

Cash out & the Capacity Market

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An Overview of Electricity Market Reform

- Capacity Market
- Interaction with cash out



Why we think the electricity market needs reform

Decarbonisation:

Electricity sector is key to meeting Government's 2050 decarbonisation goals

Security of supply:

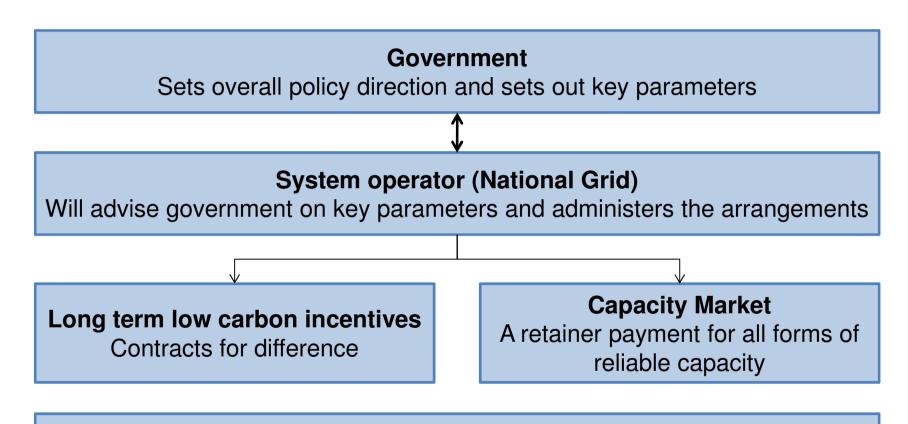
Need to ensure adequate reliable capacity

Affordability:

need to deliver changes at least cost to consumers



We have set out the proposed market reform framework and are aiming to legislate later this year



Investment in low-carbon generation also supported by Carbon Price Floor & Emissions Performance Standard



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Capacity Market objective To design and implement a Capacity Market which:

- a. enables the provision of adequate reliable capacity in the GB electricity market,
- b. at minimum cost to consumers,
- c. minimises unintended consequences and risks, and supports delivery of wider DECC objectives,
- d. and can be implemented to deliver capacity auction as early as 2014 if required.



- Forecast of peak demand made, and translated into a capacity requirement
- Modelling of what market will bring forward <u>timing of first auction decided by</u> <u>Ministers</u>
- Total amount of capacity contracted for from providers (potentially including DSR, storage etc as well as generation) through a <u>central auction</u>
- Providers of capacity **commit to be available when needed or face penalties**
- Capacity Market <u>operates alongside the energy market</u> it does not replace it
- Costs of capacity shared between suppliers, probably in proportion to their market share.
- Detailed rules (e.g. on establishing the criteria for providing capacity, auction design, incentive regime) are set in <u>detailed design phase</u>

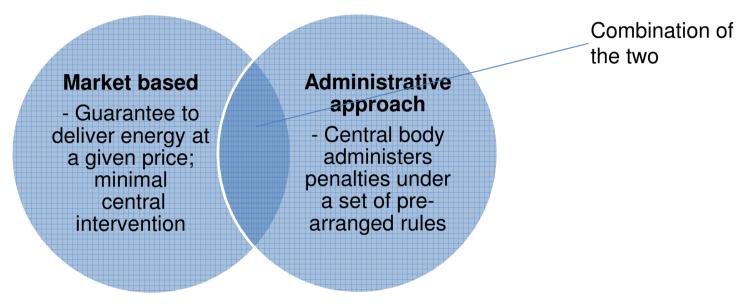


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How capacity providers are incentivised to deliver

- Capacity providers must be incentivised to deliver energy when needed
- This can be done through:



- Market-based penalties will require a reference price, which cash out will be important for
- Cash out will also improve security of supply in its own right by improving the incentives to balance

