency Interference ("RFI") measurements survey."

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Update to open letter on the Authority's approach towards Exceptional Events (ofgem.gov.uk)

- d) it had "adequate systems, plans and processes in place to monitor the operation of the transmission assets including distributed temperature sensing monitoring."
- e) "It is clear from the RINA forensic report that, the relevant triggers that led to the defects occurred prior to asset transfer, i.e. design, materials or installation, including the rating of the earth sheath clamp which was not adequate for the actual earth sheath current. If not remediated these defects would lead to failure of the export cable."
- 4.6 On the balance of information provided by the Licensee in respect of this event, the Authority accepts that the Licensee could not have reasonably known about the incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps that was most likely present during the construction stage as:
  - a) there was no indication that there was an issue with the Cable Sheath Clamps prior to a separate Transmission Service Reduction, occurring on 19 January 2024, which resulted in the failure of the L2 phase of the near shore central export cable. This was caused by the incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps. Following the Transmission Service Reduction on 19 January 2024, the Licensee discovered that the incorrect design of the Cable Sheath Clamps were present on other export cables, including Circuit 2;
  - b) the issue most likely occurred prior to the transfer of the transmission assets to the Licensee; and
  - c) due diligence and maintenance checks performed on Circuit 2 would not identify any anomalies or signs of distress to the equipment within the cable itself between asset transfer and the Transmission Service Reduction that occurred on 19 January 2024.
- 4.7 We agree that there were design issues regarding the Cable Sheath Clamps. Furthermore, we agree with the Licensee's decision to take an outage to replace the Cable Sheath Clamps in Circuit 2 as a preventative solution to avoid a failure of Circuit 2.
- 4.8 Therefore, based on the information provided by the Licensee, we consider that the outage to replace the Cable Sheath Clamps in Circuit 2 constituted an Exceptional Event.
- 4.9 In accordance with Paragraph 10 of the Condition, where the Authority is satisfied that an Exceptional Event has occurred, the adjustment to the value of the monthly capacity weighted unavailability shall be based on the extent to which the Authority is satisfied that the Licensee had taken steps, consistent with Good Industry Practice, to manage the impact of the event on the availability of services (both in anticipation of the event and after the event has occurred).
- 4.10 The Licensee notified us that they were unable to replace all the Cable Sheath Clamps in Circuit 2 due to the poor weather conditions. The poor weather conditions prevented the transfer of personnel to the relevant offshore platforms. The Licensee stated that "The remaining work is to be replanned for spring 2025 to avoid work over the winter period where the chances of poor weather (metocean) increase."
- 4.11 We consider that, taking into account the poor weather conditions, the Licensee acted in accordance with Good Industry Practice to manage the impact of the event and restore transmission services to full capacity.

30,103.1	10 MWh to fully	offset the imp	oact of this e	event.	

Therefore, the Authority directs that the value of the Licensee's monthly capacity

weighted unavailability be adjusted to offset the full duration of the outage: reported system incentive performance for incentive year 6 will be increased by

4.12